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Experiment: 10 Design of a Patch Antenna For Ultra-Wide Band Applications



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Design of a Patch Antenna For Ultra-Wide Band Applications

This guide leads you step-by-step through creating, solving, and analysing the results of a microstrip patch antenna.

By following the steps in this guide, you will learn how to perform the following tasks in HFSS:

- Draw a geometric model.
- ❖ Modify a model's design parameters.
- ❖ Assign variables to a model's design parameters.
- Specify solution settings for a design.
- ❖ Validate a design's setup.
- * Run an HFSS simulation.
- ❖ Create a 2D x-y plot of S-parameter results.
- ❖ Create a 2D x-y plot of gain, efficiency results.
- ❖ Create a 2D Polar/Rectangular plot of radiation pattern.
- Create a 3D plot of radiation pattern.
- Create a field overlay plot of results.

1 (b) Project overview

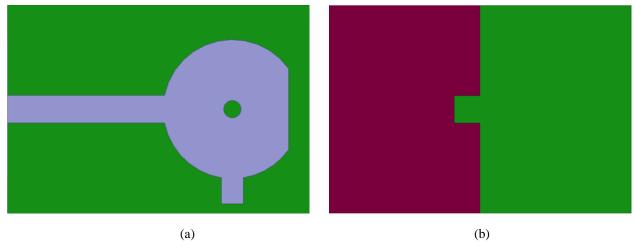


Fig.1: Ultra-wideband microstrip patch antenna. (a) Top view. (b) Bottom View.

Dimensions of the patch antenna. Units are in mm.

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Tvpe
าร	1.6	mm	1.6mm	Desian
vf	3.2	mm	3.2mm	Desian
	10	mm	10mm	Desian
Gd	10.4	mm	10.4mm	Desian
.a	17.5	mm	17.5mm	Desian
	0.5	mm	0.5mm	Desian
vas	3.2	mm	3.2mm	Desian
ıs	3	mm	3mm	Desian
	35	mm	35mm	Desian
٧	24	mm	24mm	Desian
2	8	mm	8mm	Desian
₹1	1	mm	1mm	Desian
.h	6.5	mm	6.5mm	Desian
rec	3	mm	3mm	Desian
Vrec	2.5	mm	2.5mm	Design

Substrate properties:

Material name: FR4 Epoxy

Dielectric constant: 4.4

Substrate thickness: 1.6 mm

Loss tangent: 0.02

Microstrip antenna design in HFSS

Substrate:

Draw a box with starting position as -W/2,0mm,0mm

XSize: W

YSize: L

ZSize: hs

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Command	CreateBox			
Coordina	Global			
Position	-W/2 .0mm .0mm		-12mm . 0	
XSize	W		24mm	
YSize	L		35mm	
ZSize	hs		1.6mm	

Airbox:

Draw a box with starting position as -W/2-10mm,0mm,-10mm

XSize: W+20mm

YSize: L+10mm

ZSize: 20mm

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Comma	d CreateBox			
Coordin	Global			
Position	-W/2-10mm .0mm10mm		-22mm . 0	
XSize	W+20mm		44mm	
YSize	L+10mm		45mm	
ZSize	20	mm	20mm	

GND:

Draw a rectangle with starting position as -Gd-wf/2,0mm,0mm

XSize: 2*Gd+wf

YSize: Lg

ZSize: **Z**

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Command	CreateRectangle			
Coordina	Global			
Position	-Gd-wf/2 .0mm .0mm		-12mm . 0	
Axis	Z			
XSize	2*Gd+wf		24mm	
YSize	La		17.5mm	

Slot1:

Draw a rectangle with starting position as -wgs/2, Lg,0mm

XSize: wgs

YSize: -lgs

ZSize: Z

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Command	CreateRectangle			
Coordina	Global			
Position	-was/2 .La .0mm		-1.6mm	
Axis	Z			
XSize	was		3.2mm	
YSize	-las		-3mm	

> Subtract Slot1 from GND.

Circle1:

Draw a circle with starting position as -0mm, Lg+h+R2, hs

Axis: Z

Radius: R2

Number: 0

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Command	CreateCircle			
Coordina	Global			
Center P	-0mm .La+h+R2 .hs		-0mm . 26	
Axis	Z			
Radius	R2		8mm	
Number	0		0	

Circle2:

Draw a circle with starting position as -0mm ,Lg+h+R2 ,hs

Axis: Z

Radius: R1

Number: 0

	Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Co	mmand	CreateCircle			
	ordina				
Ce	nter P	-0mm .La+h+R2 .hs		-0mm . 26	
Axi	is idius	Z			
Ra	ndius	R1		1mm	
Nu	mber	0		0	

Rectangle1:

Draw a rectangle with starting position as -5mm ,Lg+h+R2+Lh ,hs

XSize: 10mm

YSize: 2mm

ZSize: **Z**

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Command	CreateRectangle			
Coordina	Global			
Position	-5mm .La+h+R2+Lh .hs		-5mm . 32	
Axis	Ζ			
XSize	10	mm	10mm	
YSize	2	mm	2mm	

➤ Subtract Circle2 and Rectangle1 from Circle1.

FL:

Draw a rectangle with starting position as **-wf/2** ,0mm ,hs

XSize: wf

YSize: lg+h+0.2mm

ZSize: **Z**

Na	ame	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Com	mand C	CreateRectangle			
Coor	dina C	Global			
Posit	tion -	wf/2 .0mm .hs		-1.6mm	
Axis	Z	Z			
XSiz	e v	wf		3.2mm	
YSiz	e lo	a+h+0.2mm		18.2mm	

Rectangle2:

Draw a rectangle with starting position as R2-0.1mm ,Lg+h+R2-Wrec/2 ,hs

XSize: Lrec

YSize: Wrec

ZSize: Z

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated	Description
Command	CreateRectangle			
Coordina	Global			
Position	R2-0.1mm .La+h+R2-Wrec/2 .hs		7.9mm . 2	
Axis	Ζ			
XSize	Lrec		3mm	
YSize	Wrec		2.5mm	

- **➤** Unite FL and Rectangle2 with Circle1.
- > Select GND and Circle1 Right click Go to Assign Boundary **Select Perfect E**

Wave port:

,0mm



Draw a rectangular in **ZX axis** with starting position as -2.5*wf,0mm

Axis: Y

YSize: 5*wf

ZSize: 4.2*hs

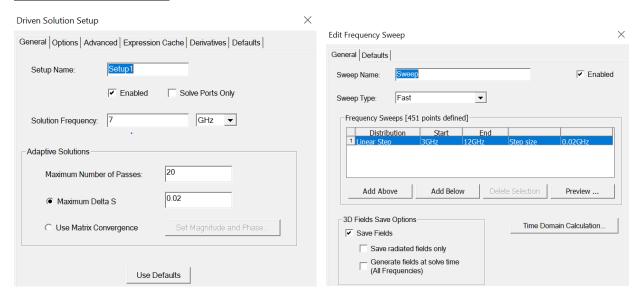
Assign Excitation:

Select wave port → right click on wave port → go to new line → choose X: 0 $Y: 0, Z: 0 \longrightarrow \text{enter} \longrightarrow \text{put dX}: 0, dY: 0, dZ: 1.6$

Assign Boundary:

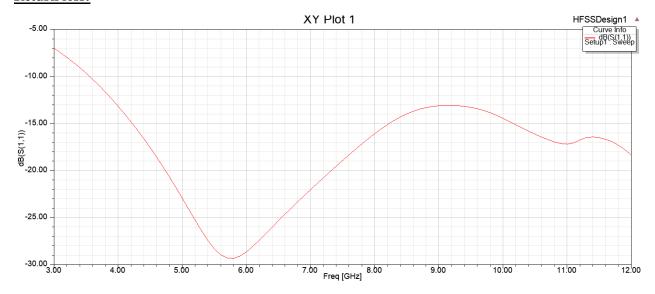
Select airbox right click on airbox — go to assign boundary — choose radiation → enter

Analysis setup:

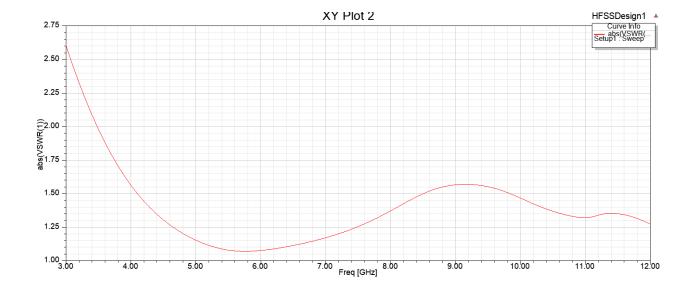


Result Analysis:

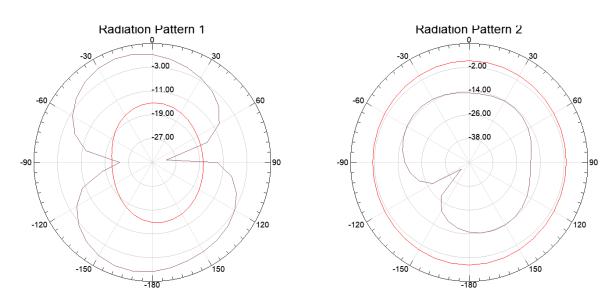
Return loss:



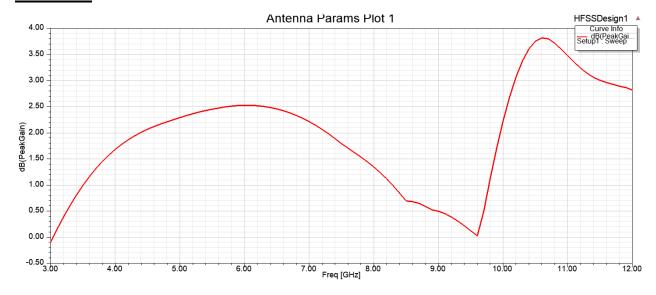
VSWR:



Radiation Pattern:



Peak Gain:



Radiation Efficiency:

