

QES calculation

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### 1 Calculation of QES

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Let  $2\Phi_H(\partial I) + S_{\text{vN}}(R \cup I) = \frac{c}{24}f(\partial I)$  then  $S(R) = \min \text{ext}_I \left[ \frac{c}{48}f(\partial I) \right]$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{c}{24}f(\partial I) &= \frac{c}{24} \left[ 1 + \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) - \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right] \\ &\quad + \frac{c}{12} \log \left[ \frac{4 \left( x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^+ \right)^{1/2} \left( x_{\partial I}^- - x_Q^- \right)^2}{\epsilon^2 (1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-) (1 - x_Q^+ x_Q^-)} \right] \\ &\quad + \frac{c}{12} \log \left[ \frac{4 \left( x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^+ \right)^{1/2} \log(x_Q^+/x_{\partial I}^+)^2}{\epsilon^2 (1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-) (1 - x_Q^+ x_Q^-)} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Now to find the minima of  $f(\partial I)$  we partial differentiate it with respect to  $x_{\partial I}^+$  and  $x_{\partial I}^-$ .

Partial differentiation with respect to  $x_{\partial I}^+$  gives

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\partial I}^+} f(\partial I) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\partial I}^+} \left( \left[ 1 + \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) - \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right] \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 2 \log \left[ \frac{4 \left( x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^+ \right)^{1/2} \left( x_{\partial I}^- - x_Q^- \right)^2}{\epsilon^2 (1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-) (1 - x_Q^+ x_Q^-)} \right] \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 2 \log \left[ \frac{4 \left( x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^+ \right)^{1/2} \log(x_Q^+/x_{\partial I}^+)^2}{\epsilon^2 (1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-) (1 - x_Q^+ x_Q^-)} \right] \right) \\ \Rightarrow 0 &= \left[ \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \left( \frac{2x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)^2} \right) - \left( \frac{2x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)^2} \right) \log(x_{\partial I}^+) - \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) \frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+} \right] \\ &\quad + \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\partial I}^+} \left( 2 \log \left[ \frac{(x_{\partial I}^+)^{1/2}}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} \right] \right. \\ &\quad \left. + 2 \log \left[ \frac{(x_{\partial I}^+)^{1/2} \log(x_Q^+/x_{\partial I}^+)^2}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} \right] \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \left[ \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \left( \frac{2x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)^2} \right) - \left( \frac{2x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)^2} \right) \log(x_{\partial I}^+) - \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) \frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+} \right] \\
\Rightarrow &+ 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2x_{\partial I}^+} + \frac{x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} \right] \\
&+ 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2x_{\partial I}^+} + \frac{x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} - \frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ \log(x_Q^+/x_{\partial I}^+)} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Similarly with respect to  $x_{\partial I}^-$  gives

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\partial I}^-} f(\partial I) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\partial I}^-} \left( \left[ 1 + \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) - \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right] \right. \\
&+ 2 \log \left[ \frac{4 (x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^+)^{1/2} (x_{\partial I}^- - x_Q^-)^2}{\epsilon^2 (1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-) (1 - x_Q^+ x_Q^-)} \right] \\
&\left. + 2 \log \left[ \frac{4 (x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^+)^{1/2} \log(x_Q^+/x_{\partial I}^+)^2}{\epsilon^2 (1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-) (1 - x_Q^+ x_Q^-)} \right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\partial I}^-} \left( \left[ \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) - \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right] \right. \\
\Rightarrow &+ 2 \log \left[ \frac{(x_{\partial I}^- - x_Q^-)^2}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} \right] \\
&\left. + 2 \log \left[ \frac{1}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} \right] \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \left( \frac{2x_{\partial I}^+}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)^2} \right) \left( \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} - \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right) \\
\Rightarrow &+ 2 \left[ 2 \frac{1}{(x_{\partial I}^- - x_Q^-)} + \frac{x_{\partial I}^+}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} \right] \\
&+ 2 \frac{x_{\partial I}^+}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)}
\end{aligned}$$

Now in the above equation if we assume  $x_{\partial I}^- \ll 1$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= 2x_{\partial I}^+ \left( \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} - \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right) \\
\Rightarrow &+ 2 \left[ -2 \frac{1}{x_Q^-} + x_{\partial I}^+ \right] \\
&+ 2x_{\partial I}^+
\end{aligned}$$

then

$$\begin{aligned}
2x_{\partial I}^+ \left( -\frac{2\Phi_s}{c} + \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right) &= 2 \left[ -2 \frac{1}{x_Q^-} + x_{\partial I}^+ \right] + 2x_{\partial I}^+ \\
\log(x_{\partial I}^+) &= 2 \left[ -\frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} + 1 \right] + \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \\
\Rightarrow x_{\partial I}^+ &= e^{2 \left[ -\frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} + 1 \right] + \frac{2\Phi_s}{c}} \\
\frac{-2}{x_Q^-} e^{-2 - \frac{2\Phi_s}{c}} &= \frac{-2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} e^{\left[ -\frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} \right]} \\
W_0 \left( \frac{-2}{x_Q^-} e^{-2 - \frac{2\Phi_s}{c}} \right) &= \frac{-2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-}
\end{aligned}$$

$$x_{\partial I}^+ = \frac{-2}{x_Q^- W_0 \left( \frac{-2}{x_Q^-} e^{-2 - \frac{2\Phi_s}{c}} \right)}$$

If we instead neglect the 3rd line (2nd term in von Neumann entropy) at the beginning

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= 2x_{\partial I}^+ \left( \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} - \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right) \\
\Rightarrow &+ 2 \left[ -2 \frac{1}{x_Q^-} + x_{\partial I}^+ \right]
\end{aligned}$$

then

$$\begin{aligned}
2x_{\partial I}^+ \left( -\frac{2\Phi_s}{c} + \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right) &= 2 \left[ -2\frac{1}{x_Q^-} + x_{\partial I}^+ \right] \\
\log(x_{\partial I}^+) &= \left[ -\frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} + 1 \right] + \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \\
\Rightarrow x_{\partial I}^+ &= e^{-\frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} + 1 + \frac{2\Phi_s}{c}} \\
\frac{-2}{x_Q^-} e^{-1 - \frac{2\Phi_s}{c}} &= \frac{-2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} e^{\left[ -\frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-} \right]} \\
W_0 \left( \frac{-2}{x_Q^-} e^{-1 - \frac{2\Phi_s}{c}} \right) &= -\frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ x_Q^-}
\end{aligned}$$

Now if we take the 1st boxed equation and assume  $x_{\partial I}^- \ll 1$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \left[ \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} \left( \frac{2x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)^2} \right) - \left( \frac{2x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)^2} \right) \log(x_{\partial I}^+) - \left( \frac{1 + x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-}{1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-} \right) \frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+} \right] \\
\Rightarrow &+ 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2x_{\partial I}^+} + \frac{x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} \right] \\
&+ 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2x_{\partial I}^+} + \frac{x_{\partial I}^-}{(1 - x_{\partial I}^+ x_{\partial I}^-)} - \frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ \log(x_Q^+/x_{\partial I}^+)} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= \left[ \left( \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} - \log(x_{\partial I}^+) \right) 2x_{\partial I}^- - \frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+} \right] \\
\Rightarrow &+ 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2x_{\partial I}^+} + x_{\partial I}^- \right] \\
&+ 2 \left[ \frac{1}{2x_{\partial I}^+} + x_{\partial I}^- - \frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ \log(x_Q^+/x_{\partial I}^+)} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

This gives us the approximation

$$x_{\partial I}^- \approx \frac{\frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+} - \frac{2}{x_{\partial I}^+ \log(x_{\partial I}^+)}}{\log(x_{\partial I}^+) - \frac{2\Phi_s}{c} - 4}$$

at late times

$$x_{\partial I}^- \approx \frac{1}{x_{\partial I}^+ \log(x_{\partial I}^+)}$$