



Open in app

Get started



Published in Towards Data Science · Follow



Ravi Ranjan · Follow

Oct 4, 2016 · 4 min read



How to use Facebook Graph API and extract data using Python!

Hi all,

This is my second story on Medium.com. I have moved on from struggling to code to being a bit comfortable since the [first story](#). I wrote a Python code to extract publicly available data on Facebook. Let's dive into it.

Getting the Access Token:

To be able to extract data from Facebook using a python code you need to register as a developer on Facebook and then have an access token. Here are the steps for it.

1. Go to link developers.facebook.com, create an account there.
2. Go to link developers.facebook.com/tools/explorer.
3. Go to "My apps" drop down in the top right corner and select "add a new app". Choose a display name and a category and then "Create App ID".
4. Again get back to the same link developers.facebook.com/tools/explorer. You will see "Graph API Explorer" below "My Apps" in the top right corner. From "Graph API Explorer" drop down, select your app.
5. Then, select "Get Token". From this drop down, select "Get User Access Token". Select permissions from the menu that appears and then select "Get Access Token."





Open in app

Get started

Python Code to Access Facebook Public Data:

Go to link <https://developers.facebook.com/docs/graph-api> if want to collect data on anything that is available publicly. See <https://developers.facebook.com/docs/graph-api/reference/v2.7/>. From this documentation, choose any field you want from which you want to extract data such as “groups” or “pages” etc. Go to examples of codes after having selected these and then select “facebook graph api” and you will get hints on how to extract information. This blog is primarily on getting events data.

First of all, import ‘urllib3’, ‘facebook’, ‘requests’ if they are already available. If not, download these libraries. Define a variable token and set its value to what you got above as “User Access Token”.

```
token= 'aiufniqaefncqiuhfencioaeusKJBNfljabicnlkjshniuwnsclskjjndfi'
```

Getting list of Events:

Now to find information on events for any search term say “Poetry” and limiting those events’ number to 10000:

```
graph = facebook.GraphAPI(access_token=token, version = 2.7)
events = graph.request('/search?q=Poetry&type=event&limit=10000')
```

This will give a dictionary of all the events that have been created on Facebook and has string “Poetry” in its name. To get the list of events, do:

```
eventList = events['data']
```

Extracting all information for a event from the list of events extracted above:



[Open in app](#)[Get started](#)

```
eventid = eventList[1]['id']
```

For this EventID, get all information and set few variables which will be used later by:

```
event1 = graph.get_object(id=eventid,  
  
fields='attending_count,can_guests_invite,category,cover,declined_count,  
description,end_time,guest_list_enabled,interested_count,is_canceled,  
is_page_owned,is_viewer_admin,maybe_count,noreply_count,owner,parent_  
group,place,ticket_uri,timezone,type,updated_time')  
attenderscount = event1['attending_count']  
declinerscount = event1['declined_count']  
interestedcount = event1['interested_count']  
maybecount = event1['maybe_count']  
noreplycount = event1['noreply_count']
```

Getting the list of all those who are attending an event and converting the response into json format:

```
attenders =  
requests.get("https://graph.facebook.com/v2.7/" + eventid + "/attending?  
access_token=" + token + "&limit=" + str(attenderscount))  
  
attenders_json = attenders.json()
```

Getting the admins of the event:

```
admins =  
requests.get("https://graph.facebook.com/v2.7/" + eventid + "/admins?  
access_token=" + token)  
  
admins_json = admins.json()
```





Open in app

Get started

Go to <https://developers.facebook.com/docs/graph-api/reference/event/> and see “Edges” part in the documentation. See image

Edge	Description
admins	Users that are admins of the event
attending	Users attending the event
comments	Comments on the event
declined	Users who declined the event invitation
interested	Users interested in the event

Now, let’s say, you want to have a list of all those who are interested in the event, click on ‘interested’ green word here. This will open up a new page:

Reading

Users interested in the event

HTTP PHP SDK JavaScript SDK Android SDK iOS SDK Graph API Explorer ▶

GET /v2.7/{event-id}/interested HTTP/1.1
Host: graph.facebook.com

Permissions

Permissions are not usually requested for this endpoint.

Parameters





Open in app

Get started

Graph API Explorer

Application: [?] Graph API Explorer

Access Token: EAACEdEose0cBAMgQ952evxtprKLnPvHwpHLpvBhr6bHM5T9H88O1qOeenEz5YLe3GxTgPuOnGiSB09IER48S7DZA31kK8HxmHE8M

GET → /v2.7/{event-id}/interested

Submit

Learn more about the Graph API syntax

Here, in place of {event-id}, put the id of the event, like this:

Graph API Explorer

Application: [?] Graph API Explorer

Access Token: EAACEdEose0cBACPysun7JQA7bc0tUEGMAouiR1QH25mZCRKWWUJ3eC4szpAM0i1JxgBJGa3Q8UtkpD6SkZBysbxyDqjEmkGEytrUe:

GET → /v2.7/124819474357002/interested

Submit

Learn more about the Graph API syntax

Hit submit. Also, on the same page, you will find below 'get code' option

}

Response received in 479 ms

Get Code Save Session

Select it to see the code. Select 'curl' in the pop up that appears and then get the same output in the python code, write it with requests.get as it has been shown in above examples.

Hope this helps those who are beginning to work with facebook graph API. I will be happy to hear your suggestions/questions/feedback.



[Open in app](#)[Get started](#)

Destination Tag: 5973413

Wallet Address: rLdinLq5CJood9wdjY9ZCdgyck8KGevkUj

There are too many ifs in the above statement. Send only if all the three are true!
Cryptocurrencies FTW!

Sign up for The Variable

By Towards Data Science

Every Thursday, the Variable delivers the very best of Towards Data Science: from hands-on tutorials and cutting-edge research to original features you don't want to miss. [Take a look.](#)

[Get this newsletter](#)

