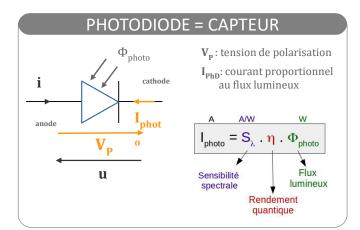
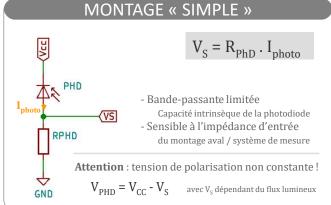
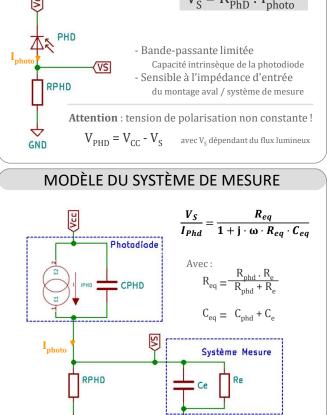
Photodétection

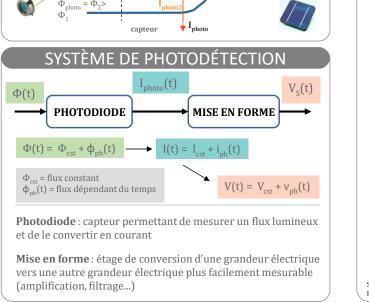




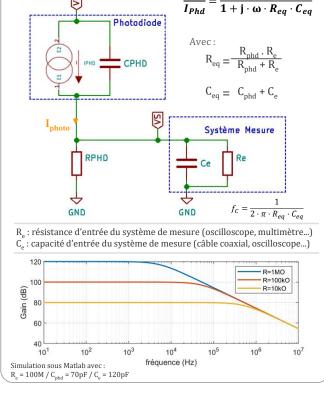
CARACTÉRISTIQUES ÉLECTRIQUES

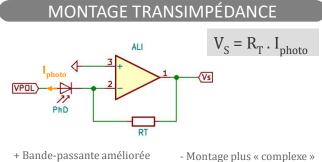






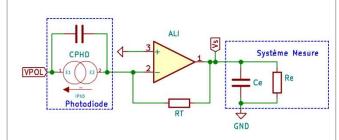
cellule photovoltaique





- + Moins sensible à la capacité intrinsèque de la photodiode
- + Tension de polarisation fixe
- ALI et alimentations
- Apparition d'une résonance Gain-peaking / ALI

MODÈLE DU SYSTÈME DE MESURE



$$\frac{V_S}{I_{Phd}} = \frac{R_T \cdot A_0}{\left(1 + \frac{\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega}}{\boldsymbol{\omega}_0}\right) \cdot \left(1 + \frac{\mathbf{j} \cdot \boldsymbol{\omega}}{\boldsymbol{\omega}_c}\right) + A_0}$$

En utilisant le modèle du premier ordre pour l'amplificateur intégré (A_a, w_a)

Gain-peaking: $f_T = \sqrt{f_C \cdot GBP}$ avec $f_C = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi \cdot R_{RRD} \cdot C_{RRD}}$

