

## Single-objective Optimization

### Notations:

- $N$  – number of nodes
- $M$  – number of modules
- $K$  – number of dependencies
- $Z$  – number of dependencies between different pairs of modules
- $Q$  – number of loop deadlines
  
- $P^{Mips}$  – matrix  $1 \times N$  representing the MIPS price of each fog node per unit
- $P^{Ram}$  – matrix  $1 \times N$  representing the memory price of each fog node per unit
- $P^{Strg}$  – matrix  $1 \times N$  representing the storage price of each fog node per unit
- $P^{Bw}$  – matrix  $1 \times N$  representing the bandwidth price of each fog node per unit
- $P^{En}$  – matrix  $1 \times N$  representing the energy price of each fog node per unit
  
- $f^{Mips}$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the MIPS capacity of each fog node
- $f^{Ram}$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the memory capacity of each fog node
- $f^{Strg}$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the storage capacity of each fog node
- $f^{bPw}$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the busy power consumption of each fog node per unit
- $f^{iPw}$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the idle power consumption of each fog node per unit
- $f^{Tx}$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the transmitter power ( $f_n^{Tx}$  is non 0 if  $n$  is a mobile node)
  
- $m^{Mips}$  – matrix  $M \times 1$  representing the MIPS needed for each application's module
- $m^{Ram}$  – matrix  $M \times 1$  representing the memory needed for each application's module
- $m^{Strg}$  – matrix  $M \times 1$  representing the storage needed for each application's module
  
- $e^{Cpu}$  – matrix  $1 \times K$  representing the tuple CPU size (MI) needed to be processed
- $e^{Nw}$  – matrix  $1 \times K$  representing the tuple network size (MB) needed to be sent
- $e^{Prob}$  – matrix  $1 \times K$  representing the probability of sending the tuple
- $e^{Pe}$  – matrix  $1 \times K$  representing the periodicity of the producer (i.e., periodic sources)
- $e^S$  – matrix  $1 \times K$  representing the edge source
- $e^D$  – matrix  $1 \times K$  representing the edge destination
  
- $l^S$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the starting nodes of each pair of modules
- $l^D$  – matrix  $N \times 1$  representing the ending nodes of each pair of modules
  
- $m^D$  – matrix  $M \times M$  representing the dependencies between modules
- $m^B$  – matrix  $M \times M$  representing the bandwidth needed between modules
  
- $f^L$  – matrix  $N \times N$  representing the latency between each two nodes
- $f^B$  – matrix  $N \times N$  representing the bandwidth between each two nodes
  
- $D$  – matrix  $N \times M$  representing the nodes where each module can be deployed
- $C$  – matrix  $N \times M$  current module placement
  
- $A^L$  – matrix  $Q \times M$  representing the loop module list
- $A^D$  – matrix  $Q \times 1$  representing the loop deadline list
  
- $e$  – matrix  $1 \times N$  with all entries set to 1
  
- $t^{Boot}$  – constant representing the average virtual machine boot time
- $t^{Min}$  – constant representing the minimum time interval between events
- $b$  – constant representing the percentage of bandwidth used for periodic tuples

**Variables:**

- $P$  – matrix  $N \times M$  representing the placement mapping between modules and nodes
- $R$  – matrix  $Z \times N \times N$  representing the tuple routing map between modules
- $V$  – matrix  $M \times N \times N$  representing the VM routing map

**Preliminary computations:**

$$m_i^{Mips} = \sum_{k \in K} \left( \frac{e_k^{Prob} e_k^{Cpu}}{e_k^{Pe}} \right), e_k^D = i$$

$$m_{i,j}^B = \sum_{k \in K} \left( \frac{e_k^{Prob} e_k^{Nw}}{e_k^{Pe}} \right), e_k^S = i, e_k^D = j$$

$$m_{i,j}^D = \sum_{k \in K} \left( \frac{e_k^{Prob}}{e_k^{Pe}} \right), e_k^S = i, e_k^D = j$$

**Problem formulation:**

**Operational Cost ( $C_O$ )**

$$C_O = P^{Mips} \times P \times m^{Mips} + P^{Ram} \times P \times m^{Ram} + P^{Strg} \times P \times m^{Strg} + \left( P^{Bw} \sum_{z \in Z} m_{l_z^S, l_z^D}^B \times R_z \right) e' + C_{Pw},$$

where :

$$C_{Pw} = \sum_{i \in N} P_i^{En} \left[ f_i^{iPw} + (f_i^{bPw} - f_i^{iPw}) \times \frac{P_i \times m^{Mips}}{f_i^{Mips}} + f_i^{Tx} \sum_{j \in N} \sum_{z \in Z} R_{z,i,j} \times \left( \frac{m_{l_z^S, l_z^D}^B}{f_{i,j}^B \times b} + f_{i,j}^L \times m_{l_z^S, l_z^D}^D \right) \right]$$

**Final problem:**

$$\begin{aligned}
& \underset{P,R}{\text{minimize}} && C_O \\
& \text{subject to} && P \times m^{Mips} \leq f^{Mips}, \\
& && P \times m^{Ram} \leq f^{Ram}, \\
& && P \times m^{Strg} \leq f^{Strg}, \\
& && P \leq D \\
& && P_{i,j} \in \{0,1\}, \quad \forall i \in [0, N], \quad \forall j \in [0, M] \\
& && R_{z,i,j} \in \{0,1\}, \quad \forall z \in [0, Z], \quad \forall i \in [0, N], \quad \forall j \in [0, N] \\
& && V_{z,i,j} \in \{0,1\}, \quad \forall z \in [0, M], \quad \forall i \in [0, N], \quad \forall j \in [0, N] \\
& && \sum_{i \in N} P_{i,j} = 1, \quad \forall j \in [0, M] \\
& && \sum_{j \in N} R_{z,i,j} - \sum_{j \in N} R'_{z,i,j} = P_{i,l_z^S} - P_{i,l_z^D}, \quad \forall z \in [0, Z], \quad \forall i \in [0, N] \\
& && \sum_{z \in Z} m_{l_z^S, l_z^D}^B \times R_{z,i,j} \leq f_{i,j}^B \times b, \quad \forall i \in [0, N], \quad \forall j \in [0, N] \\
& && \sum_{j \in N} V_{z,i,j} - \sum_{j \in N} V'_{z,i,j} = C_{j,i} - P_{j,i}, \quad \forall z \in [0, M], \quad \forall i \in [0, N] \\
& && L_q^P + L_q^T + L_q^M < A_q^D, \quad \forall q \in [0, Q]
\end{aligned}$$

where :

$$\begin{aligned}
L_q^P &= \sum_{i \in M} A_{q,i}^L \times \left( \frac{m_i^{Mips}}{\sum_{j \in N} \frac{f_j^{Mips} \times P_{j,i}}{\sum_{l \in M} P_{j,i} \times P_{j,l}}} + t^{Min} \right) \\
L_q^T &= \sum_{i=0}^{M-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^M A_{q,i}^L A_{q,j}^L \sum_{l \in N} \sum_{k \in N} \left( f_{l,k} L_{l,k} \times R_{z,l,k} + \frac{m_{l_z^S, l_z^D}^B \times R_{z,l,k}}{f_{l,k}^B \times b - \sum_{r \in Z} m_{l_r^S, l_r^D}^B \times R_{r,l,k}} \right), \\
& i < j, \\
& \sum_{t=i+1}^{j-1} A_{q,t}^L = 0 \\
& \sum_{t_2 \in N} R_{z,t_1,t_2} - \sum_{t_2 \in N} R'_{z,t_1,t_2} = 1, \quad t_1 = \sum_{t \in N} t \times P_{t,i}, \quad z \in Z \\
& \sum_{t_2 \in N} R_{z,t_1,t_2} - \sum_{t_2 \in N} R'_{z,t_1,t_2} = -1, \quad t_1 = \sum_{t \in N} t \times P_{t,j}, \quad z \in Z \\
& l_r^S \neq l_z^S \cap l_r^D \neq l_z^D \\
L_q^M &= \sum_{i \in M} A_{q,i}^L \times \left( \sum_{l \in N} \sum_{k \in N} \left( f_{l,k} L_{l,k} \times V_{z,l,k} + \frac{(m_z^{Strg} + \times m_z^{Ram}) \times V_{z,l,k}}{f_{l,k}^B \times (1-b)} \right) + t^{Boot} \right), \\
& \sum_{t_2 \in N} V_{z,t_1,t_2} - \sum_{t_2 \in N} V'_{z,t_1,t_2} = 1, \quad t_1 = \sum_{t \in N} t \times C_{t,i}, \quad z \in M \\
& \sum_{t_2 \in N} V_{z,t_1,t_2} - \sum_{t_2 \in N} V'_{z,t_1,t_2} = -1, \quad t_1 = \sum_{t \in N} t \times P_{t,i}, \quad z \in M
\end{aligned}$$