

# OSLO : IMKL

## Thematic Workshop 1

Welcome!

Thursday 25 May 2023  
Microsoft Teams

**We start at 13:35**

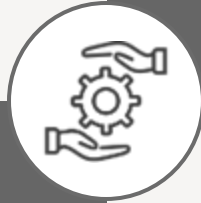


# Practical arrangements

Sound of audience is  
**muted** by default



Use the **hand** icon if you want to say something. Collaboration is greatly appreciated!



Questions, comments and suggestions can be shared via the chat function. Interaction is encouraged!



**Yes/no questions** can be answered with:

Agree = +1  
Dissagree = - 1  
Indifferent = 0

# Recording?



# Today's Goal

**Presentation of the modified model, explained component by component. A comparison with the old model is also made in each case.**



**Summary of the business  
workgroup**



**Presentation and  
discussion about the  
improved model**



**Capturing input through  
interactive exercise**

# Agenda

13u35 - 13u45	Welcome and agenda
13u45 - 13u50	Cause and Context
13u50 - 14u00	Summary of previous workgroup
14u00 - 14u10	UML
14u20 - 14u35	Our method
14u35 - 14u50	Pause
14u50 - 16u00	Improved model with comparison
16u00 - 16u15	Q&A and next steps

# Who is who?



[MURAL-LINK](#)

# Cause and Context

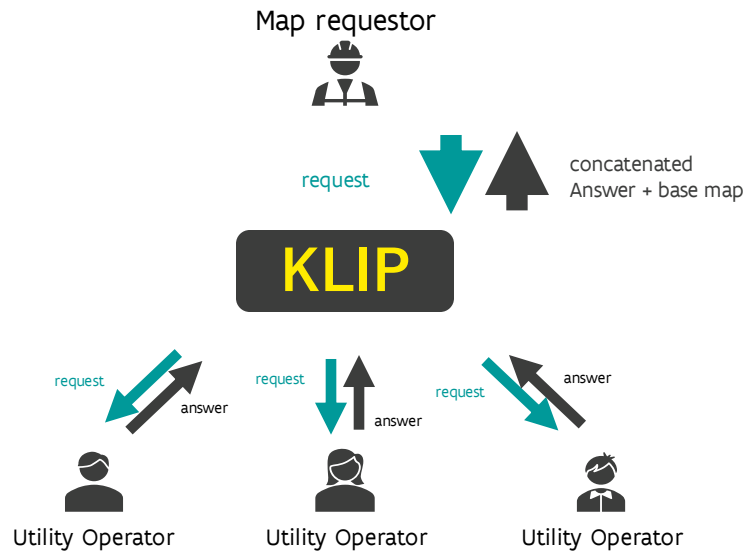


**Vlaanderen**  
verbeelding werkt

CONTEXT KLIP

# KLIP Digitaal

2016 - today





# Use cases IMKL

- **Limit excavation damage** by exchanging data about underground cables and pipes
- Deliver piping data in a standardized form to be able to **display** this **info on 1 map**
- Collect piping data in a standardized form to process these data in **preliminary studies**
- Better **policy preparation** en better support to prevent issues with underground cables and pipes by improving **coordination between policy/big projects and pipe infrastructure**.

# IMKL Model



IMKL

Depth

Protected Area

Extra topography

Extra map

Annotation

Connection

Extra information



Electricit  
y

Telecom

Thermal

Oil, Gas,  
Chemical

Water

Sewer

Cross  
theme

Activity  
Complex



INSPIR



Utility Services

Generic Network Model

Activity Complex

# IMKL-update: why?

- Current version (IMKL 2.3) in production since 24/08/2017
- Since 2017
  - Not yet implemented breaking changes in INSPIRE Data Specifications for Utility Services
  - Flemish Government commits to Open Standards for Linking Organisations (OSLO)
  - A.o. for infrastructure (for example the OTL specifications of the Agency Roads and Traffic)
  - OGC-standard in development: "Model for Underground Data Definition and Integration (MUDDI)"
- New use cases detected
  - Policy preparation
  - Large infrastructure projects
- The current data model
  - Only XY-coordinates allowed (2D)
  - Only Lambert1972-coordinate system allowed
  - Mix of Dutch and English terminology
  - Maybe too complex

# IMKL-update

2023

- Analysis datamodel



30/09/23



Working together with OSLO-team  
(Digitaal Vlaanderen)

2024

Implementation new  
validationrules



30/06/24

Renewed IMKL becomes a  
Flemish OSLO-data standard

# Open Standards for Linking Organisations (OSLO)



Vlaanderen  
verbeelding werkt

A group of business professionals in a meeting room are gathered around a wooden table, holding large, colorful interlocking puzzle pieces. The pieces are yellow, red, green, and blue, and they fit together to form a larger shape. The scene is dimly lit, with the focus on the puzzle pieces and the hands of the participants.

# INTEROPERABILITY

=

The ability of different autonomous organisations or systems to communicate and collaborate with each other



# Bottom-up



Semantic  
Standard

Feedback sessions

Existing standards

Use Cases

data.vlaanderen.be

<https://data.vlaanderen.be/ns/persoon>

International  
Standards



e.g. INSPIRE

EU ISA CORE  
Vocabularies

OSLO  
Extension

CORE  
Vocabularies

OSLO  
Extension

CORE  
Vocabularies

OSLO  
Extension

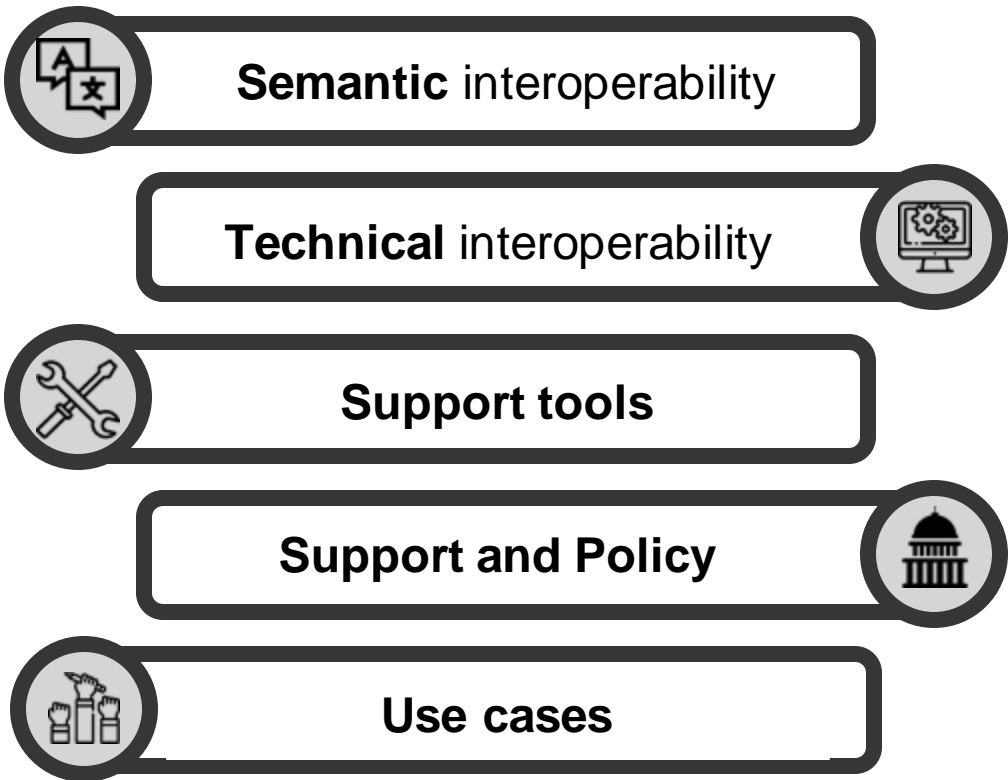
OSLO  
Extension

OSLO  
Extension

EU - ISA  
Federal Government  
Regional Government  
Local Government  
Industry  
Academia



# OSLO



# Process and methodology

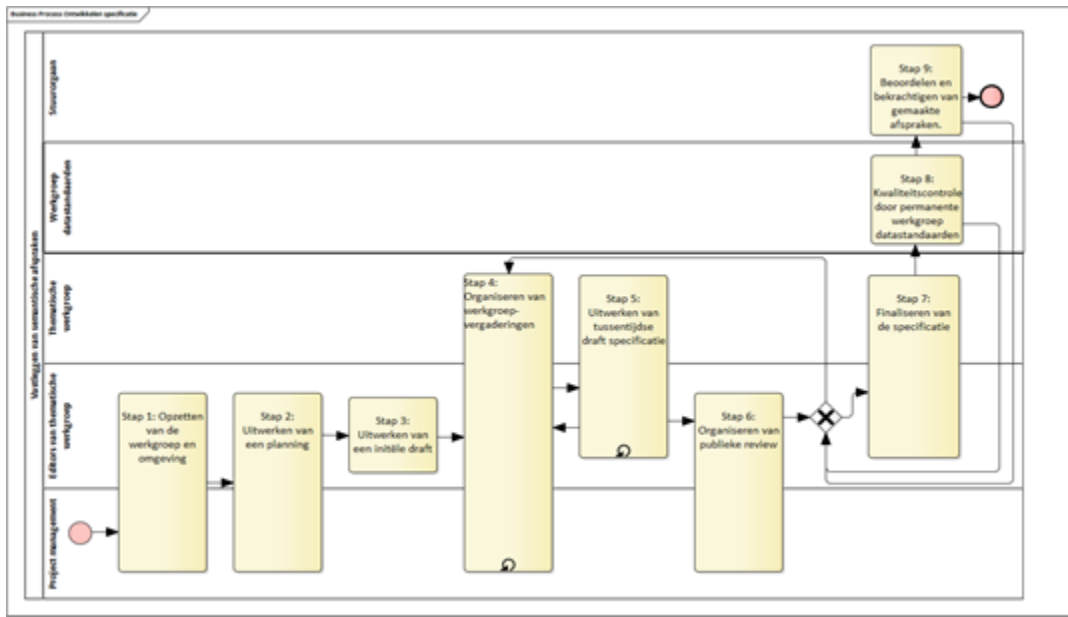
Scalable process for joining, developing, changing and phasing out data standards. [Discover the document with Process and Methods here.](#)



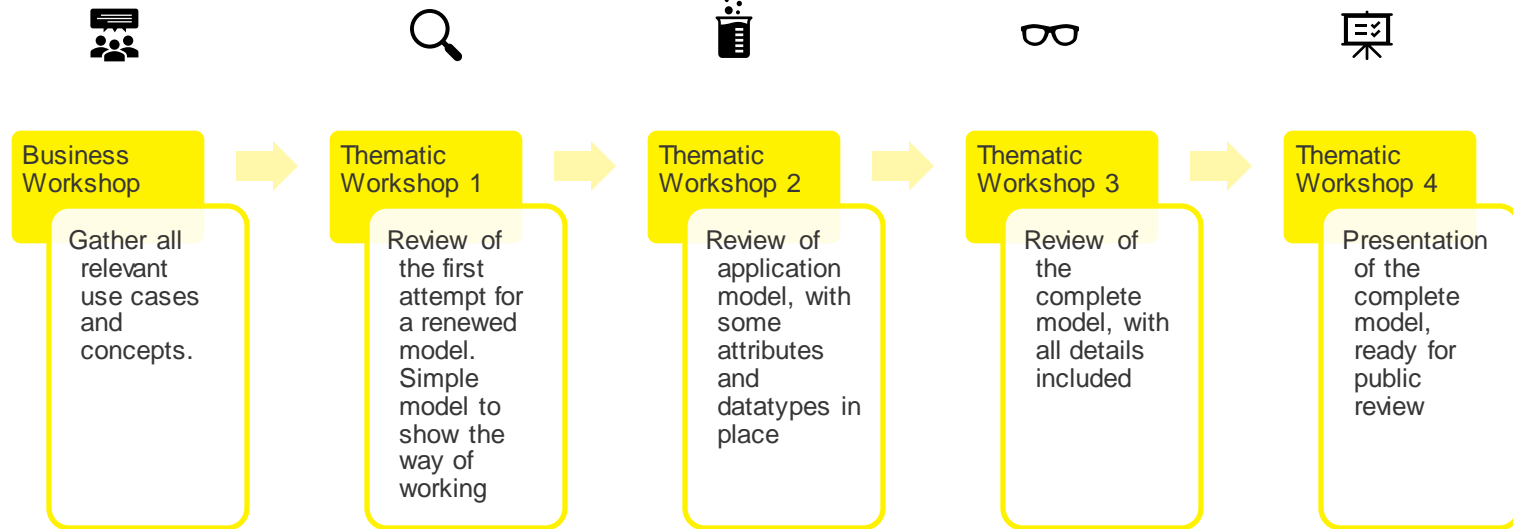
# Context of the workshops

Workshops should be put into the context of a broader process

- Goal: Consensus around the data standard by several stakeholders
- Process and methodology for developing a data standard
- Obtaining content-related data



# Iteration of workshops



# OSLO STANDAARDENREGISTER

Dit standaardenregister geeft een overzicht van alle lopende en afgewerkte trajecten die deel uitmaken van het initiatief Open Standaarden voor Linkende Organisaties (OSLO) van de Vlaamse overheid.

131

Erkende  
standaarden

33

Kandidaat  
standaarden

26

Standaarden in  
ontwikkeling

472

mensen hielpen  
mee

210

organisaties waren  
vertegenwoordigd

# **Business workgroup: Summary**



**Vlaanderen**  
verbeelding werkt

# What did we do in the previous workgroup?



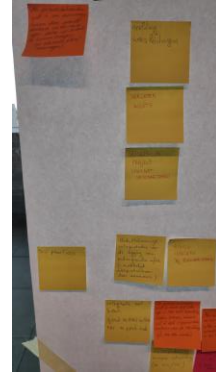
## OSLO introduction

- Semantic interoperability
- Technical interoperability
- Exchange of data
- Reuse of data



## Brainstorm exercise

- What are the different use cases?
- What data concepts can we capture from these use cases?
- What existing standards or information models already exist that we can build on?



# Scope of the project

Develop a semantic framework for IMKL mapping and data sharing

*Develop a sustainable **application profile** and **vocabulary** for IMKL.*

We follow the OSLO Methodology, which means:



We start from use cases



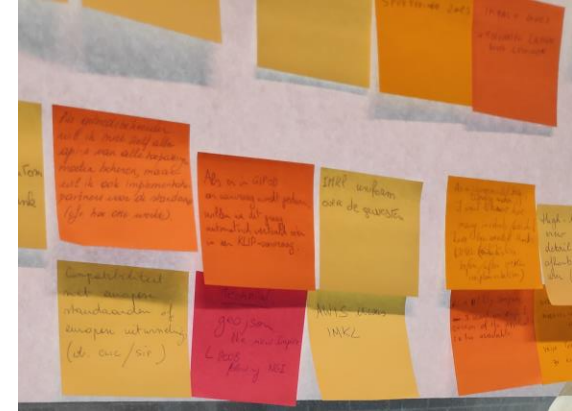
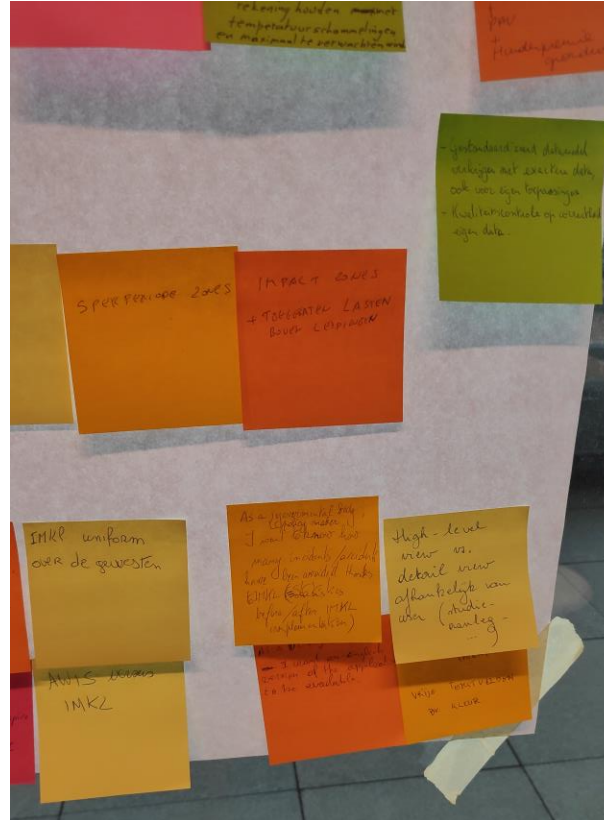
We define cases ourselves where necessary



We align as much as possible with existing standards



# Use cases business workgroup



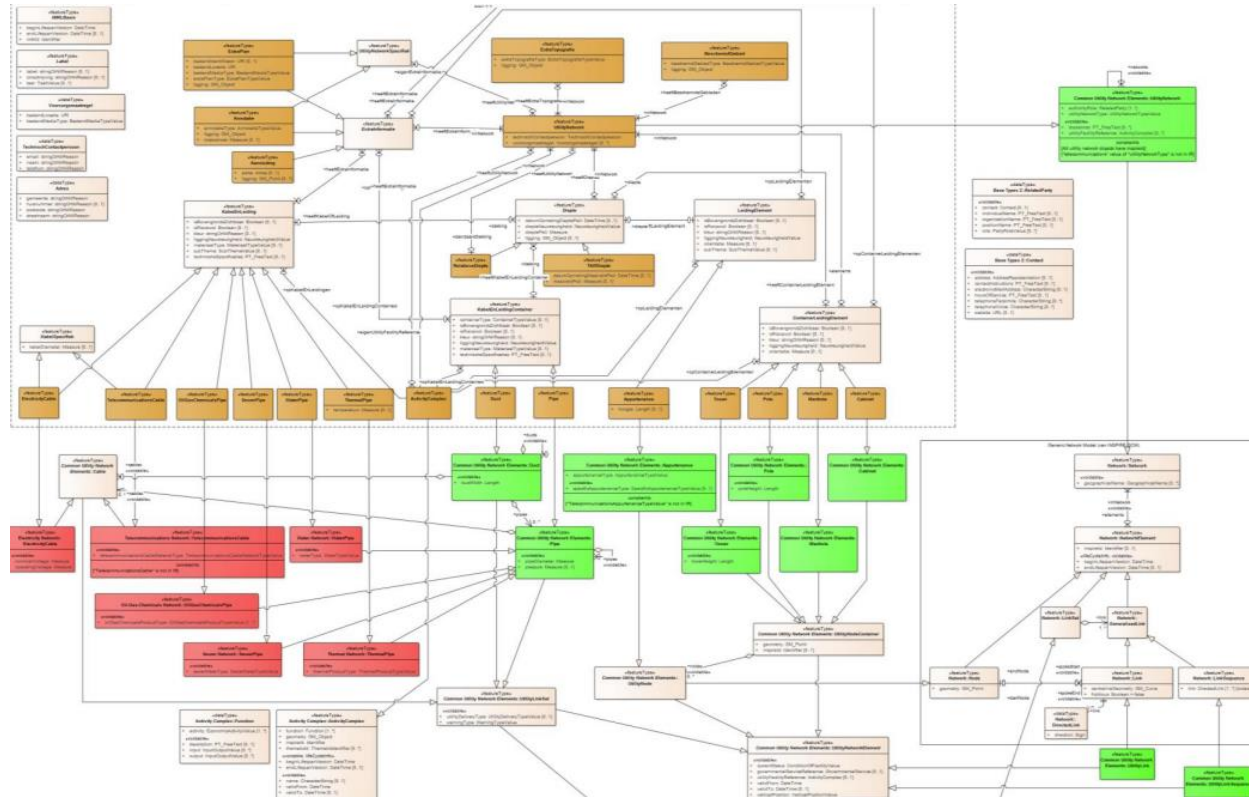
# Data concepts



# Use cases summarised

1	Include Z-coordinates
2	The current KLIP/IMKL model does not take into account different levels such as for bridges and tunnels
3	As a building company, I want to decrease the number of extra documents with disclaimers from different util companies in order to get better and easier the necessary information
4	If I have 3D data I prefer to also introduce this in the IMKL model
5	I want to see all steered drillings at a glance on the map

## Existing standards: IMKL 2.3



# **UML**

## **Unified Modeling Language**



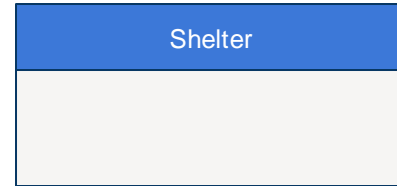
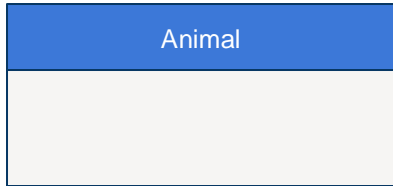
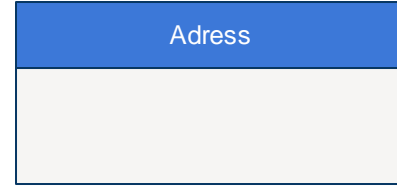
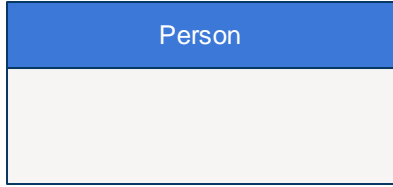
**Vlaanderen**  
verbeelding werkt

# Basic UML concepts

Use Case: : Adoption of an animal from the shelter by a person.

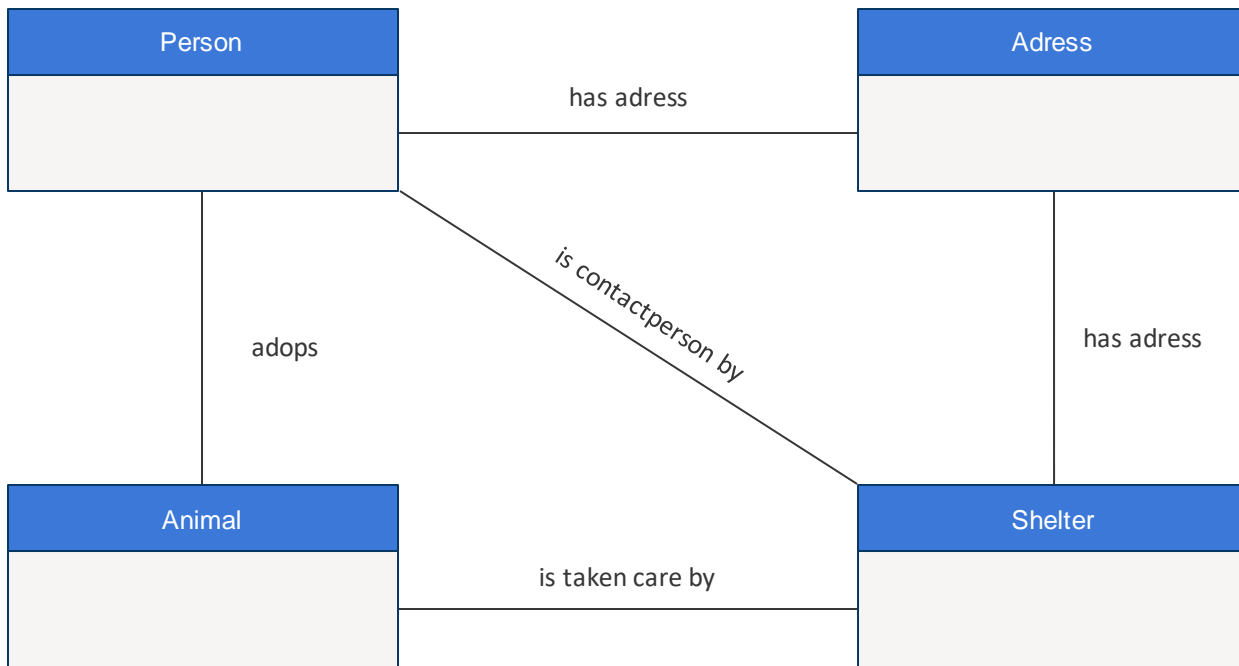
- Concepts
- Relations
  - Association
  - Generalisation
  - Aggregation
- Cardinality
- Attributes

# Concepts of Classes



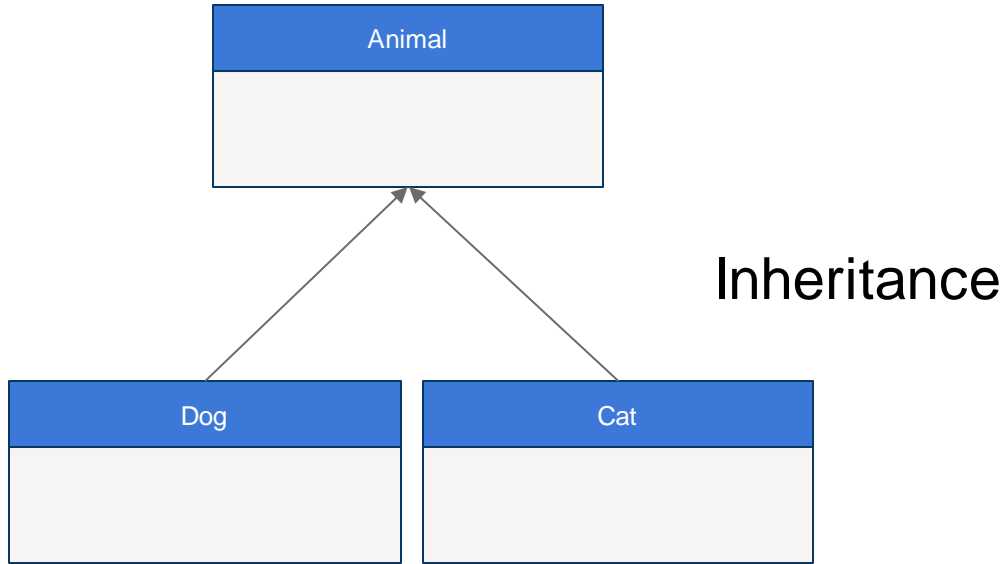
# Association

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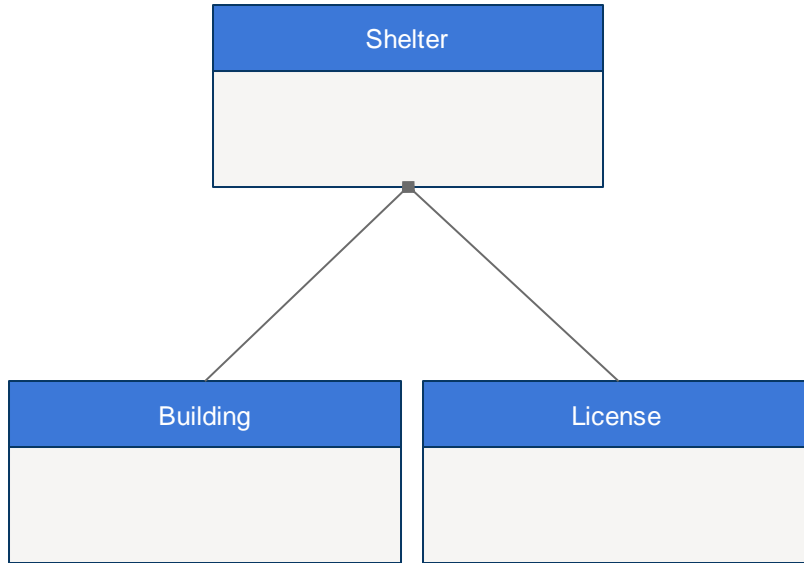


# Generalisation

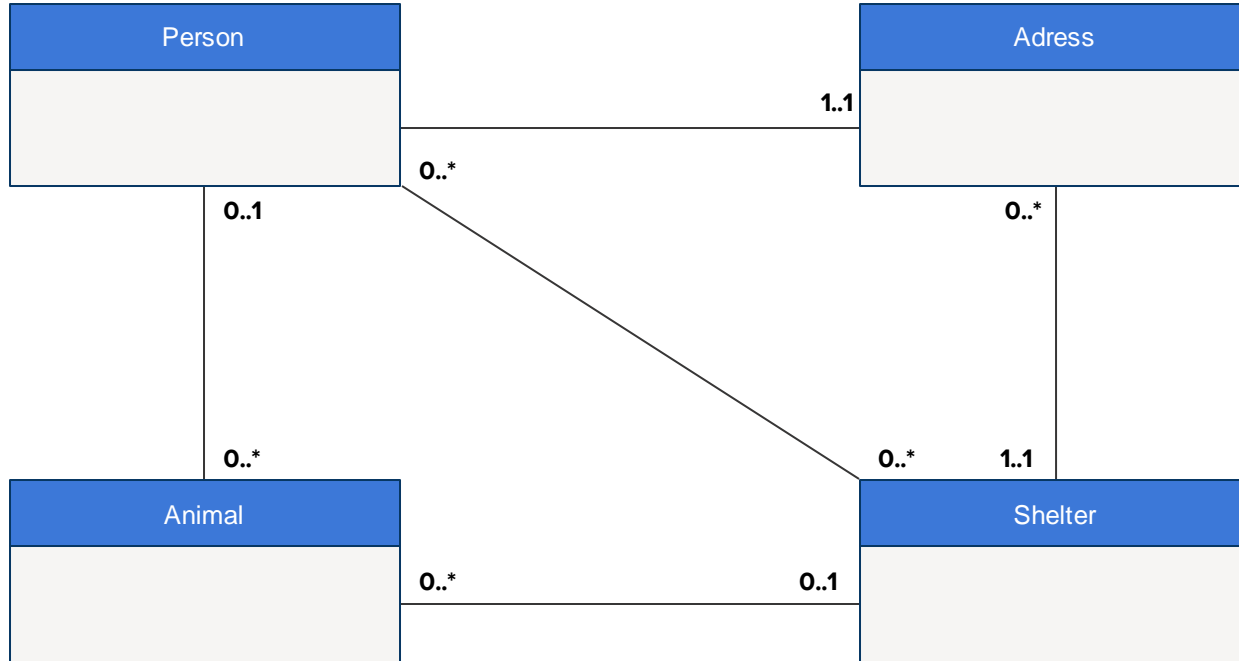


# Aggregation

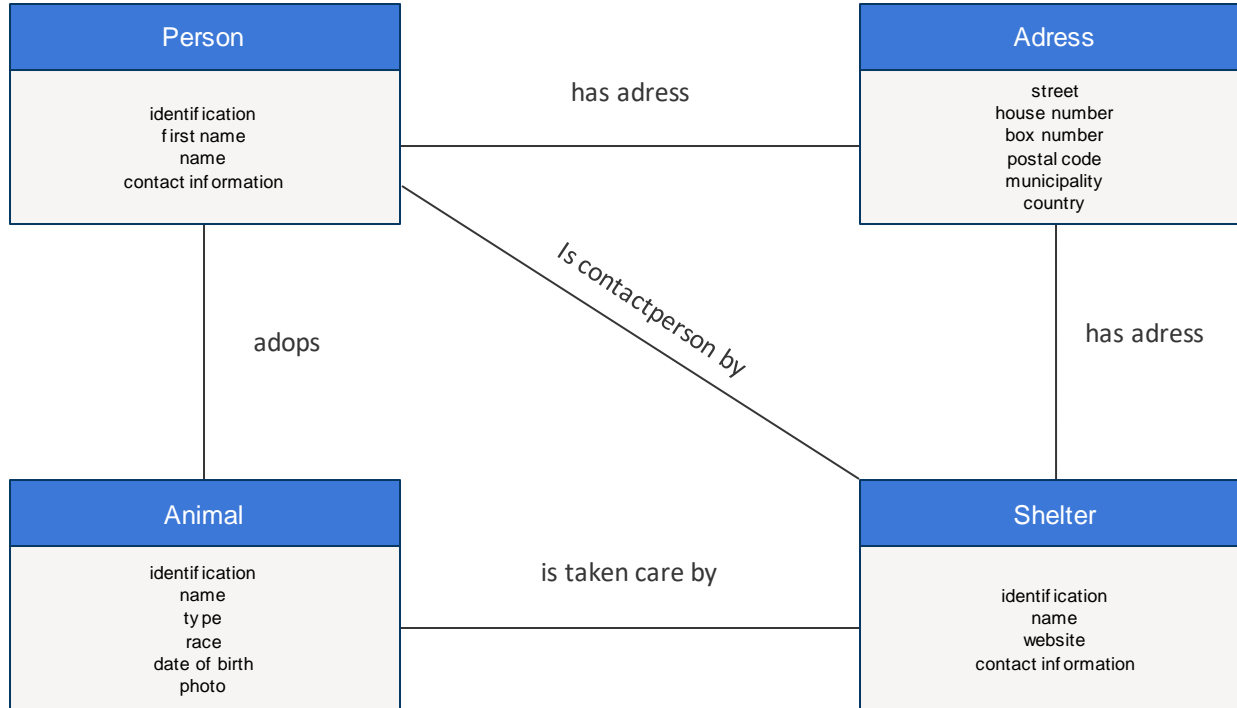
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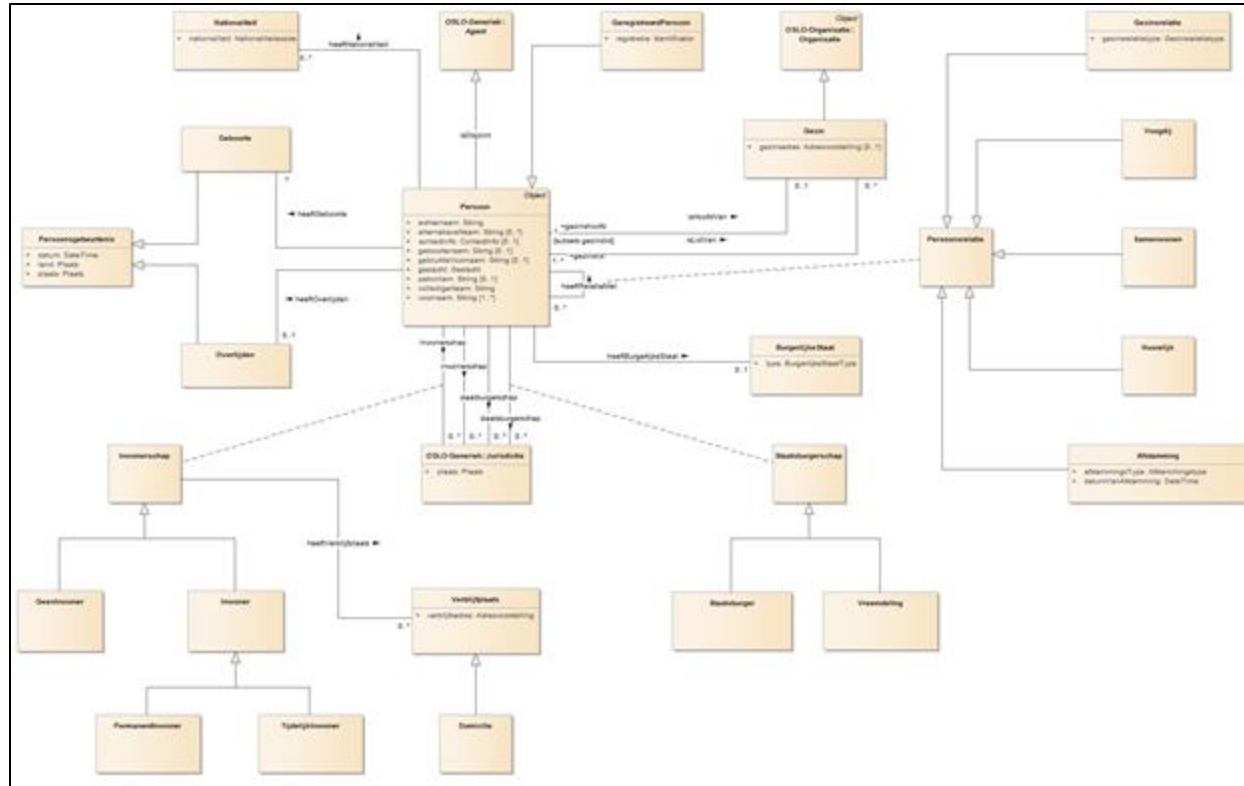
# Multiplicity



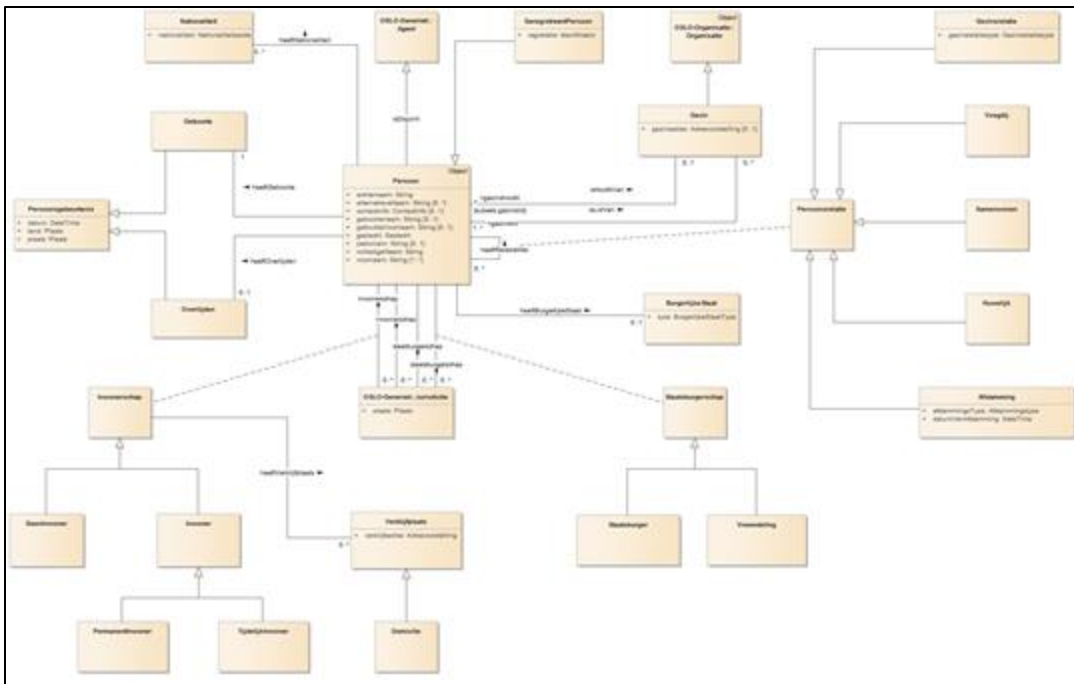
# Attributes



## Example: OSLO Persons



# UML & HTML



**Persoon**

### Beschrijving

Natuurlijk persoon.

### Gebruik

In de rechtspraak betreft het een persoon (in de wettelijke betekenis, t.z. met eigen rechtspersoonlijkheid) van de menselijke soort, t.z. een fysiek persoon. Tegenhanger is de rechtspersoon, een juridische constructie die een private of publieke organisatie dezelfde rechtspersoonlijkheid geeft als een natuurlijk persoon (kan bv. ook schulden hebben, contracten afdrukken, aangeklaagd worden etc.).

### Eigenschaften

Voor deze entiteit zijn de volgende eigenschappen gedefinieerd: achternaam, alternatieve naam, contactinfo, geboortenaam, gebruikte voornaam, geslacht, heeft burgerlijke staat, heeft geboorte, heeft inwonerschap, heeft nationaliteit, heeft overlijden, heeft staatsburgerschap, heeftPersoonrelatie. Inwonerschap is hoofd van 1 tot van 1, patrooniem, staatsburgerschap, volledige naam, voornaam.

Eigenschap	Verwacht Type	Kardinaliteit	Beschrijving	Gebruik	CodeType
<a href="#">achternaam</a>	<a href="#">String</a>	1	Gedeelte van de volledige naam vd persoon ontvangen van de vorige generatie.	Ook wel familienaam genoemd omdat de achternaam een familiale verwantschap aanduidt.	
<a href="#">alternatieve naam</a>	<a href="#">String</a>	0..*	Alternatief voor de volledige naam vd persoon.	Bv pseudoniem, titel etc.	
<a href="#">contactinfo</a>	<a href="#">ContactInfo</a>	0..1	Informatie zoals email, telefoon die toelaat de Persoon te contacteren.		
<a href="#">echternaam</a>	<a href="#">String</a>	0..1	Volledige naam vd persoon bij geboorte.	De namen van een persoon kunnen id tijd wijzigen, bv kan de achternaam wijzigen door huwelijk. De oorspronkelijke naam wordt echter dikwijls ook nog gebruikt.	

# Our approach



Vlaanderen  
verbeelding werkt

# Our approach



We start from use cases



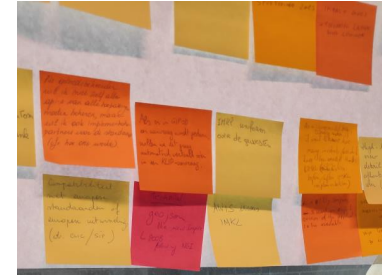
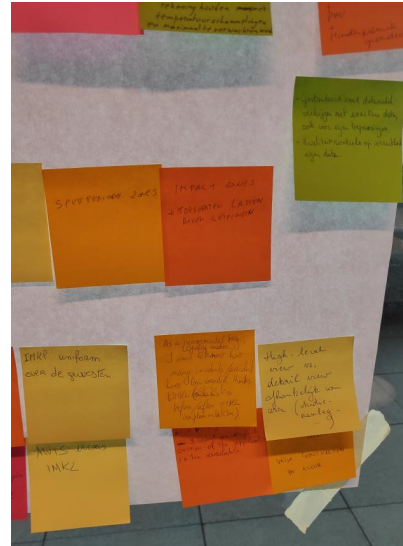
We define cases ourselves where necessary



We align as much as possible with existing standards



# Starting from use cases



- Breakdown of use cases/concepts into different categories

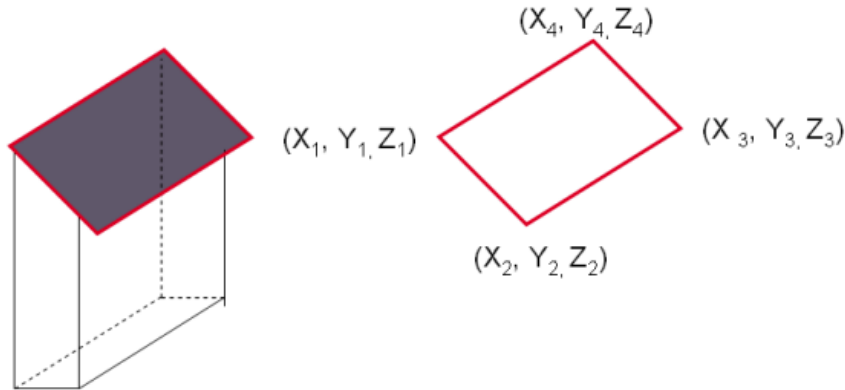
# Starting from use cases

- Breakdown of use *cases/concepts* into different categories

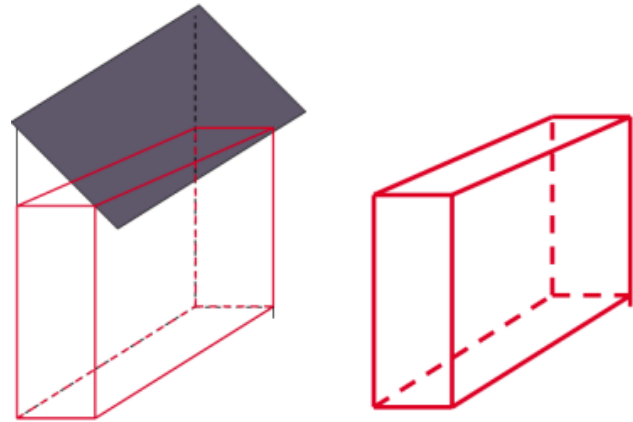
In Scope	Out Scope	Feature/implementation
Cables & Pipes	CAD implementation	Colour codes
Infrastructural elements		Feedback
Z-coordinates		
Overhead pipes		
Steered drilling		
Restricted Zones		

# Z-Coordinates: 2.5D vs 3D

- Geometry of features is represented in a three-dimensional space with the constraint that, for each  $(X,Y)$  position, there is only one  $Z$ .



- Geometry of 2D data is given using  $(X,Y,Z)$  coordinates without any constraints.



**Break**



# The new model



Vlaanderen  
verbeelding werkt

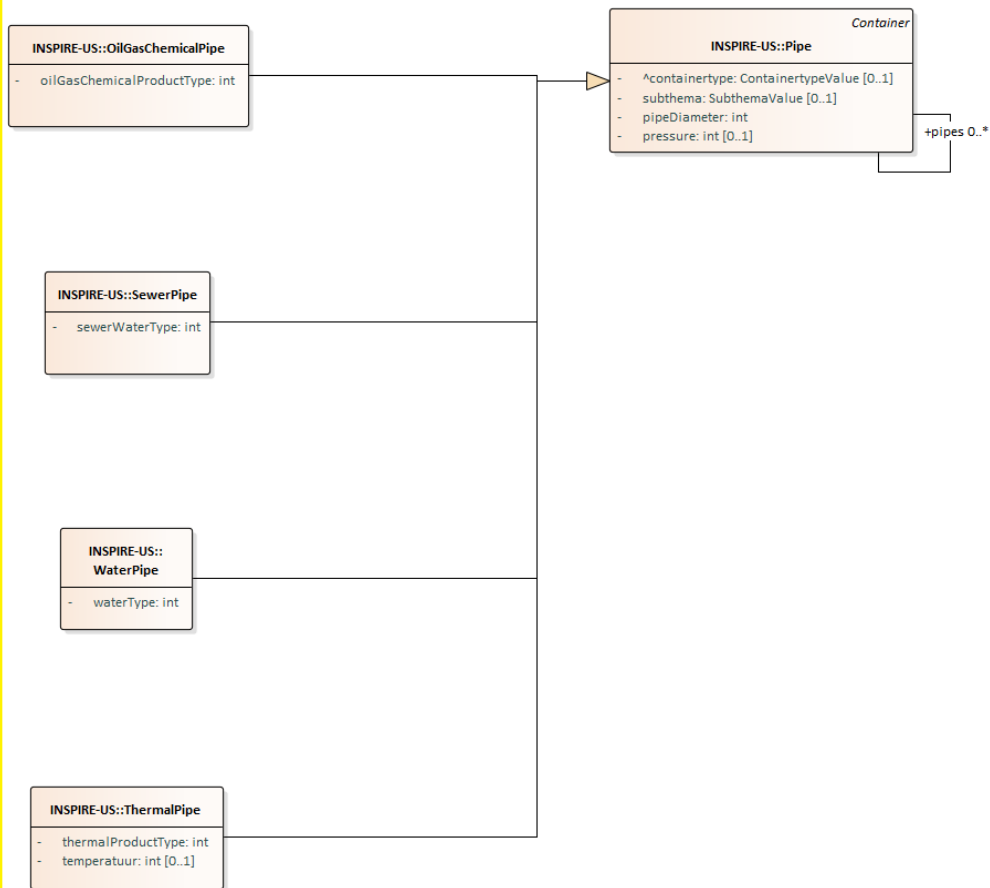
# Goal

Building a **new model**, while keeping existing models and European obligations in mind.

# Transition

1. Elimination of self-specialisations
2. Elimination of meaningless abstracts
3. Too-specific attributes are generalised
4. Inheritance of Generic Network Model is now explicit
5. Reference to OSLO data quality & addition of meaningful data types

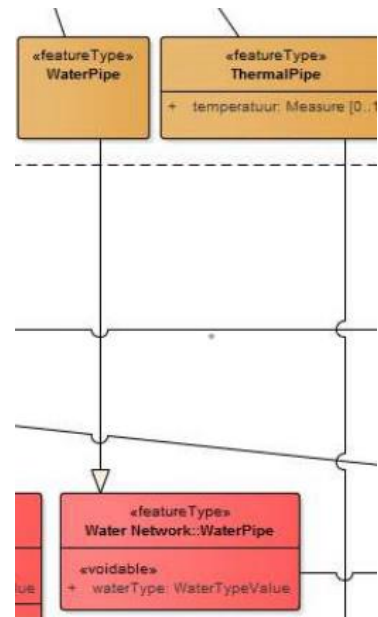
# Self-specialisations eliminated



## What has changed in the process?

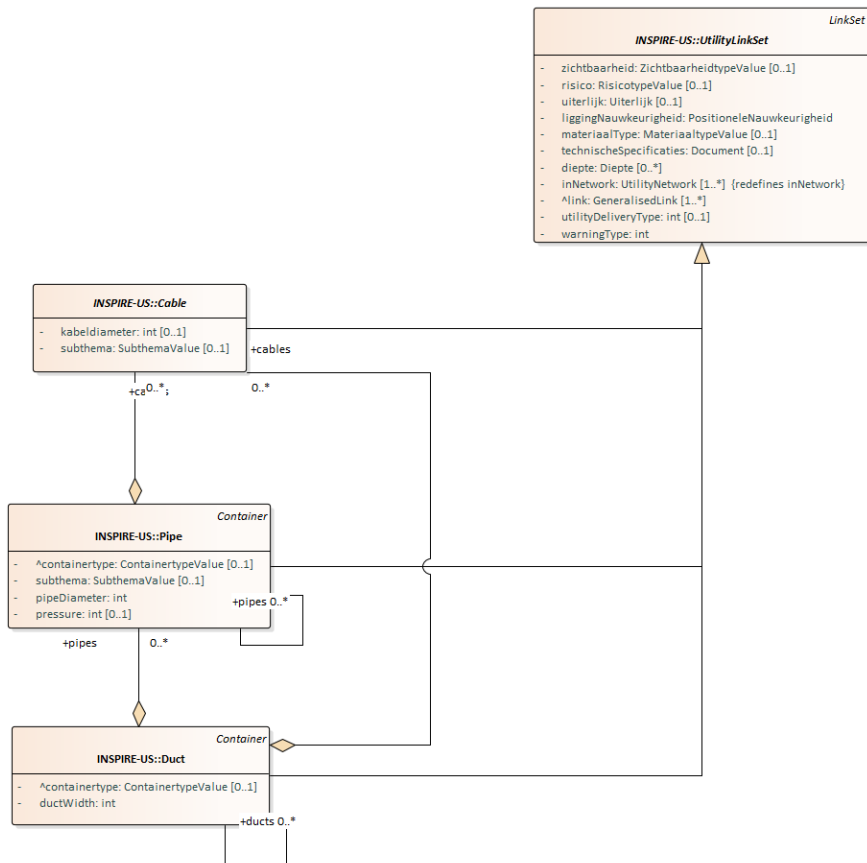
Specialisation from ex. Waterpijp to Waterpijp is not necessary. The OSLO-Toolchain would generate two different uri's for what is basically the same thing. With the new model, it is perfectly permissible to extend existing classes (e.g. US::Thermalpipe) with their own attributes (e.g. US::ThermalPipe.temperature).

## How was it previously modelled?





# Meaningless abstracts eliminated

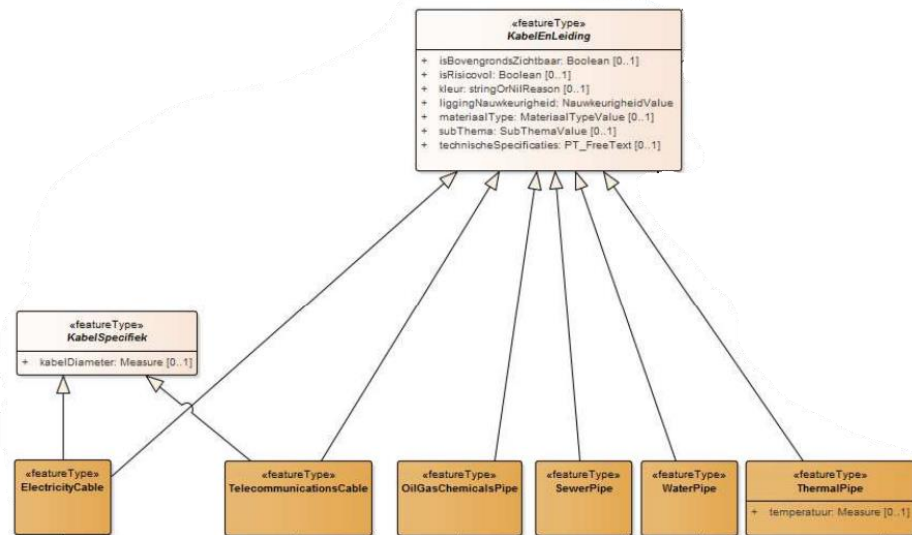


What has changed in the process?

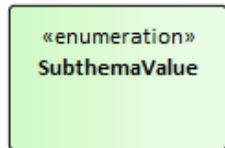
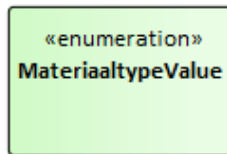
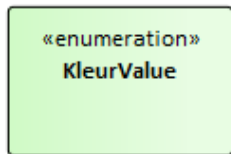
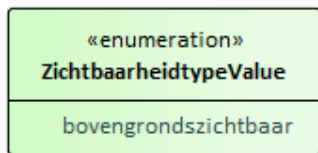
For example, KabelEnLeiding or Kabelspecifiek. It is better to push the common attributes to Inspire US:UtilityLinkset.

And for the distinction between KabelEnLeiding and KabelEnLeidingContainer a class Container of which Duct and pipe inherit.

**How was it previously modelled?**



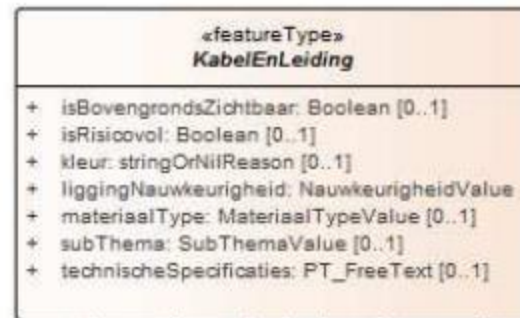
# Too-specific attributes generalised



What has changed in the process?

For example, visibility with code list zichtbaarHeidTypeValue instead of isBovenGrondsZichtbaar. There might be different types of visibility in the future, after all. It is the same for something like isRisicovol, kleur...

How was it previously modelled?



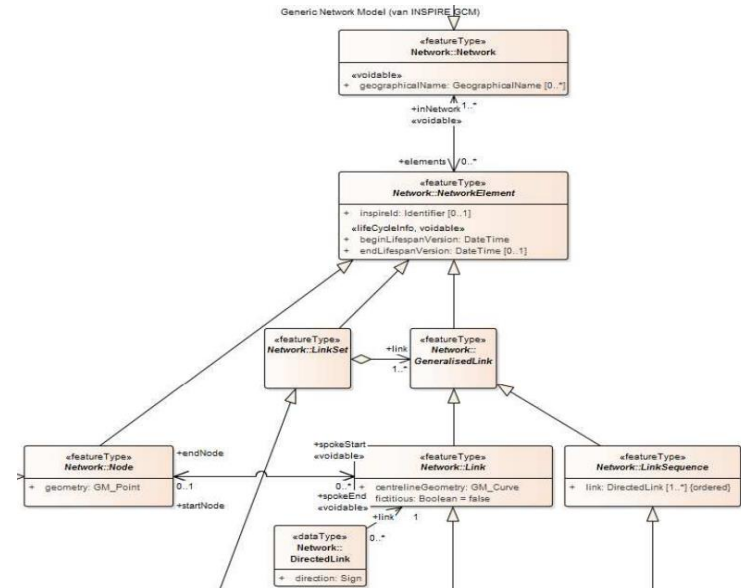
# Inheritance of GNM is now explicit

What has changed in the process?

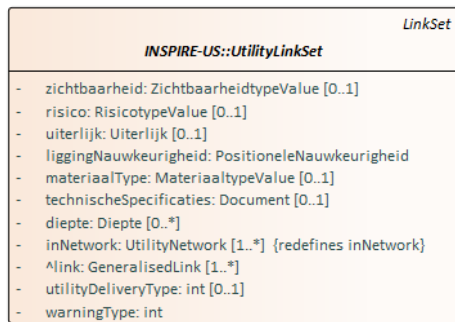
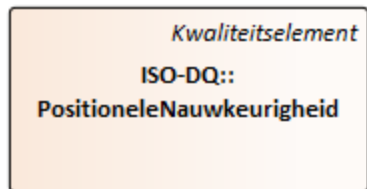
The inherited attributes are identified by the ^ sign and will retain their original uri in the spec. But in the new model, they are more visible where they are needed.

How was it previously modelled?

<i>INSPIRE-US::UtilityLinkSet</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- zichtbaarheid: ZichtbaarheidtypeValue [0..1]</li><li>- risico: RisicotypeValue [0..1]</li><li>- uiterlijk: Uiterlijk [0..1]</li><li>- liggingNauwkeurigheid: PositioneleNauwkeurigheid</li><li>- materiaalType: MateriaaltypeValue [0..1]</li><li>- technischeSpecificaties: Document [0..1]</li><li>- diepte: Diepte [0..*]</li><li>- inNetwork: UtilityNetwork [1..*] {redefines inNetwork}</li><li>- ^link: GeneralisedLink [1..*]</li><li>- utilityDeliveryType: int [0..1]</li><li>- warningType: int</li></ul>



# Reference to OSLO data quality & Meaningful data types

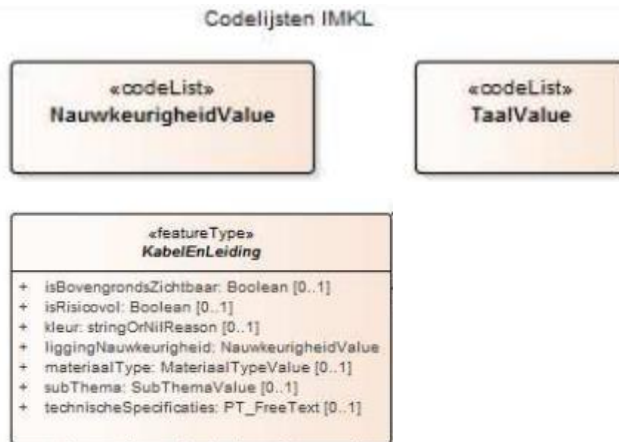


## What has changed in the process?

1) Instead of using a code list with fixed values for positioneleNauwkeurigheid, we better use PositioneleNauwkeurigheid (actually ISO:DQ\_PositionalAccuracy) where there is the possibility to give a value and unit (e.g. 60 cm) instead of hard-coding it.

2) E.g. Document for technical specs instead of free text.

## How was it previously modelled?



# New model



[MURAL-LINK](#)

# Q&A en Next Steps



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# Next steps



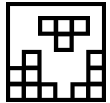
Processing all inputs from this thematic workgroup.



Send around a report of this working group. Feedback is certainly welcome.



Capturing feedback via GitHub.



Publishing first version of a semantic model on GitHub. Feedback is certainly welcome here too.

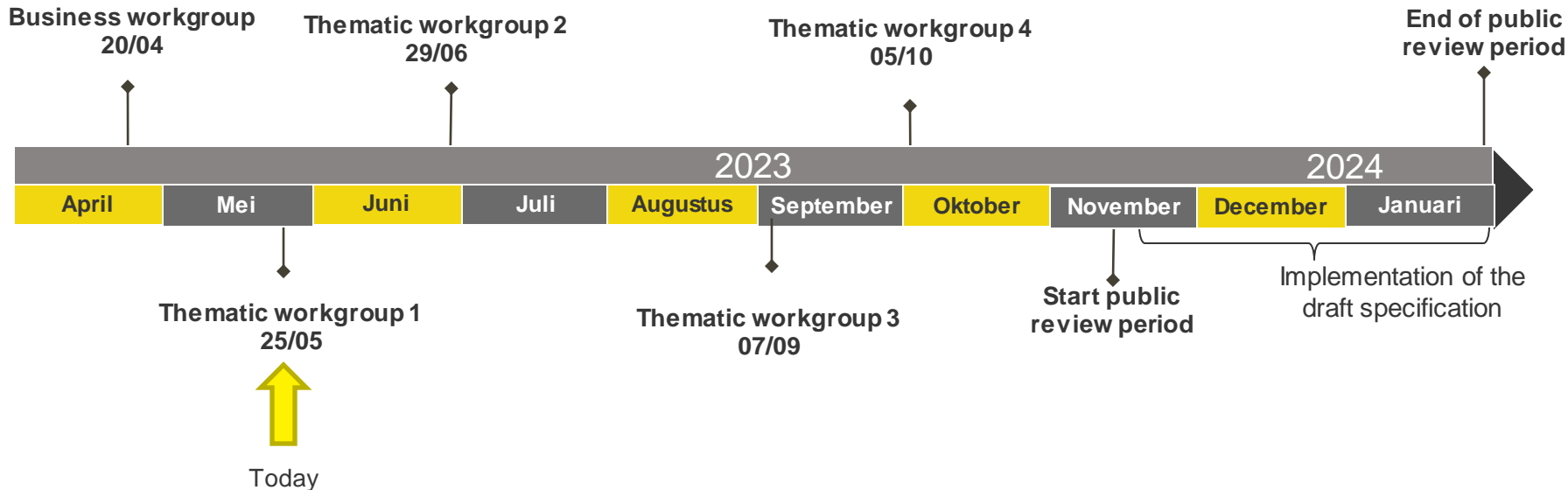


Fully develop the UML model

# OSLO timeline

Thematic workgroup 2 on **Thursday 29th of June: 13u30 - 16u30**

Register via the following link: [2nd thematic workgroup](#)





# Feedback & Cooperation OSLO



Feedback can be given by e-mail to the following people:

- [digitaal.vlaanderen@vlaanderen.be](mailto:digitaal.vlaanderen@vlaanderen.be)
- [pieter.desmijter@vlaanderen.be](mailto:pieter.desmijter@vlaanderen.be)
- [jef.liekens@vlaanderen.be](mailto:jef.liekens@vlaanderen.be)
- [laurens.vercauteren@vlaanderen.be](mailto:laurens.vercauteren@vlaanderen.be)



Feedback/input can be given via GitHub:

<https://github.com/Informatievlaanderen/OSLOthema-imkl>

Through the creation of **issues**

**Why do we...?**

**Shouldn't we add ...?**

**Can't we ...?**



**What is ...?**

# Thank you for your effort!



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