Faculty of Computers and Information Course IS211 Midterm Examination

Department of Information Systems Database Systems 1

Midterm Examination Time Allowed: 1 Hour

NAME: ID: Question 1 [14 Grades]: A. Given the following schema, Write the following queries in SQL Employee(Ename, SSN, Bdate, City, Dnumber) Department (Dname, Dumber, Dmgr SSN) Project(Pname, Pnumber, PCity, Dnumber) WorksON(SSN,Pnumber,Hours) 1- Get the employee names and the project names that they work on. [2 Grades] Select Ename, Pname From Employee, Project, WorkON Where Employee.SSN= WorksOn.SSN And Project. Pnumber = WorksOn.Pnumber 2- Get employee names who working in projects located in the same city they live in. [2 Grades] Select Ename, Pname From Employee, Project, WorkON Where Employee.SSN= WorksOn.SSN And Project. Pnumber = WorksOn.Pnumber And Project.PCity = Employee.City 3- List all department numbers that aren't assigned to any project.[2 Grades] Select Dnumber from Department Except Select distinct Dnumber from Project 4- List the employees who are assigned to all the projects of department "Contractors" [2 Grades] Select e1.SSN From Employee e1 Where not exists Select Pnumber From WorksOn, Projects, Department, And Project. Pnumber = WorksOn.Pnumber And Project.Dnumber = Department.Dnumber And DName = 'Contractors' Except Select Pnumber From WorksOn Where WorksOn.SSN=e1.SSN

```
5- Write a create statement for the table WorksON with the appropriate constraints. [2 Grades]
      Create table WorksOn
             SSN int references SSN(Employee)
             Pnumber int references Pumber(Project)
            Hours int
            Primarykey(SSN, Pnumber)
      }:
   6- Write an insert statement that violates Entity Integrity Constraint on the table Employee [2 Grades]
      Insert into Employee values ('ahmed',null,'3/5/2016',cairo, 3)
B. Correct the mistakes in the following queries if there is any (1 Grades for each query):
   1. SELECT ContactName, Count (ProductID)
      FROM Products INNER JOIN Suppliers
      WHERE Products.SupplierID = Suppliers.SupplierID and Count (ProductID) > 3
      SELECT ContactName, Count (ProductID)
      FROM Products INNER JOIN Suppliers
      WHERE Products.SupplierID = Suppliers.SupplierID a
      Group by ContactName
      Count Count (ProductID) > 3
   2. SELECT Student.Name, Student.ID
      FROM Student, Registered
      WHERE Registered.Crscode = 'CS%'
      EXCEPT
      SELECT Student.Name
      FROM Student
      WHERE Student.Major = 'CS'
      SELECT Student.Name, Student.ID
      FROM Student, Registered
      WHERE Registered.Crscode like 'CS%'
      And Student.ID= registered.ID
      EXCEPT
      SELECT Student.Name, Student.ID
      FROM Student
      WHERE Student.Major = 'CS'
```

Question 2 [6 Grades]

1. Mention one disadvantage for the File Processing Systems and how it was solved using DBMS [1 Grades]

One disadvantage for file system and one advantage for dbms is enough (0.5 for each)

File Processing VS DBMS

File Processing

- # data definition is part of application programs
- # programs & data are interdependent

DBMS

- ★ self-describing
- # support of multiple views of data
- ## provides concurrency control & transaction processing capabilities
- # provides mechanisms for backup & recovery
- ₩ provides access control

2. Write the relational algebra expressions to express the queries in Questions 1A and 2A.