Capturing wellbeing by disaggregating NTA and NTTA

United Nations Network of Economic Statisticians. Fourth Beyond GDP Sprint Meeting

Population, Society and Well-being: Socio-demographic disaggregation of National Accounts

Session 3: Disaggregating National Accounts by Age and socio-economic status

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Outline

(Ex.1) Change in disposable income by age groups

(Ex.2) Inter-age private transfers by gender and family types

Ex.1 Disposable income by age groups

Research Questions:

- How did aggregate per-capita income and its components change between 2008 and 2017?
- > How do these changes differ between age groups and gender?
- What drives age-specific income trends: changes in employment, wages, or transfer income?

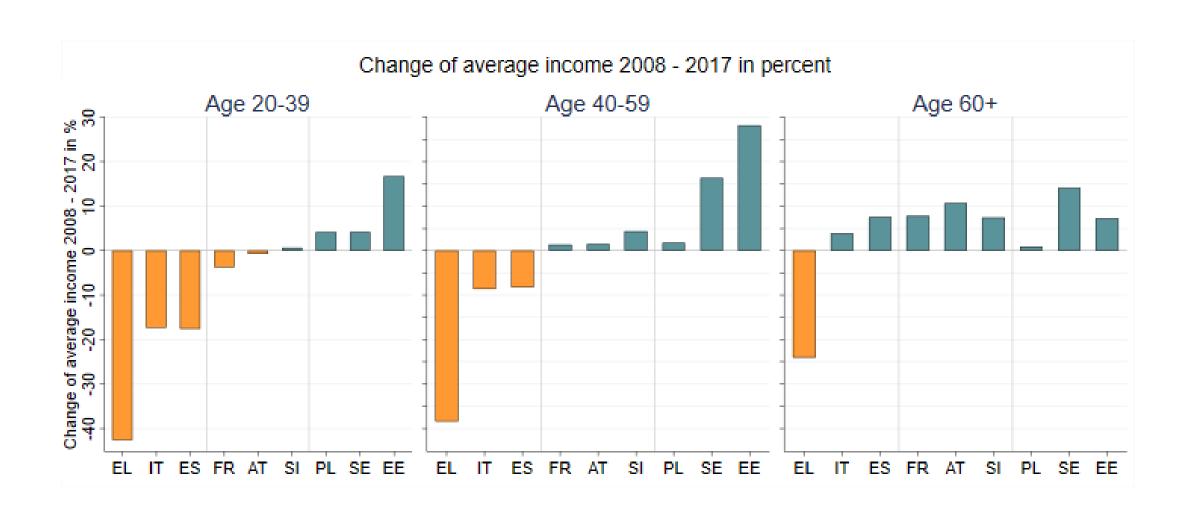
Hammer, B., Spitzer, S. and Prskawetz, A. (2021) Age - Specific Income Trends in Europe: The role of employment, wages and Social Transfers, Social Indicators Research, https://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-021-02838-w

GDP growth vs. change in disposable income

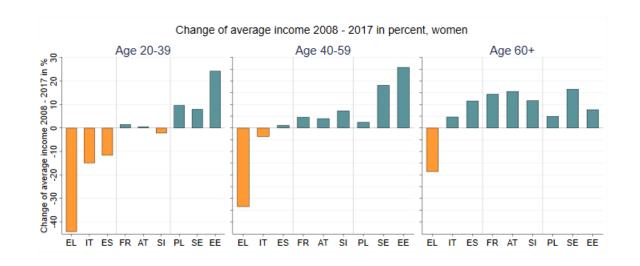
Country	(1) GDP per capita	(2) Primary income (PI)	(3) Income tax ratio (% of PI)	(4) Benefit ratio (% of PI)	(5) Disposable income
	(%)	(%)	(%-points)	(%-points)	(%)
Austria	2	-3	2	2	-2
France	3	-1	4	4	-1
Slovenia	1	-3	1	3	-2
Greece	-24	-32	7	3	-35
Spain	0	-10	0	4	- 7
Italy	- 7	-14	3	5	-12
Estonia	15	16	1	1	17
Poland	11	3	1	2	4
Sweden	8	16	0	1	17

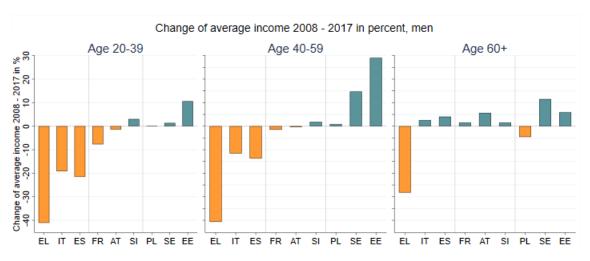
GDP per capita only declined in Greece and Italy, disposable income declined in 6 out of 9 countries

Change (2008-2017) in disposable income by age groups



Change (2008-2017) in disposable income by age groups and gender

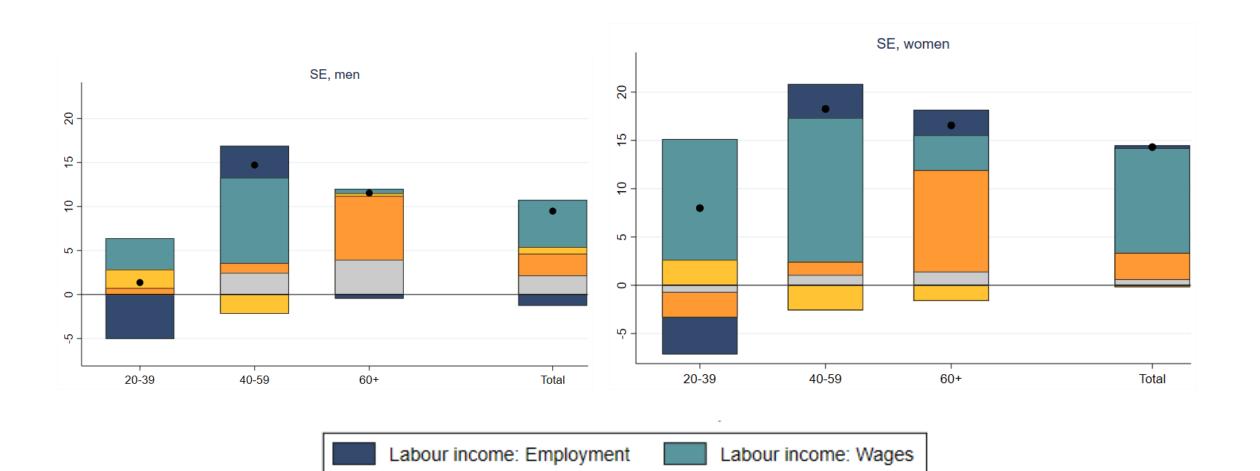




Components of change (2008-2017) in income by age and gender

Benefits: share of receivers

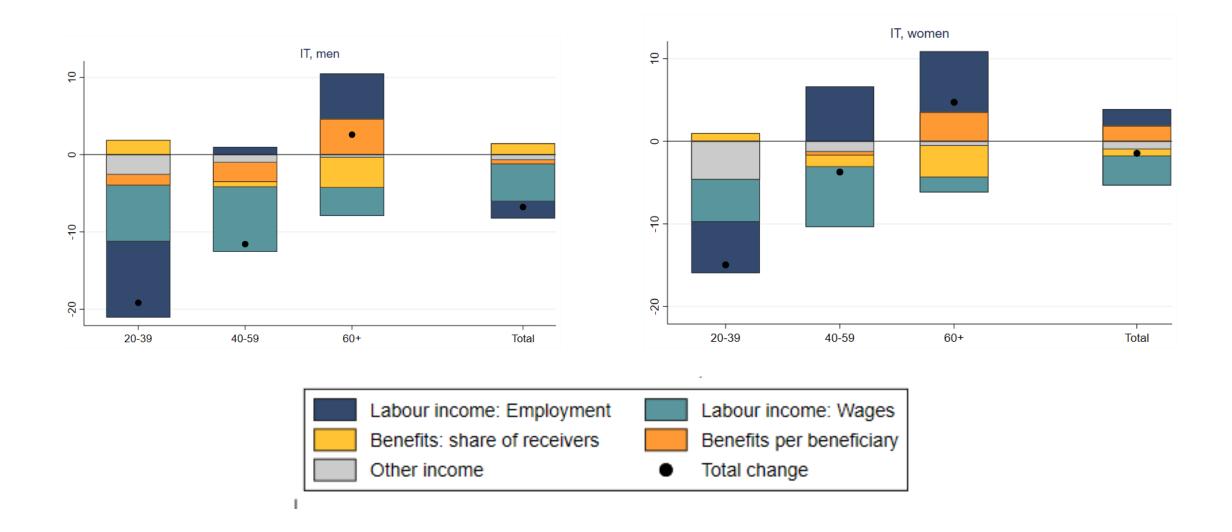
Other income



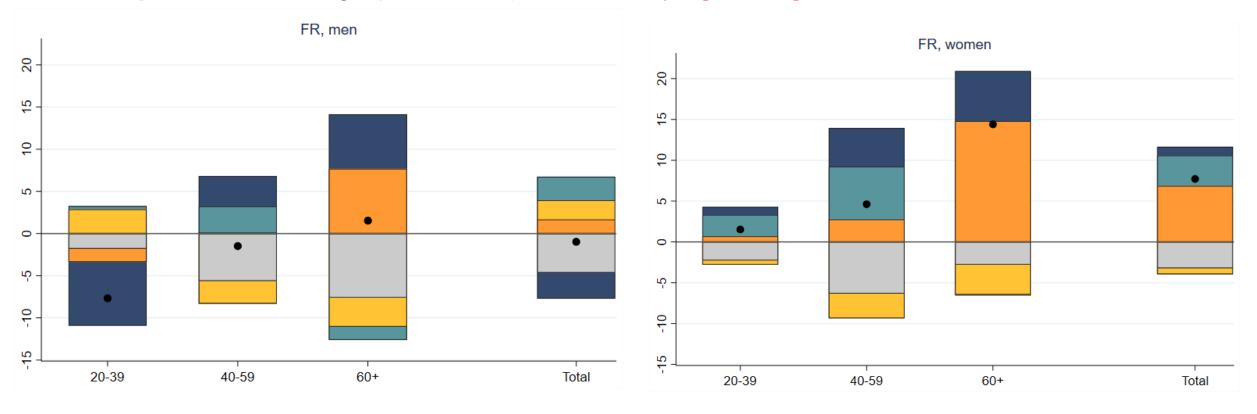
Benefits per beneficiary

Total change

Components of change (2008-2017) in income by age and gender



Components of change (2008-2017) in income by age and gender





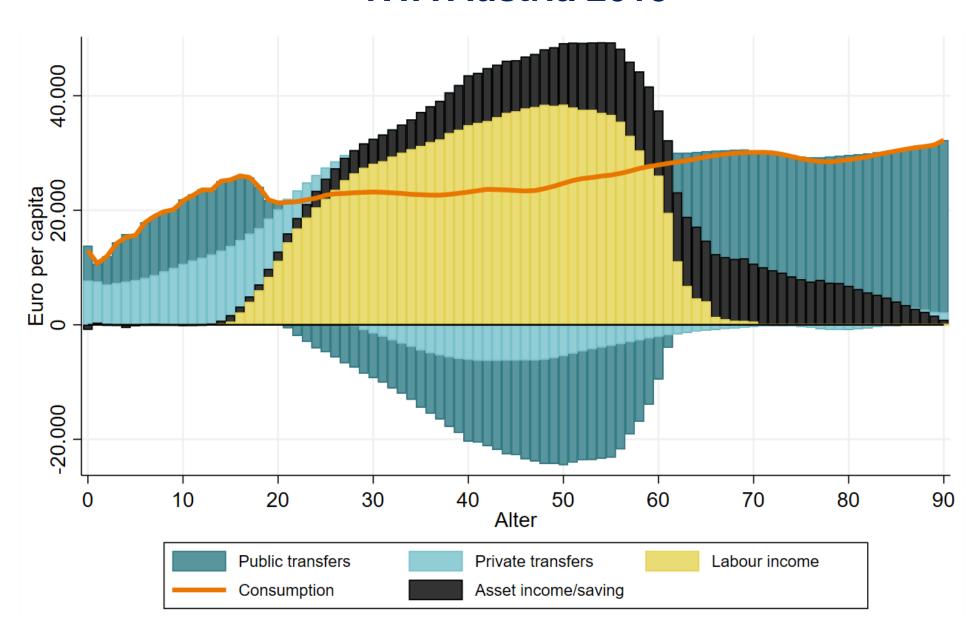
Ex.2 Private transfers by age, gender and parental status

Research Questions:

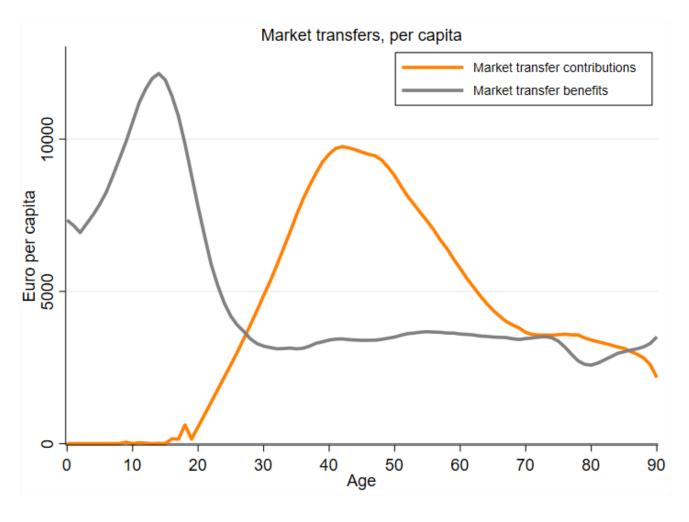
- > Role of **families** in the intergenerational transfer systems?
- > Specific role of men and women in intergenerational transfer systems?
- > Disaggregation of private transfers by parental status and age of youngest child.

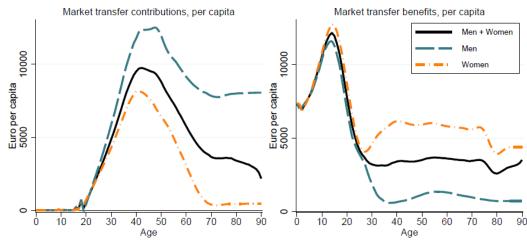
Hammer, B. and Prskawetz, A. (2022) Measuring private transfers between generations and gender: An application of National Transfer Accounts for Austria 2015. accepted in Empirica

NTA Austria 2015



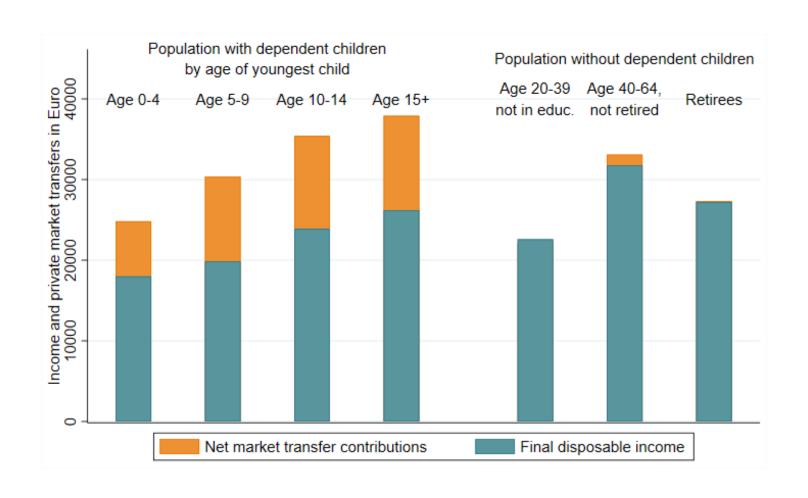
Private market transfers per capita



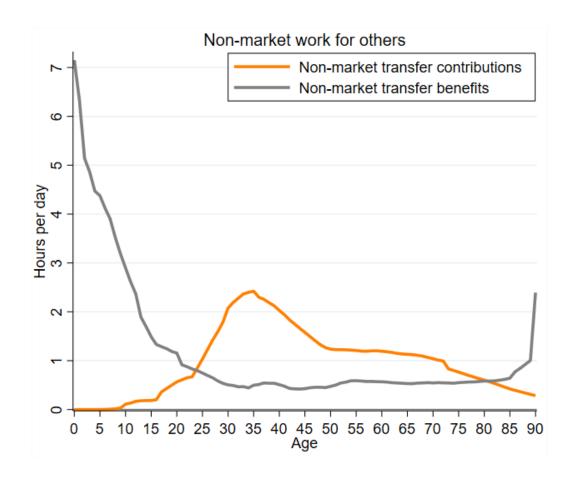


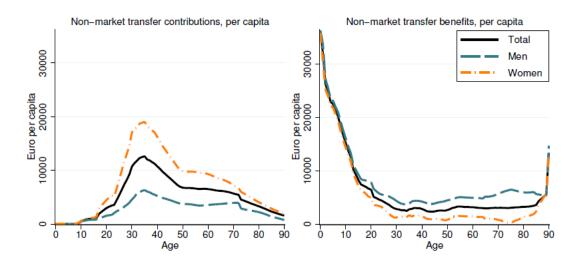
Disposable income and final disposable income: market

Final disposable income (after intra-household transfers) is much lower for parents

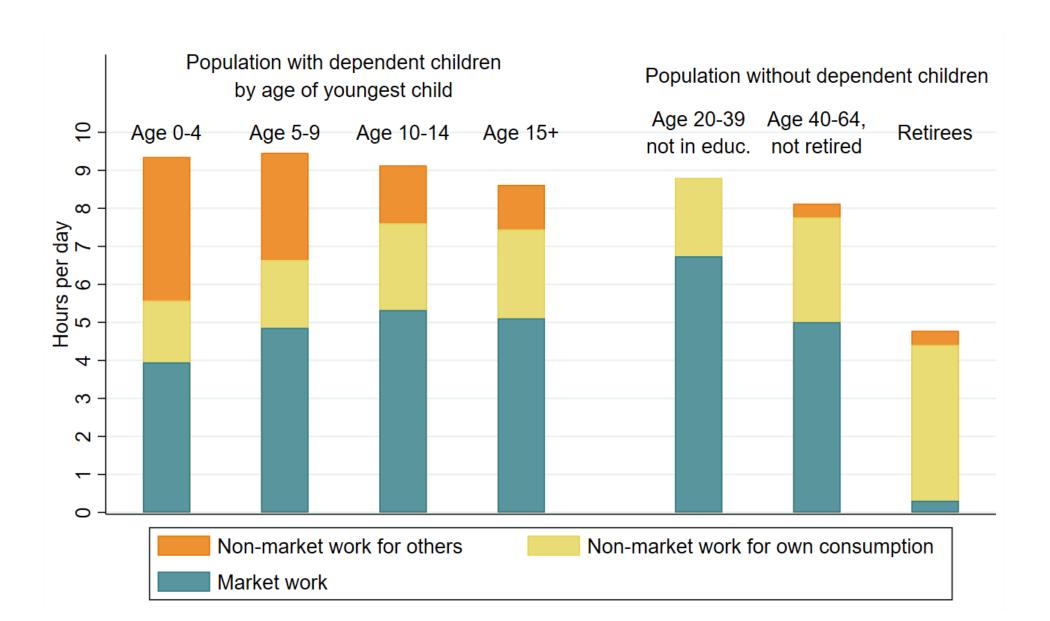


Private non-market transfers per capita

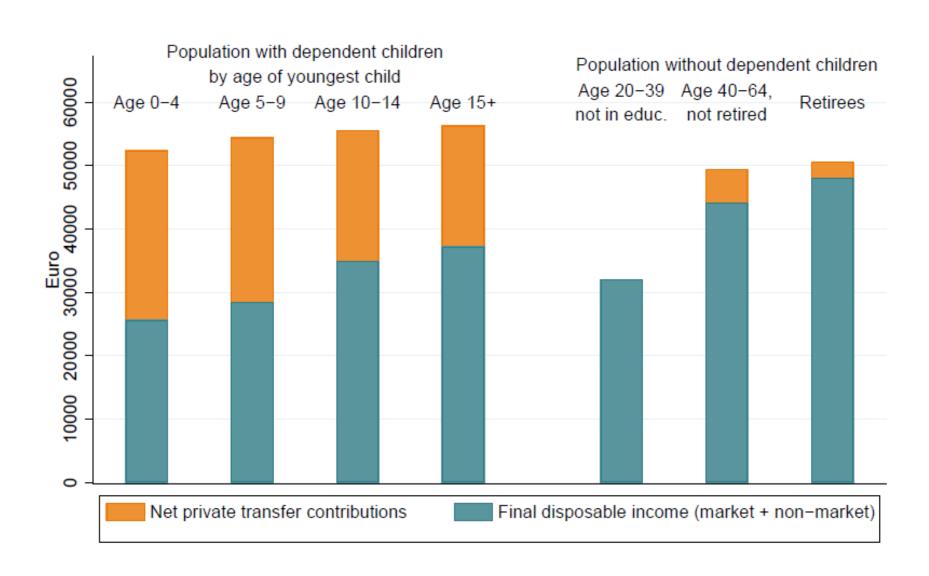




Total work by type and age of child



Disposable income and final disposable income: market and non market



Discussion

- > Pronounced differences in age specific income and its change over time
- > Importance to consider w/in age group differences, e.g. by family status
- > Importance to consider private transfers when considering wellbeing