Ivan Chowdhury DSP Problem Set 5

(1)
$$K_{xy} \in \mathbb{R}^{3}$$
 $K_{z} \in S_{2\pi} = \frac{\mathbb{R}}{dr \mathbb{Z}}$

(2) $K_{xy} \in \mathbb{R}^{3}$

(3) $K_{xy} \in \mathbb{R}^{3}$

(4) $K_{z} \in S_{2\pi} = \frac{\mathbb{R}}{dr \mathbb{Z}}$

(5) $G(\vec{r}, h) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} K_{xy} \cdot \vec{r} d\vec{r} d\vec{r}$

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$$\langle U, V \rangle = \langle U, V \rangle$$
inner product in fracency
domain domain

$$U*V = \sum_{m \in \mathbb{Z}} \left[\sum_{R^2} u(\vec{p}, m) V(\vec{r} - \vec{p}, n - m) d\vec{p} \right]$$

$$U*V = \overline{Q_{R^2}} \sum_{R^2} \left[\sum_{R^2} U(\vec{N}_{xy}, N_z) V(\vec{K}_{xy} - \vec{N}_{yy}, K_z - N_z) d\vec{N}_{xy} \right] dN_z$$

$$\int_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^2} |h(\vec{r}, n)| d\vec{r} < \infty$$

e)
$$H(K_{xy}, K_z) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^2} h(\vec{r}', n) e^{-j\vec{k}_{xy}^2 \cdot \vec{r}'} d\vec{r}' \right) e^{-jk_z \cdot n}$$

 $= \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^2} \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^2} u(\vec{p}, m) v(\vec{r}' - \vec{p}', n - m) d\vec{p}' \right) \right) e^{-j\vec{k}_{xy}^2 \cdot \vec{r}'} d\vec{r}' \left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^2} u(\vec{p}, m) v(\vec{r}' - \vec{p}', n - m) d\vec{p}' \right) e^{-j\vec{k}_{xy}^2 \cdot \vec{r}'} d\vec{r}' \right)$

$$=\sum_{n\in\mathbb{Z}}\left\{\int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}}\left\{\sum_{n\in\mathbb{Z}}\left(\int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}}u\left(\vec{p},m\right)V(\vec{p}',n-m\right)d\vec{p}\right)\right\}e^{-j\vec{k_{n}}\cdot\vec{p}'}\cdot\vec{p}'\cdot\vec$$

Some as the above, because cos(-w)=cos(w) simplifies all of them the same war.

$$\frac{P(w_1,w_2)}{P(w_1,w_2)} = \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + (v_1(w_1) + (v_1(w_2) + (v_1(w_1) \cdot cos(w_2))) + (v_1(w_2) + (v_1(w_1) \cdot cos(w_2))) + (v_1(w_2) + (v_1($$