15 - LL stack

Ain

(vecte stack using Linked List

Algorithm

I struct stack

1. START data

3. struct stack *nect

4. struct stack "prov

5. STOP

I create * temp , head and Tail using street stack

II void isplay ()

1. \$START

2 - temp = head

3. Check if stack is empty

4. Elsa do print (16% d', temp > data)
while (temp!=NULL)

5. STOP

TV void insert ()

- 1 START
- 2. Initialise val of int
- 3 Instralise and allocate struct per stack of
- 4. Prompt and Input from user P-> date
- 5. of (head = = NULL) Ham
 - 1. head = P
 - 2 head -mest = NULL
 - 3. head -> prov = NULL
 - 4. tail = head;
- 6 Else
 - 1. fail > next = p
 - 2. tail -> nent -> prev = tail
 - 3 tail = p
 - 4. fail -> neut = NULL
- 7. Endif
- 2. STOP

J word pop()

1 START

2. check if stock is empty than print empty

3. Else

1. If (head = = tail)

1 head = NULL

2 tail = NULL

1. temp = tail
2. tail = tail -> prev
3. tail -> next = NULL
4 free (temp)

3 End if 4. End if 5. STOP



H-START

Output

Obtain ad

16 - LL quene

A,

Create Que data dructure wing Linked List

Algorithm

I. Struct que

- 1. START
 - a. int data
 - 3. Struct que * nent
 - 4. struct que * prov
 - c. STOP

Il creete struct que voicables like "Lemp, "head, "tril

III void display ()

- 1. START
- 2. temp = head
- 3. Et check if list is empty then prient ampto
- 4. Else
 - 1. it viete through each element and

print its data

5 End If.
6 STOP

TV void append ()

1. START

2. int val

3 (route and allocate street que +p

4. Prompt and Input from user p > data

5. If head is NULL Hon put p to head and

Else append & p to the end of ball and set it as kill

7 STOP

I void poplet()

1. START

2. check if que is emply then point emply

3. Else

1. print (hard > data)

a. Danise had she had snest

3. ramore read -> prov

4 End I 5. STOP

II int mani ()

- 1. START
- 7. Initialise the varietables
- 3. display the menu
- 4. int q = 1
- 5. while (q1 =0) //infinite loop
 - 1. Input the choice
 - 2 case 1: display
 - 3 (a) 2: a) ---
 - to: case 3: poplet.
 - 5. case 4: set q =0
- 6 End While
- 7 STOP

Output oblamed

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int sz=0;
struct stack{
    int data;
    struct stack *next;
    struct stack *prev;
} *temp ,*head=NULL ,*tail=NULL;
void display(){
    temp=head;
    if(sz==0)//(temp==NULL)
        printf("Stack Empty");
    else{
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
        temp=temp->next;
        while(temp!=NULL){
            printf("->%d ",temp->data);
            temp=temp->next;
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
}
void insert(){
    int val;
    struct stack *p;
    p=(struct stack*)malloc(sizeof(struct stack));
    printf("Enter the val: ");
    scanf("%d",&(p->data));
    if(head==NULL){
        head=p;
        head->next=NULL;
        head->prev=NULL;
        tail=head;
    }
    else{
        tail->next=p;
        tail->next->prev=tail;//p.prev
        tail=p;
        tail->next=NULL;//p.next
    }
    SZ++;
void pop(){
    if(sz==0)//(temp==NULL)
        printf("Stack Empty\n");
```

```
else{
        printf("%d is removed\n",tail->data);
        if(head==tail){
            head=NULL;
            tail=NULL;
        }
        else{
            temp=tail;
            tail=tail->prev;
            tail->next=NULL;
            free(temp);
        }
        SZ--;
    }
}
int main(){
    int choice;
    int pos;
    printf("1...display\n");
    printf("2...insert\n");
    printf("3...pop\n");
    printf("4...quit\n");
    int quit=1;
    while(quit!=0){
        printf("\nOption : ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice){
                case 1: display();
                         break;
                case 2: insert();
                         break;
                case 3: pop();
                         break;
                case 4: quit=0;
                break;
            default:
                printf("\n1...display\n");
                printf("2...insert\n");
                printf("3...pop\n");
                printf("4...quit\n");
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
1...display
```

2...insert

3...pop

4...quit

Option: 2

Enter the val: 1

Option: 2

Enter the val: 2

Option: 2

Enter the val: 3

Option: 1

1 ->2 ->3

Option: 3

3 is removed

Option: 3

2 is removed

Option: 3

1 is removed

Option: 3

Stack Empty

Option: 1

Stack Empty

Option: 4

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int sz=0;
struct que{
    int data;
    struct que *next;
    struct que *prev;
} *temp ,*head=NULL ,*tail=NULL;
void display(){
    temp=head;
    if(sz==0)//(temp==NULL)
        printf("Queue Empty");
    else{
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
        temp=temp->next;
        while(temp!=NULL){
            printf("->%d ",temp->data);
            temp=temp->next;
        }
    printf("\n");
}
void revdisp(){
    temp=tail;
    if(sz==0)//(temp==NULL)
        printf("Queue Empty");
    else{
        printf("%d",temp->data);
        temp=temp->prev;
        while(temp!=NULL){
            printf("<- %d",temp->data);
            temp=temp->prev;
        }
    }
    printf("\n");
}
void append(){
    int val;
    struct que *p;
    p=(struct que*)malloc(sizeof(struct que));
    printf("Enter the val: ");
    scanf("%d",&(p->data));
    if(head==NULL){
        head=p;
        head->next=NULL;
```

```
head->prev=NULL;
        tail=head;
    }
    else{
        tail->next=p;
        tail->next->prev=tail;//p.prev
        tail=p;
        tail->next=NULL;//p.next
    }
    SZ++;
}
void popleft(){
    if(sz==0)//(temp==NULL)
        printf("Queue Empty\n");
    else{
        printf("%d is removed\n",head->data);
        if(head==tail){
            head=NULL;
            tail=NULL;
        }
        else{
            temp=head;
            head=head->next;
            head->prev=NULL;
            free(temp);
        }
        SZ--;
    }
}
int main(){
    int choice;
    int pos;
    printf("1...display\n");
    printf("2...append\n");
    printf("3...popleft\n");
    printf("4...quit\n");
    int quit=1;
    while(quit!=0){
        printf("\nOption : ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice){
                case 1: display();
                         break;
                case 2: append();
                         break;
                case 3: popleft();
                         break;
```

```
1...display
2...append
3...popleft
4...quit
Option: 2
Enter the val: 1
Option: 2
Enter the val: 2
Option: 2
Enter the val: 3
Option: 1
1 ->2 ->3
Option: 3
1 is removed
Option: 3
2 is removed
Option: 3
3 is removed
Option: 3
Queue Empty
Option: 1
Queue Empty
Option: 4
Exiting from program
```