
FIT5032 - Internet Applications Development

WEEK 05E - WORKING WITH RICH TEXT - WYSIWYG EDITOR (TINYMCE)

Last updated: 5th Oct 2018

Author: Jian Liew

Introduction

There is no need to complete this tutorial. It functions as a supplementary material to showcase how to use a simple JavaScript API (TinyMCE) for the creation of Rich Text. (WYSIWYG) editor.

Working with Rich Text is a very common use case to allow users to mark up their post. For example, when a user would like to post a content, the user would like to mark up their content so that it is more presentable. There are quite a number of JS libraries that allow this feature to be completed, for example [QuillJS](#) or [CKEditor](#). However, this tutorial aims to showcase how to use [TinyMCE](#).

Objectives

Estimated Time To Complete - 30 mins

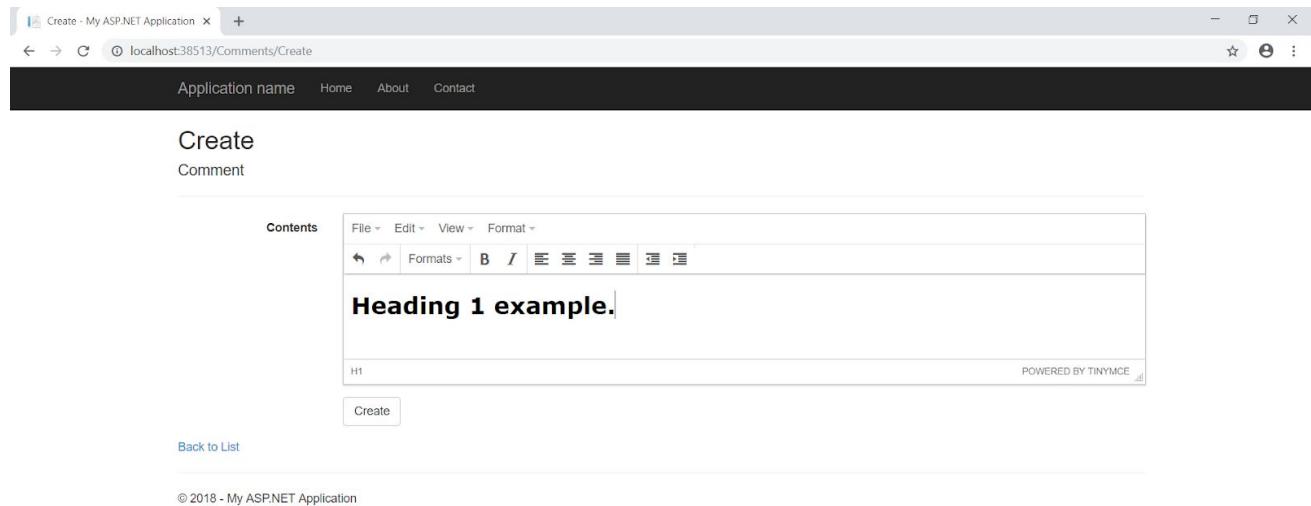
Upon the completion of this tutorial, you will gain a basic understanding of

- How to use TinyMCE at a basic level
- How to use show "raw" HTML with ASP.NET MVC.

DoubtFire Submission

- None

Upon the completion of this tutorial. The end result of your web application would look like the following.



This is a really basic example, on how you can use TinyMCE as your WYSIWYG editor.

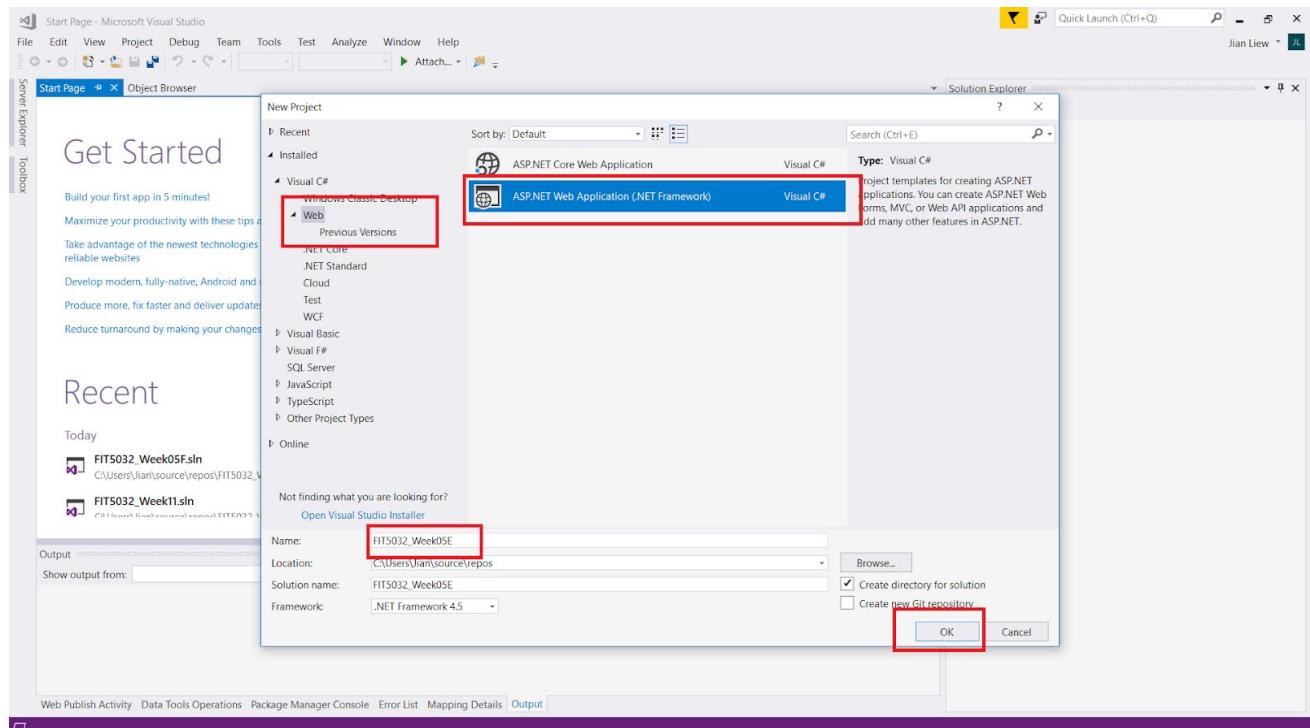
Certain features that are present upon the completion of this tutorials are

1. It uses a database first approach to create a single table with an attribute that is capable of storing values big enough for a text area.
2. It uses the scaffolding feature to create both the controllers and views.

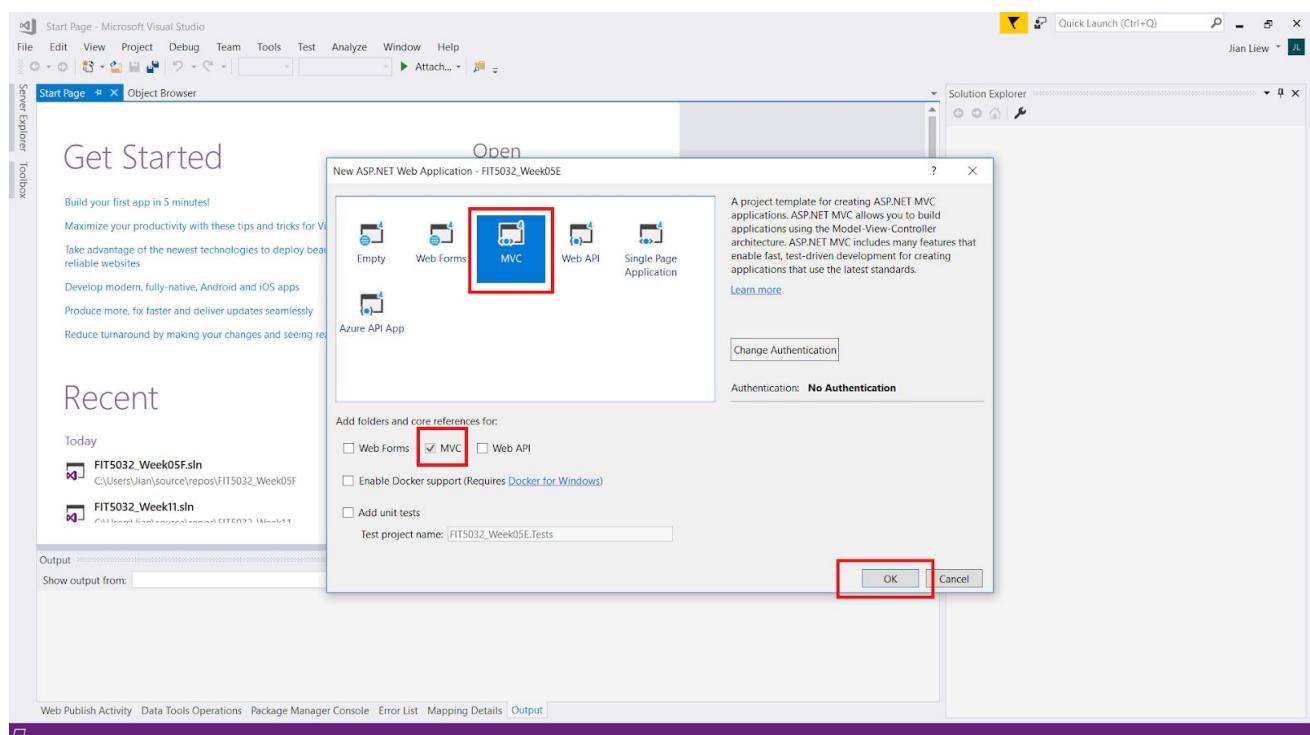
Please remember that this uses the LocalDb as it is the development environment. If you plan to deploy this, the strategy of creating the database will differ slightly.

Please remember that it is possible to zoom into the pictures in this document.

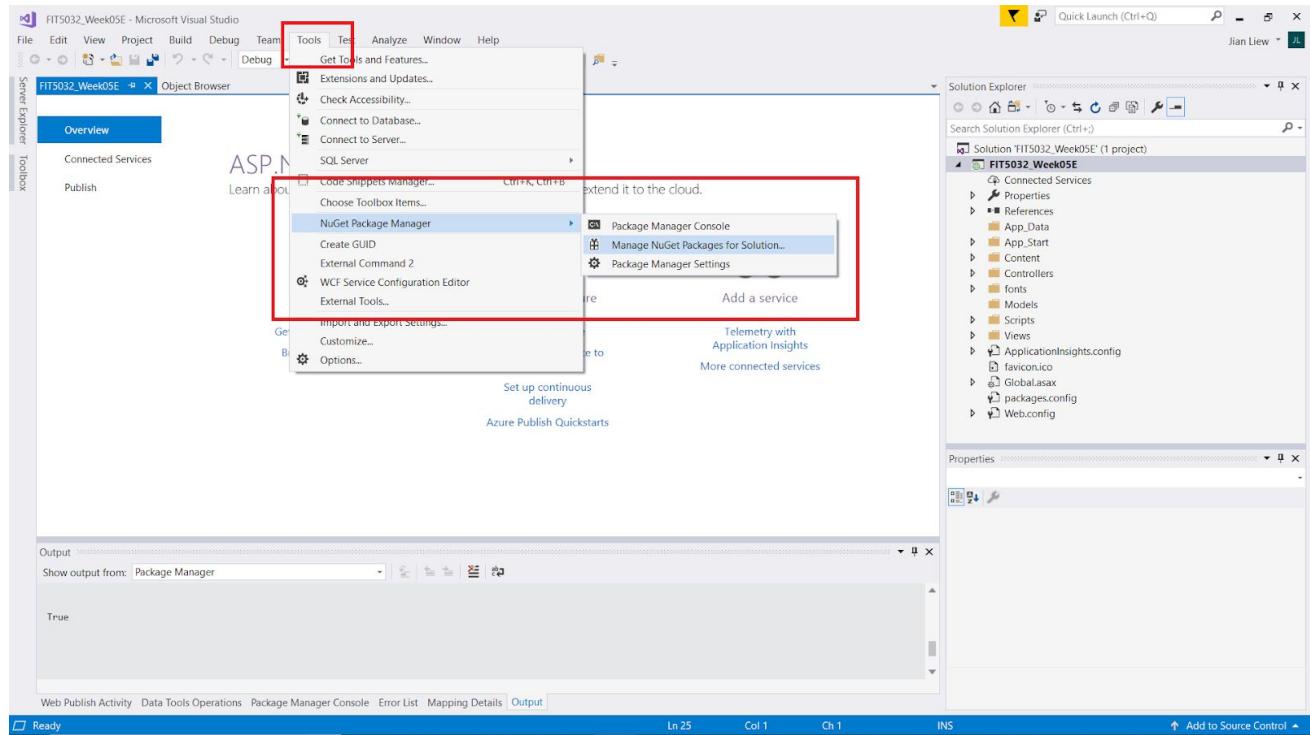
Step 1



Step 2



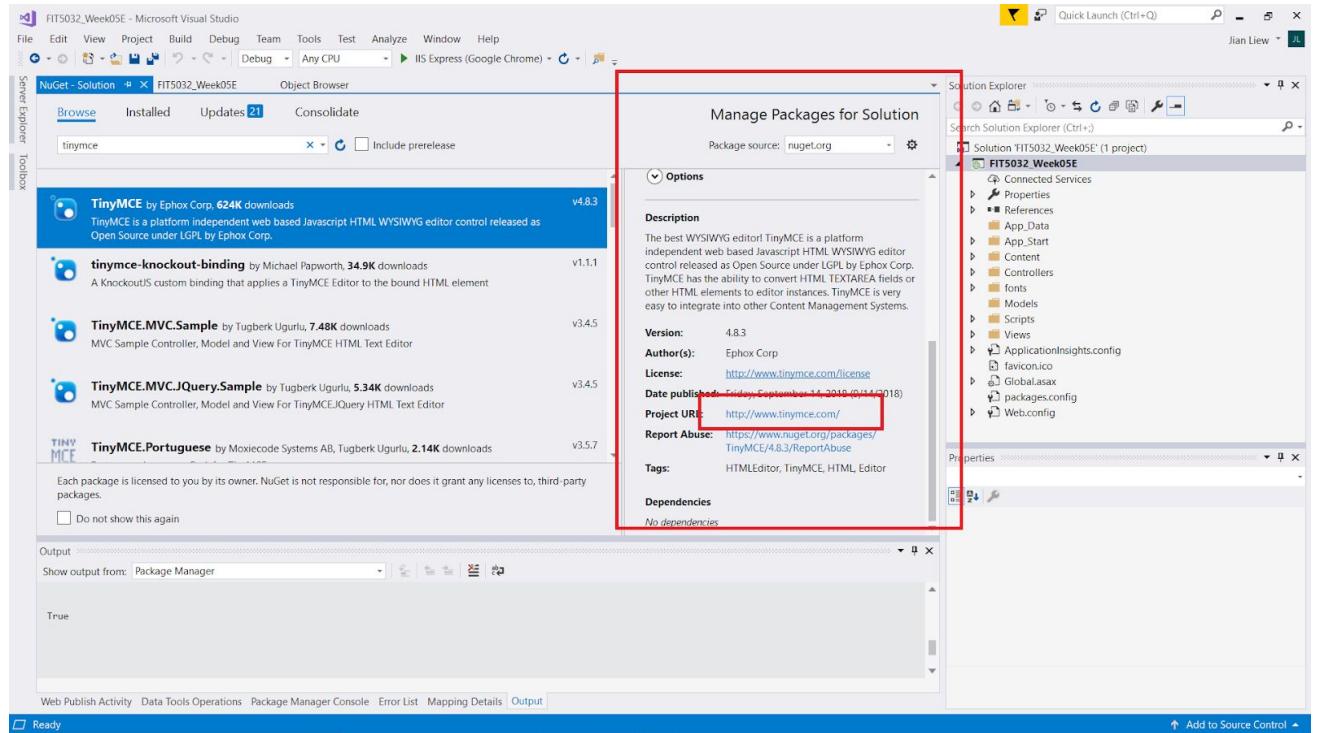
Step 3



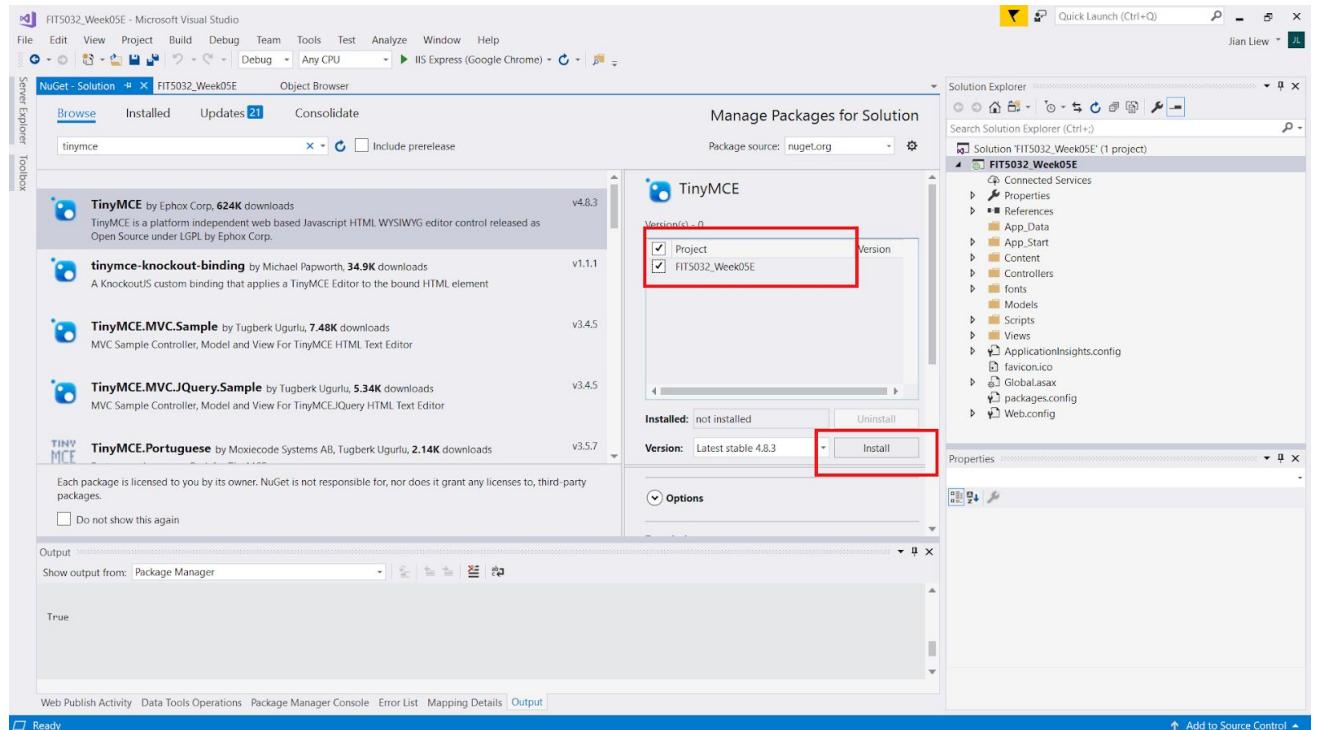
Step 4

Step 5

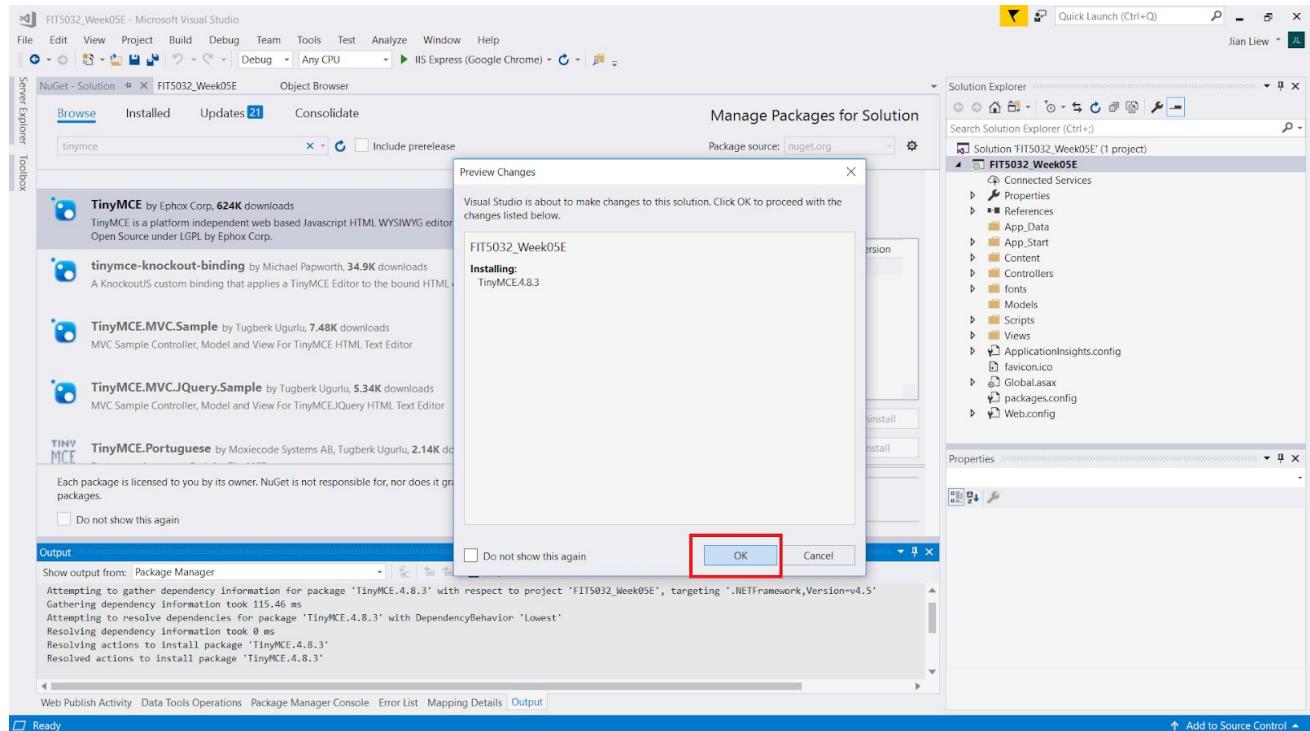
Please remember that **reading documentation is a very important skill as a developer**. When selecting a package to use it is highly recommended to use something with a lot of downloads.



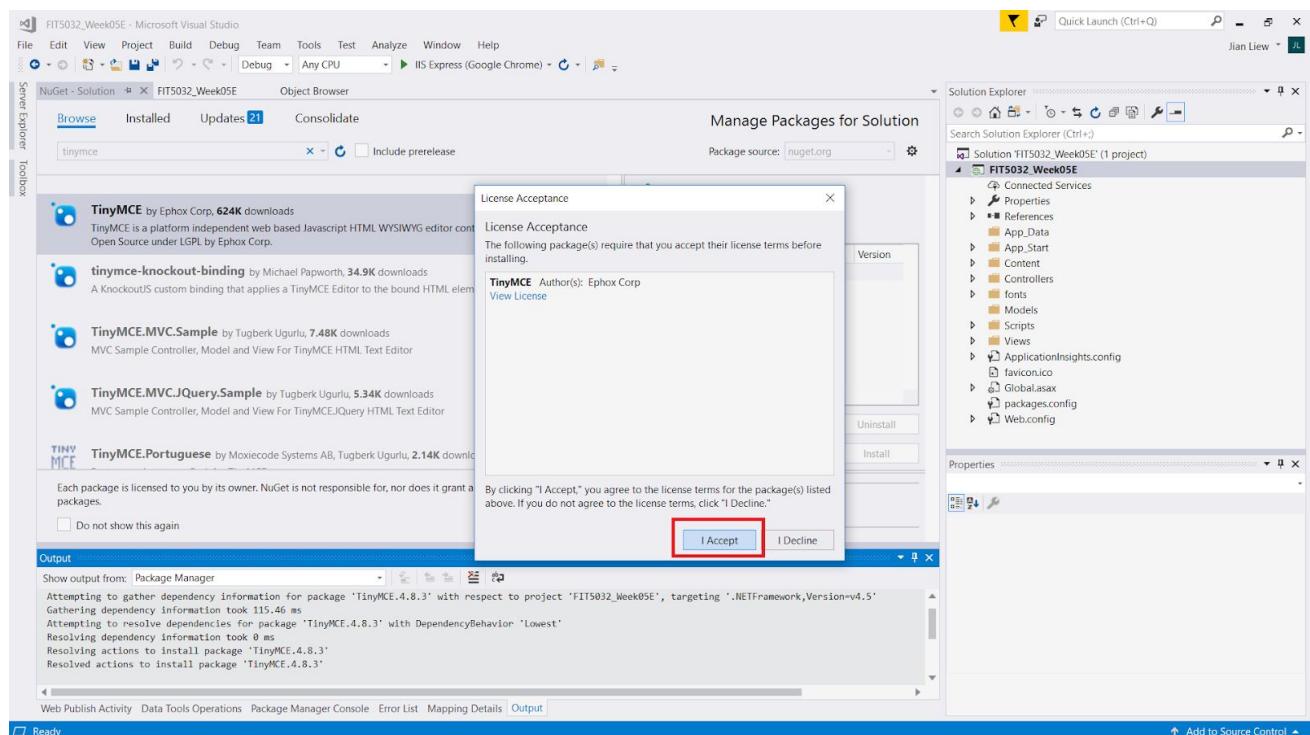
Step 6



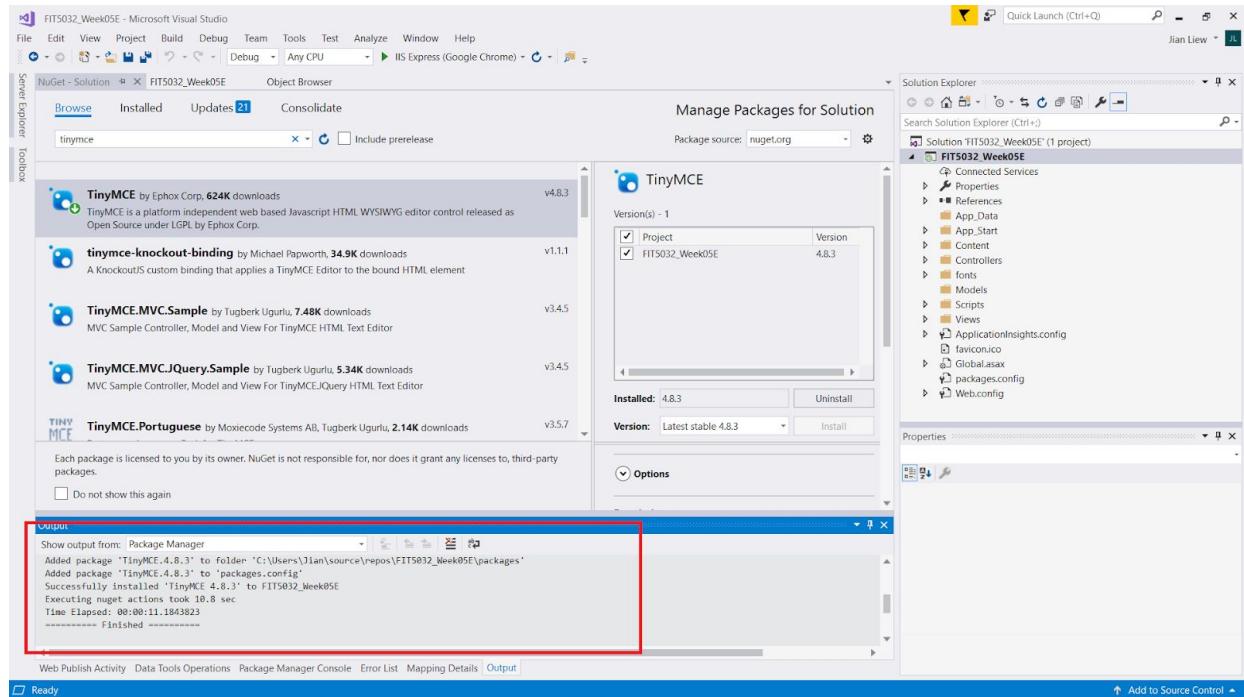
Step 7



Step 8

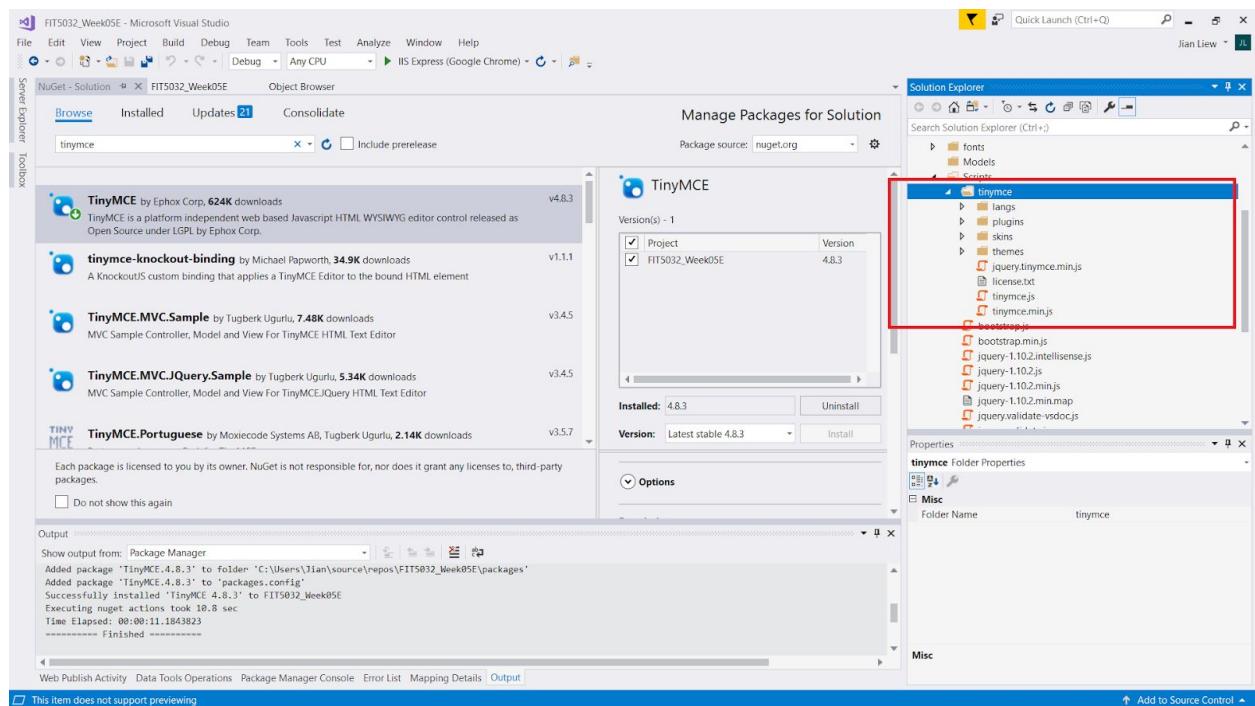


Step 9



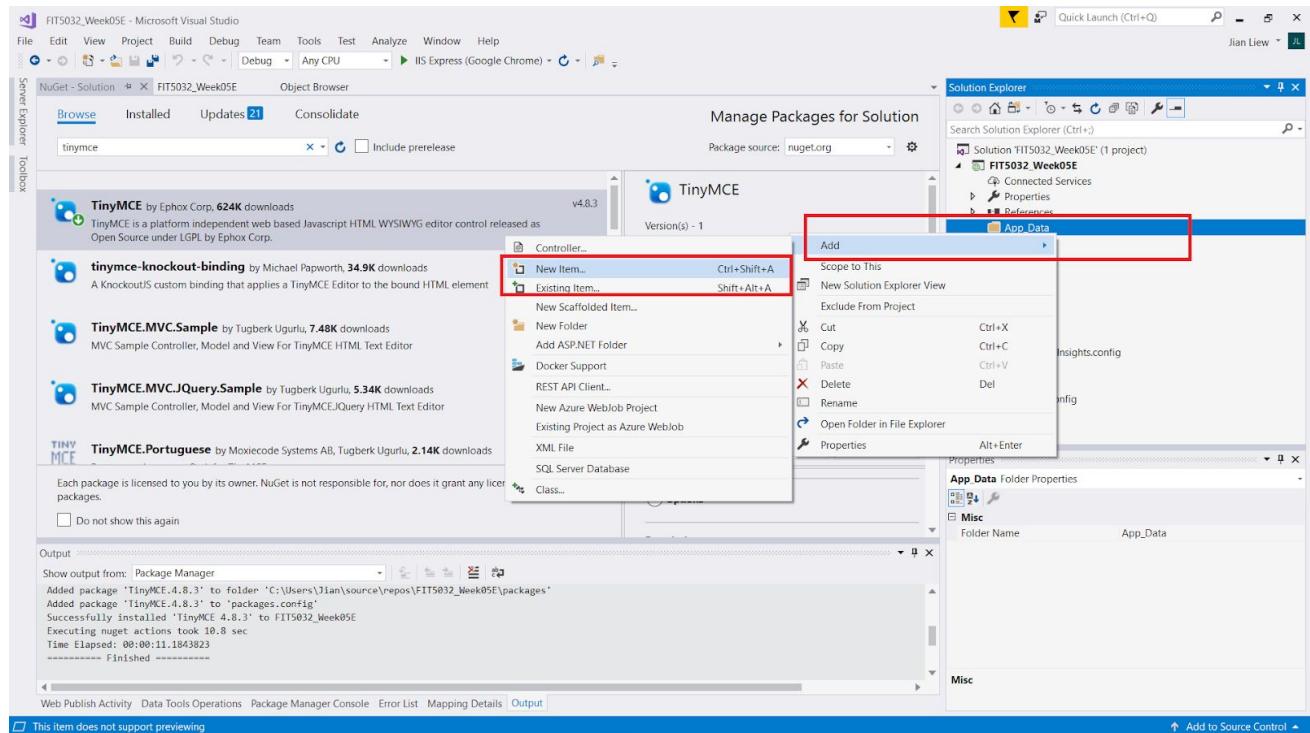
Step 10

You will notice that upon the completion of the "install", there will be a new folder created called "tinymce" under the Scripts folder. Do keep in mind that this installation process merely means that it downloads the need source files and you will still need to implement it so it is working.

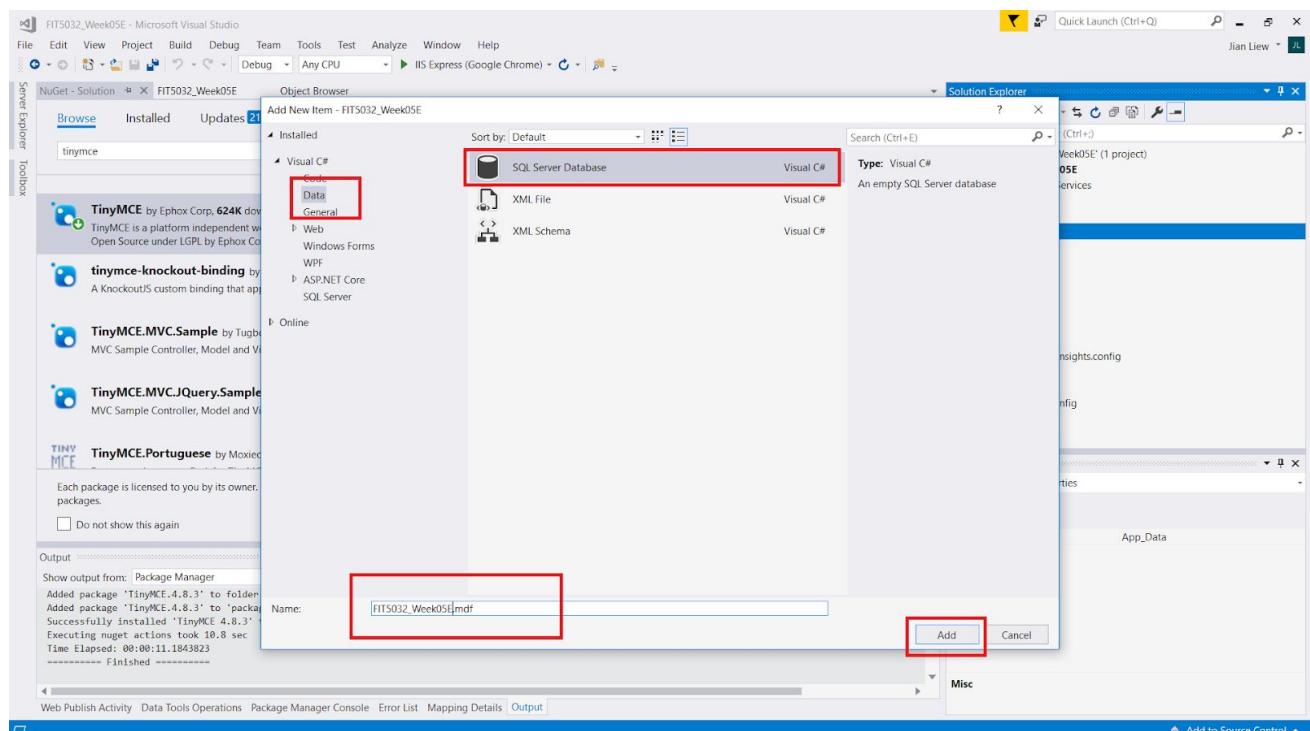


Step 11

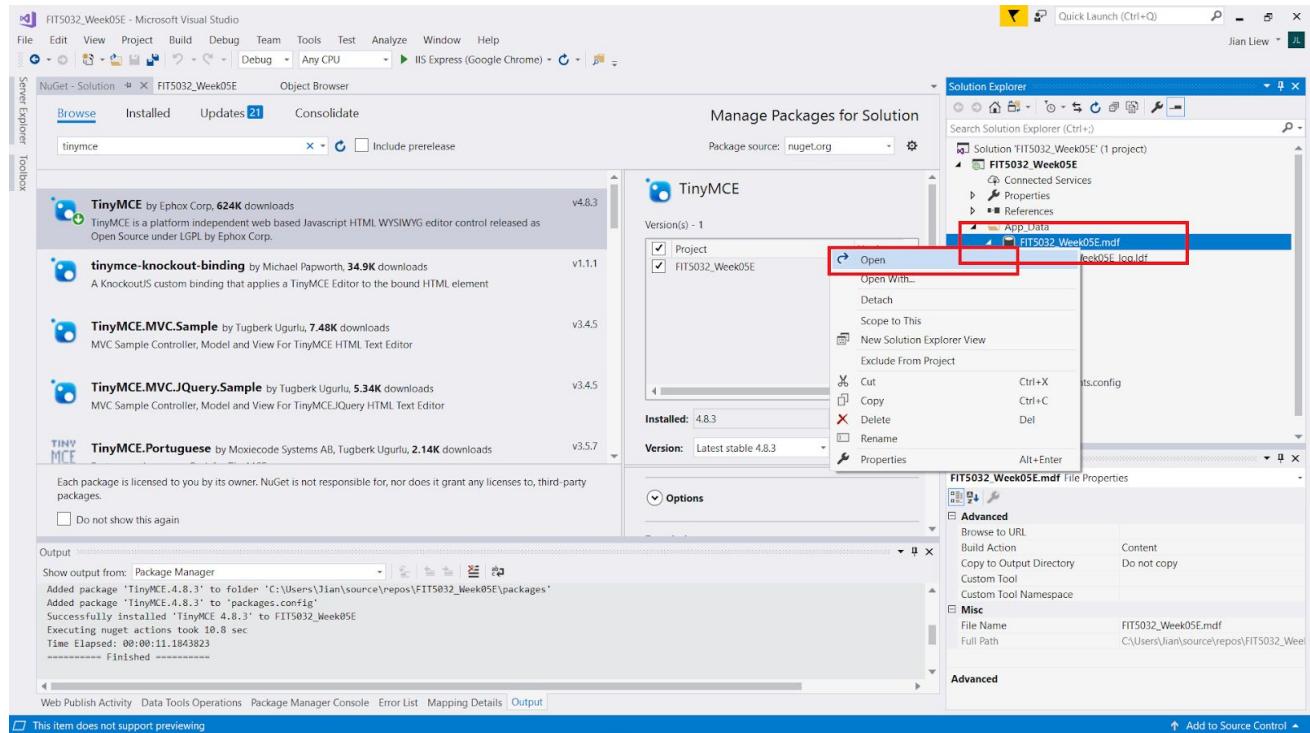
I will now use a database first approach to create a simple database that will allow me to store "Message" information.



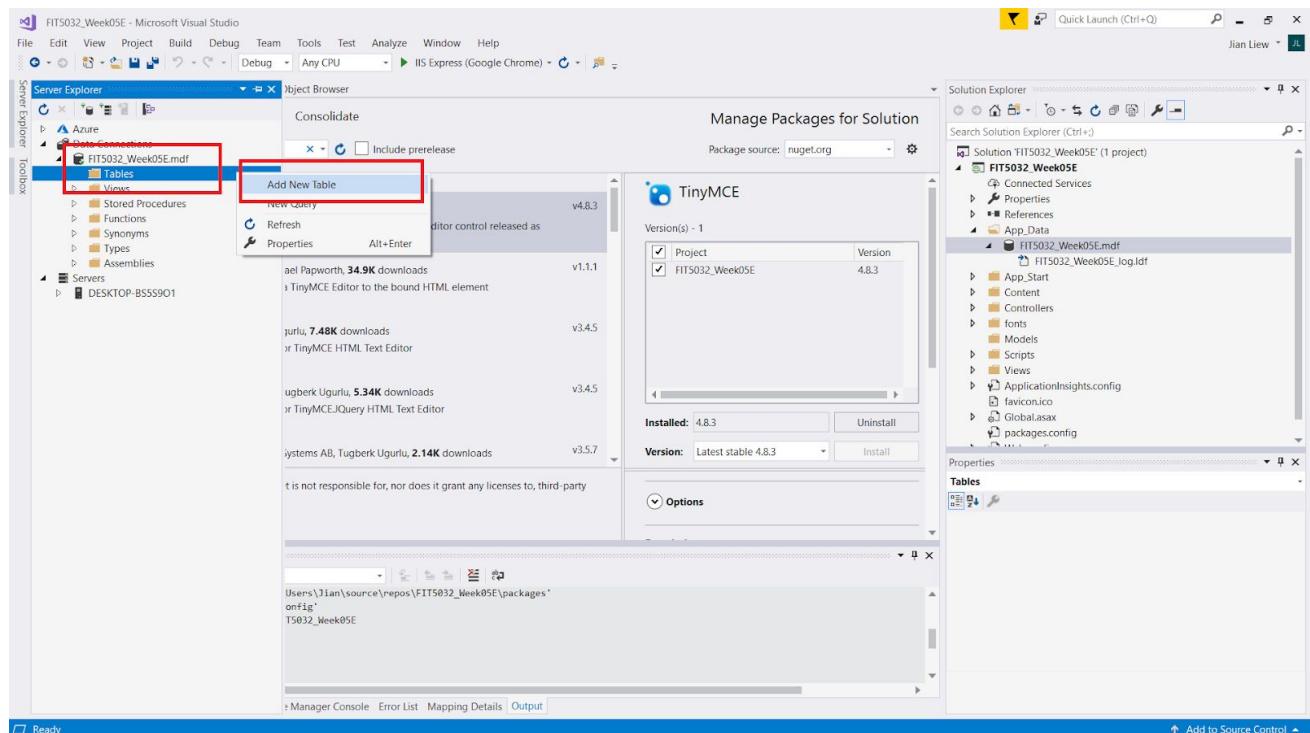
Step 12



Step 13

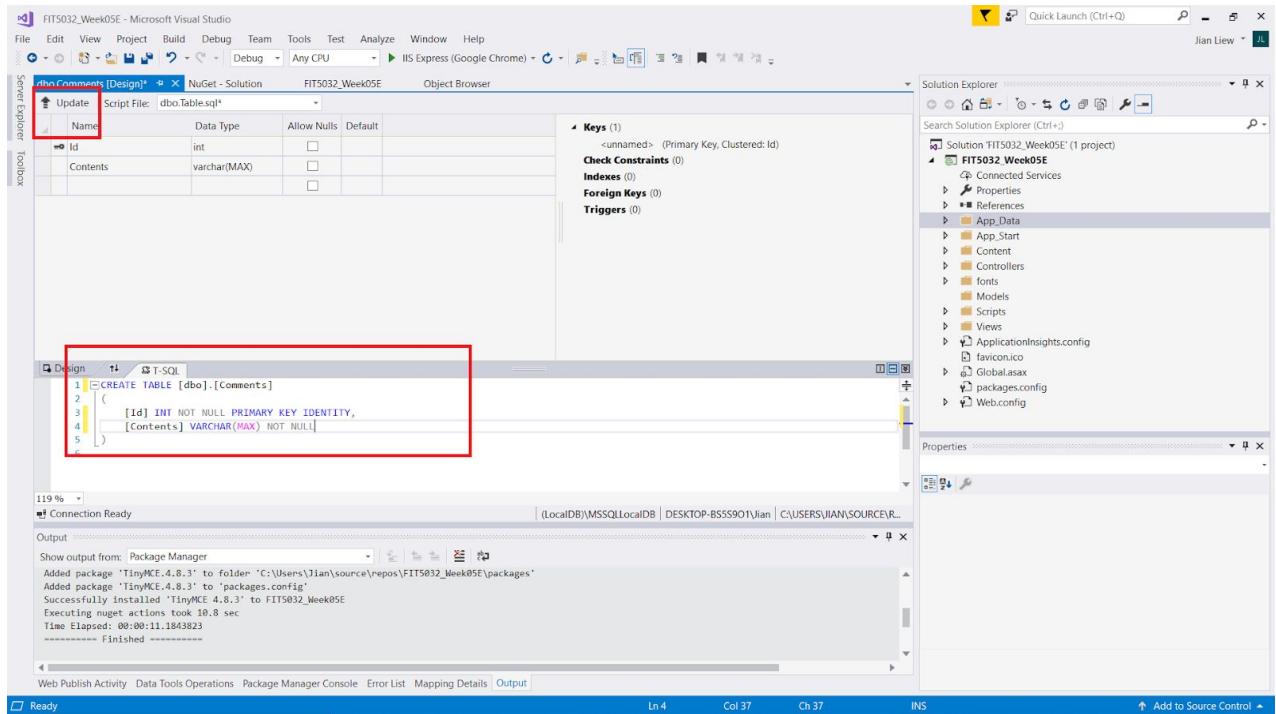


Step 14

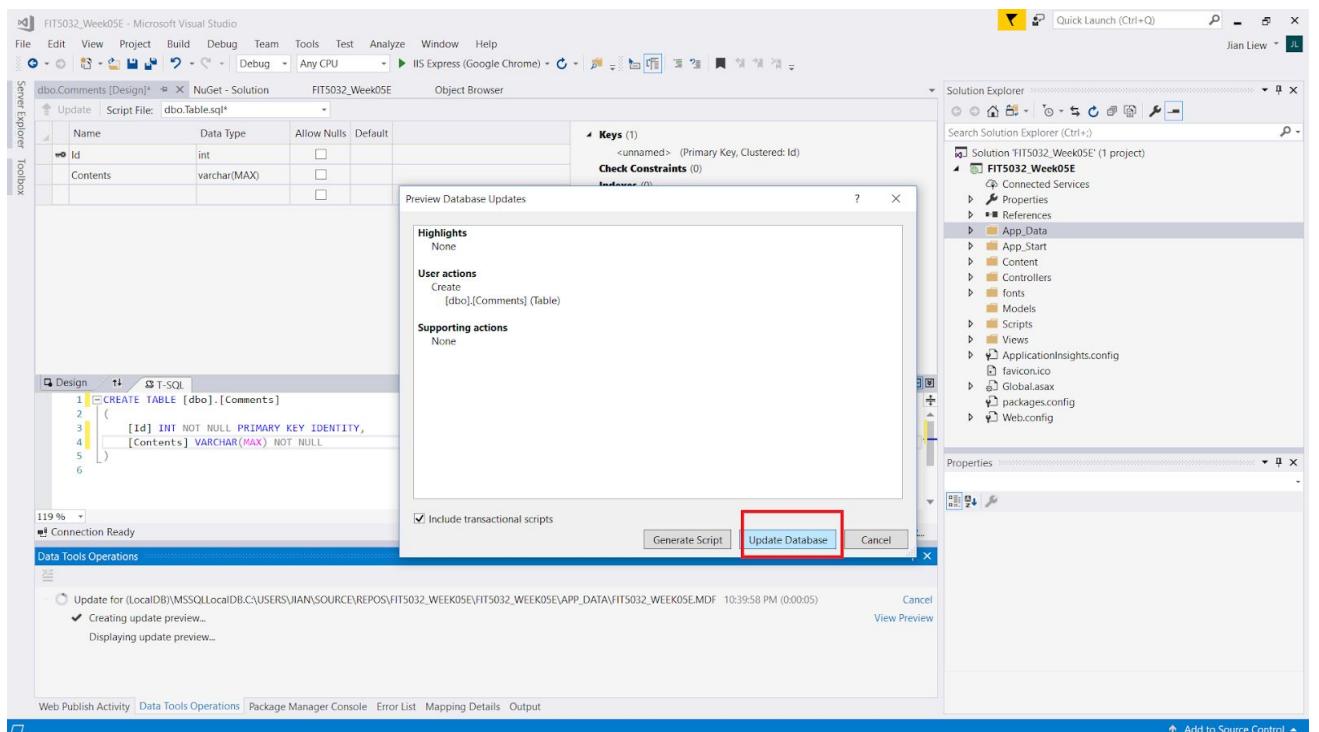


Step 15

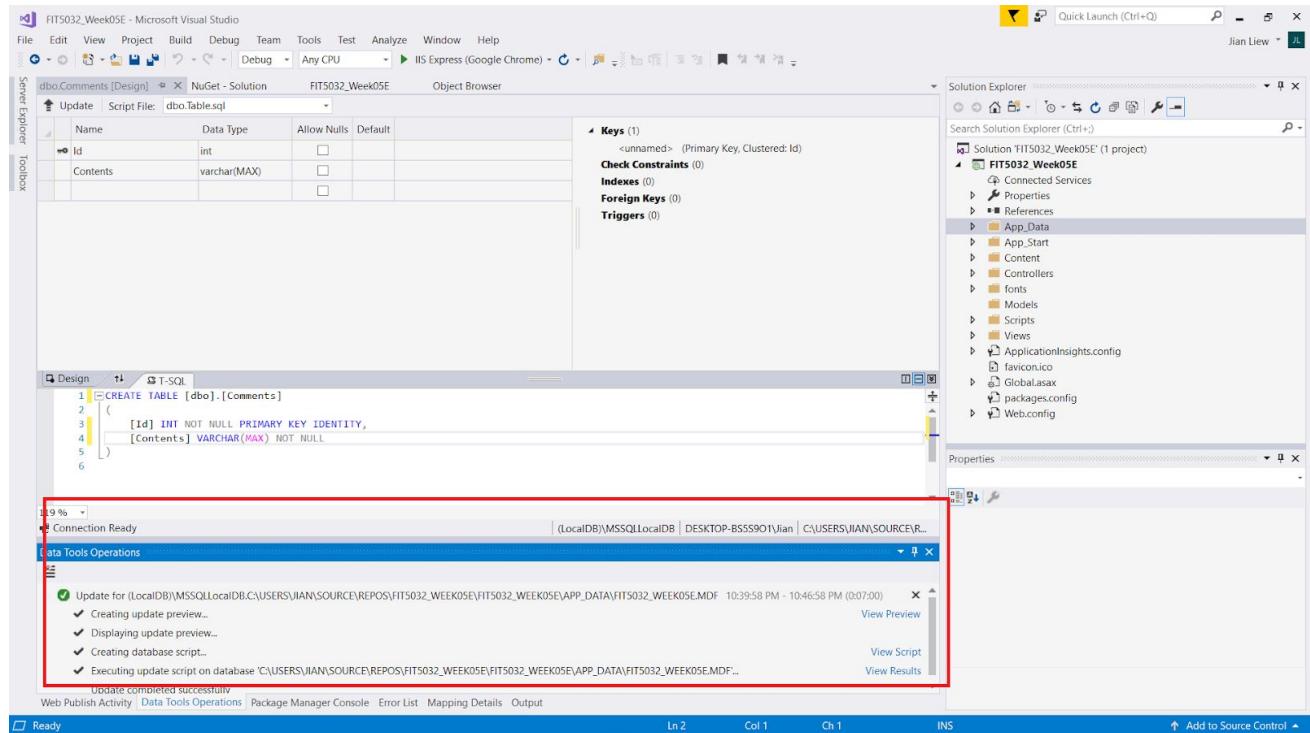
Here, I have introduced an Identity to my Primary Key column. Please remember to type the query in correctly. After that, you can hit the "Update" button. There is no difference between doing it this way or just executing a new query.



Step 17

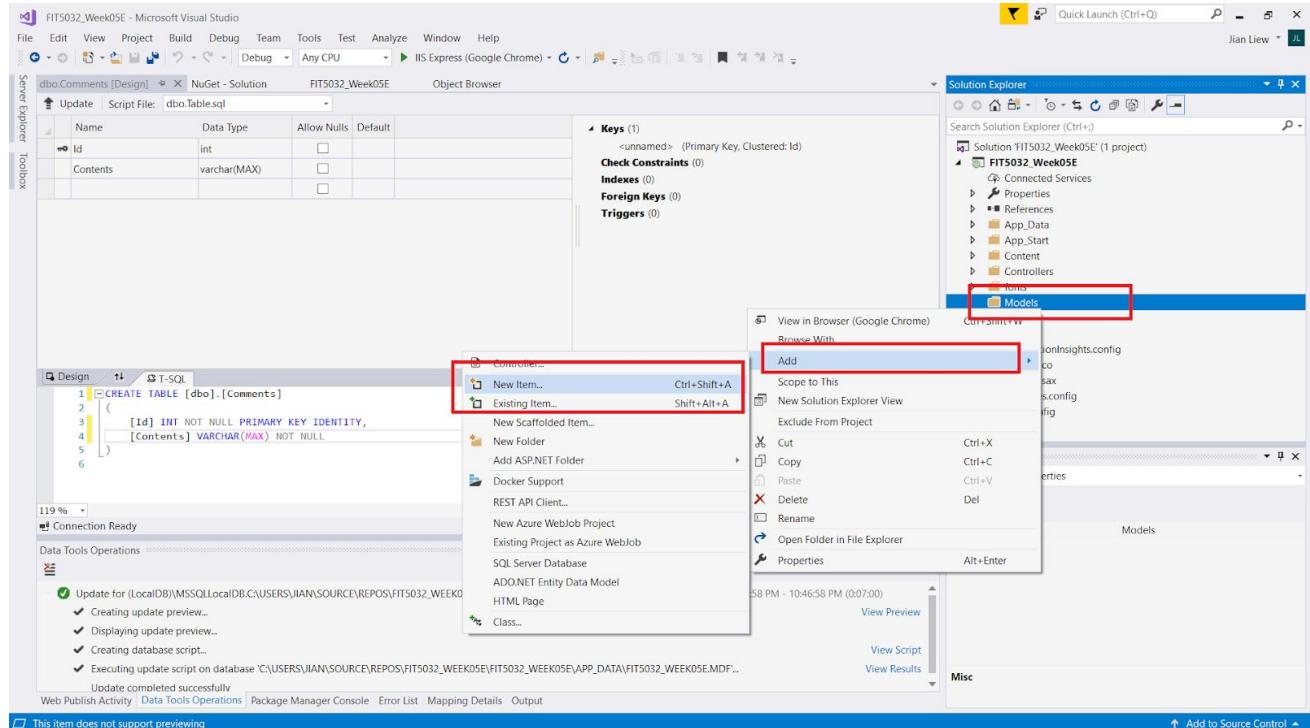


Step 18

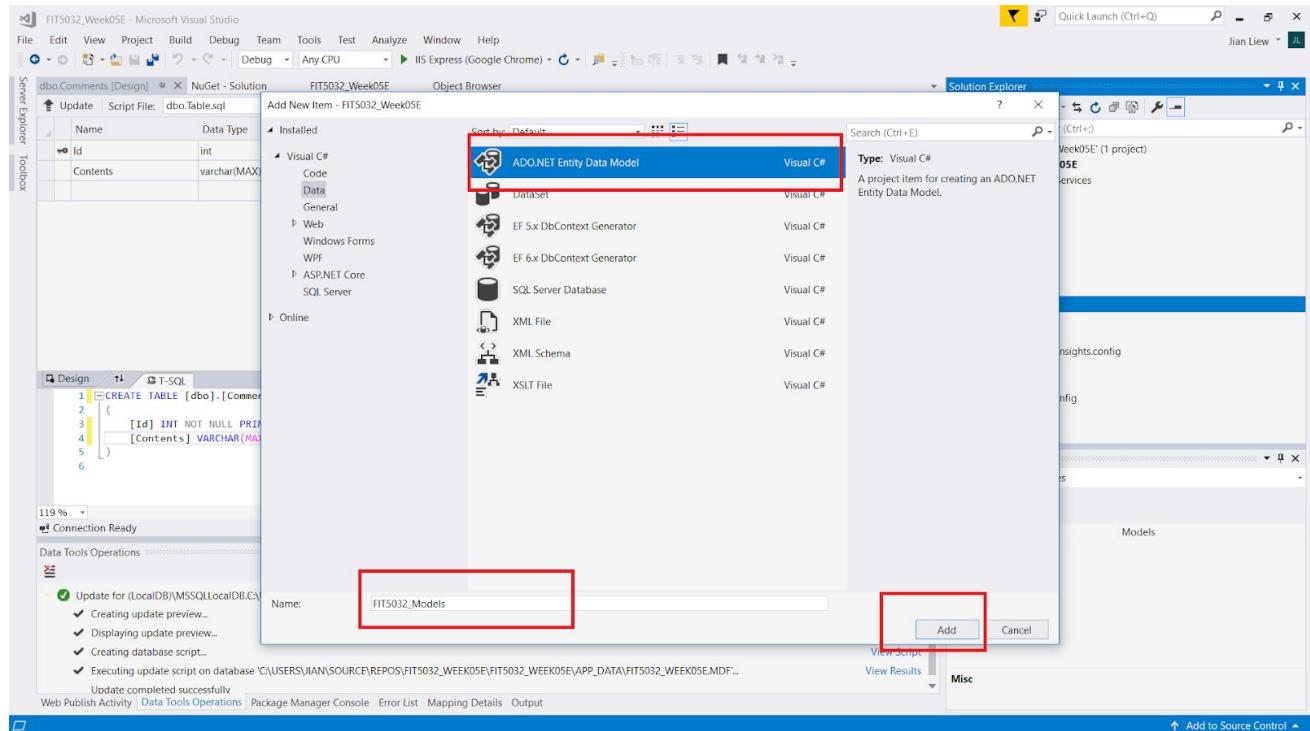


Step 19

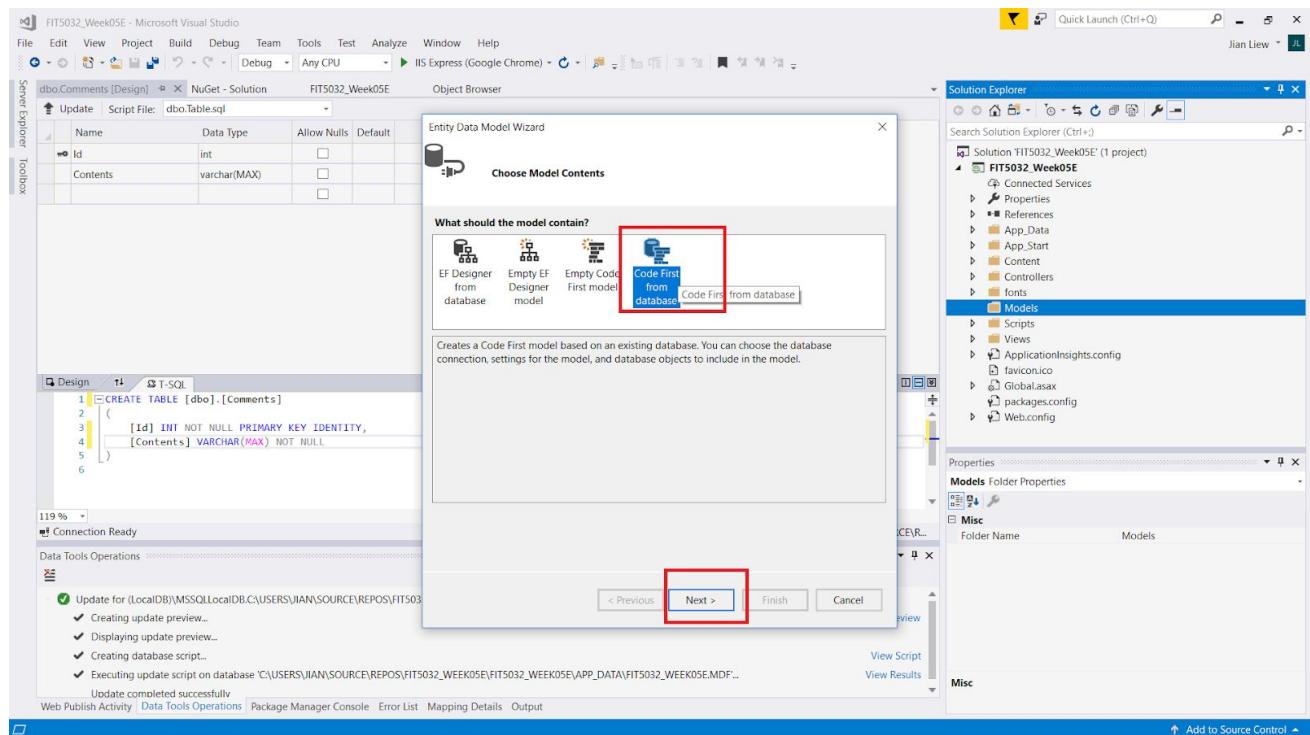
I will now create my Models, Controllers and Views using a DB First approach.



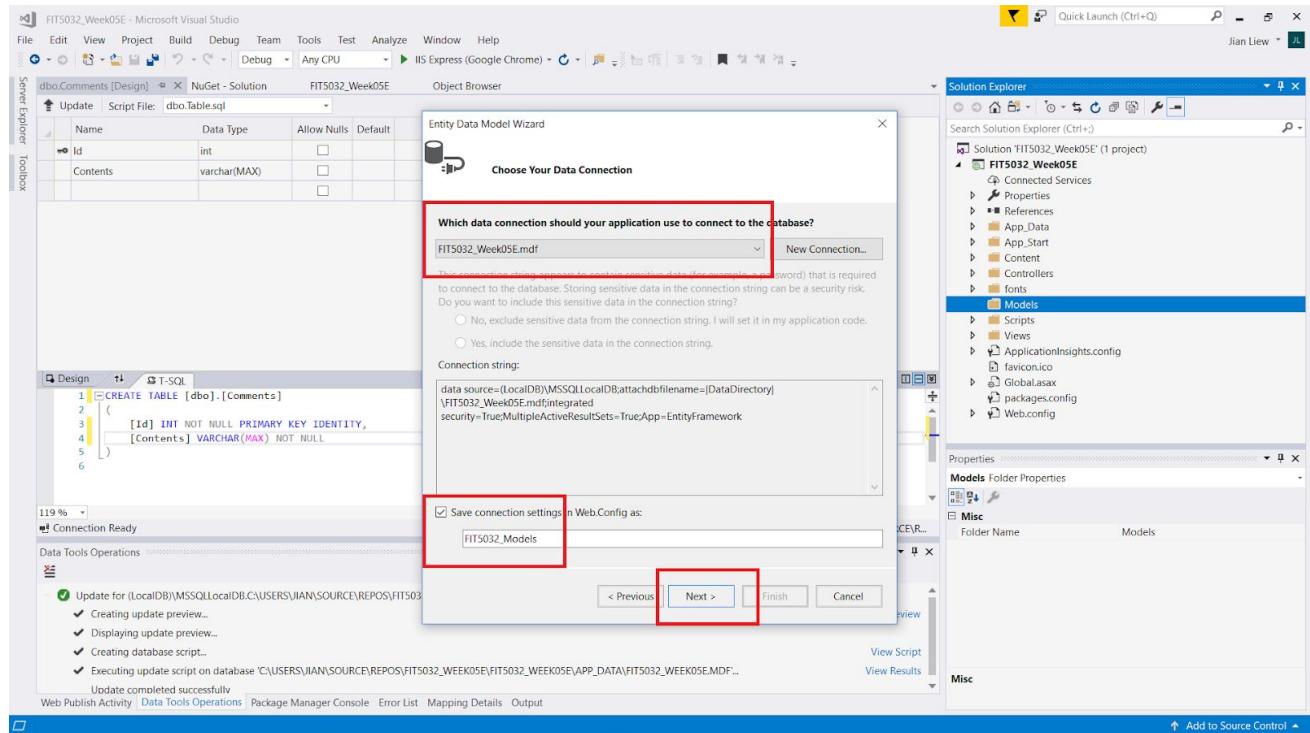
Step 20



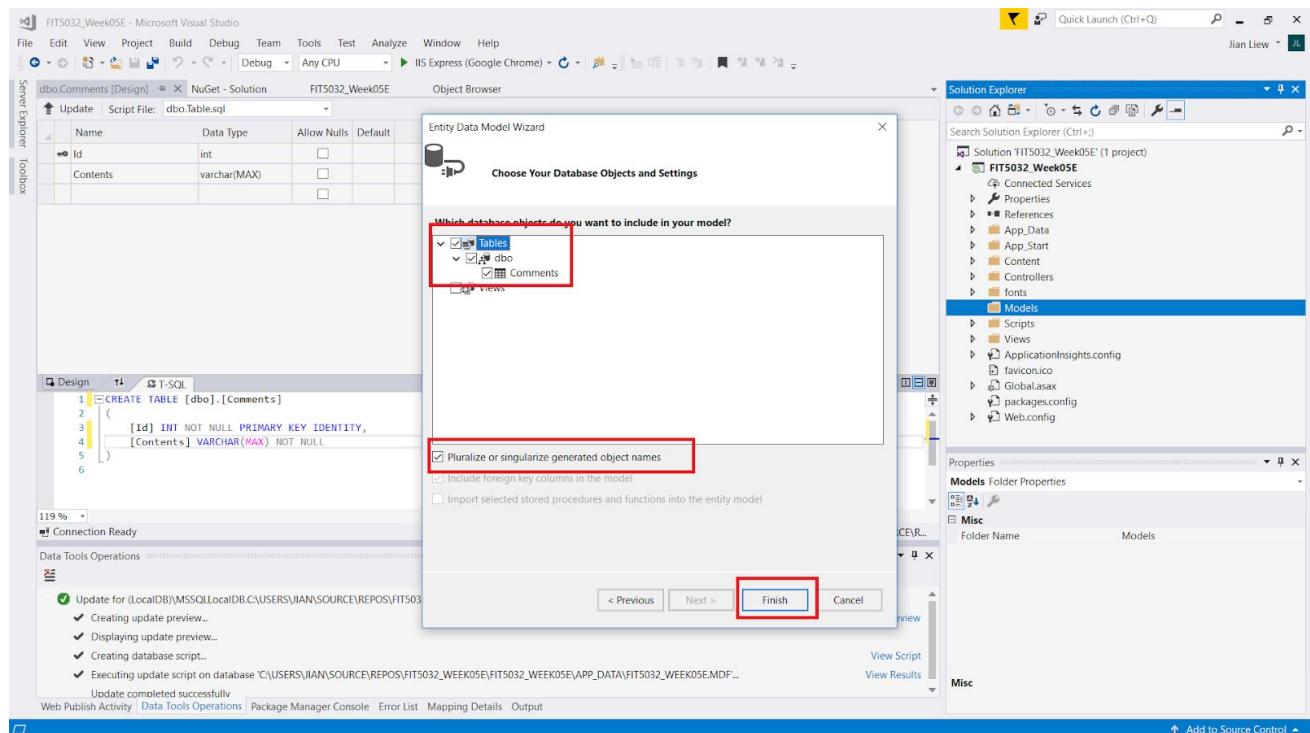
Step 21



Step 22

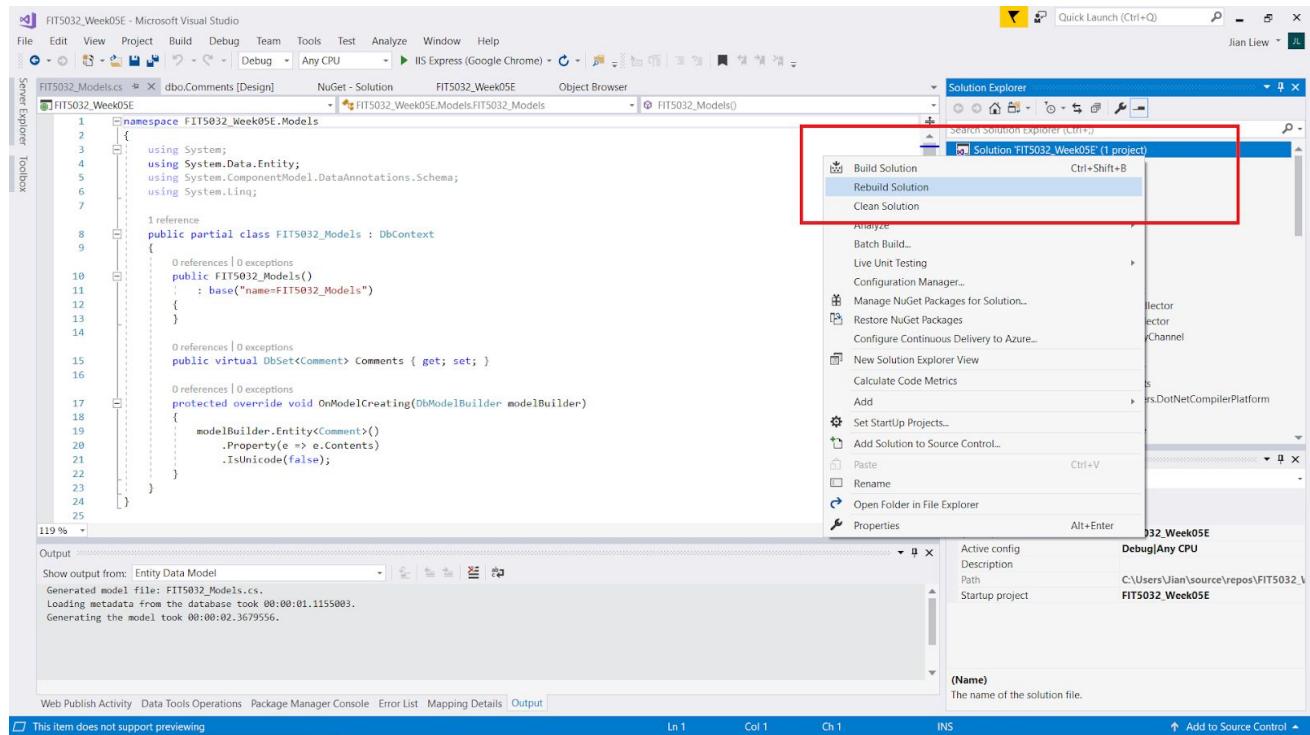


Step 23

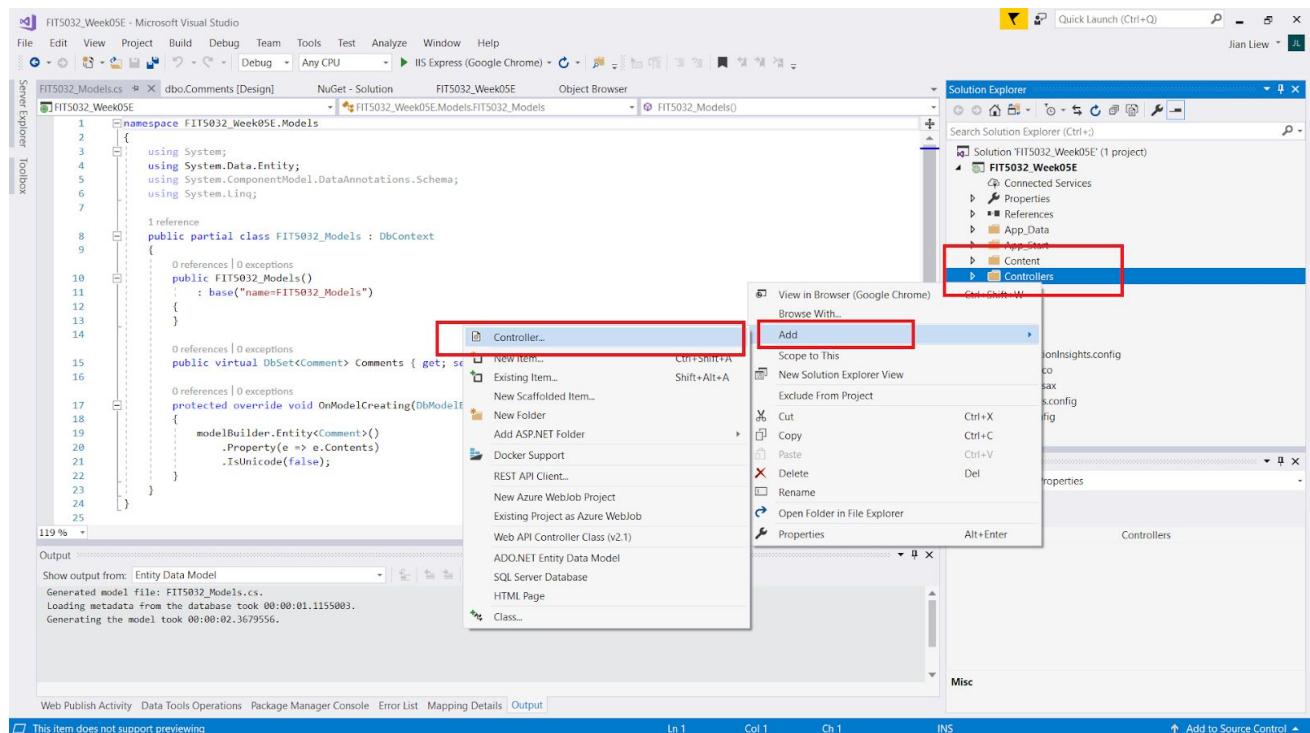


Step 24

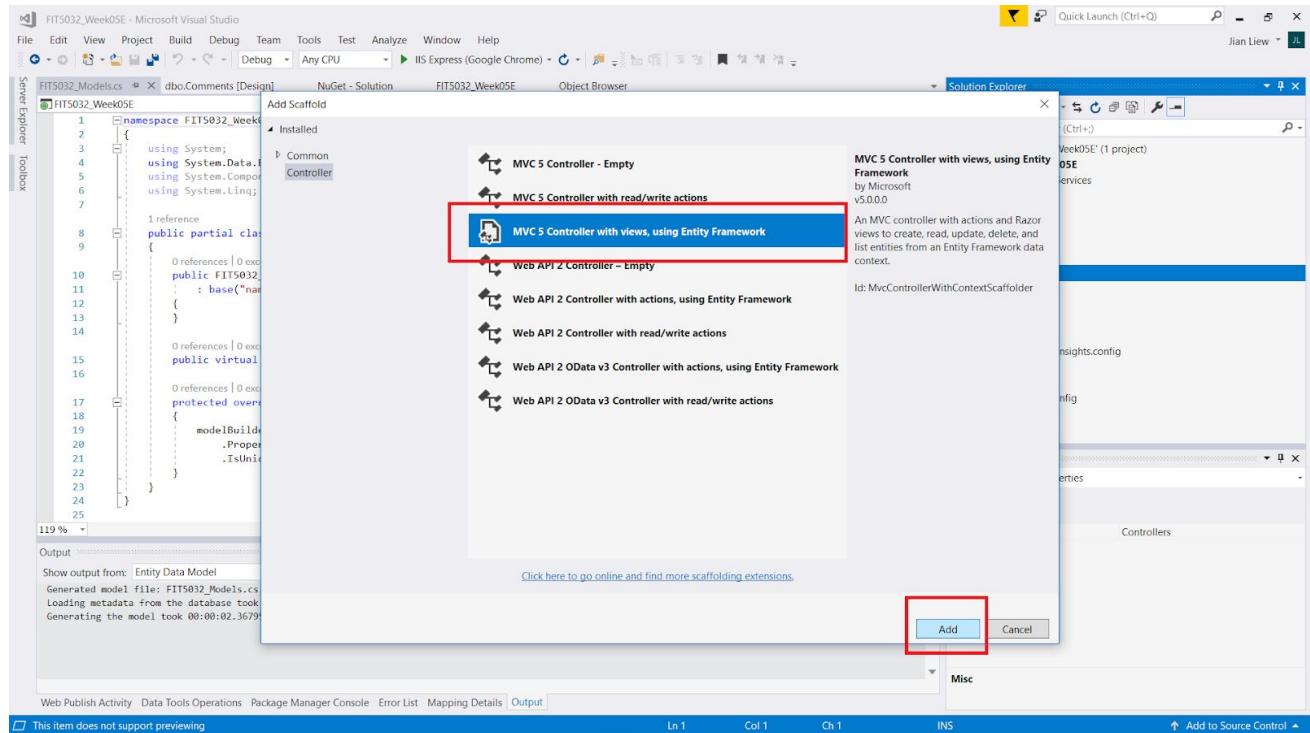
Please "Rebuild" your Solution.



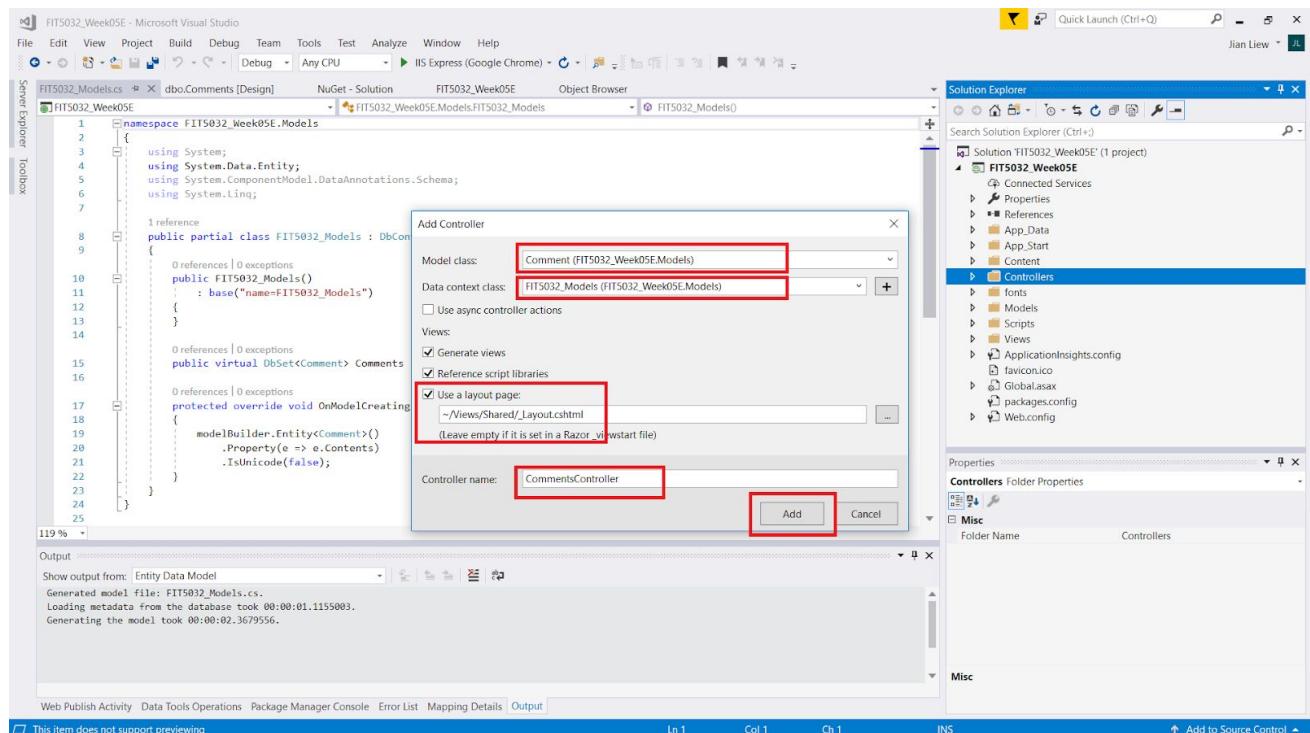
Step 25



Step 26



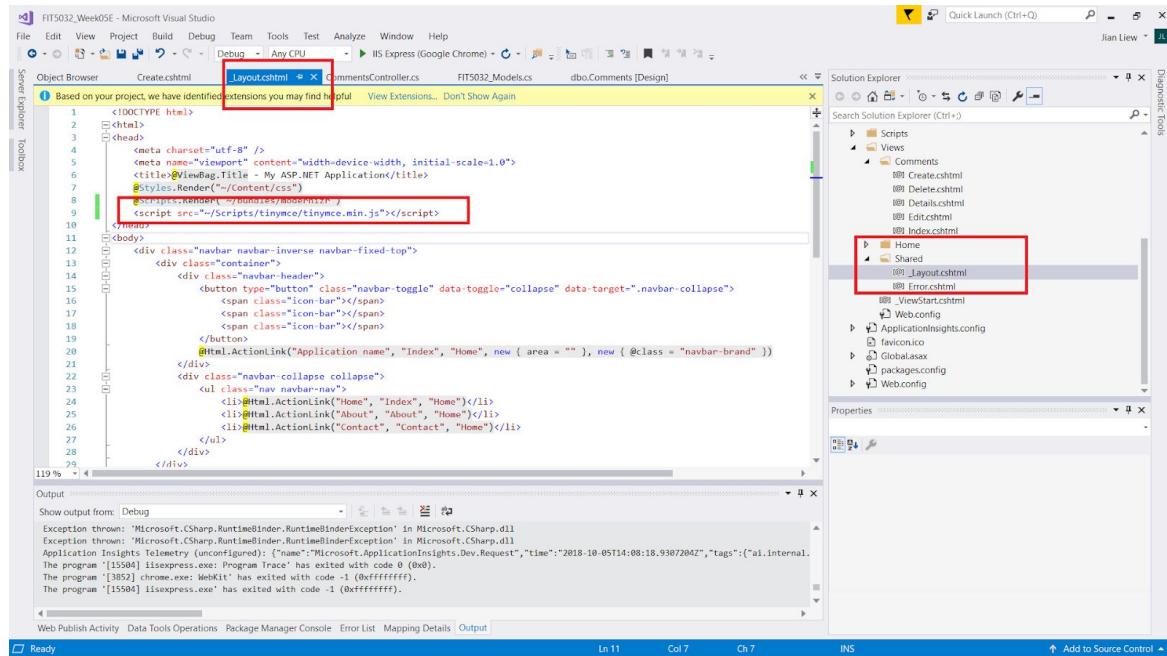
Step 27



Step 28

After that in order to get it working, a few steps need to be done.

You will first need to load the needed library. (You can do this at the _Layout.cshtml)



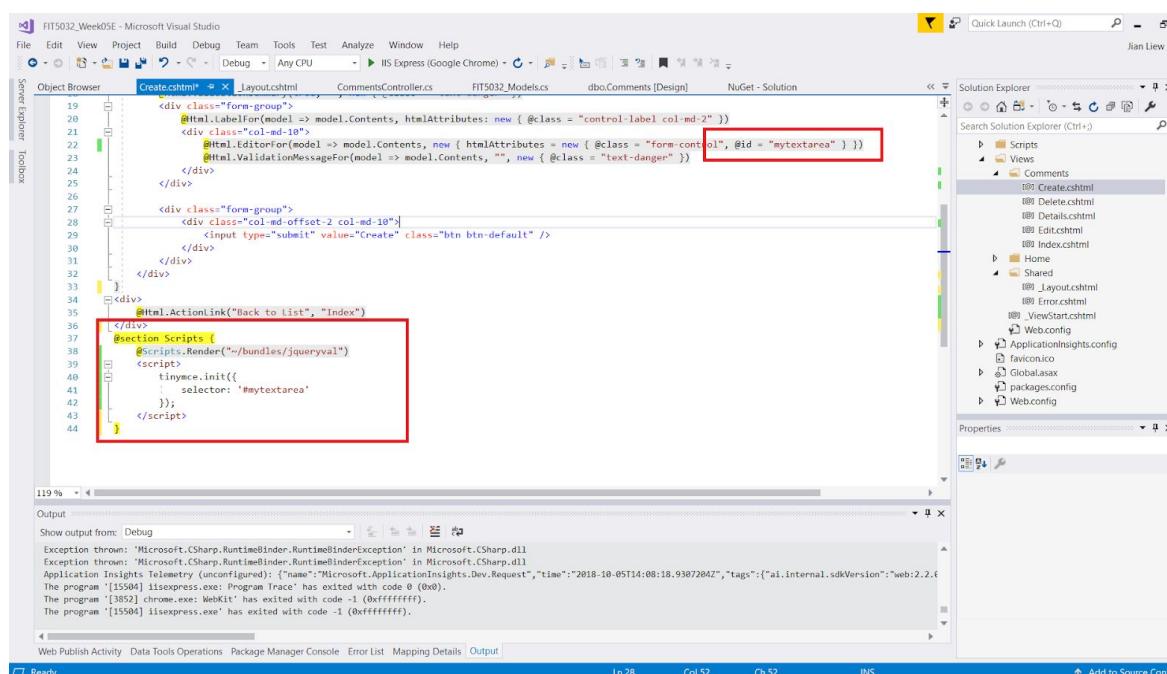
```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html charset="utf-8" />
<head>
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Visual Studio - My ASP.NET Application</title>
    <!-- Scripts -->
    <!-- Scripts -->
<body>
    <div class="navbar navbar-inverse navbar-fixed-top">
        <div class="container">
            <div class="navbar-header">
                <button type="button" class="navbar-toggle" data-toggle="collapse" data-target=".navbar-collapse">
                    <span class="icon-bar"></span>
                    <span class="icon-bar"></span>
                    <span class="icon-bar"></span>
                </button>
                <@Html.ActionLink("Application name", "Index", "Home", new { area = "" }, new { @class = "navbar-brand" })>
            </div>
            <div class="navbar-collapse collapse">
                <ul class="nav navbar-nav">
                    <li><@Html.ActionLink("Home", "Index", "Home")></li>
                    <li><@Html.ActionLink("About", "About", "Home")></li>
                    <li><@Html.ActionLink("Contact", "Contact", "Home")></li>
                </ul>
            </div>
        </div>
    </div>
</body>
</html>

```

Step 29

You will also now need to introduce the correct id and write the correct scripts to load it. (Create.cshtml)



```

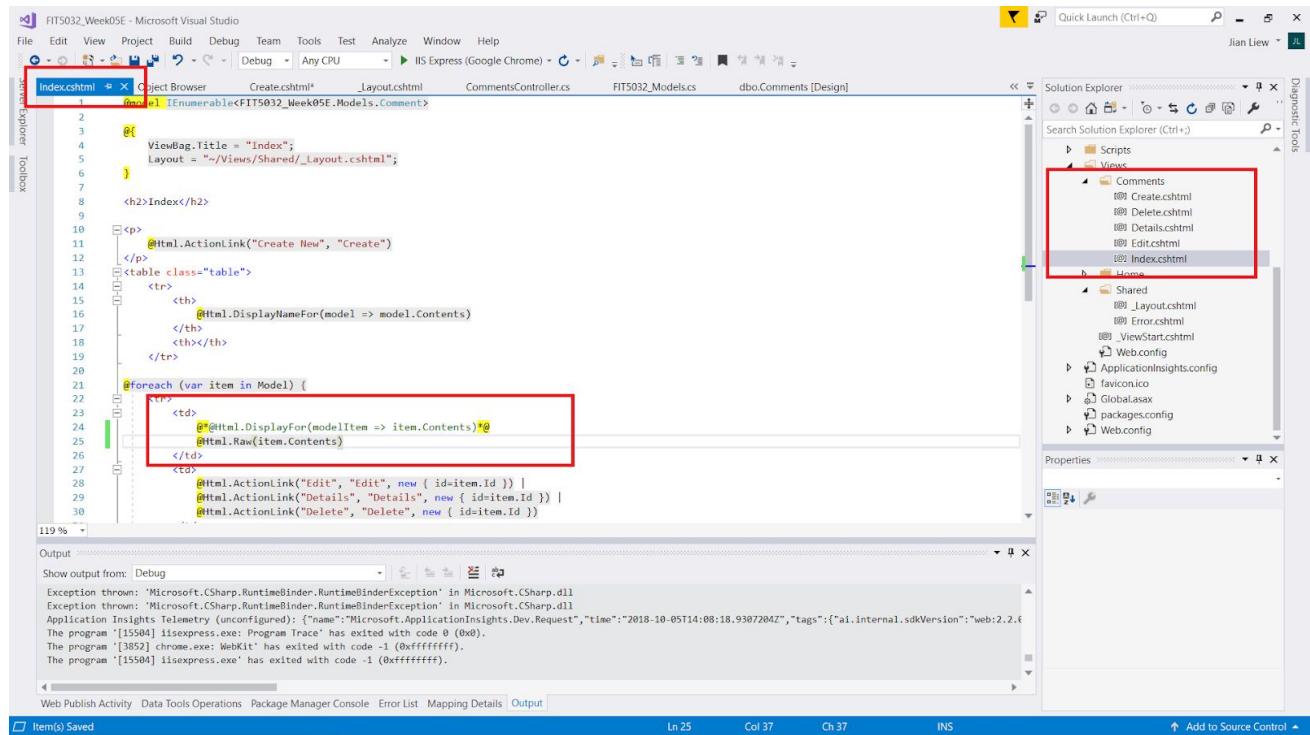
<div class="form-group">
    <@Html.LabelFor(model => model.Contents, htmlAttributes: new { @class = "control-label col-md-2" })>
    <div class="col-md-10">
        <@Html.EditorFor(model => model.Contents, new { htmlAttributes = new { @class = "form-control", @id = "mytextarea" } })>
    </div>
</div>

<div class="form-group">
    <div class="col-md-offset-2 col-md-10">
        <input type="submit" value="Create" class="btn btn-default" />
    </div>
</div>

```

Step 30

At the Index.cshtml of Comments. Make the changes below. (Using a Html.Raw instead since we are using a markup now).



```

1 <@model IEnumerable<FIT5032_Week05E.Models.Comment>
2
3     ViewBag.Title = "Index";
4     Layout = "~/Views/Shared/_Layout.cshtml";
5
6     <h2>Index</h2>
7
8     <p>
9         @Html.ActionLink("Create New", "Create")
10    </p>
11    <table class="table">
12        <tr>
13            <th>
14                @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.Contents)
15            </th>
16            <th></th>
17        </tr>
18
19        @foreach (var item in Model) {
20            <tr>
21                <td>
22                    @Html.DisplayFor(modelItem => item.Contents)
23                    @Html.Raw(item.Contents)
24                </td>
25                <td>
26                    @Html.ActionLink("Edit", "Edit", new { id=item.Id }) |
27                    @Html.ActionLink("Details", "Details", new { id=item.Id }) |
28                    @Html.ActionLink("Delete", "Delete", new { id=item.Id })
29                </td>
30            </tr>
31        }
32    </table>
33
34    <script>
35        $(document).ready(function() {
36            $('#example').DataTable();
37        });
38    </script>
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
65
66
67
68
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
79
80
81
82
83
84
85
86
87
88
89
90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109
110
111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118
119 %>

```

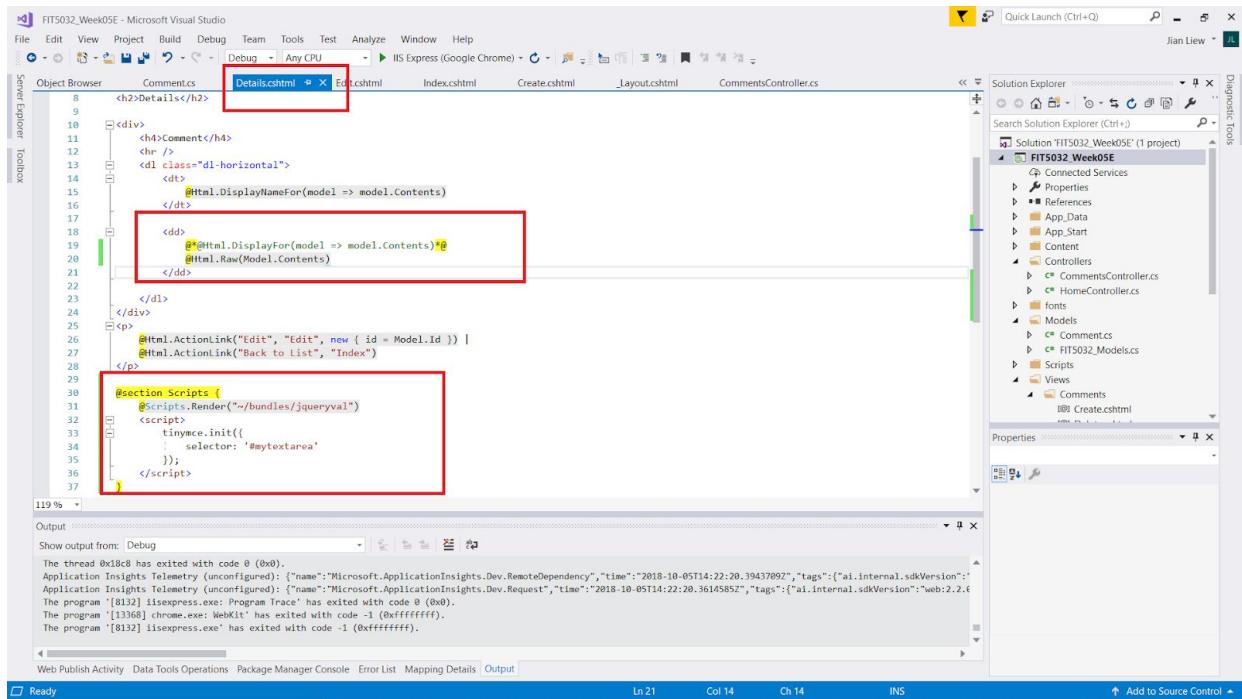
The code shows the original display logic (line 23) and the modified logic using `@Html.Raw(item.Contents)` (line 24) to prevent HTML encoding.

Step 31

Make similar changes to the Edit.cshtml of Comments.

Step 32

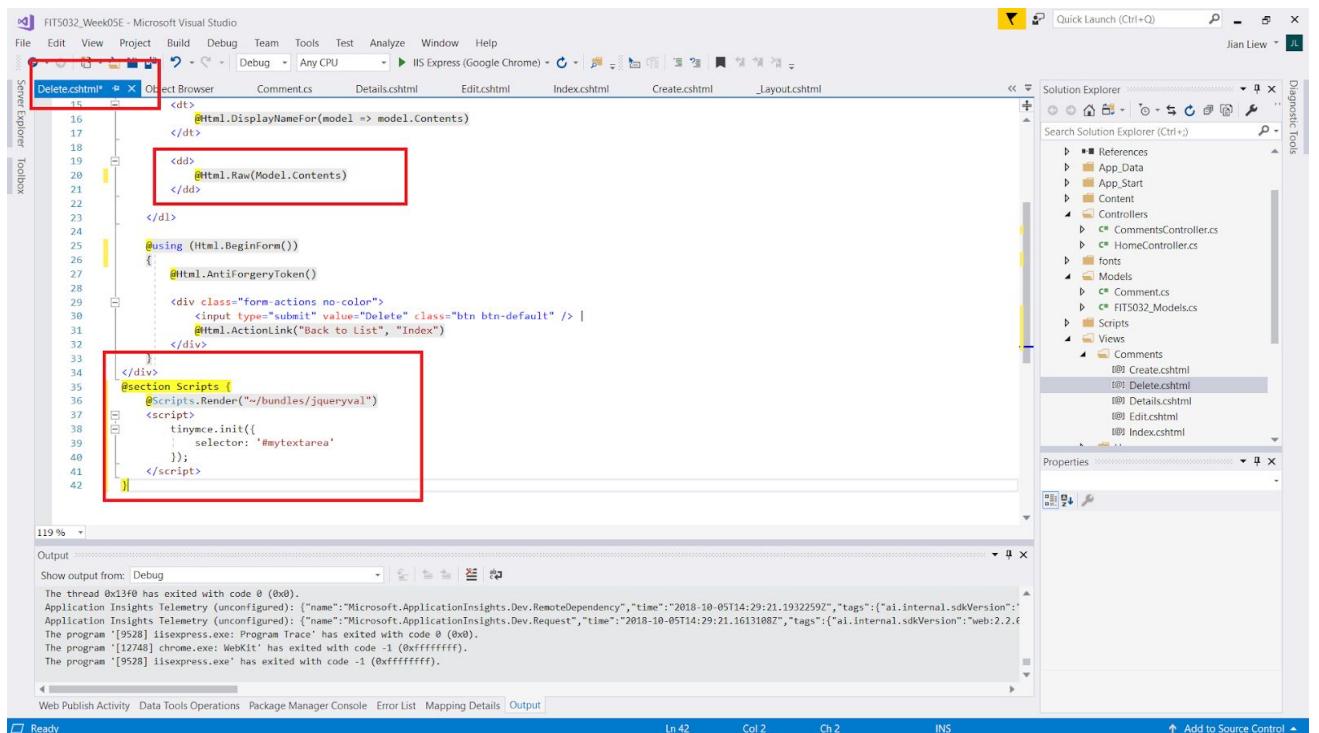
At the Details.cshtml of Comments make the following changes.



```

8   <h2>Details</h2>
9
10  <div>
11    <h4>Comment</h4>
12    <hr />
13    <dl class="dl-horizontal">
14      <dt>
15        @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.Contents)
16      </dt>
17
18      <dd>
19        @Html.DisplayFor(model => model.Contents)
20        @Html.Raw(Model.Contents)
21      </dd>
22
23    </dl>
24  </div>
25
26  <p>
27    <a href="#" @Html.ActionLink("Edit", "Edit", new { id = Model.Id }) |>
28    <a href="#" @Html.ActionLink("Back to List", "Index")>
29  </p>
30
31  <section Scripts>
32    <Scripts.Render("~/bundles/jqueryval")>
33    <script>
34      tinymce.init({
35        selector: '#mytextarea'
36      });
37    </script>
38  </section>
39
```

Step 33

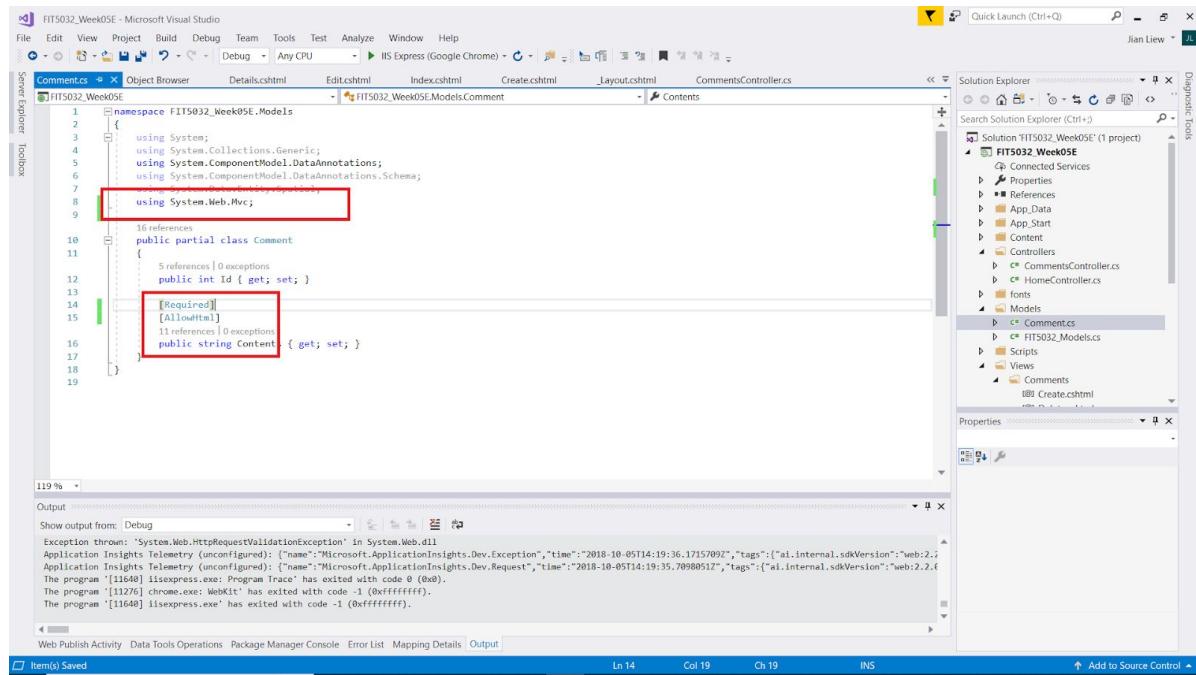


```

15  <h2>Delete</h2>
16
17  <div>
18    <dt>
19      @Html.DisplayNameFor(model => model.Contents)
20    </dt>
21
22    <dd>
23      @Html.DisplayFor(model => model.Contents)
24
25      <dd>@Html.Raw(Model.Contents)</dd>
26
27    </dl>
28
29    <using (Html.BeginForm())>
30    {
31      <Html.AntiForgeryToken()>
32
33      <div class="form-actions no-color">
34        <input type="submit" value="Delete" class="btn btn-default" /> |
35        <a href="#" @Html.ActionLink("Back to List", "Index")>
36      </div>
37
38    </div>
39    <section Scripts>
40      <Scripts.Render("~/bundles/jqueryval")>
41      <script>
42        tinymce.init({
43          selector: '#mytextarea'
44        });
45      </script>
46    </section>
47  </div>
48
```

Step 34 (Important!)

You will also need to make the following changes at the **Comment.cs** of the Models. The **[AllowHtml]** attribute is now needed.



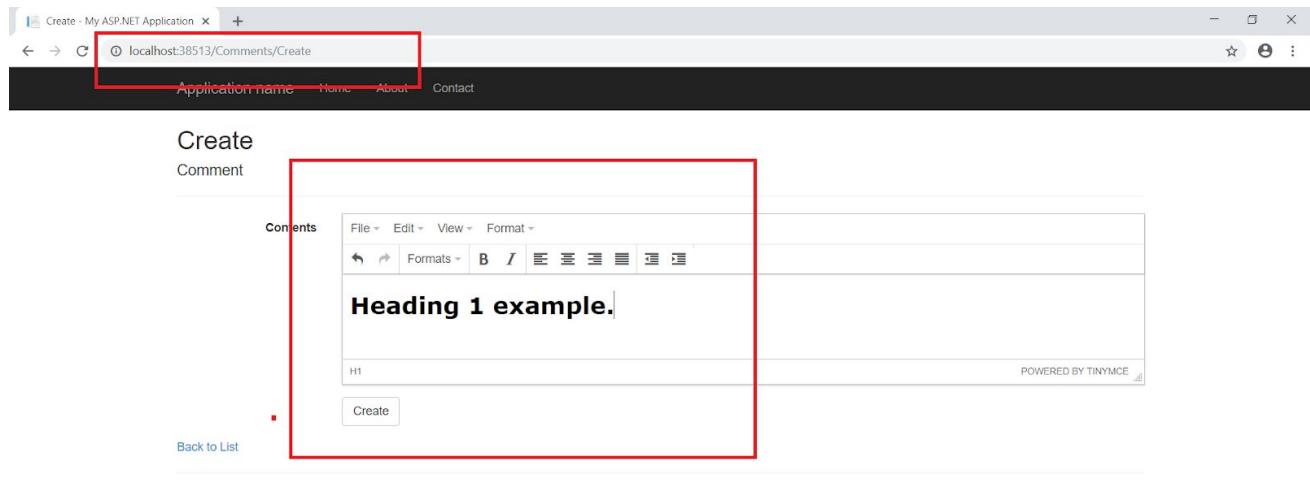
```

1  namespace FITS032_Week05E.Models
2  {
3      using System;
4      using System.Collections.Generic;
5      using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
6      using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
7      using System.Web.Mvc;
8
9
10     public partial class Comment
11     {
12         [Required]
13         [AllowHtml]
14         public string Content { get; set; }
15     }
16
17
18
19

```

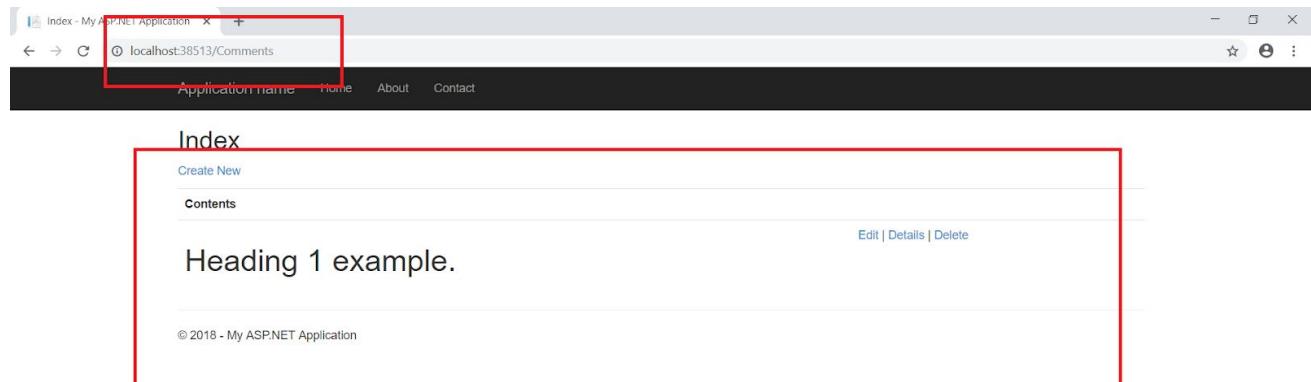
Step 34

Once you have completed that, the end result should be something very similar to this.



The screenshot shows a browser window with the title "Create - My ASP.NET Application". The address bar contains "localhost:38513/Comments/Create". Below the address bar is a navigation menu with links for "Application name", "Home", "About", and "Contact". The main content area is titled "Create" and has a sub-section titled "Comment". A rich text editor interface is displayed, with a toolbar at the top and a contenteditable area below it. The contenteditable area contains the text "Heading 1 example." in bold. A red box highlights the entire rich text editor interface. At the bottom of the page, there is a "Back to List" link and a copyright notice: "© 2018 - My ASP.NET Application".

Step 35



Step 36

You should introduce a hyperlink to this pages, so that the user experience will increase.

Explanation

In this supplementary tutorial, you would have learned how to use a simple JavaScript library to enable a WYSIWYG like feature. If you are interested, you can further look up how to configure the TinyMCE library to allow for more fancy features.

Conclusion

The objective of this supplementary material, is

- To showcase how to use TinyMCE at a basic level.
- How to edit Razor view for certain desired displays.