## Binary Tree - Array

## ALGORITHM

I . int search key () int i, int key)

1. START

2. of (one [:] == key)

· networm

3. else 1 (2+ ? <= len (ass.)) // len (corr) <- returns /eng

1. x = seanchkey (2\* i, key)

4. else

1. return 0;

c. End If

6. The ( (2 = =0 le (2 × i +1 <= len (over))

1. x = bearch key (2xi+1, key);

7. Elice

2 1. return -1

9. STOP

8. Setwen 2

9. STOP

II. void bt\_deled (int node) ? 1. START 2. i = searchkey (1, node) 3. of (1 == -1) do then 1. print ("Node does not exists") 4. Else of (aux [i\*2] ==0 ll aux[2\*i+1] ==0) 1. print ( arr[i] + " is removed") 2. avr [i] = 0; 5. Else 1. Print ( cors[i] + " w not a leaf node" 6. STOP void build-tree (int i, int item) START arr[i] = item \$, L = 0, R=0 print (" does" + item + " have a left node") 4. scan (" %d", RL) 5. \$ (L!=0) 1. print "Left chield val."

a. scanb (" =/8d", lx)

3. build-tree (2+i,2);

```
6. End I
    7. Print ("dors"+ item+"have a right node (0/1).")
    8 scand (" % d", lk),
    9. A (R1=0)
          1. print ("tright child value:")
          2. scan ("% d", l2)
          3. build-tree (2#i+1, x);
     10. End of
     11. STOP
void bt_insect (int node)
1. START
2. i = searchkey (1, node)
```

2. i = searchkey (1, node)

3. if (len (av) = =0)

1. build-free (1, node)

2. return

4. Else if (i = = -1)

1. print (node + "is not a btree element")

5. Else to (ara [2 + i]! = 0 ft ara [2 + i+1]! = 0)

6. Else 1. print ("enter val to insert")

1. poult (node " has a thirdren")

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2. Scan (" o/od" litem)
     3. if (over (2 + i] = =0)
            1. print. (" add to the left of"+ aux [1])
             7. Scand ("%d", &1);
            3. \ (\left(!=0)
                   1. coo [2 * c] = item;
                   2. print (avr (2xi)+" was successelly
                                           added ")
             4 End If
       4. ] (avr[2xi+1] ==0 ll l==0)
             1. print ("add to the right of" + arr [i])
             2. scan ("90d", & r)
              3. ( h 1=0)
                   1. ovr[axi+1] = item;
                    2. print ( orste item +" was successfully
                                             added ")
           4. End of
        5 - End If
        6. STOP
void dispinonder (int i)
    2. I (j < len(avr) Il avr[i] !=0)
           1. dispinonder (2 + i)
           2. print ("It"+ arr [i])
```

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3. End of
    4. STOP
void dispreander (int i)
   1. T START
    2. If (jc=len(aur) ll arti] (=0)
   1. 14
     2. print (" 1+" + arr [2])
       3. dispreorder (2+i)
          dispheonder (24i+1)
   3. End I
  4. STOP
void dispostonder (int i)
    1. ST ART
    2. If (j k=len(ars) &l ars [i]!=0)
    1. dispostonder (2+i)
   2. postordes (2x it)
    3. point (" +" + are [i]
```

4. dispinosider (2 \* i +1)

int main ()

2. build-tree (1, noot)

3. Insert, delete and display traversal and display traversal and

A. STOP.

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```
#include <stdio.h>
#define n 65
int arr[n],stack[n/2],root,tmp=0,i,x=0,sz=0,last=0;
int R=0, L=0;
//searchkey without recurrsion
int searchkey2(int j,int key){
    int top=0,i=-1;
    tmp=arr[j];
    while(i!=-1 \mid | j!=-1){
        if(tmp==key)
            return j;
        if(i>=0 && arr[2*j]==0 && arr[2*j+1]==0){
            j=stack[i];
            j=2*j+1;
            tmp=arr[j];
            --i;
        }
        else if(arr[2*j]==0 && arr[2*j+1]!=0){
            j=2*j+1;
            tmp=arr[j];
        else if(arr[2*j+1]==0 && arr[2*j]!=0){
            j=2*j;
            tmp=arr[j];
        else if(arr[2*j]!=0 && arr[2*j+1]!=0){
            i++;
            stack[i]=j;
            j=2*j;
            tmp=arr[j];
        }
        else
            j=-1;
        //printf("%d,%d\n",j,i);
    }
    return j;
}
// searckey using recurrsion
int searchkey(int i,int key){
   // if(j<=sz && arr[i]!=0){
        if(arr[i]==key)
            return i;
        if(2*i<=sz)
            x=searchkey(2*i,key);
        else
```

```
return 0;
        if ((x==0) \&\& (2*i+1<= sz))
            x=searchkey(2*i+1,key);
        else
            return -1;
        return x;
//
      }
void bt_deleaf(int node){
    i=searchkey2(1,node);
    if(i==-1)
        printf("Node does not exist\n");
    else if(arr[2*i]==0 && arr[2*i+1]==0){
        printf("%d is removed\n",arr[i]);
        arr[i]=0;
        SZ--;
    }
    else
        printf("%d is not a leaf node\n",arr[i]);
}
void build_tree(int i, int item){
    SZ++;
    arr[i]=item;
    R=0;
    L=0;
    printf("does [%d] have a left node (y-1/n-0) : ",item);
    scanf("%d",&L);
    if(L!=0){
        printf("left child value : ");
        scanf("%d",&x);
        build_tree(2*i,x);
    }
    printf("does [%d] have a right node (y-1/n-0) : ",item);
    scanf("%d",&R);
    if(R!=0){
        printf("right child value : ");
        scanf("%d",&x);
        build_tree(2*i+1,x);
    }
}
void bt_insert(int node){
    i=searchkey2(1,node);
    int l=0,r=0,item;
    if(sz==0){
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build_tree(1, node);
        return ;
    }
    else if(i==-1)
        printf("%d is not an element of Btree\n", node);
    else if(arr[2*i]!=0 && arr[2*i+1]!=0)
        printf("%d has two children so insertion not possible\n", node);
    else{
        printf("enter the val to insert : ");
        scanf("%d",&item);
        if(arr[2*i]==0){
            printf("\nadd to the left of [%d] (1-yes/0-no) :",arr[i]);
            scanf("%d",&1);
            if(1!=0) {//&& 2*i<=sz}
                arr[2*i]=item;
                printf("%d was successfully added to left\n",arr[2*i]);
            }
        if(arr[2*i+1]==0 && l==0){
            printf("\nadd to the right of [%d] (1-yes/0-no) :",arr[i]);
            scanf("%d",&r);
            if(r!=0) {//&& 2*i+1<=sz}
                arr[2*i+1]=item;
                printf("%d was successfully added to right\n",item);
            }
        }
    SZ++;
    }
}
int j=0;
void dispinorder(int i){
    if(j<=sz && arr[i]!=0){
        dispinorder(2*i);
        printf("%d\t",arr[i]);
        j++;
        dispinorder(2*i+1);
    }
void dispreorder(int i){
    if(j<=sz && arr[i]!=0){
        j++;
        printf("%d\t",arr[i]);
        dispreorder(2*i);
        dispreorder(2*i+1);
    }
}
void dispostorder(int i){
```

```
if(j<=sz && arr[i]!=0){
        dispostorder(2*i);
        dispostorder(2*i+1);
        printf("%d\t",arr[i]);
        j++;
    }
}
int main() {
    printf("lets build a tree\nstart with the root : ");
    scanf("%d",&root);
    build tree(1,root);
    int choice, pos, node, item;
   printf("\n1...display\n");
    printf("2...insert_a_child\n");
    printf("3...delete_val\n");
    printf("4...quit\n");
    int quit=1;
    while(quit!=0){
        printf("\nOption : ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice){
            case 1: if(sz!=0){
                    j=0;
                    printf("preorder : \t");
                    dispreorder(1);
                    j=0;
                    printf("\ninorder : \t");
                    dispinorder(1);
                    j=0;
                    printf("\npostorder : ");
                    dispostorder(1);
                    printf("\n");
                }
                else
                    printf("Empty tree\n");
                break;
            case 2: printf("enter the parent val : ");
                scanf("%d",&node);
                bt_insert(node);
                break;
            case 3: printf("enter the node val to delete : ");
                scanf("%d",&node);
                bt_deleaf(node);
                break;
```

```
lets build a tree
start with the root: 10
does [10] have a left node (y-1/n-0):1
left child value: 5
does [5] have a left node(y-1/n-0):1
left child value: 3
does [3] have a left node (y-1/n-0):0
does [3] have a right node(y-1/n-0):0
does [5] have a right node(y-1/n-0):1
right child value: 4
does [4] have a left node (y-1/n-0):0
does [4] have a right node(y-1/n-0):0
does [10] have a right node (y-1/n-0):1
right child value: 20
does [20] have a left node (y-1/n-0):0
Odoes [20] have a right node(y-1/n-0):
1...display
2...insert a child
3...delete val
4...quit
Option: 1
preorder: 10 5 3 4 20
inorder: 3 5 4 10 20
postorder: 3 4 5 20 10
sz=5
Option: 2
enter the parent val : 20
enter the val to insert : 55
add to the left of [20] (1-yes/0-no) :1
55 was successfully added to left
```

```
add to the left of [20] (1-yes/0-no) :1
55 was successfully added to left
Option: 1
preorder: 10 5 3 4 20 55
inorder: 3 5 4 10 55 20
postorder: 3 4 5 55 20 10
sz=6
Option: 3
enter the node val to delete: 4
4 is removed
Option: 1
preorder: 10 5 3 20 55
inorder: 3 5 10 55 20
postorder: 3 5 55 20 10
52 = 5
Option: 3
enter the node val to delete : 3
3 is removed
Option: 1
preorder: 10 5 20 55
inorder: 5 10 55 20
postorder: 5 55 20 10
57 = 4
```