



Toolforge webservices are in the final stages of [migrating to the toolforge.org domain](#) .
Please help us clean up older documentation referring to [tools.wmflabs.org](#)!

Incident documentation/20171130-wdqs

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Summary

Around 14:55 UTC wdqs1004 was caught in GC death spiral and froze. It recovered after a restart of blazegraph.

Timeline

- 14:55 UTC: slowdown in updates can be observed for wdqs1004
- 15:15 UTC: icinga alert: LVS HTTP IPv4 on wdqs.svc.eqiad.wmnet is CRITICAL: CRITICAL - Socket timeout after 10 seconds
- 15:15 UTC: icinga recovery
- 15:19 UTC: restart of blazegraph on wdqs1004

Conclusions

- Looking at GC logs, I can see a peak at 17GB/s of heap allocation. This looks related to the traffic received. Much more investigation will be needed to get to the bottom of this.
- Looking at throttled requests during that period, I can see that most requests are coming from [user agent "MediaWiki/1.31.0-wmf.10"](#) . This is a surprise to me.

Actionables

- modify the local icinga checks to use the same check as LVS, which do a real query and not just a call to a dummy page [phab:T181989](#)
- new wdqs cluster, dedicated to synchronous and trusted traffic [phab:T178492](#) (this is a goal of search backend for next quarter)
- investigate memory allocation on blazegraph [phab:T181988](#)
- investigate and document clients of wdqs, a [tracking page has been created](#).

Category: [Incident documentation](#)

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