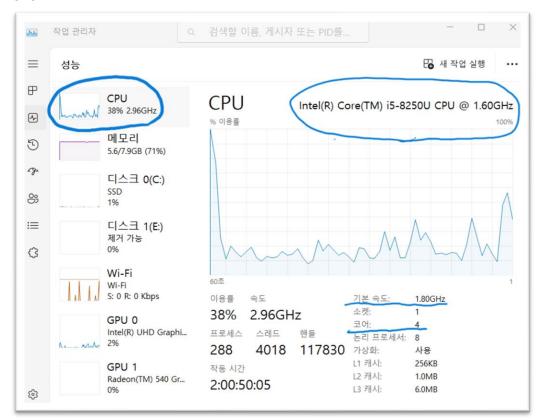
# Problem1 Report

Student NO: 20183784 Student Name: 노현진

# [Environment]

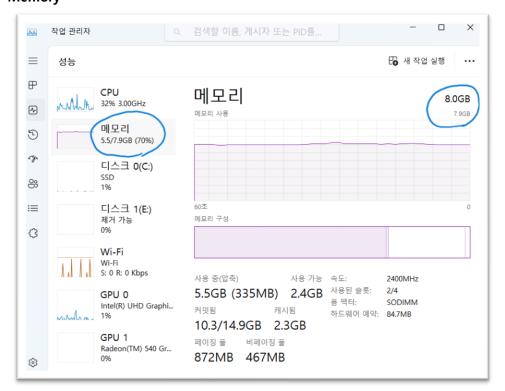
#### - CPU



CPU type: Intel® Core™ i5-8250U CPU

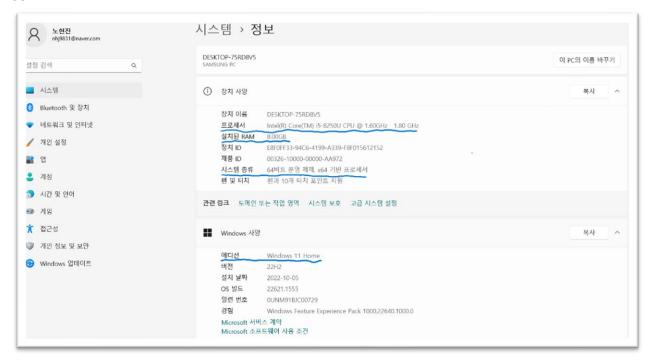
Clock Speed: 1.80GHz
Number of cores: 4

## - Memory



Memory size: 8.0GB

#### - OS



OS type: Windows 11

## [Source Code]

- pc\_static\_block.java

```
package com.hyunjin.study.problem1;
 This program should print the following values:
 (1) execution time of each thread
 (2) program execution time
 (3) the number of 'prime numbers'
public final class pc_static_block {
    private static int NUM_THREADS = 1; // default number of threads: 1
    private static int NUM END = 200000; // default input: 200000
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        if (args.length == 2) {
            NUM THREADS = Integer.parseInt(args[0]); // Possible number of
threads: 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 32
            NUM END = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        BlockThread[] blockThreads = new BlockThread[NUM THREADS];
        int[] results = new int[NUM THREADS];
        int workUnit = NUM END / NUM THREADS;
        for (int i = 1; i <= NUM THREADS; i++) {
            int startNum = workUnit * (i - 1) + 1;
            int endNum;
            if (i == NUM_THREADS) {
                endNum = NUM END;
            } else {
                endNum = workUnit * i;
```

```
blockThreads[i - 1] = new BlockThread(startNum, endNum, results, i -
1);
        }
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        for (BlockThread blockThreads) {
            blockThread.start();
        try {
            for (BlockThread blockThreads) {
               blockThread.join();
        } catch (Exception ignored) {}
        int answer = 0;
        for (int result : results) {
           answer += result;
        long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeDiff = endTime - startTime;
        System.out.println("\nProgram Execution Time: " + timeDiff + "ms");
        System.out.println("1 ~ " + NUM END + ", the number of 'prime numbers': "
+ answer);
   }
final class BlockThread extends Thread {
    private final int startNum;
    private final int endNum;
    private final int[] results;
    private final int index;
    public BlockThread(int startNum, int endNum, int[] results, int index) {
        this.startNum = startNum;
        this.endNum = endNum;
        this.results = results;
        this.index = index;
    }
    @Override
    public void run() {
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        for (int i = startNum; i <= endNum; i++) {</pre>
            if (isPrime(i)) {
               results[index] += 1;
            }
        }
        long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeDiff = endTime - startTime;
        System.out.println(this.getName() + " ==> " + startNum + " ~ " + endNum +
", Execution Time: " + timeDiff + "ms");
    }
    private boolean isPrime(int x) {
        if (x <= 1) {
           return false;
        for (int i = 2; i < x; i++) {
            if (x % i == 0) {
```

```
return false;
}
return true;
}
```

### pc\_static\_cyclic.java

```
package com.hyunjin.study.problem1;
 This program should print the following values:
 (1) execution time of each thread
 (2) program execution time
 (3) the number of 'prime numbers'
public final class pc static cyclic {
    private static int NUM_THREADS = 1; // default number of threads private static int NUM_END = 200000; // default input
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        if (args.length == 2) {
            NUM THREADS = Integer.parseInt(args[0]); // Possible number of
threads: 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 32
            NUM END = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        CyclicThread[] cyclicThreads = new CyclicThread[NUM THREADS];
        int[] results = new int[NUM THREADS];
        int workUnit = NUM THREADS * 10;
        int endNum = NUM END;
        for (int i = 1; i <= NUM THREADS; i++) {</pre>
            int startNum = 10 * (i - 1) + 1;
            cyclicThreads[i - 1] = new CyclicThread(startNum, endNum, workUnit,
results, i - 1);
        }
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        for (CyclicThread cyclicThread: cyclicThreads) {
            cyclicThread.start();
        }
        try {
             for (CyclicThread cyclicThread: cyclicThreads) {
                cyclicThread.join();
        } catch (Exception ignored) {}
        int answer = 0;
        for (int result : results) {
            answer += result;
        long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeDiff = endTime - startTime;
        System.out.println("\nProgram Execution Time: " + timeDiff + "ms");
        System.out.println("1 ~ " + NUM END + ", the number of 'prime numbers': "
+ answer);
    }
```

```
final class CyclicThread extends Thread {
    private final int startNum;
    private final int endNum;
    private final int workUnit;
    private final int[] results;
    private final int index;
   public CyclicThread(int startNum, int endNum, int workUnit, int[] results, int
index) {
        this.startNum = startNum;
        this.endNum = endNum;
        this.workUnit = workUnit;
        this.results = results;
        this.index = index;
    }
    @Override
    public void run() {
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        for (int i = startNum; i <= endNum; i += workUnit) {</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < 10; j++) {
                if (isPrime(i + j)) {
                    results[index] += 1;
            }
        }
        long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeDiff = endTime - startTime;
        System.out.println(this.qetName() + " ==> Execution Time: " + timeDiff +
"ms");
    private boolean isPrime(int x) {
        if (x <= 1) {
           return false;
        for (int i = 2; i < x; i++) {
            if (x % i == 0) {
                return false;
        return true;
   }
}
```

#### pc\_dynamic.java

```
package com.hyunjin.study.problem1;
This program should print the following values:
 (1) execution time of each thread
 (2) program execution time
 (3) the number of 'prime numbers'
public final class pc dynamic {
    private static int NUM THREADS = 1; // default number of threads
    private static int NUM END = 200000; // default input
    private static int NUM START = 1;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
if (args.length == 2) {
            NUM THREADS = Integer.parseInt(args[0]); // Possible number of
threads: 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 32
            NUM END = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);
        DynamicThread[] dynamicThreads = new DynamicThread[NUM THREADS];
        int[] results = new int[NUM THREADS];
        for (int i = 1; i <= NUM THREADS; i++) {</pre>
            dynamicThreads[i - 1] = new DynamicThread(results, i - 1);
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        for (DynamicThread dynamicThreads) {
            dynamicThread.start();
        try {
            for (DynamicThread dynamicThreads) {
                dynamicThread.join();
        } catch (Exception ignored) {}
        int answer = 0;
        for (int result : results) {
           answer += result;
        long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeDiff = endTime - startTime;
        System.out.println("\nProgram Execution Time: " + timeDiff + "ms");
       System.out.println("1 \sim " + NUM\_END + ", the number of 'prime numbers': "
+ answer);
    }
   public synchronized static int getWork() {
        if (NUM START >= NUM END) {
           return -1;
        } else {
           NUM START += 10;
           return (NUM START - 10);
        }
    }
}
final class DynamicThread extends Thread {
   private final int[] results;
   private final int index;
   public DynamicThread(int[] results, int index) {
        this.results = results;
       this.index = index;
    }
   @Override
    public void run() {
        long startTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        while (true) {
            int startNum = pc dynamic.getWork();
            if (startNum == -1) {
               break;
            for (int i = startNum; i < startNum + 10; i++) {</pre>
                if (isPrime(i)) {
```

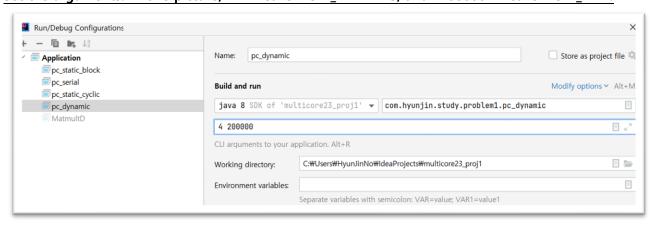
```
results[index] += 1;
                }
            }
        }
        long endTime = System.currentTimeMillis();
        long timeDiff = endTime - startTime;
        System.out.println(this.getName() + " ==> Execution Time: " + timeDiff +
"ms");
    }
   private boolean isPrime(int x) {
        if (x <= 1) {
            return false;
        for (int i = 2; i < x; i++) {
            if (x \% i == 0) {
                return false;
        return true;
    }
}
```

#### - How to compile and execute

- 1. Firstly, install Intellij IDEA.
- 2. After installation, open the submitted file.
- 3. Before execution, click "Edit Configurations.."



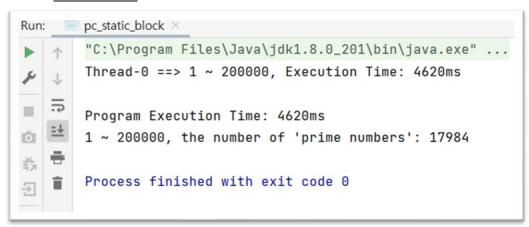
4. Set the arguments. In this picture, "4" means NUM\_THREADS, and "200000" means NUM\_END.

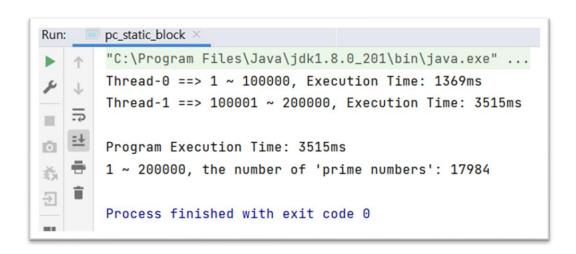


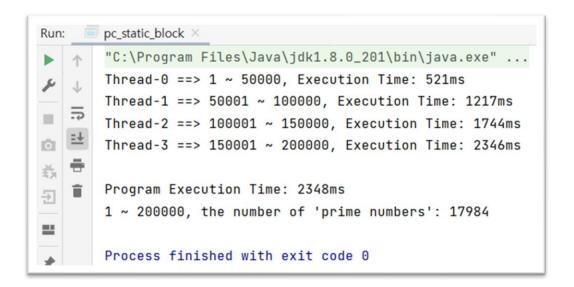
5. Finally, run the source code.

## [Results]

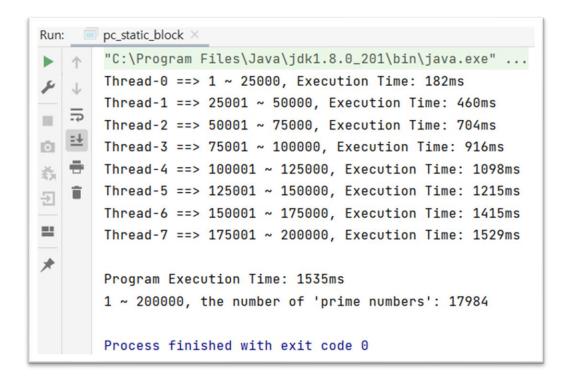
### Static (Block)

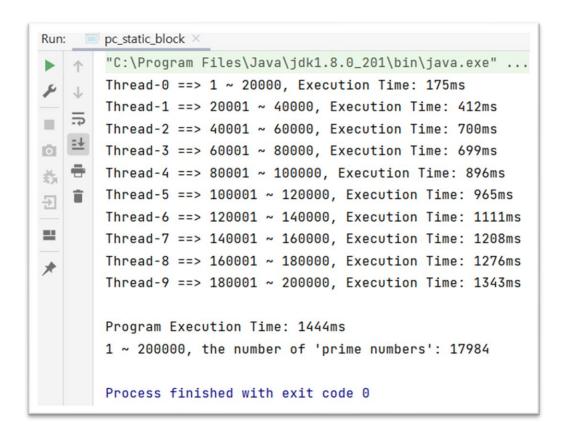


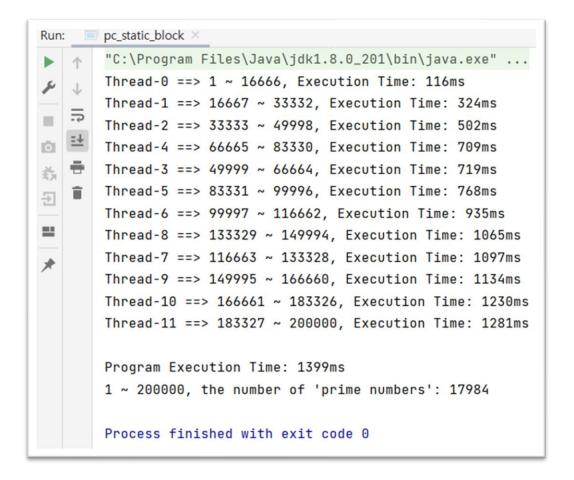


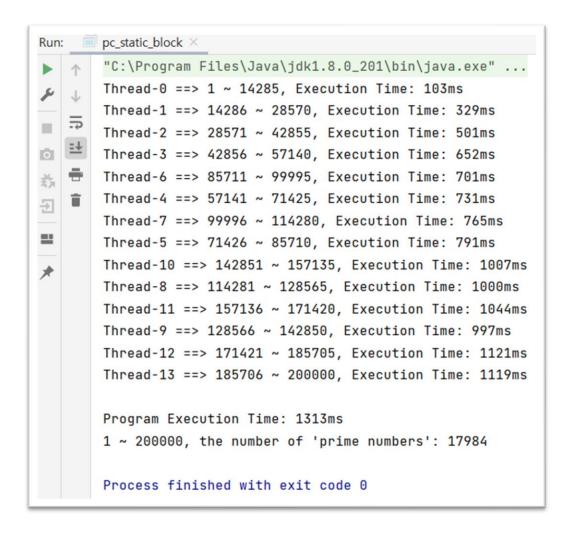


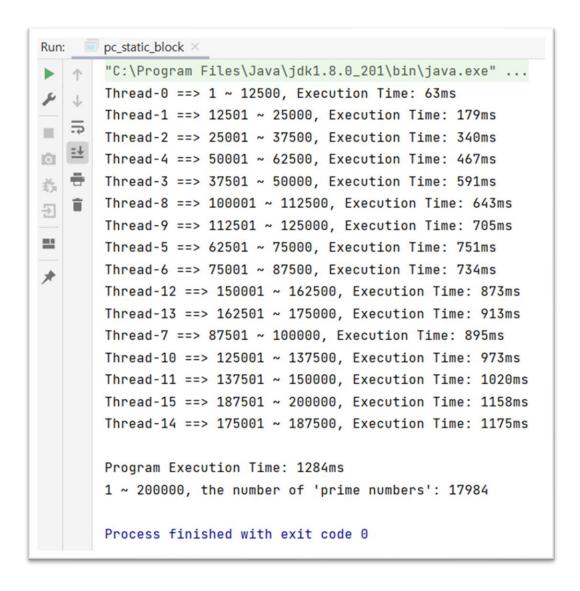






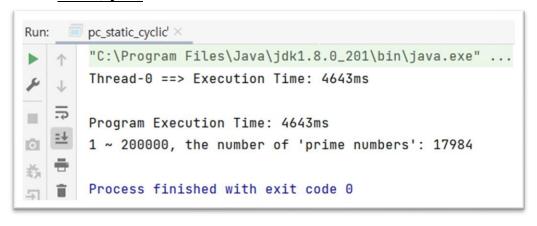


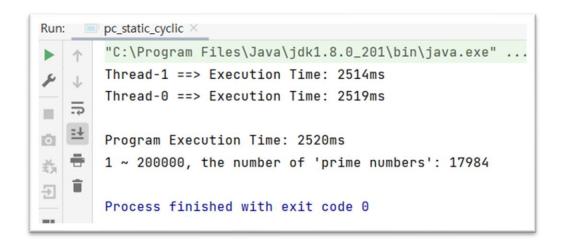


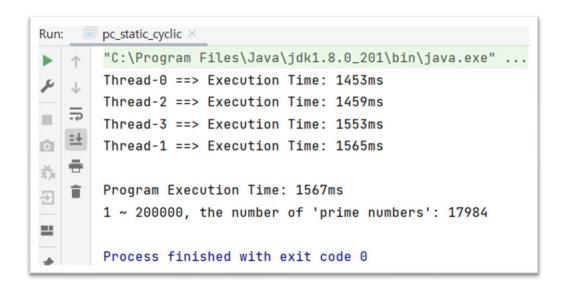


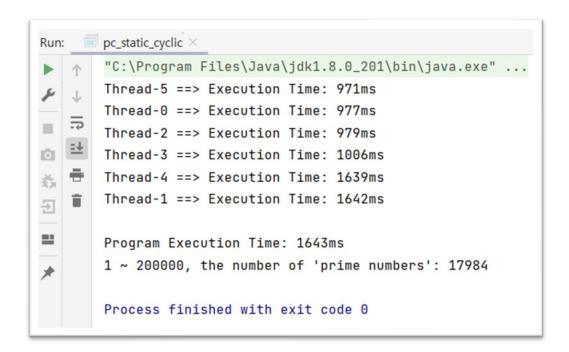
```
Run:
        pc_static_block ×
        Inread-14 ==> 8/301 ~ 93/30, Execution lime: 388ms
        Thread-9 ==> 56251 ~ 62500, Execution Time: 184ms
    \downarrow
        Thread-26 ==> 162501 ~ 168750, Execution Time: 484ms
        Thread-12 ==> 75001 ~ 81250, Execution Time: 280ms
   5
Thread-20 ==> 125001 ~ 131250, Execution Time: 441ms
   <u>=</u>
Ö
        Thread-28 ==> 175001 ~ 181250, Execution Time: 465ms
   ÷
š
        Thread-17 ==> 106251 ~ 112500, Execution Time: 389ms
\overline{\Rightarrow}
        Thread-29 ==> 181251 ~ 187500, Execution Time: 436ms
        Thread-13 ==> 81251 ~ 87500, Execution Time: 358ms
Thread-25 ==> 156251 ~ 162500, Execution Time: 418ms
*
        Thread-24 ==> 150001 ~ 156250, Execution Time: 466ms
        Thread-16 ==> 100001 ~ 106250, Execution Time: 392ms
        Thread-21 ==> 131251 ~ 137500, Execution Time: 463ms
        Thread-27 ==> 168751 ~ 175000, Execution Time: 921ms
        Thread-30 ==> 187501 ~ 193750, Execution Time: 939ms
        Thread-31 ==> 193751 ~ 200000, Execution Time: 893ms
        Program Execution Time: 1278ms
        1 ~ 200000, the number of 'prime numbers': 17984
```

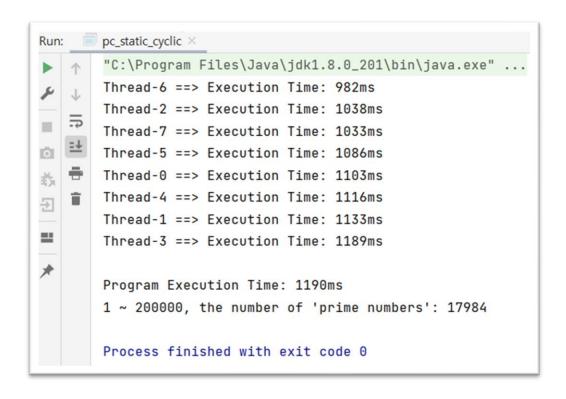
## Static (Cyclic)

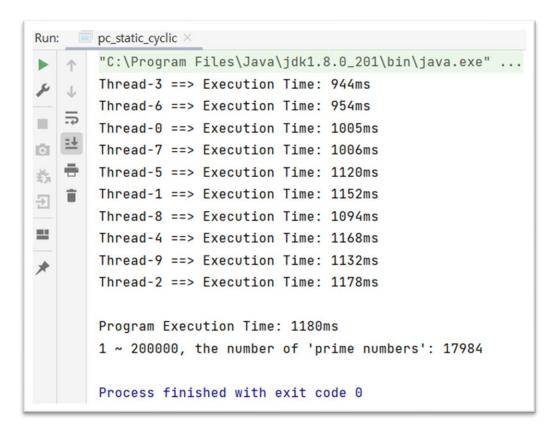


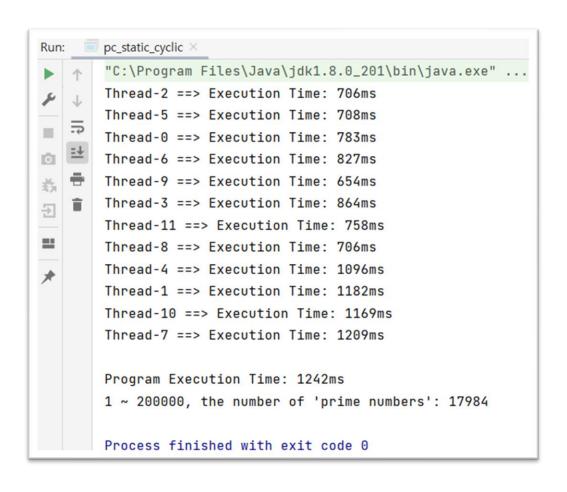


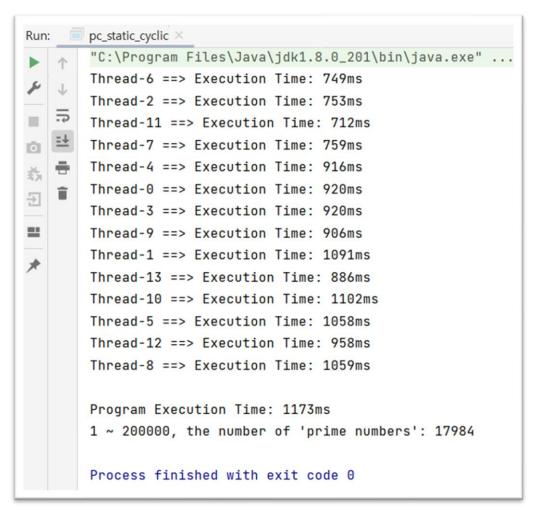


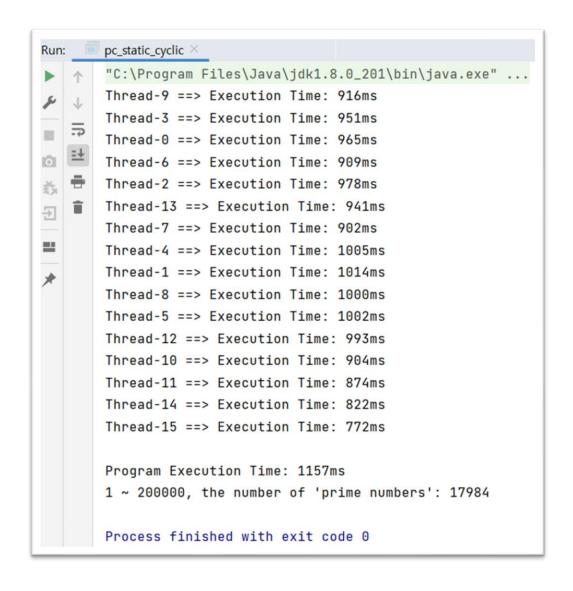


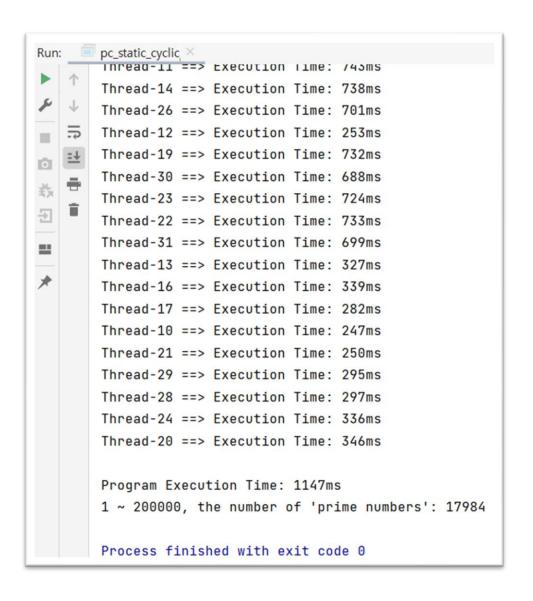












#### Dynamic

```
Run: pc_dynamic ×

"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_201\bin\java.exe" ...

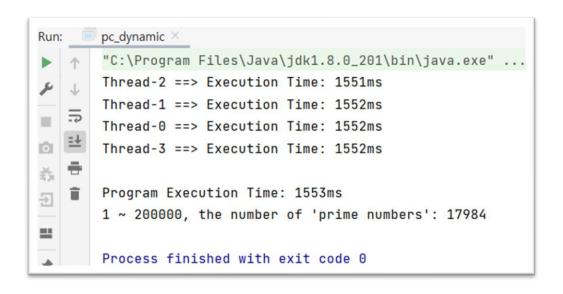
Thread-0 ==> Execution Time: 4589ms

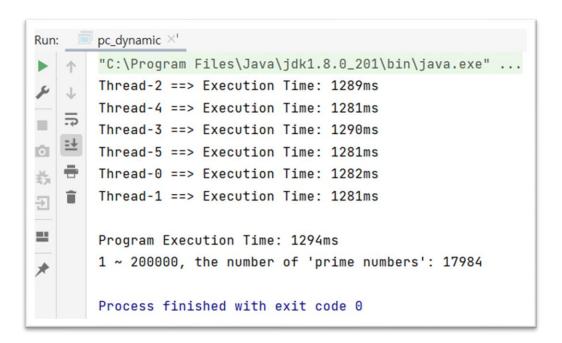
Program Execution Time: 4591ms

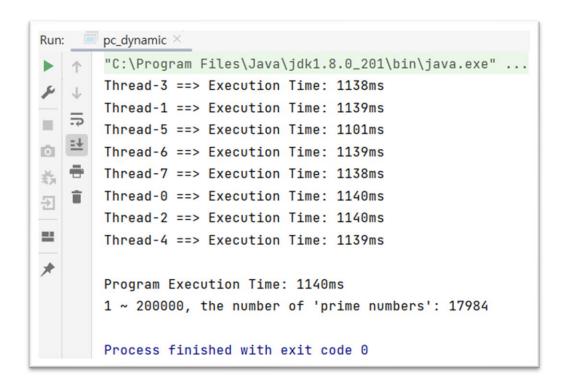
1 ~ 200000, the number of 'prime numbers': 17984

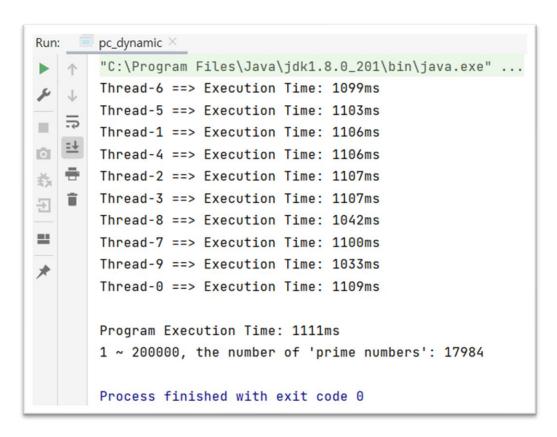
Process finished with exit code 0
```

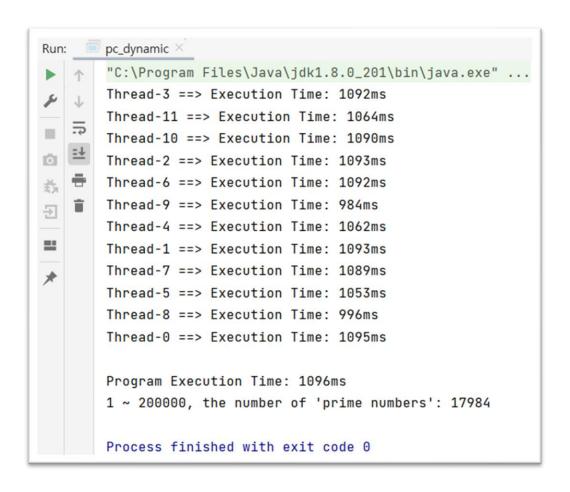
```
Run: pc_dynamic ×
        "C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_201\bin\java.exe" ...
    个
        Thread-1 ==> Execution Time: 2542ms
مو
    \downarrow
        Thread-0 ==> Execution Time: 2543ms
    ₽
ш
Ö
        Program Execution Time: 2543ms
    ÷
        1 ~ 200000, the number of 'prime numbers': 17984
药
\overline{\mathbb{D}}
        Process finished with exit code 0
```

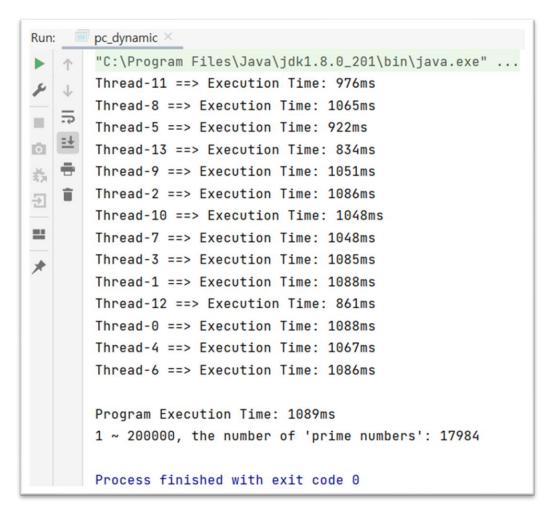


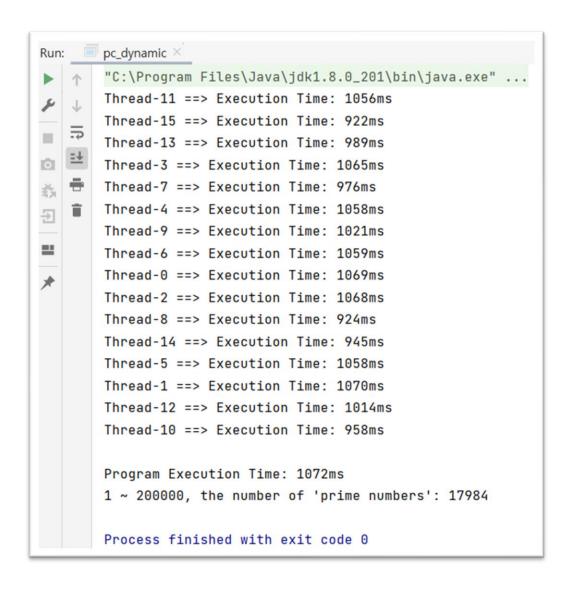


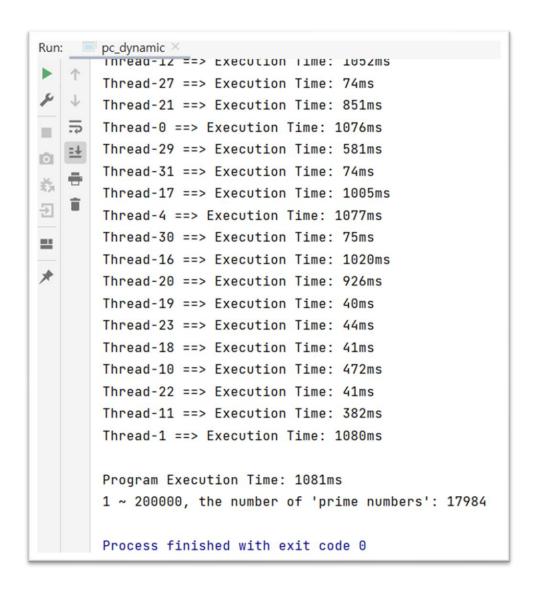








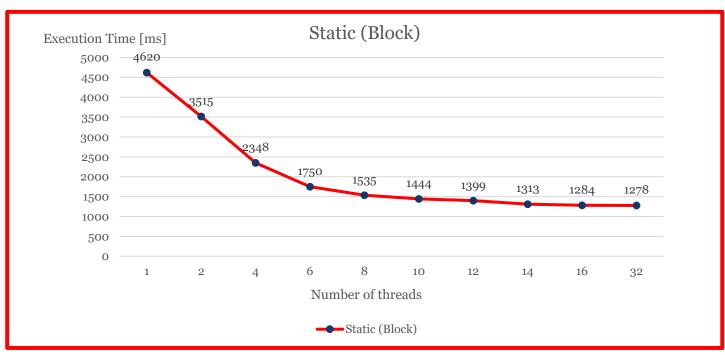


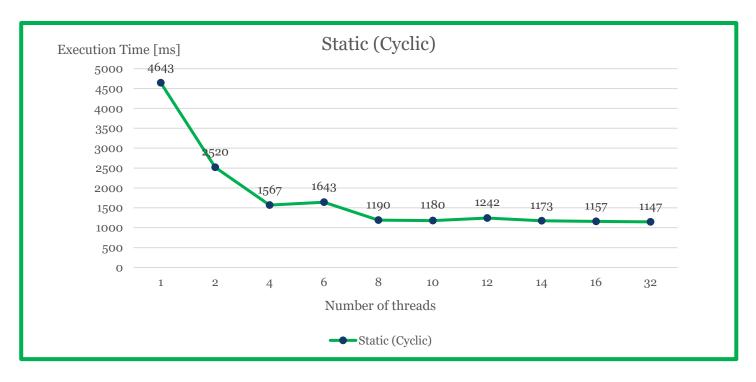


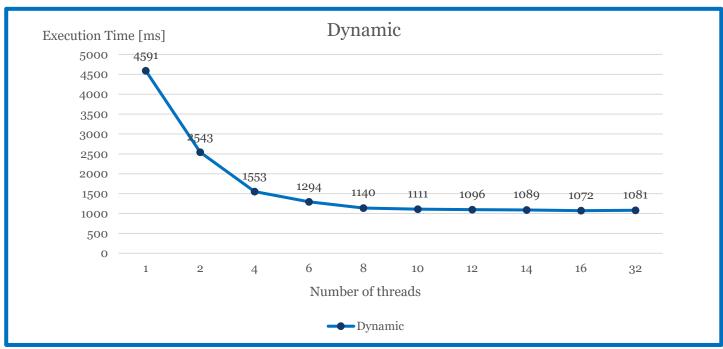
#### Execution Time

Exec time	1	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	32
Static (Block)	4620ms	3515ms	2348ms	1750ms	1535ms	1444ms	1399ms	1313ms	1284ms	1278ms
Static (Cyclic)	4643ms	2520ms	1567ms	1643ms	1190ms	1180ms	1242ms	1173ms	1157ms	1147ms
[task size: 10										
numbers]										
Dynamic	4591ms	2543ms	1553ms	1294ms	1140ms	1111ms	1096ms	1089ms	1072ms	1081ms
[task size: 10										
numbers]										



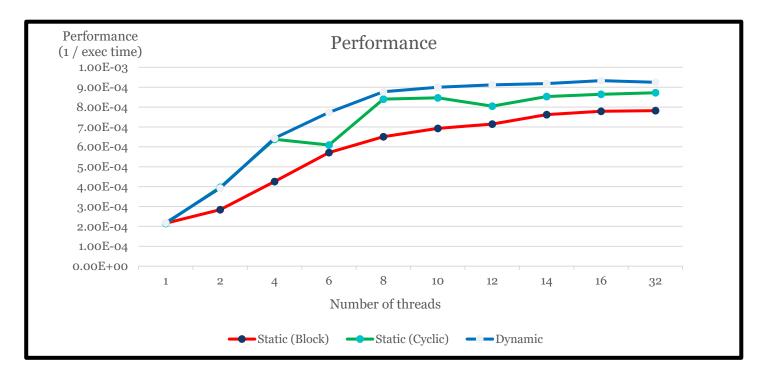


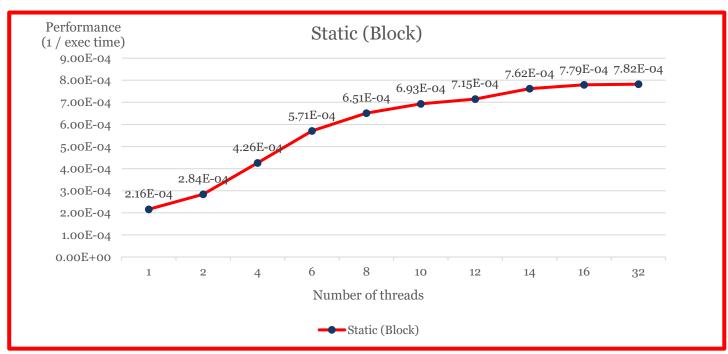


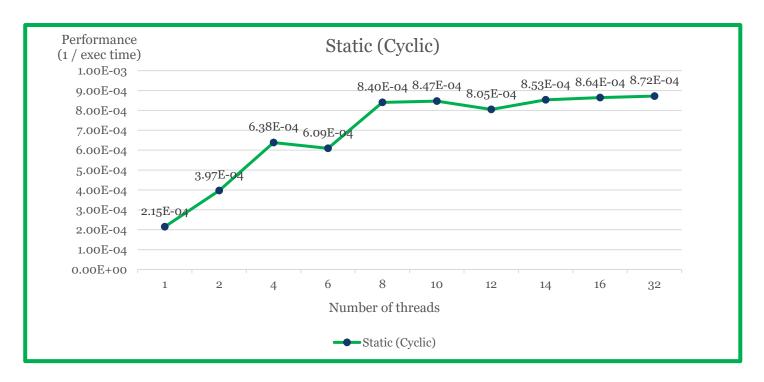


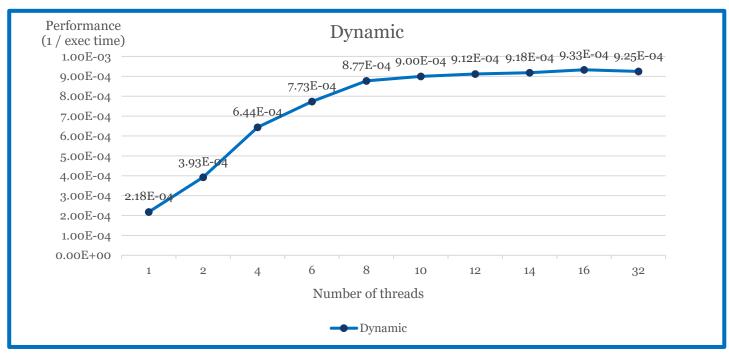
# - Performance

Performance	1	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	32
(1/exec time)										
Static (Block)	2.16e-4	2.84e-4	4.26e-4	5.71e-4	6.51e-4	6.93e-4	7.15e-4	7.62e-4	7.79e-4	7.82e-4
Static (Cyclic)	2.15e-4	3.97e-4	6.38e-4	6.09e-4	8.40e-4	8.47e-4	8.05e-4	8.53e-4	8.64e-4	8.72e-4
[task size: 10										
numbers]										
Dynamic	2.18e-4	3.93e-4	6.44e-4	7.73e-4	8.77e-4	9.00e-4	9.12e-4	9.18e-4	9.33e-4	9.25e-4
[task size: 10										
numbers]										









## [Explanation/Analysis on the Results]

In the three load balancing approaches, when the number of threads increases, the execution time decreases and performance is improved. But at some points, although the number of threads increases, performance enhancement is very small. It's because creating a lot of threads is the same as making large overheads. If the number of threads is small (=Coarse-grain Parallelism), then there is low overhead. But if the number of threads is very large (=Fine-grain Parallelism), then there is high overhead and less opportunity for performance enhancement. So, considering load balancing and overhead, we need to decide how many threads we use.