Team Notebook

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Contents			1.2.2 DFS on tree	2	l	1.4.1 kmp	3
			1.2.3 Flatten tree	2		1.5 Subset Sum	3
1	Algorithms	2	Minimum Spanning Tree				
	1.1 BFS	2	1.3.1 Kruskal Algorithm	2	2	Data Structure	3
	1.2 DFS						3
						2.2 segment tree l to r-1	

1 Algorithms

1.1 BFS

1.2 DFS

1.2.1 DFS on graph

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
vector<int> adj[10001];
bool vis[10001]={0}:
int ii;
void dfs(int v)
{ vis[v]=true; ii++;
  cout<<v;
  for(auto u: adi[v])
  if(!vis[u])
  dfs(u):
int main() {
int n,m,u,v;
cin>>n>>m;
for(int i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>
{ cin>>u>>v:
  adj[u].push_back(v);
  adj[v].push_back(u);
dfs(1);
```

```
return 0;
```

1.2.2 DFS on tree

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
vector<int> adj[10001];
int ii;
void dfs(int v, int par){
cout<<v<<" ":
for(auto u: adj[v])
 { if (u == par) continue:
 dfs(u, v);
int main() {
int n.u.v:
cin>>n:
for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)</pre>
{ cin>>u>>v:
  adj[u].push_back(v);
  adj[v].push_back(u);
dfs(1,-1);
return 0;
```

1.2.3 Flatten tree

```
int timer = 0;
void dfs(int v, int par){
  entr[v] = timer++;
  for(auto u: adj[v])
  {    if (u == par) continue;
    dfs(u, v);
  }
  ext[v] = timer++;
  }

vector<LL> flattenedTree(2*n);
  for(int u = 0; u < n; u++)
  {
     flattenedTree[entr[u]] = s[u];
     flattenedTree[ext[u]] = -s[u];
  }</pre>
```

1.3 Minimum Spanning Tree

1.3.1 Kruskal Algorithm

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define 11 long long
const int Max = 1e5 + 5;
pair <11, pair<int, int> > p[Max];
int root[Max];
int size[Max]:
int nodes, edges;
void initialize(){
   for(int i = 0;i < Max;++i){</pre>
       root[i] = i:
       size[i]=1;
   }
int find_root(int x){
   if(root[x] != x)
     root[x]=find_root(root[x]);
   return root[x]:
void union_set(int u, int v){
   int root u = find root(u):
   int root_v = find_root(v);
   if(root_u!=root_v){
  if(size[root_u]<size[root_v]){</pre>
  int temp=root u: root u=root v: root v=temp:
 root[root v]=root u:
 size[root_u]+=size[v];
ll kruskal_Algo()
   int u, v;
   11 cost, minimum_Cost = 0;
   for(int i = 0;i < edges;++i){</pre>
       u = p[i].second.first;
       v = p[i].second.second;
       cost = p[i].first;
       if(find_root(u) != find_root(v)){
           minimum Cost += cost:
           union_set(u, v);
```

```
}
}

cout<<minimum_Cost<<endl;
}

int main(){
   ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
   initialize();
   cin >> nodes >> edges;
   for(int i = 0;i < edges;++i){
        int x, y;
        ll weight;
        cin >> x >> y >> weight;
        p[i] = make_pair(weight, make_pair(x, y));
   }
   sort(p, p + edges);
   kruskal_Algo();
   return 0;
}
```

1.3.2 Prim's Algorithm

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef pair<int ,int>PII;
const int Max=1e6+5;
bool visit[Max]:
vector<PII>adj[Max];
int nodes,edges;
void Prim Algorithm(int x){
priority_queue<PII>q;
int minimum cost=0:
q.push(\{0,x\});
while(!q.empty()){
PII curr_node=q.top();
q.pop();
int u=curr node.second:
if(visit[u]==true)
continue:
visit[u]=true:
minimum_cost+=(-1*curr_node.first);
for(int i=0;i<adj[u].size();i++){</pre>
int x=adi[u][i].first:
int y=adj[u][i].second;
if(visit[x]==false)
q.push({-1*y,x});
```

```
}
cout<<minimum_cost;
}
int main() {
ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
cin>>nodes>>edges;
for(int i=0;i<edges;i++){
int u,v,weight;
cin>u>v>>weight;
adj[u].push_back({v,weight});
adj[v].push_back({u,weight});
}
Prim_Algorithm(1);
return 0;
}
```

1.4 String

1.4.1 kmp

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
#define MAXN 100000
int b[MAXN]={0};
void preprocess(string s){
   int i = 0, j = -1;
   b[0] = -1:
   while(i<s.size()){</pre>
       while(j>=0 && s[i]!=s[j])
          i = b[i]:
       j++;i++;
       b[i] = j;
   }
void kmpsearch(string t, string s){
   int i=0, j=0;
   int n = t.size(), m = s.size();
   while(i<n){
       while(j>=0 && t[i] != s[j])
          i = b[i];
       j++;i++;
      if(i == m){
          printf("Pattern found at position %d\n",i-j);
          j = b[j];
      }
```

```
}
int main(){
    string t, s;
    getline(cin,t);
    getline(cin,s);
    preprocess(s);
    kmpsearch(t,s);
    return 0;
}
```

1.5 Subset Sum

```
bool is_subset_sum(vector<int>& v,int sum)
{
    int n=v.size();
    vector<int>dp(sum+1,0);
    dp[0]=1; //sum =0 is always attainable.

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    for(int j=sum;j>=v[i];j--)
        dp[j]|=dp[j-v[i]];

return dp[sum];
}
```

2 Data Structure

2.1 DSU

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
#define ll long long
const int Max=1e5+5;
int root[Max];
int size[Max];
int nodes,edges;

void initialize()
{
   for(int i = 0;i < Max;++i){
      root[i] = i;
      size[i]=1;
   }
}</pre>
```

```
int find root(int x){
 if(root[x]!=x)
 root[x]=find_root(root[x]);
 return root[x];
void union set(int u, int v){
int root_u=find_root(u);
int root_v=find_root(v);
if(root_u!=root_v){
if(size[root_u]<size[root_v]){</pre>
int temp=root_u; root_u=root_v; root_v=temp;
root[root_v]=root_u;
size[root_u]+=size[v];
}
int main() {
ios_base::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
initialize():
cin>>nodes>>edges;
for(int i=1;i<=edges;i++){</pre>
int u,v;
cin>>u>>v;
union_set(u,v);
for(int i=1;i<=nodes;i++)</pre>
cout<<root[i]<<" ":</pre>
return 0;
```

2.2 segment tree l to r-1

```
struct segtree
{ int size;
 vector<ll> sums:
 void init(int n)
 { size = 1;
     while(size<n) size*=2;</pre>
     sums.assign(2 * size, OLL);
 void pull(int x)
     sums[x] = sums[2*x+1] + sums[2*x+2];
 void build(vector<int> &a, int x, int lx, int rx)
     if(rx-lx==1)
         if(lx<(int)a.size())</pre>
            sums[x]=a[1x];
        }
        return;
     int m = (1x+rx)/2;
     build(a,2*x+1,1x,m);
     build(a,2*x+2,m,rx);
     pull(x);
 void build(vector<int> &a)
     build(a,0,0,size);
```

```
void update(int idx, int val, int x, int lx, int rx)
    if(rx-lx==1)
        sums[x] = val;
        return:
    int m = (1x+rx)/2;
    if(idx<m)</pre>
    update(idx,val,2*x+1,lx,m);
    update(idx.val.2*x+2.m.rx):
    pull(x);
  void update(int idx,int val)
     update(idx,val,0,0,size);
 11 query(int l,int r, int x, int lx, int rx)
     if(r<=lx || l>=rx) return 0;
     if( 1<=lx && rx<=r ) return sums[x];</pre>
     int m = (1x+rx)/2;
     11 a = query(1,r,2*x+1,1x,m);
     11 b = query(1,r,2*x+2,m,rx);
     return a+b;
 11 query(int 1,int r)
     return query(1,r,0,0,size);
};
```