ML Week

0x04 Logistic Regression

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Linear regression

- Continuous output
- Normal residues

Logistic regression

- Binary output
- Classification

Logistic regression

Have: continuous and discrete inputs

• Want: class (0 or 1)

$$h_{\theta}(x) = .75 \iff \text{event has } 75\% \text{ of being true}$$

$$h_{\theta}(x) = \Pr(y = 1 \mid x; \theta) = 0.75$$

So this must be true:

$$Pr(y = 0 | x; \theta) + Pr(y = 1 | x; \theta) = 1$$

Set
$$y = 1 \iff h_{\theta}(x) = \Pr(y = 1 \mid x; \theta)$$

Math review:

- $z = (\theta^T x)$
- $\theta^T x \geqslant 0 \iff h_\theta \geqslant 0.5$
- $\theta^T x \geqslant 0 \iff \text{predict } y = 1$

Logistic (sigmoid, logit) function

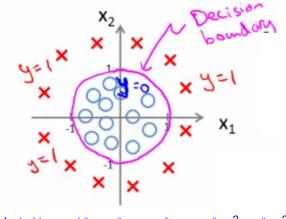
$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

Logistic (sigmoid, logit) function

$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

Exercise: plot this

Non-linear decision boundaries



$$h_{\theta}(x)) = g(\theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \theta_2 x_2 + \theta_3 x_1^2 + \theta_4 x_2^2)$$

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Non-linear decision boundaries

OvA, OvR

OvO

In linear regression, we had

$$J(\theta) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^{2}$$

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$$J(\theta) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \text{Cost}(h_{\theta}(x), y)$$

Here's a convex cost function:

$$Cost(h_{\theta}(x), y) = \begin{cases} -\log(h_{\theta}(x)) & \text{if } y = 1\\ -\log(1 - h_{\theta}(x)) & \text{if } y = 0 \end{cases}$$

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Exercise: Plot this (cost vs y).

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$$J(\theta) = y \cdot \log(h_{\theta}(x)) + (1 - y) \cdot \log(1 - h_{\theta}(x))$$

Gradient descent

$$\theta_j \leftarrow \theta_j - \frac{\alpha}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \left(h_{\theta}(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}) - \mathbf{y}^{(i)} \right) \cdot \mathbf{x}_j^{(i)}$$

for
$$j = 1, \dots, n$$

Questions?

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