

## Practice Level 1: Creating a Table Using the Query Builder

In this practice, you use the Query Builder to create a table with San Diego employees sorted by **Postal\_Code**.

1. In the **Lesson4** project, add a new process flow and rename it **Practices**. Then add the **employee\_addresses** table. **Note:** If you do not have the **Lesson4** project, you can create a new project.

- Select **File > New > Process flow**.
- Right-click **Process Flow** in the Project pane and select **Rename**. Enter **Practices**.
- Select **File > Open** and navigate to the course data location.
- Select **employee\_addresses > Open**. The data appears on a new tab in the work area.

2. Use the Query Builder to create a query named **San Diego Employees Query** and a table named **SanDiegoEmployees**.

- Include these columns: **Employee\_ID**, **Employee\_Name**, **Street\_Number**, **Street\_Name**, and **Postal\_Code**.
- Filter the data to include only employees from *San Diego*.  
**Note:** To select from a list of values, click the down arrow (**Get Values**) at the end of the Value box. If you enter data values, remember that character values are case sensitive (for example, "**CA**" is not the same as "**Ca**").
- Order the results by ascending **Postal\_Code**.
- Click **Query Builder** on the data grid toolbar.
- Enter **San Diego Employees Query** in the Query name field.
  - Click **Change** next to the Output name field.
  - Enter **SanDiegoEmployees** in the File name field and click **Save**.
- Double-click the following columns to select them: **Employee\_ID**, **Employee\_Name**, **Street\_Number**, **Street\_Name**, and **Postal\_Code**.
- Filter the data to include only employees from *San Diego*.
  - Click the **Filter Data** tab.
  - Drag and drop **City** to the **Filter Data** tab to start the New Filter Wizard.
    - In Step 1, verify that **Equal to** is selected as the operator.
    - Click the down arrow (**Get Values**) at the end of the Value box.
    - On the Values tab, click **Get Values** and select **San Diego**.
    - Click **Next**.
    - In Step 2, verify the filter and click **Finish**.
- Order the results by ascending **Postal\_Code**.

- Click the **Sort Data** tab.
- Drag and drop **Postal\_Code** onto the **Sort Data** tab and verify that **Ascending** is the selected sort direction.

3. Run the query. How many rows are in the new **SanDiegoEmployees** table?

Click **Run** to execute the query. A new tab appears in the work area, displaying the results. There are 112 rows in the table.

4. Close all tabs except for the process flow, and save the **Lesson4** project.

Hide Solution