

オブジェクト指向 Object Oriented Programming

スーパーオブジェクトからサブオブジェクト サブオブジェクトを個別に動作 メソッドを通してのみ干渉できる
ストラクチャ指向 Structured Programmingclass : ひな形・設計図の様なもの method : 動作・操作（関数）
property : 属性・特徴（変数）（attribute と同） instance : class によって作られたもの constructor : class 作成時に実行される method

クラス Class

クラスの書き方

```
In [1]: class MyClass():
        pass

In [2]: # Instance
my_class = MyClass()

In [3]: print(type(my_class))

<class '__main__.MyClass'>
```

```
In [4]: class MyClass():
        name = "Katsumata" # property
```

```
In [5]: my_class = MyClass()

        print(my_class.name)

Katsumata
```

```
In [6]: my_class.age = 22
        print(my_class.age)

22
```

コンストラクタ（initメソッド）・インスタンス変数

```
In [7]: class MyClass():
        # Constructor
        def __init__(self):
            print("クラスをつくったよ!")
```

```
In [8]: myclass = MyClass()

        クラスをつくったよ！
```

```
In [9]: class MyClass():
        def __init__(self):
            self.num = 1 # Instance Variable
            self.name = "Panda" # Instance Variable
```

```
In [10]: my_class = MyClass()
```

```
print(my_class.num)
print(my_class.name)
```

```
1
Panda
```

```
In [11]: # Error Pattern
class MyClass():
    def __init__(self):
        num = 1 # instance variable
        name = "Panda" # instance variable
```

```
In [12]: # Error Pattern
my_class = MyClass()

print(my_class.num)
print(my_class.name)
```

```
-----
--
AttributeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
~¥AppData¥Local¥Temp¥ipykernel_11684¥1271134083.py in <cell line: 4>()
      2 my_class = MyClass()
      3
----> 4 print(my_class.num)
      5 print(my_class.name)

AttributeError: 'MyClass' object has no attribute 'num'
```

```
In [13]: class MyClass():
        def __init__(self, num, name):
            self.num = num
            self.name = name
```

```
In [14]: num = 3
        name = "Turtle"

my_class = MyClass(num, name)

print(my_class.num)
print(my_class.name)

3
Turtle
```

メソッド

```
In [15]: class MyClass():
        # Constructor
        def __init__(self, num, name):
            self.num = num
            self.name = name

        # Method
        def my_print(self):
            print(f"num = {self.num}, name = {self.name}")
```

```
In [16]: num = 5
        name = "Giraffe"

my_class = MyClass(num, name)
```

```
my_class.my_print()
```

```
num = 5, name = Giraffe
```

```
In [17]: class MyClass():
# Construct
def __init__(self, num, name):
    self.num = num
    self.name = name

# Method
def my_print(self):
    print(f"num = {self.num}, name = {self.name}")

def my_add(self, add_num):
    self.num += add_num
```

```
In [18]: num = 5
name = "Giraffe"
add = 2

my_class = MyClass(num, name)

my_class.my_add(add)
my_class.my_print()

num = 7, name = Giraffe
```

```
In [19]: class MyClass():
def __init__(self, num, name):
    self.num = num
    self.name = name

def my_print(self):
    print(f"num = {self.num}, name = {self.name}")

def my_add(self, add_num):
    self.num += add_num

def my_zip(self):
    my_list = [self.name, self.num]
    return my_list
```

```
In [20]: num = 8
name = "octopus"
add = 2

my_class = MyClass(num, name)

my_list = my_class.my_zip()
print(my_list)

['octopus', 8]
```

タイプ

```
In [21]: class MyClass():
def __init__(self, num, name):
    self.num = num
    self.name = name
```

```

def my_print(self):
    print(f"num = {self.num}, name = {self.name}")

def my_add(self, add_num):
    self.num += add_num

def my_zip(self):
    my_list = [self.name, self.num]
    return my_list

```

```

In [22]: num = 8
        name = "octopus"
        add = 2

        my_class = MyClass(num, name)

```

```

In [23]: print(type(my_class))
        print(type(my_class.num))
        print(type(my_class.name))
        print(type(my_class.my_zip))

<class '__main__.MyClass'>
<class 'int'>
<class 'str'>
<class 'method'>

```

特殊メソッド

`__new__` `__init__` `__int__` `__str__` `__len__` `__add__` `__sub__`

```

In [24]: class MyClass():
        def __init__(self, num):
            self.num = num

        def __float__(self):
            return float(self.num)

        def __add__(self, other):
            return self.num + other.num

        def __eq__(self, other):
            return self.num == other.num

```

```

In [25]: a = MyClass(6)

        print(float(a))

6.0

```

```

In [26]: a = MyClass(6)
        b = MyClass(3)

        print(a + b)

9

```

```

In [27]: c = a + b
        print(c)
        print(type(c))

9
<class 'int'>

```

```
In [28]: a = MyClass(6)
b = MyClass(3)

print(a == b)
```

False

```
In [29]: class MyClass():
    def __init__(self, num1, num2):
        self.num1 = num1
        self.num2 = num2

    def __add__(self, other):
        num_1 = self.num1 + other.num1
        num_2 = self.num2 + other.num2

        return MyClass(num_1, num_2)
```

```
In [30]: a = MyClass(5, 6)
b = MyClass(2, 3)

c = a + b

print(c)
print(c.num1, c.num2)
```

<__main__.MyClass object at 0x000001F00745DE50>
7 9

クラス継承

継承 inheritance

```
In [31]: class Car():
    def __init__(self, name, speed):
        self.name = name
        self.speed = speed

    def info(self):
        print(f"name = {self.name}")
        print(f"speed = {self.speed}")

    def accelerate(self):
        self.speed += 10

    def decelerate(self):
        self.speed -= 10
```

```
In [32]: prius = Car("prius", 0)
prius.info()

prius.accelerate()
prius.accelerate()
prius.accelerate()
prius.info()
```

```
name = prius
speed = 0
name = prius
speed = 30
```

```
In [33]: # inheritance
class Vehicle(Car):
    pass
```

```
In [34]: aqua = Vehicle("aqua", 0)
aqua.info()

name = aqua
speed = 0
```

スーパークラスを用いた継承・オーバーライド Override

```
In [35]: class Car():
    def __init__(self, name, speed):
        self.name = name
        self.speed = speed

    def info(self):
        print(f"name = {self.name}")
        print(f"speed = {self.speed}")

    def accelerate(self):
        self.speed += 10

    def decelerate(self):
        self.speed -= 10
```

```
In [36]: # Override
class GasolineVehicle(Car):
    def __init__(self, name, speed, gasoline):
        super().__init__(name, speed)
        # super(GasolineVehicle, self).__init__(name, speed)
        self.gasoline = gasoline

    # Renew
    def info(self):
        print(f"name = {self.name}")
        print(f"speed = {self.speed}")
        print(f"gasoline = {self.gasoline}")

    def accelerate(self):
        self.speed += 10
        self.gasoline -= 50
```

```
In [37]: yaris = GasolineVehicle("yaris", 0, 1000)
yaris.info()

yaris.accelerate()
yaris.accelerate()
yaris.accelerate()
yaris.info()
```

```
name      = yaris
speed     = 0
gasoline  = 1000
name      = yaris
speed     = 30
gasoline  = 850
```

```
In [38]: yaris.decelerate()
        yaris.info()
```

```
name      = yaris
speed     = 20
gasoline  = 850
```

ポリモーフィズム Polymorphism

```
In [39]: class ElectricVehicle(Car):
        def __init__(self, name, speed, battery):
            super().__init__(name, speed)
            self.battery = battery

        # Renew, Override
        def info(self):
            print(f"name      = {self.name}")
            print(f"speed     = {self.speed}")
            print(f"battery   = {self.battery}")

        def accelerate(self):
            self.speed += 10
            self.battery -= 10

        def decelerate(self):
            self.speed -= 10
            self.battery += 5
```

```
In [40]: prius = ElectricVehicle("prius", 0, 100)
        prius.info()
```

```
prius.accelerate()
prius.accelerate()
prius.accelerate()
prius.info()
```

```
prius.decelerate()
prius.info()
```

```
name      = prius
speed     = 0
battery   = 100
name      = prius
speed     = 30
battery   = 70
name      = prius
speed     = 20
battery   = 75
```

```
In [41]: yaris = GasolineVehicle("yaris", 0, 1000)
        prius = ElectricVehicle("prius", 0, 100)
```

```
def info(name1, name2):
    name1.info()
    name2.info()
```

```
def accelerate(name):  
    name.accelerate()
```

In [42]: info(yaris, prius)

```
name      = yaris  
speed     = 0  
gasoline  = 1000  
name      = prius  
speed     = 0  
buttery   = 100
```

In [43]: accelerate(yaris)
info(yaris, prius)

```
name      = yaris  
speed     = 10  
gasoline  = 950  
name      = prius  
speed     = 0  
buttery   = 100
```

カプセル化

In [44]:

```
class ElectricVehicle(Car):  
    def __init__(self, name, speed, buttery):  
        super().__init__(name, speed)  
        self.__buttery = buttery  
  
    def info(self):  
        print(f"name      = {self.name}")  
        print(f"speed     = {self.speed}")  
        print(f"buttery    = {self.__buttery}")  
  
    def accelerate(self):  
        self.speed += 10  
        self.__buttery -= 10  
  
    def decelerate(self):  
        self.speed -= 10  
        self.__buttery += 5
```

In [45]: prius = ElectricVehicle("prius", 0, 100)
prius.info()

```
name      = prius  
speed     = 0  
buttery   = 100
```

In [46]: prius.name = "Prius"
prius.info()

```
name      = Prius  
speed     = 0  
buttery   = 100
```

In [47]: # Error
prius.__buttery -= 10
prius.info()


```
-----  
--  
AttributeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
~¥AppData¥Local¥Temp¥ipykernel_11684¥2052600173.py in <cell line: 2>()  
    1 # Error  
----> 2 prius.__buttery -= 10  
      3 prius.info()  
  
AttributeError: 'ElectricVehicle' object has no attribute '__buttery'
```

In []: