

11.) Use a calculator to approximate the value of each expression. Give answers to six decimal places.

$$\sin 38^\circ 42'$$

$$\sin^{-1}\left(38 \frac{42}{60} \cdot \pi / 180\right) =$$
$$\sim 42.4885$$

$$17.) \sin(-312^\circ 12')$$

$$\sin^{-1}\left(-312 \frac{12}{60} \cdot \pi / 180\right) =$$

Err

31.) Find the value of  $\theta$  in the interval  $[0^\circ, 90^\circ]$  that satisfies each statement. Write each answer in decimal degrees to six decimal places.

$$\sin \theta = 0.27843196$$

$$\sin^{-1} \sin \theta = \sin^{-1}(0.27843196) = \sim 16.1666$$

$$46.) \cos 100^\circ \cos 80^\circ - \sin 100^\circ \sin 80^\circ$$
$$\sim 0.98481$$

$$47.) \sin^2 36^\circ + \cos^2 36^\circ$$
$$= 1.00000$$

69.) Find the grade resistance, to the nearest ten pounds, for a 2100lb car travelling on a  $1.8^\circ$  uphill grade.



$$f = w \sin \theta$$

$$2100(\sin 1.8 \cdot \pi / 180) = f =$$
$$= \begin{matrix} 35.675 \\ 4016.8 \end{matrix}$$

- 71.) A 2600lb car travelling downhill has a grade resistance of -130lbs. Find the angle of the grade to the nearest tenth of a degree.

$$f = w \sin \phi$$

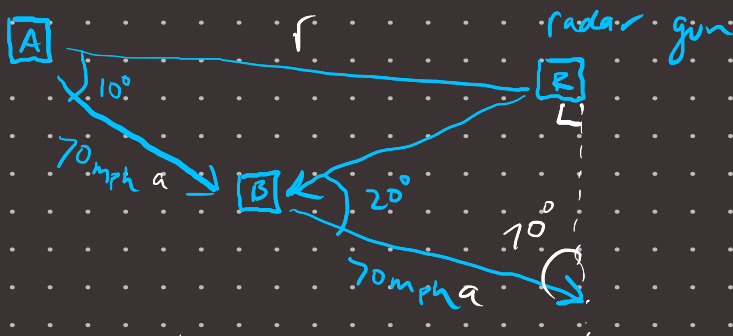
$$-130 = 2600 \sin \phi$$

$$\frac{-130}{2600} = \sin^{-1} \sin \phi$$

$$-0.05 = \sin^{-1} \sin \phi$$

$$\sin \phi = -2.9^\circ$$

- 89.) Find the radar readings, to the nearest unit, for Auto A and Auto B shown in the figure.



$$90^\circ - 20^\circ = 70^\circ, B$$

$$90^\circ - 10^\circ = 80^\circ, A$$

$$a = \cos \phi r$$

$$\text{car A} = 70 \cos 10^\circ = 68.936 \text{ mph}, \quad 69 \text{ mph}$$

$$\text{car B} = 70 \cos 20^\circ = 65.778 \text{ mph}, \quad 66 \text{ mph}$$