

# 有限元方法及应用大作业

作 业 题 目: 楔形板的有限元分析

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## 一、问题描述

本文以楔形板为例,进行模型的有限元程序的设计和分析。楔形板的模型如图 1-1 所示。根据工程实际考虑,楔形板的拉伸应力应变有限元分析可以在保证强度和使用范围的情况下尽可能的减轻材料重量和厚度,并对实际应用具有重要的参考价值。

如图 1-1 所示物体,长为 160mm,宽为 40mm,两端高为 40mm,中间高为 20mm,材料的弹性模量 E=210000 Mpa,泊松比  $\mu=0.30$ 。楔形块左端固定,右端最高处施加 1 kN/m 的线载荷,如图 1-2 所示。运用等参元法对其进行有限元分析。

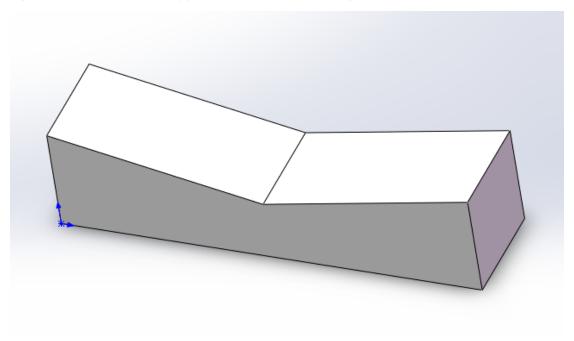


图 1-1 零件图

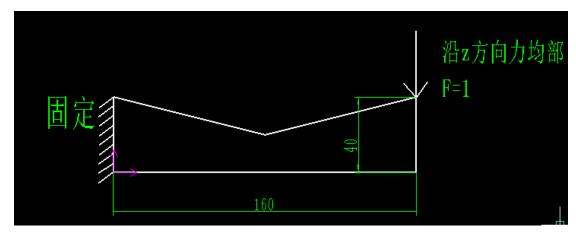
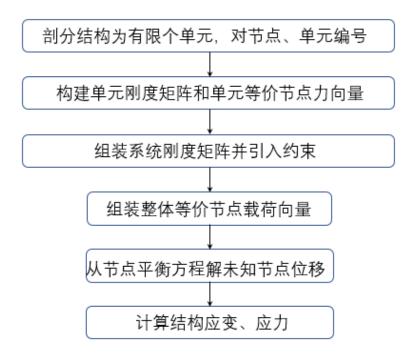


图 1-2 x-y 截面图, 受力图

## 二、有限元方法流程



### 三、有限元编程分析

#### 3.1 网格化分

利用 tecplot 软件对模型进行**前处理**划分网格后的模型情况如图 3-1 所示,网格单元为六面体单元,楔形板长为 160mm,宽为 40mm,两端高为 40mm,单元总数为  $20 \times 8 \times 8 = 1280$ 个,每个单元有 8 个节点,节点总数为  $21 \times 9 \times 9 = 1701$ 个,该系统每个节点的自由度数为 3 ,系统总自由度数为  $3 \times 1701 = 5103$  个。

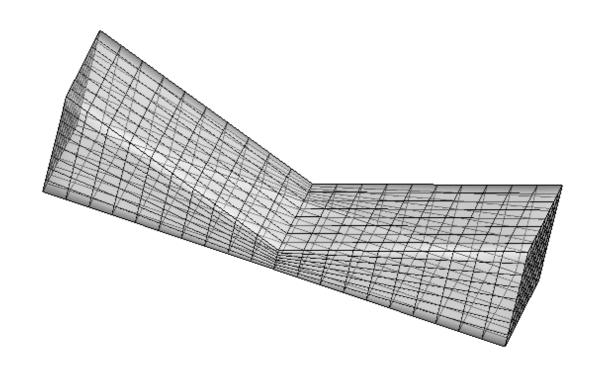


图 3-1 建模并划分网格图(tecplot 所绘)

%	
%前处理	
%建立模型,网格划约	分
%	
ly=8;	% X 轴的元素总量
1x=20;	%Y轴的元素总量
1z=8;	%Z 轴的元素总量
lengthx=160;	
lengthy=40;	
lengthz=40;	
nel=lx*ly*lz;	%元素总量
nnel=8;	%每个元素的节点数
% 定义材料	
E=210000;	%弹性模量 E
NU=0.3;	%泊松比 μ
%	<del>-</del>
grad=-0.4;	%斜率
%	<del>-</del>
%%节点坐标	
%	-
x0=[];	
for $k=1:1z+1$	

```
for i=1:1x+1
                                                  if i <= 1x/2 + 1
                                                                                                    for j=1:1y+1
                                                                                                   x0=[x0; (i-1)*lengthx/lx(j-1)*(lengthy+(i-1)*lengthx*grad/lx)/ly(k-1)*
lengthz/lz];
                                                                                                    end
                                                  else
                                                                                                    for j=1:ly+1
                                                                                                                             x0=[x0; (i-1)*lengthx/lx(j-1)*(lengthy+0.5*lengthx*grad-(i-lx/2-1))
 *lengthx*grad/lx)/ly(k-1)*lengthz/lz];
                                                                                                    end
                                                  end
                                 end
end
%%节点编号
nodes=[];
for k=1:1z
                         for i=1:lx
                                                  for j=1:ly
                                                          nodes=[nodes; (k-1)*(lx+1)*(ly+1)+(ly+1)*(i-1)+j (k-1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)+j (k-1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*(ly+1)*
 1)*(lx+1)*(ly+1)+(ly+1)*i+j(k-1)*(lx+1)*(ly+1)+(ly+1)*i+j+1(k-1)*(lx+1)*(ly+1)+(ly+1)*i+j+1(k-1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(lx+1)*(
 1)*(lx+1)*(ly+1)+(ly+1)*(i-1)+j+1 k*(lx+1)*(ly+1)+(ly+1)*(i-1)+j
k*(1x+1)*(1y+1)+(1y+1)*i+i k*(1x+1)*(1y+1)+(1y+1)*i+i+1
k*(1x+1)*(1y+1)+(1y+1)*(i-1)+j+1;;
                                                  end
                         end
end
 0/_____
```

#### 3.2 建立单元刚度矩阵并组建系统刚度矩阵

```
xi6 = x0(nodes(ii0,6),1); yi6 = x0(nodes(ii0,6),2); zi6 = x0(nodes(ii0,6),3);
   xi7=x0(nodes(ii0,7),1);yi7=x0(nodes(ii0,7),2);zi7=x0(nodes(ii0,7),3);
  xi8 = x0(nodes(ii0,8),1); yi8 = x0(nodes(ii0,8),2); zi8 = x0(nodes(ii0,8),3);
Loc=[xi1,yi1,zi1;xi2,yi2,zi2;xi3,yi3,zi3;xi4,yi4,zi4;xi5,yi5,zi5;xi6,yi6,zi6;xi7,yi7,zi7;
xi8,yi8,zi8;];
  %计算单元刚度
  [KE,B,D]=gangdujuzh(E,NU,Loc);
  edof=[3*nodes(ii0,1)-2,3*nodes(ii0,1)-1,3*nodes(ii0,1),3*nodes(ii0,2)-
2,3*nodes(ii0,2)-1,3*nodes(ii0,2),3*nodes(ii0,3)-2,3*nodes(ii0,3)-
1,3*nodes(ii0,3),3*nodes(ii0,4)-2,3*nodes(ii0,4)-1,3*nodes(ii0,4),3*nodes(ii0,5)-
2,3*nodes(ii0,5)-1,3*nodes(ii0,5),3*nodes(ii0,6)-2,3*nodes(ii0,6)-
1,3*nodes(ii0,6),3*nodes(ii0,7)-2,3*nodes(ii0,7)-1,3*nodes(ii0,7)
                                                                   ,3*nodes(ii0,8)-
2,3*nodes(ii0,8)-1,3*nodes(ii0,8)];
  %%选出节点、自由度编号、并组装刚度矩阵
  K(edof,edof)=K(edof,edof)+KE;
end
```

#### 3.3 加载边界条件及求解

#### 3.4 计算解位移和应力

0/0-	
, ,	
%	计算解位移和应力
0/	
70-	
0/0-	计算位移

```
freedofs= setdiff(alldofs,fixeddofs);
disp(freedofs,:) = K(freedofs,freedofs) \setminus F(freedofs,:);
stresplt=zeros(3*(1x+1)*(1y+1)*(1z+1),1);
for ii0=1:nel
  xi1 = x0(nodes(ii0,1),1); yi1 = x0(nodes(ii0,1),2); zi1 = x0(nodes(ii0,1),3);
  xi2=x0(nodes(ii0,2),1);yi2=x0(nodes(ii0,2),2);zi2=x0(nodes(ii0,2),3);
  xi3 = x0(nodes(ii0,3),1); yi3 = x0(nodes(ii0,3),2); zi3 = x0(nodes(ii0,3),3);
  xi4 = x0(nodes(ii0,4),1); yi4 = x0(nodes(ii0,4),2); zi4 = x0(nodes(ii0,4),3);
  xi5=x0(nodes(ii0,5),1);yi5=x0(nodes(ii0,5),2);zi5=x0(nodes(ii0,5),3);
  xi6 = x0(nodes(ii0,6),1); yi6 = x0(nodes(ii0,6),2); zi6 = x0(nodes(ii0,6),3);
   xi7=x0(nodes(ii0,7),1);yi7=x0(nodes(ii0,7),2);zi7=x0(nodes(ii0,7),3);
  xi8 = x0(nodes(ii0,8),1); yi8 = x0(nodes(ii0,8),2); zi8 = x0(nodes(ii0,8),3);
Loc=[xi1,yi1,zi1;xi2,yi2,zi2;xi3,yi3,zi3;xi4,yi4,zi4;xi5,yi5,zi5;xi6,yi6,zi6;xi7,yi7,zi7;
xi8,yi8,zi8;];
  [KE,B,D]=gangdujuzh(E,NU,Loc); %计算应变矩阵
  edof=[3*nodes(ii0,1)-2,3*nodes(ii0,1)-1,3*nodes(ii0,1),3*nodes(ii0,2)-
2,3*nodes(ii0,2)-1,3*nodes(ii0,2),3*nodes(ii0,3)-2,3*nodes(ii0,3)-
1,3*nodes(ii0,3),3*nodes(ii0,4)-2,3*nodes(ii0,4)-1,3*nodes(ii0,4),3*nodes(ii0,5)-
2,3*nodes(ii0,5)-1,3*nodes(ii0,5),3*nodes(ii0,6)-2,3*nodes(ii0,6)-
1,3*nodes(ii0,6) ,3*nodes(ii0,7)-2,3*nodes(ii0,7)-1,3*nodes(ii0,7) ,3*nodes(ii0,8)-1,3*nodes(ii0,8)
2,3*nodes(ii0,8)-1,3*nodes(ii0,8)];
  stresplt(edof,:)= stresplt(edof,:)+k*disp(edof,:);
   stress(ii0,:)=D*B*disp(edof,1);
   strain(ii0,:)=B*disp(edof,1);
end
```

### 3.5 输出结果到 plt 文件中

```
% 输出结果到 plt 文件
%------
fid_out=fopen('Q8-result.plt','wt');
fprintf(fid_out,'TITLE="test case governed by poisson equation"\n');
fprintf(fid_out,'VARIABLES="x" "y" "z" "u" "v" "w" "s11" "s22" "s33"\n');
fprintf(fid_out,'ZONE T="flow-field", N= %8d,E=%8d,ET=BRICK,
F=FEPOINT\n',nnode,nel);

for i=1:nnode
    fprintf(fid_out,'%10.10f,%10.10f,%10.10f,%10.10f,%10.10f,%10.10f\n', x0(i,1), x0(i,2),x0(i,3), disp(3*i-2,1), disp(3*i-1,1),disp(3*i,1), stresplt(3*i-2,1),stresplt(3*i-1,1),stresplt(3*i-1,1),stresplt(3*i,1));
end
```

#### 3.6 刚度矩阵和 B 矩阵计算

```
function [KE,B,D]=Stiffnesske(E,NU,Loc)
gsx=[-0.7745966692 0 0.7745966692];
gsw=[0.55555555556 0.88888888889 0.5555555556];
D=[1-NU NU NU 0 0 0;NU 1-NU NU 0 0 0;NU NU 1-NU 0 0 0;0 0 0 0.5-NU 0 0;0 0
0 0 0.5-NU 0;0 0 0 0 0 0.5-NU;];
D=D*(E/((1+NU)*(1-2*NU)));
KE=zeros(24,24);
for ii=1:3
    sx=gsx(ii);
    sw=gsw(ii);
    for jj=1:3
        nx = gsx(jj);
        nw=gsw(jj);
        for kk=1:3
             tx=gsx(kk);
             tw=gsw(kk);
             [BD,B,D]=BDcalc(sx,nx,tx,Loc,E,NU);
             KE=KE+sw*nw*tw*BD;
        end
    end
end
function [KE,B,D]=Stiffnesske(E,NU,Loc);
gsx=[-0.7745966692 \ 0 \ 0.7745966692];
gsw=[0.55555555556 0.88888888889 0.5555555556];
D=[1-NU NU NU 0 0 0;NU 1-NU NU 0 0 0;NU NU 1-NU 0 0 0;0 0 0 0.5-NU 0 0;0 0
0 0 0.5-NU 0;0 0 0 0 0 0.5-NU;];
D=D*(E/((1+NU)*(1-2*NU)));
KE=zeros(24,24);
for ii=1:3
    sx=gsx(ii);
    sw=gsw(ii);
    for jj=1:3
        nx = gsx(jj);
        nw=gsw(jj);
        for kk=1:3
             tx=gsx(kk);
             tw=gsw(kk);
             [BD,B,D]=BDcalc(sx,nx,tx,Loc,E,NU);
             KE=KE+sw*nw*tw*BD;
```

end end end

## 四、后处理

对其模型离散划分网格,使用 tecplot 对 plt 格式文件做后处理。所得云图:

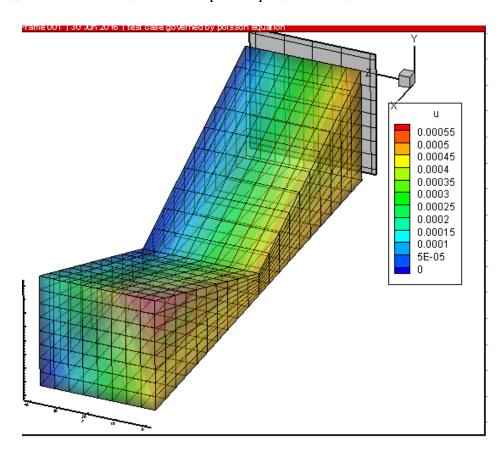


图 4-3 X 方向应变图

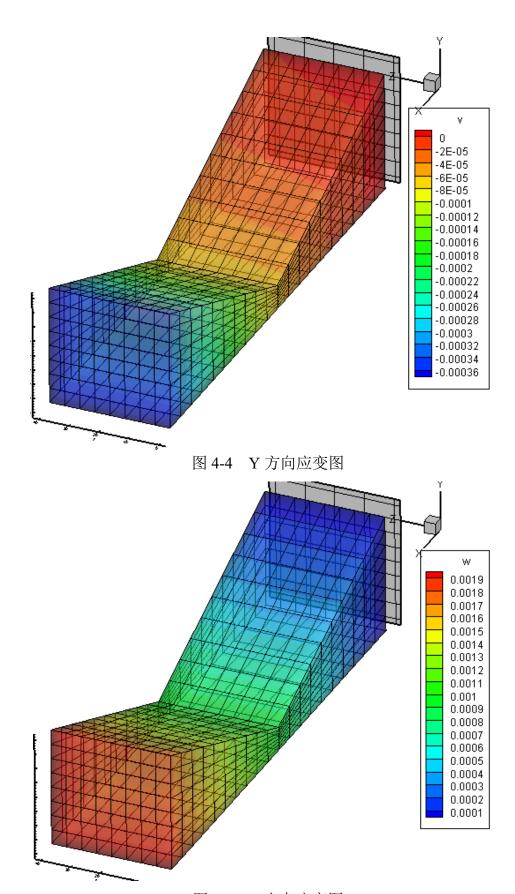
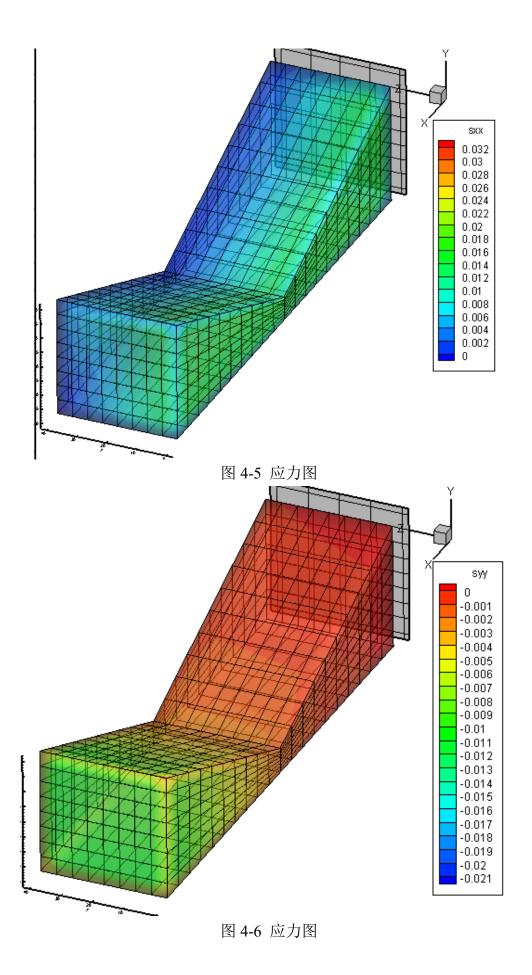


图 4-4 Z 方向应变图



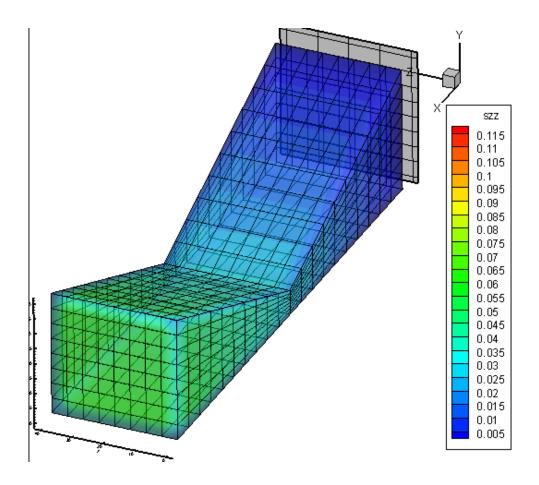


图 4-7 应力图