# EE307 Homework 7

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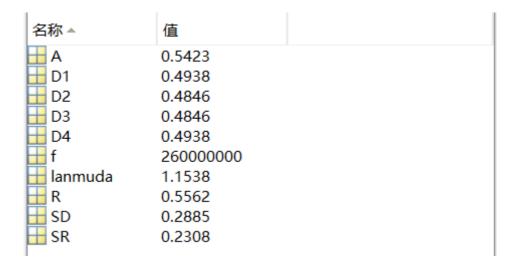
Problem 1: You need to design a yagi antenna with a frequency of 260 MHz. The maximum estimated directivity is 12.93 dBi. Using the table below, calculate the dimensions of all the elements of your antenna and draw it by specifying all these dimensions.

## Solution:

## 1) Calculate the following

Firstly, according to the table, we can see that in order to design the yagi antenna to
meet the requirements of the question, there must be four directors. According to the
data provided in the table, we can calculate the length of each director, the distance
between the directors, the distance between the reflector and the active oscillator
through MATLAB, and the code is as follows:

Then, The calculation results of the above parameters are shown as follows:
 Result:



• Next, according to the parameters calculated above, we use MATLAB's own app "AntennaDesigner" to draw the relative parameters of the antenna, as shown below:

```
% Create a yagi∪da antenna
 2
     % Generated by MATLAB(R) 9.10 and Antenna Toolbox 5.0.
 3
      % Generated on: 01-Apr-2022 23:01:52
 4
 5
      %% Antenna Properties
 6
 7
      antennaObject = design(yagiUda, 260*1e6);
      antennaObject.NumDirectors = 4;
 8
 9
      antennaObject.DirectorLength = [0.4938,0.4846,0.4846,0.4938];
10
      antennaObject.DirectorSpacing = 0.2885;
      antennaObject.ReflectorLength = 0.5562;
11
      antennaObject.ReflectorSpacing = 0.2308;
12
13
      % Show
14
      figure;
      show(antennaObject)
15
16
17
      %% Antenna Analysis
      % Define plot frequency
18
      plotFrequency = 260*1e6;
19
20
      % Define frequency range
21
      freqRange = (234:2.6:286)*1e6;
22
      % pattern
23
      figure;
24
      pattern(antennaObject, plotFrequency)
25
```

• Finally, we can draw the image of the antenna and the parameters related to the antenna:

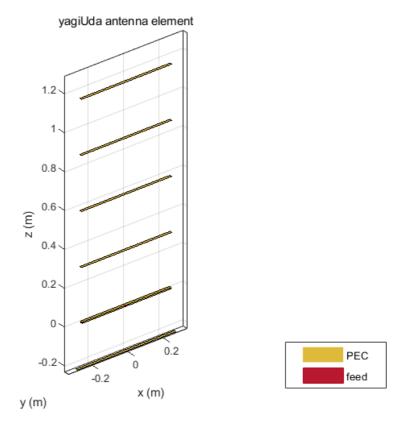


Figure 1. The overall model of yagi antenna

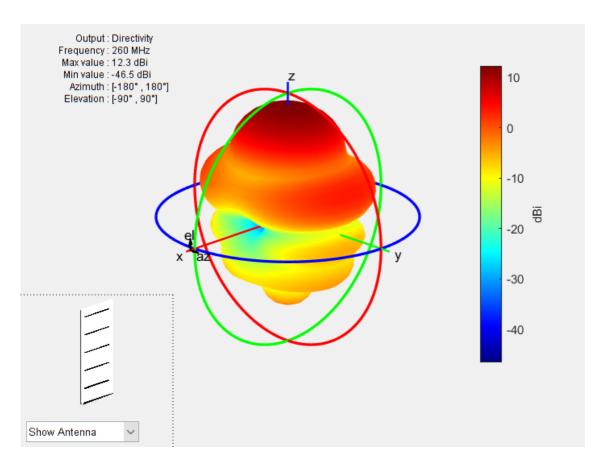


Figure 2. The radiation pattern of yagi antenna

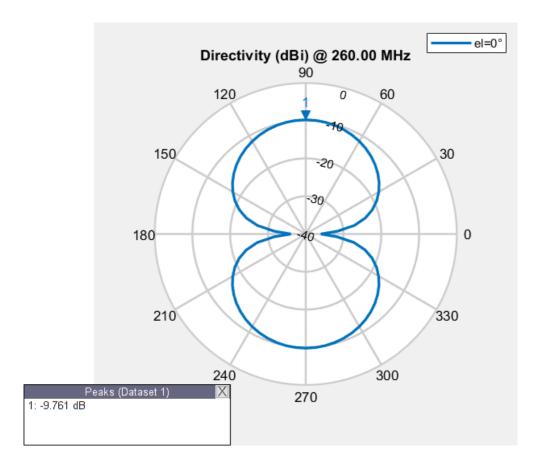


Figure 3. The directivity 2D plot of yagi antenna(in elevation plane)

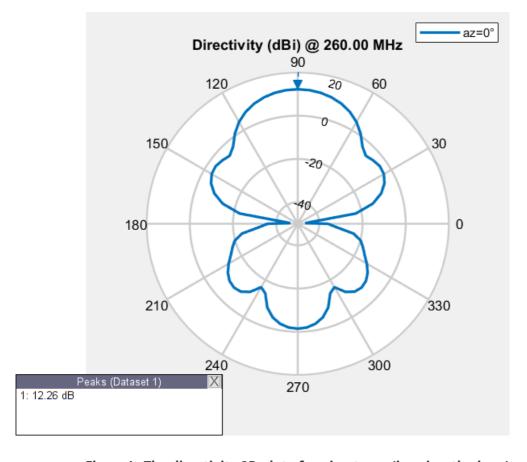


Figure 4. The directivity 2D plot of yagi antenna(in azimuth plane)

• Through the above analysis and calculation, it shows that the measured value of yagi antenna directivity is 12.3dBi, which is in good agreement with the value in the problem table. So, our results fit with the results on the course ppt very well.

# Problem 2: Design a 10-turn helix to operate in the axial mode.

#### **Determine**

- a) The circumference in wavelengths, the pitch angle in degrees, and separation between turns (in wavelengths)
- b) HPBW of the main lobe in degrees
- c) Directivity in dB

### Solution:

a)

• Firstly, by using the formula on page 78 of the slides, we can assume that the circumference in wavelengths of this helix is 1, and the pitch angle is 14 in degrees. Therefore, based on these two assumptions, we can calculate the separation between turns with MATLAB, that is:

```
1 %第一问:确定参数
2 N = 10; %10 turn
3 lanmuda0 = 1; %默认的波长量,因为后面的量都是以波长为基准的,因此该量置为1即可
4 C_lanmuda = 1; % the circumference in wavelengths is 1
5 alpha = 14; % alpha为14度
6 S_lanmuda = C_lanmuda*tand(alpha); %separation between turns (in wavelengths)
7 S_lanmuda
```

• Therefore, through calculation, we can get the following results:

```
S_1anmuda =
```

So, by our calculation, the circumference in wavelengths is 1, The pitch angle in degrees is 14, and the separation between turns (in wavelengths) is 0.2493.

b)

• Firstly, by using the formula on page 78 of the slides, we can also get the HPBW of the main lobe in degrees through MATLAB, that is:

```
1 <mark>%第二问:确定HPBW</mark>
2 HPBW = (52*lanmuda0^(1.5))/(C_lanmuda*sqrt(N*S_lanmuda));
3 HPBW
```

• Therefore, through calculation, we can get the following results:

```
HPBW = 32. 9320
```

Finally, by our calculation, the HPBW of the main lobe in degrees is 32.9320.

c)

• Firstly, by using the formula on page 78 of the slides, we can also get the Directivity in dB through MATLAB, that is:

• Therefore, through calculation, we can get the following results:

```
D0 =

37.3992

D0_dBi =

15.7286
```

Finally, by our calculation, the the Directivity in dB is 15.7286(dB or dBi).