ASIP Santé's Interoperability Framework

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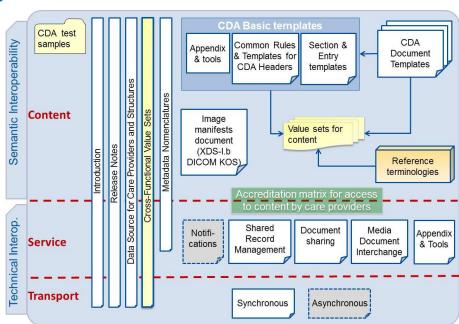
ASIP Santé – French government agency for eHealth

- Agency created in 2009 through the merger of two government agencies: GIP-DMP (agency for the development of a national EHR/PHR) and GIP-CPS (agency for the production of healthcare professional smartcards)
- Three main missions:
 - Regulation for improving eHealth (ex. through publication of security or interoperability specifications...)
 - ➤ Implementation of shared national services (ex. DMP national EHR/PHR, Secure mail for healthcare professionals, healthcare professionals directory, health resources directory...)
 - **Promotion and speeding up of use and innovation in eHealth** (ex. Provision of expertise for digital health regional projects, for digitalization of healthcare and social care provision for seniors in the process of loosing their independence...)
- Around 130 employees of which around 7 plus 2 contractors are working on interoperability
- http://esante.gouv.fr/



Health Information Systems Interoperability Framework (HIS-IF)

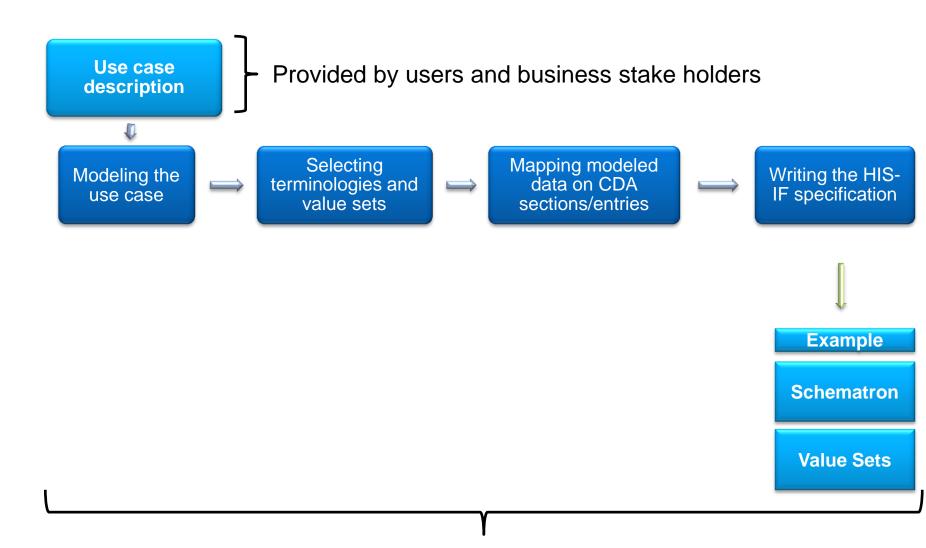
- Interoperability part of mission 1 regulation for improving eHealth
- Interoperability specification in French taking into account the specificities of French use cases
- Organized in 3 layers:
 - Transport layer (ex. network, authentication, user assertion...)
 - Service layer (ex. sharing of medical documents, exchange of medical documents, health record management...)
 - Content layer (medical document templates – ex. lab report, referral, medical summary, antepartum summary, immunization summary...)



Based on IHE profiles or following IHE logics whenever possible (ex. XUA for user assertion, XDS for sharing of documents, PCC profiles for medical documents or ASIP Santé's produced CDA templates using PCC CDA content modules...)



Process of production of HIS-IF content specification





IHE profiles leveraged in the HIS-IF

IHE profiles leveraged:

> PCC profiles

- Medical Summary Document Content (MS)
- Immunization Content (IC)
- Antepartum profiles
- Labor and delivery profiles

> PALM profiles

- Sharing Laboratory Reports (XD-LAB)
- Anatomic Pathology Structured Reports (APSR)

QRPH profiles

Mother and Child Health (MCH)

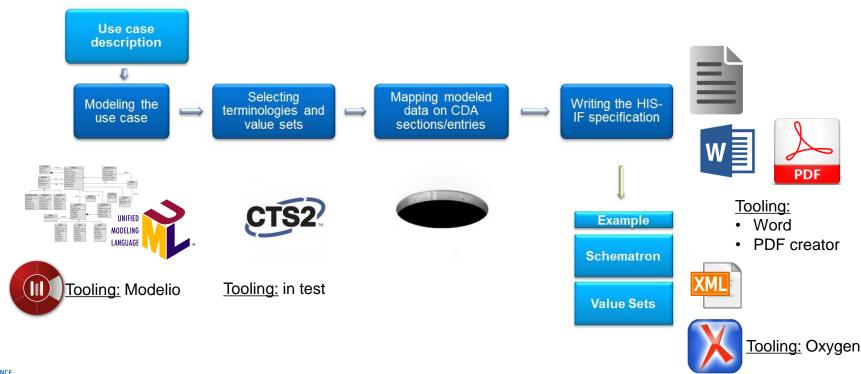
Specification leveraging PCC content modules

- Breast cancer screening
- Patient with a high level of cardiac risk (anticoagulant drugs, ...)



Issues faced 1/2

- A lot of steps are needed to insure adequacy of the content specification
- Some of those steps can be optimized through tooling already used in the agency but some gaps remain





Issues faced 2/2

- If the use case isn't addressed in a specific profile, sections and entries have to be found for data in the model
 - Search PCC technical framework for sections that might match groups of elements in the model (e.g. classes)
 - Search in the section for entries that match elements in the model (e.g. attributes)
 - ➤ If no section seem to match a group of elements, search PCC technical framework for entries that might match element in the group
 - Check the adequacy of the sections in which the entries are documented
 - Otherwise, creation of a specific section

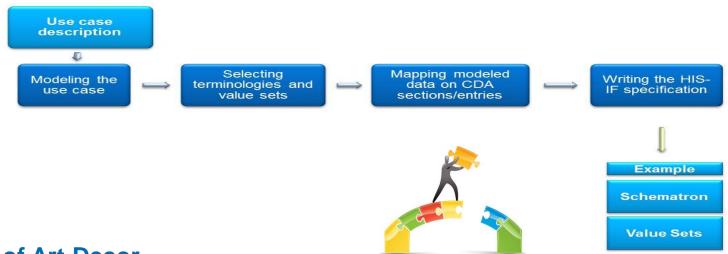
A lot of Ctrl + F!

 When a section is coming from PCC technical framework, copy/paste tables from PCC framework into the HIS-IF document

A lot of Ctrl + C / Ctrl + V!



Solution found: development of a mapping tool



Test of Art Decor

- Adequate for selecting terminologies and value sets and to generate examples, schematrons and value sets
- PCC content modules not included in Art Decor
- Structure of the documentation produced not in line with HIS-IF documents

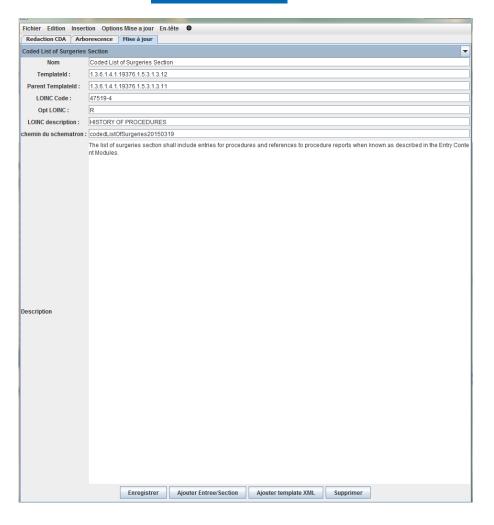
Decision not to use Art Decor yet (and reevaluate it in two years)

- **Development of a mapping tool**
 - Automation of HIS-IF document production
- Need to parse PCC content modules (in progress)

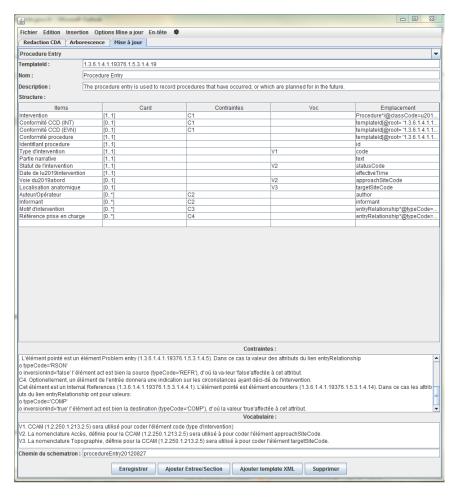


Solution found: Mapping tool screen shots – documentation

Section

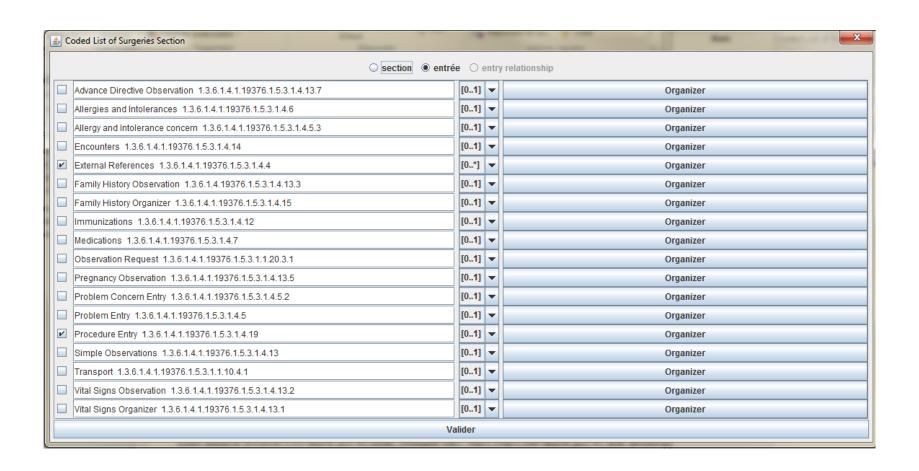


Entry





Solution found: Mapping tool screen shots – selection of entries





Perspectives for IHE-PCC and ASIP Santé

- Parsing of PCC content modules documentation
 - Initial parsing in progress
 - Parsing first and translation afterword
 - Can be provided to PCC domain for publication and/or feeding into Art Decor
 - Joint work on a format of documentation that might facilitate parsing of technical framework update

Report to PCC of HIS-IF updates for possible reference for future PCC profiles

Other perspectives?



ASIP Santé Web site « CI-SIS »

esante.gouv.fr Services Pro

ACTUS TRIBUNES LE MAG PAROLE AUX RÉGIONS ETUDES & RAPPORTS SERVICES PRO SIP SANTÉ

Référentiels | Espace CPS | Espace DMP | Espace MSSanté | Santé connectée | Certification Qualité HN | Date of Lord MCS | Juridique |

Q Recherche..

http://esante.gouv.fr/services/referentiels/referentiels-d-interoperabilite/cadre-d-interoperabilite-des-systemes-d



Politique Générale de Sécurité des Systèmes d'Information de Santé (PGSSI-S)

EN SAVOIR PLUS SUR LA PGSSI-S

asipsanté



INS. ARCHITECTURE ET URBANISATION

Hébergeurs d

DEMANDE D'AGRÉN

Accueil Services Referentiels Referentiels d interoperabilite Cadre d'Interopérabilité des Systèmes d'Information de Santé TT+ | TT-Cadre d'Interopérabilité des Systèmes d'Information de Santé (CI-SIS) RÉFÉRENTIELS D'INTÉROPÉRABILITÉ | 07 MAI 2015 **%** f ENGLISH VERSION Les systèmes d'information dans les domaines sanitaire et médico-social doivent être communicants pour favoriser la coopération des professionnels dans le ENVOYER PAR MAIL cadre des parcours de santé centrés sur le patient (l'usager), et pour aider la décision médicale. PARTAGER SUR FACEBOOK Le Cadre d'Interopérabilité des Systèmes d'Information de Santé (CI-SIS) fixe les règles d'une informatique de santé communicante. Il couvre : PARTAGER SUR TWITTER l'interopérabilité technique, qui porte sur le transport des flux et sur les services PARTAGER SUR LINKED IN garantissant l'échange et le partage des données de santé dans le respect des exigences de sécurité et de confidentialité des données personnelles de santé. IMPRIMER LA PAGE l'interopérabilité des contenus métiers, qui permet le traitement des données de santé et leur compréhension par les systèmes d'information en s'appuyant sur un langage commun. Le CI SIS s'appuie sur des normes et standards internationaux matures et stables et se construit en concertation avec les



représentants des professionnels de santé et les éditeurs des systèmes d'information de santé. Son utilisation facilite l'intégration de systèmes et permet aux acteurs de santé de pérenniser leurs investissements.

Meet the crew <u>Ci-sis@sante.gouv.fr</u>



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