

# ModusToolbox™



# Hardware Debugging for CYW207xx and CYW208xx

Document Number: 002-20504 Rev. \*G

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## 1 Introduction

ModusToolbox™ provides support for source-code-level debugging of applications running on CYW207xx and CYW208xx devices. Although this debugging technique often conflicts with the real-time requirements of IoT, it can provide valuable insight by stopping the CPU at breakpoints or watchpoints and providing the ability to check on the state of code and data using source code symbols.

The ModusToolbox kit hardware supports source-code-level debugging via a Serial Wire Debug (SWD) interface that provides a means for a development PC to control the execution of the CYW207xx and CYW208xx Arm® CPUs. Third-party JTAG/SWD debug probes are used to interface between the development PC and the debug interface hardware. The PC connected to the debug probe uses associated GDB server software. This server provides a socket interface to the GNU debugger (GDB), allowing it to control the debug interface and Arm CPU. ModusToolbox coordinates the interfaces between these entities: the CYW207xx and CYW208xx Arm CPUs, the debug probe and GDB server, GDB, and the symbols GDB needs to translate between source code symbols and hardware memory addresses, registers, and so on.

This document provides a description of hardware debugging support for ModusToolbox software and CYW207xx and CYW208xx devices. This document describes the generic tools, setup, and techniques. Other kit-specific documents are provided to describe those exact implementations.

The hardware interface for the Debug Access Port is provided to the Arm CPU cores within the CYW207xx and CYW208xx devices. These Arm architecture devices use a 2-pin SWD interface. The SWD pins are SWDIO and SWDCK. Many debug probes support SWD.

Current hardware debug support for CYW207xx and CYW208xx devices requires either a Segger J-Link probe or OpenOCD supported probe.

#### **Hardware and Software Requirements**

The following items are required to debug an application developed for Cypress WICED SoC.

	Item	Description	
Reference design b	oard	A hardware reference design board based on a Cypress CYW207xx and CYW208xx SoC.	
	Segger J-Link	Segger provides several models of JTAG-SWD debug probes that are compatible for hardware debugging. See <a href="https://www.segger.com/downloads/jlink">www.segger.com/downloads/jlink</a> .	
One of these:	Cypress MiniProg4 Programmer/Debugger	See https://www.cypress.com/documentation/development-kitsboards/cy8ckit-005-miniprog4-program-and-debug-kit	
PC		A computer (Windows, MacOS, or Linux) that hosts the following software items:              ModusToolbox              A GDB server and debug probe interface software. For this document we consider the SEGGER GDB server or OpenOCD.	
Debug probe USB	cable	Used for PC interface to debug hardware.	
GDB Server softwa	re	OpenOCD software is included with ModusToolbox. Segger GDB Server is available at www.segger.com/downloads/jlink.	
Debug probe 10-pir	n connector/adapter	An adapter may be needed to match from a 20-pin JTAG interface on the debug probe to a 10-pin SWD interface on the development kit.	

Table 1. Hardware Reference



# 2 Debug Probe Software Setup

## 2.1 Debug Probe

Purchase debug probes and software separately. SEGGER provides the J-Link probe that has been demonstrated to work well with CYW207xx and CYW208xx devices. Other debug probes, such as Cypress MiniProg4, are also compatible.

The instructions and screen shots are similar for Windows, Linux, and Mac operating systems unless otherwise noted.

## 2.2 Cypress MiniProg4

Follow the instructions provided with MiniProg4 for installation. No software or driver installation beyond plug-and-play is required for operation.

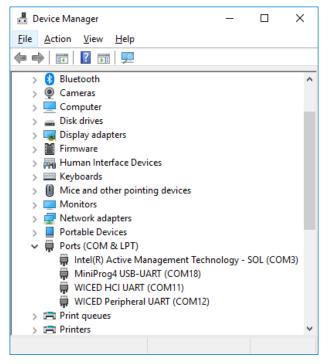


Figure 1. Device Manager with MiniProg4 and WICED BT Kit



### 2.3 SEGGER J-Link

- Install the Segger J-Link GDB Server. Download the software from www.segger.com/downloads/jlink. Look for "J-Link Software and Documentation Pack".
- Once the software is installed, connect J-Link to the kit's debug connector and then plug the J-Link into a USB port on the computer. When USB enumeration completes, the J-Link device should appear on a Windows PC in the Device Manager as Figure 2-2 shows.

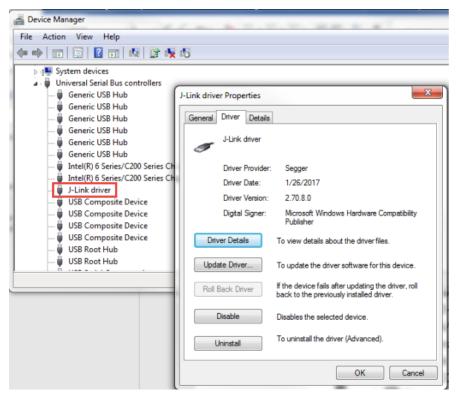


Figure 2-2. Device Manager Listing J-Link Device

You can check the SEGGER J-Link hardware connection on a Linux PC using 1susb on a terminal to list USB devices. On a Mac operating system, you can use the System Information utility.

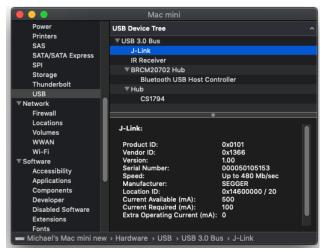


Figure 2-3. Using System Information Utility



# 3 Kit Setup

Each Cypress IoT development kit has particular setup requirements for the debug interface. Some have a dedicated debug probe socket, either 10-pin or 20-pin. A few kits do not have a dedicated debug socket, but will have pin headers that can be "fly-wired" to a debug probe connector. Besides the physical connection, each board may have some switch or jumper settings necessary to support hardware debugging. Kit-specific documents (kit user guides, for example) are available to describe the exact requirements.



Figure 3-1. Typical Kit with Hardware Debug Probes



# 4 Preparing the Embedded Application for Debug

By default, CYW207xx and CYW208xx devices do not enable SWD interface pins. These devices boot from the ROM code and do not have an opportunity to set up SWD pins until the ModusToolbox embedded application is loaded and executed. This means that SWD support must be enabled as a build option so that code will be compiled in to configure pins during the application startup sequence to support SWD. The code necessary to configure GPIOs for debugger support is defined in a macro called SETUP APP FOR DEBUG IF DEBUG ENABLED().

Because the pins must be configured prior to attaching the debugger, the application is built to run in a software loop immediately after configuring the GPIO for debug support so that you can attach to the debugger before the main application code begins to execute. The code for this loop is defined in a macro called BUSY WAIT TILL MANUAL CONTINUE IF DEBUG ENABLED().

These macros are defined in the source code file *<ModusToolbox workspace dir>//common/spar\_utils.h.* 

By default, these macros are enabled in an early part of application initialization, just after pins are configured in wiced\_platform\_init(). Depending on the application, it may make sense to move them to another location. Some critical points to consider are whether any GPIO configuration occurs in the application that would be executed subsequent to the debug setup. If the GPIO used for debug have their configuration overwritten by other code, the debug session will not work. Also, if the wait loop is executed in a time-critical portion of the application, then the time-critical functionality could be broken.

To set up the build to enable the desired pins for SWD using the ModusToolbox IDE, expand the application project name from the workspace explorer to display source files, open the "makefile" for editing, and set **ENABLE\_DEBUG** to '1'. Note that the SWD pins are defined for each kit and are configured by the macro definitions in *spar\_utils.h*. The macro definitions may need to be modified to change the pins that will be used for SWD. The pin configurator is not used because the pin functionality depends on setting or unsetting ENABLE\_DEBUG. After editing the makefile, be sure to "make clean" to force a rebuild of all sources if they were previously compiled.

Note that source-code-level debugging depends on source code and debug symbol availability. You can use the embedded application and source code libraries supplied for ModusToolbox for source code debugging. Debug symbols for code and data defined in the device ROM or pre-compiled libraries are not provided. Hardware debugging through these portions will show disassembled machine code.



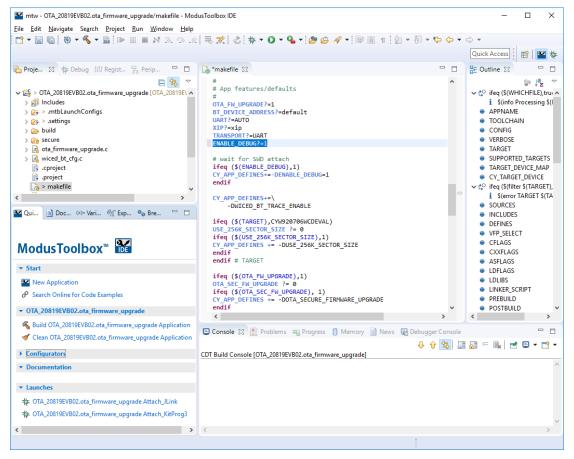


Figure 4-1. Setting the ENABLE\_DEBUG Feature

Now you can build, program, and download the application.

Similarly, to build from the command line, use the make command line option ENABLE\_DEBUG:

make ENABLE DEBUG=1 program

Additional command line options may be needed depending on the application, CY\_TOOLS\_PATHS path, and platform being used.



```
🗲 /cygdrive/c/git/mtb2/mtb-examples-CYW920819EVB-02-btsdk-ble/apps/ble/hello_client
                                                                                                                                     ×
$ make ENABLE DEBUG=1 program
Initializing build: BLE_HelloClient Debug CYW920819EVB-02 GCC_ARM
Auto-discovery in progress...
-> Found 2 .c file(s)
-> Found 0 .S file(s)
 > Found 0 .s file(s)
 -> Found 0 .cpp file(s)
 -> Found 0 .o file(s)
 -> Found 0 .a file(s)
 -> Found 1 .h file(s)
 -> Found 0 .hpp file(s)
 -> Found 0 resource file(s)
Applying filters...
Auto-discovery complete
make -C ../../../bt-sdk/wiced-bsp/ program OTA_FW_UPGRADE=0 CY_APP_DEFINES+="-DENABLE_DEBUG=1 -DWICED_BT_T RACE_ENABLE" COMPONENTS+="" CY_TARGET_DEVICE=20819A1 TARGET=CYW920819EVB-02 make[1]: Entering directory '/cygdrive/c/git/mtb2/mtb-examples-CYW920819EVB-02-btsdk-ble/bt-sdk/wiced-bsp' make -C TARGET_CYW920819EVB-02 -f lib.mk program CY_TOOLS_DIR=C:/Users/mcha/ModusToolbox/tools_2.0 LIBNAME
=CYW920819EVB-02_bsp
make[2]: Entering directory '/cygdrive/c/git/mtb2/mtb-examples-CYW920819EVB-02-btsdk-ble/bt-sdk/wiced-bsp/
TARGET_CYW920819EVB-02'
  /cygdrive/c/git/mtb2/mtb-examples-CYW920819EVB-02-btsdk-ble/apps/ble/hello_client
                                                                                                                                    ×
 = Building application =
Generated 1 source file(s)
Building 3 file(s)
     Compiling app file hello_client.c
     Compiling app file wiced_bt_cfg.c
Compiling generated file lib_installer.c
      Linking output file BLE HelloClient.elf
   Build complete :
  echo "Programming target device ... "
Programming target device ...
Detecting serial port ...
Found serial port : COM4
Downloading FW ...
Download succeeded
echo "Programming complete"
Programming complete
```

Figure 4-2. Command Line Build



# 5 Using the Hardware Debugger

Before using the debugger, do the following:

- Connect the hardware debugger to the kit.
- Configure the kit for debugging.
- Build, program, and run an application that has debugging enabled on the kit.

Program execution stops progressing at the wait macro BUSY\_WAIT\_TILL\_MANUAL\_CONTINUE\_IF\_DEBUG\_ENABLED(). See the kit-specific documents for details on the full setup.

## 5.1 Validate the Hardware Setup

The SWD interface can be tested independently from the ModusToolbox environment. This requires that an embedded application configured with ENABLE\_DEBUG is first built, downloaded, and running on the kit. Normally, the GDB server application will be run in the background automatically while performing hardware debugging with the ModusToolbox IDE, so you don't need to start it separately. The GUI version of the GDB Server described below can be used to troubleshoot or support command-line debugging, if required.

- 1. Connect the probe to the kit and both to the computer.
- 2. Configure the kit and application for hardware debugging.
- 3. Program the kit with the application.

Steps 4–6 and later depend on the debug probe that you are using:

#### If you are using a Segger J-Link debug probe:

- 4. Run the Segger J-Link GDB Server program and set up as shown in Figure 5-1.
- 5. Once setup is done, click OK to get the window shown in Figure 5-2.
- 6. Close the GDB server after the test is completed.

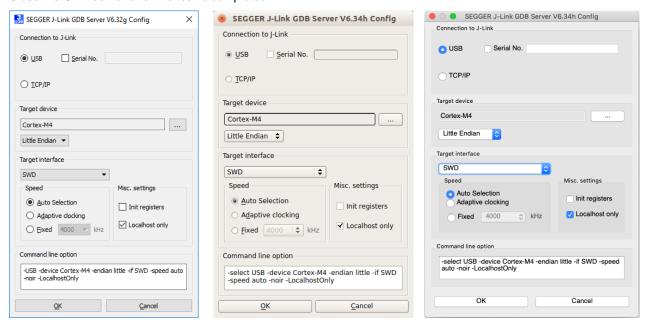


Figure 5-1. SEGGER GUI for Windows, Linux, and mac OS



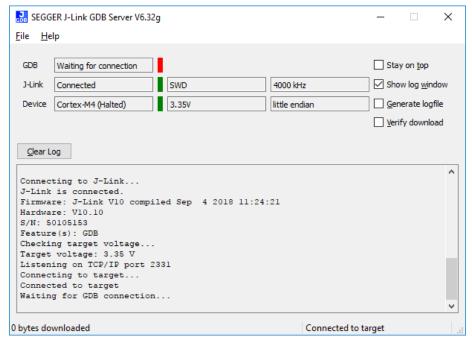


Figure 5-2. Waiting for GDB Connection

#### If you are using an OpenOCD debug probe such as a MiniProg4:

4. From the application build directory, enter the following command:

```
$$ \downward on the content of the
```

Replace <device> with a valid directory name such as 20819A1. Replace <device name> with a valid device name such as CYW20819A1.

- 5. You should see a result as shown in Figure 5-3.
- 6. Be sure to close the OpenOCD program when the test is complete.

```
Command Prompt - ModusToolbox\tools_2.0\openocd\bin\openocd.exe -s mtw/OTA_20819EVB02/...
Open On-Chip Debugger 0.10.0+dev-2.2.0.249 (2019-09-10-10:57)
Licensed under GNU GPL v2
 or bug reports, read
http://openocd.org/doc/doxygen/bugs.html
adapter speed: 10000 kHz
adapter speed: 1500 kHz
cortex_m reset_config sysresetreq
force hard breakpoints
Info : Listening on port 6666 for tcl connections
Info : Listening on port 4444 for telnet connections
Info : CMSIS-DAP: SWD Supported
Info : CMSIS-DAP: FW Version = 1.2.0
Info : CMSIS-DAP: Interface Initialised (SWD)
Info : SWCLK/TCK = 1 SWDIO/TMS = 1 TDI = 0 TDO = 0 nTRST = 0 nRESET = 1
Info : CMSIS-DAP: Interface ready
Info : VTarget = 3.324 V
Info : clock speed 1500 kHz
Info : SWD DPIDR 0x2ba01477
Info : CYW20819A1.cpu: hardware has 2 breakpoints, 1 watchpoints
Info : CYW20819A1.cpu: external reset detected
Info : Listening on port 3333 for gdb connections
```

Figure 5-3. Verifying Installation



## 5.2 Using the IDE

ModusToolbox has launch configurations for each platform. These are the Launch items listed in the Quick Panel. Note that this list will change depending on the application project and the platform settings. Although the SWD probe used in the example is "MiniProg4", the OpenOCD interface script is more generic and supports any hardware with "KitProg3". This is why the OpenOCD launch config names include "KitProg3".

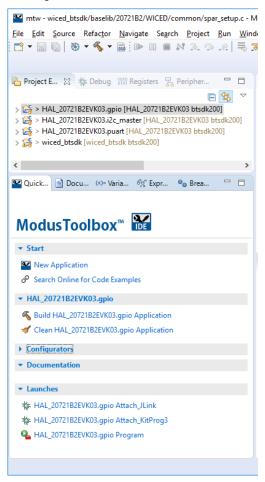


Figure 5-4. Quick Panel

Launch configurations for the eclipse IDE are generated for each new project using the information from makefiles and .xml files located in the <modusToolbox workspace dir>/cproject>/wiced\_btsdk/baselib/<device>.make/scrips/eclipse directory. Launch items are configured by default for both J-Link and OpenOCD launch configurations. If a hardware debugger is attached and a debug-enabled application is running on the board, debugging starts when you click one of the **Debug Attach** launch configs. Once launched, clicking the "suspend" debug control button will halt the program execution at the BUSY\_WAIT\_TILL\_MANUAL\_CONTINUE\_IF\_DEBUG\_ENABLED() loop. This loop can be exited by setting the loop control variable spar\_debug\_continue to non-zero and clicking the debug resume button. At that point, your user application will begin running.



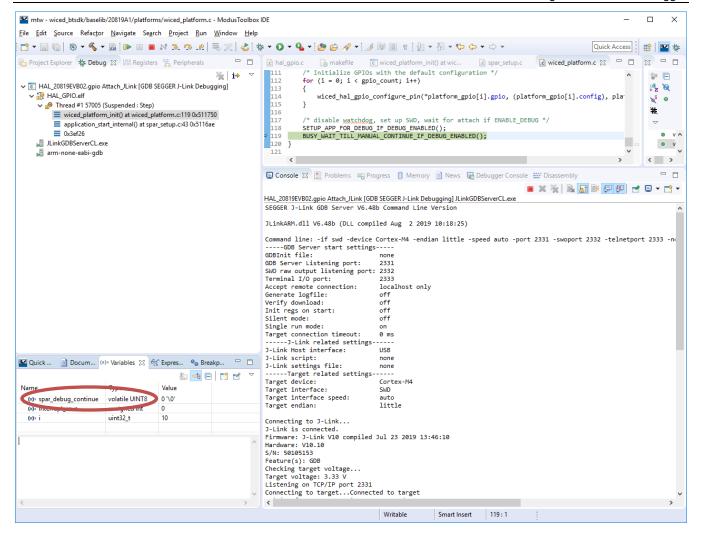


Figure 5-5. Debug View after Pause Using Segger J-Link

An alternative way to access the debug launch configurations is by accessing the menu item **Run > Debug Configurations...**. This method also launches a dialog that can be used to modify or define new debug launch configurations.



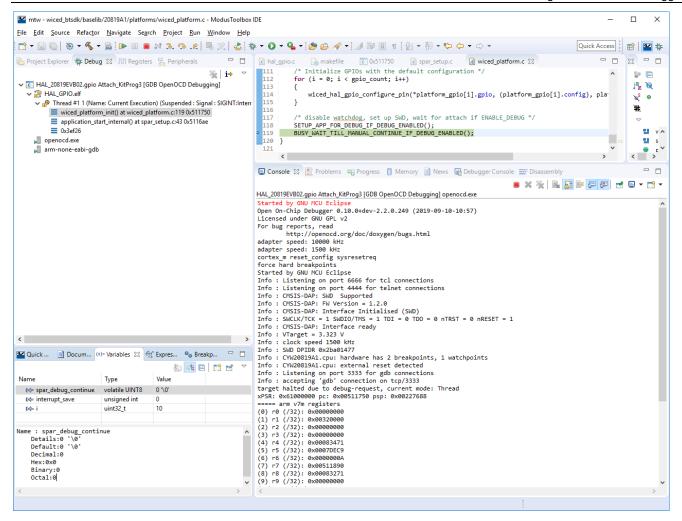


Figure 5-6. Debug View after Pause Using OpenOCD

## 5.3 Hardware Debugging from Command Line

1. The command line interface can also be used to build applications, download them, launch GDB servers, and run GDB with symbols to perform hardware debugging. Some make targets, "make debug", "make qdebug", and "make attach", have been provided to assist with command line hardware debugging. These make targets must be run from the application directory. The following steps assume that a probe has connected the host computer to the kit, the kit and application have been configured for hardware debugging, and the kit has been programmed with the application:Launch the GDB Server from the command line.

To launch the OpenOCD GDB Server from the command line, use "make debug" to include a rebuild if needed or "make qdebug" to launch directly. The makefile recipe will perform the following command line:

```
<ModusToolbox install dir>\tools_2.0\openocd\bin\openocd.exe -s
<workspace>/wiced_btsdk/baselib/<device>/platforms -s <ModusToolbox install
dir>/tools 2.0/openocd/scripts -f CYW<device> openocd.cfg
```

To use the SEGGER GDB Server from the command line, define GDB\_SERVER to be jlink: make debug GDB SERVER=jlink.

In this case the makefile recipe will perform the following command line:

C:\Program Files (x86)\SEGGER\JLink\_V632g\JLinkGDBServerCL.exe" -USB -device Cortex-M4 - endian little -if SWD -speed auto -noir -LocalhostOnly



```
Command Prompt - "C:\Program Files (x86)\SEGGER\JLink_V632g\JLinkGDBServerCL.exe" -USB...
                                                                               X
SEGGER J-Link GDB Server V6.32g Command Line Version
JLinkARM.dll V6.32g (DLL compiled Jun 15 2018 17:26:15)
WARNING: Unknown command line parameter -USB found.
Command line: -USB -device Cortex-M4 -endian little -if SWD -speed auto -noir -Loca
lhostOnly
 ----GDB Server start settings-----
GDBInit file:
                                none
GDB Server Listening port:
                                2331
SWO raw output listening port:
                                2332
Terminal I/O port:
                                2333
Accept remote connection:
                                localhost only
Generate logfile:
                                off
Verify download:
                                off
Init regs on start:
                                off
Silent mode:
                                off
Single run mode:
                                off
Target connection timeout:
                                0 ms
 -----J-Link related settings-
J-Link Host interface:
                                USB
J-Link script:
                                none
J-Link settings file:
                                none
 -----Target related settings-----
Target device:
                                Cortex-M4
Target interface:
                                SWD
Target interface speed:
                                auto
Target endian:
                                little
Connecting to J-Link...
J-Link is connected.
Firmware: J-Link V10 compiled Sep 4 2018 11:24:21
Hardware: V10.10
S/N: 50105153
Feature(s): GDB
Checking target voltage...
Target voltage: 3.35 V
Listening on TCP/IP port 2331
Connecting to target...Connected to target
Waiting for GDB connection...
```

2. Run the GNU GDB command-line application in a separate console. You can perform this from the application directory using "make attach". The recipe for this makefile target will launch gdb using a command line like: <ModusToolbox install>/tools\_2.0/ gcc-7.2.1-1.0/bin/arm-none-eabi-gdb.exe.

GNU GDB is an interactive command-line application.

(The following steps are demonstrated in the figure below)

- 3. Connect GDB with the proper GDB server port with the command target remote localhost:<port>.
  - Replace <port> with 3333 when using OpenOCD defaults, or 2331 for J-Link.
- 4. Load the symbol file for the application with symbol-file <application \*.elf>. Use monitor halt to halt the embedded application and 1 (as in list) to list the source code at that location.
- 5. To break out of the BUSY\_WAIT\_TILL\_MANUAL\_CONTINUE\_IF\_DEBUG\_ENABLED() loop, set the variable spar debug continue to non-zero with set var spar debug continue=1.



```
Command Prompt - tools\qcc-7.2.1-1.0\bin\arm-none-eabi-qdb.exe
 GNU gdb (GNU Tools for Arm Embedded Processors 7-2018-q2-update) 8.0.50.20171128-git
Copyright (C) 2017 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <a href="http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html">http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html</a>
This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.

There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law. Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.

This GDB was configured as "--host=i686-w64-mingw32 --target=arm-none-eabi".

Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/">http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/</a>.

Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<a href="http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/">http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/</a>.

For help, type "help".

Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word".
(gdb) target remote localhost:2331
Remote debugging using localhost:2331
warning: No executable has been specified and target does not support
determining executable automatically. Try using the "file" command.
0x00215b6c in ?? ()
(gdb) symbol-file ../mtw/BLEHelloSensor_mainapp/Debug/BLEHelloSensor_mainapp.elf
 Reading symbols from ../mtw/BLEHelloSensor_mainapp/Debug/BLEHelloSensor_mainapp.elf...done.
(gdb) monitor halt
(gdb) set var spar_debug_continue=1
(gdb) s
123
(gdb) l
118
119
                         /* disable watchdog, set up SWD, wait for attach if ENABLE_JTAG */
SETUP_APP_FOR_DEBUG_IF_DEBUG_ENABLED();
BUSY_WAIT_TILL_MANUAL_CONTINUE_IF_DEBUG_ENABLED();
120
121
122
123
 (gdb) _
```



# 6 Troubleshooting

Here are some issues faced during hardware debugging sessions:

- When using breakpoints or stepping in XIP (execute in place) code, typical for the CYW20819A1, use hardware breakpoints. The code resides in flash memory and cannot be directly overwritten with soft breakpoints. Be aware of the limited number of hardware breakpoints and watchpoints supported by the devices.
- Immediately after Attach is launched, the debugger may stop at a location that does not show source code and instead has a message like "Break at address "0x5121d0" with no debug information available, or outside of program code". In this case, use the Resume button (or select Run > Resume), and then halt the execution with the Suspend button (or select Run > Suspend). Source code including the line with the BUSY\_WAIT\_TILL\_MANUAL\_CONTINUE\_IF\_DEBUG\_ENABLED() macro should then be displayed.
- When single-stepping through sources, progress is stopped, and a message is displayed like "Break at address "0x7ecba" with no debug information available, or outside of program code". This is typical when stepping into a library or ROM code where no debug symbols are available. The way out is to select the function further up the call stack and work with a subsequent breakpoint at that source code level.
- If the GDB server fails to launch, look for and close any other instances of the GDB client application that may have been left running (arm-none-eabi-gdb.exe).
- Remember to "make clean" before rebuilding sources after making any edits to the makefile.



# **Document History**

Document Title: Hardware Debugging for CYW207xx and CYW208xx

Document Number: 002-20504

Revision	ECN	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	5861331	08/23/2017	Initial release
*A	6373682	11/02/2018	Updated for ModusToolbox
*B	6486075	02/15/2019	Updated title Changed ENABLE_JTAG setting to ENABLE_DEBUG Added references to Linux and Mac Added description for CYW208xx Added troubleshooting section
*C	6554890	04/23/2019	Removed Associated Part Family
*D	6592701	06/11/2019	Updates throughout the document
*E	6674063	09/26/2019	Updated for ModusToolbox 2.0 and MiniProg4.
*F	6700905	10/15/2019	Added troubleshooting note.
*G	6735026	11/20/2019	Added additional description for command line debugging and a troubleshooting note.



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