Implementing backpropagation

Now we've seen that the error term for the output layer is

$$\delta_k = (y_k - \hat{y}_k)f'(a_k)$$

and the error term for the hidden layer is

$$\delta_j = \sum [w_{jk}\delta_k]f'(h_j)$$

For now we'll only consider a simple network with one hidden layer and one output unit. Here's the general algorithm for updating the weights with backpropagation:

- Set the weight steps for each layer to zero
 - \circ The input to hidden weights $\Delta w_{ij} = 0$
 - The hidden to output weights $\Delta W_i = 0$
- For each record in the training data:
 - \circ Make a forward pass through the network, calculating the output $\hat{\mathcal{V}}$
 - o Calculate the error gradient in the output unit, $\delta^o = (y-\widehat{y})f'(z)$ where $z=\sum_i W_i \ a_i$, the input to the output unit.
 - o Propagate the errors to the hidden layer $\delta_j^{\,h} = \delta^{\,o} W_j f'(h_j)$
 - O Update the weight steps:

$$\bullet \quad \Delta W_j = \Delta W_j + \delta^o a_j$$

Update the weights, where η\eta is the learning rate and mm is the number of records:

$$\circ W_i = W_i + \eta \Delta W_i / m$$

$$\circ \quad W_{ij} \; = \; W_{ij} \; + \; \eta \Delta W_{ij} \; / \; m$$

Repeat for e epochs.

Backpropagation exercise

Now you're going to implement the backprop algorithm for a network trained on the graduate school admission data. You should have everything you need from the previous exercises to complete this one.

Your goals here:

• Implement the forward pass.

- Implement the backpropagation algorithm.
- Update the weights.

Code in code section