

Table 1: Revision History

Date	Developer(s)	Change
September 26, 2016	Eric Chaput	Created Draft 1
September 27, 2016	Kelvin Lin	Modified Team Meeting Plan for Draft 2
September 28, 2016	Kelvin Lin	Added Team Member Roles for Draft 2
September 28, 2016	Kelvin Lin	Added Git Workflow Plan for Draft 2
September 29 2016	Eric Chaput	Added to Sections 3,6, and 7

SE 3XA3: Development Plan

Genetic Cars

Team 8, Grate
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Having stated the problem to be solved in the problem statement document, Team 8 will develop the Genetic Cars project to solve it. The following document details the development plan for Team 8's Genetic Cars project..

1 Team Meeting Plan

1.1 Overview

Team 8's meetings will resemble a modified version of daily scrum meetings; however, instead of holding daily scrum meetings, they will be held weekly. Team 8 will structure 3 meetings each week, with the first meeting requiring full attendance of all members, and the remaining 2 requiring members to attend as needed. The first meeting will resemble the daily scrum meeting, while the latter two meetings will resolve issues and difficulties mentioned in the former meeting.

1.2 Meeting Structure

Team meetings will be held three times per week: on Monday from 7:00PM to 8:00PM, on Wednesday from 8:30AM to 10:30AM, and on Fridays from 2:30PM to 4:30PM. On Mondays, the team meetings will be held in a meeting room at McMaster University. Kelvin Lin will be responsible for booking the meeting rooms, and releasing the meeting location 1 week before the meeting date. The meetings on Wednesday and Friday will be held in ITB 236.

The meetings on Mondays will be used to aggregate the achievements and difficulties of the previous week, and to plan for the upcoming week. Members will be presented with the opportunity to discuss any achievements and difficulties they encountered while working on their tasks. A list of difficulties will be created; however, there will not be an in-depth investigation or resolution of the aforementioned difficulty. For each issue mentioned, a list of team members who are qualified to solve the problem will be created, and a member from that

list will be chosen to investigate that problem. A meeting will be held on the subsequent Wednesday or Friday in order to discuss the resolution or further issues pertaining to that problem. The meetings on Monday will conclude with a list of tasks each member is responsible for in the upcoming week.

The meetings on Wednesdays and Fridays will be used to address specific decisions pertaining to the project deliverables. Topics will include making specific design decisions, resolving issues mentioned on Monday's meeting, resolving any issues discovered throughout the week, and addressing any intergroup problems. To account for in-lab activities, the meetings will be divided into sub-meetings, and members will only be required to attend meetings that concern aspects of the tasks that they are working on. Members can work on the in-lab activities when they are not in a meeting.

1.3 Components of Meetings

Key components of team meetings include the chair, the agenda, the scribe, and the meeting minutes.

1.3.1 The Chair

The chair will be responsible for organizing the topics to be discussed at the meeting and orchestrating the flow of the meeting. Before each meeting, the chair is responsible for creating an agenda for the meeting. During the meetings, the chair has an obligation to maintain a neutral front; the chair exert his authority to favour one side of an issue over the other side of the issue. However, the chair will have the authority to defer topics that threaten the overall structure of the meeting: if a topic exceeds the allotted time for discussion or if an unforeseen issue arises from a predetermined topic, the chair has the authority to defer the topic to a future meeting. The chair will not have the authority to veto decisions made by the team, nor will the chair's opinion be valued more than the other members. At the end of each meeting, the chair is responsible for establishing the next meeting date and making the appropriate reservations for a meeting space. Unless otherwise noted, Kelvin Lin will be the chair of the meetings.

1.3.2 The Agenda

The agenda is a written document to be written in L^AT_EX. It details the topics to be covered in an upcoming meeting. At a minimum, it must provide a numbered list of topics to be covered, as well as a brief summary of each topic. The summary can be a point list. The agenda should be released to all team members before each meeting.

1.3.3 The Scribe

The scribe of the meeting will be responsible for taking appropriate notes at the meeting. Before each meeting, the scribe must prepare the appropriate equip-

ment needed to take notes. This could include, but is not limited to, laptops, notebooks, pens, pencils, and paper. If possible, the scribe should obtain a copy of the agenda from the chair. During each meeting, the scribe has the obligation to keep accurate, unbiased notes that provide a faithful representation of the meeting. All events and decisions must be recorded in a manner so that they can be referenced in the future. Attendance, and future meeting dates should also be recorded. After each meeting, the scribe is responsible for formalizing the notes into meeting minutes. Unless otherwise noted, Jin Liu will be the scribe of the meetings.

1.3.4 The Meeting Minutes

The meeting minutes is a written document to be written in L^AT_EX. It is a formalization of the notes taken by the scribe during each meeting. The meeting minutes can be appended to the corresponding meeting agenda of the same date. At a minimum, the meeting minutes must contain three sections: a section to detail the key points of the conversation during each topic of discussion, a summary of the key decisions made during each meeting, and a list of tasks each member is responsible for before the next meeting. The meeting minutes should be released to all team members before the start of the next meeting.

1.4 Emergency Provisions

In the unlikely event of an emergency, impromptu meetings can be held on Thursdays 12:30PM to 1:30PM, at a location to be determined. All members are expected to be present at emergency meetings. Depending on the urgency of the meeting, an agenda for the meeting may not exist; however, the scribe will still be responsible for taking notes and releasing meeting minutes after the meeting. Topics at emergency meetings will only pertain to issues at-hand: that is, no long-term planning will be done at emergency meetings unless otherwise required by the deliverable. If required, additional meetings can be scheduled through the Facebook Messenger platform on an as-needed basis.

2 Team Communication Plan

2.1 Online Platforms

Team 8 will communicate using a variety of online services and in-person meetings. While the structure of in-person meetings is described above,

Team communication is to be facilitated online and in person. Team meetings will be conducted as outlined in section 1 of this development plan. Documents are to be shared through GitLab as is dictated by the course. Facebook group chat will be used as the primary means of communication, and all group members are aware of fellow members e-mails and phone numbers if those are necessary.

2.1.1 Facebook

Facebook serves as an ideal means of instant communication with group members when non technical communication is required. It also allows for a more informal communication environment than the other communication platforms. Group chat is to be used to communicate sudden updates to the group, and person to person messaging will be used to coordinate with individual group members.

2.1.2 GitLab

GitLab is to be used for formal communications that need to be archived for the purposes of this project. This includes the storing of meeting minutes but also the storing of comments in documents. GitLab is Team 8's primary method of document sharing between group members and its primary method of communication with McMaster staff.

2.1.3 Phone

While phone numbers have been exchanged between group members, it has been made clear that this method of communication is to be used only in the event of an emergency (i.e. a home power outage that disables online methods of communications), or in the event of a very sudden need (i.e. a last minute change in meeting location).

3 Team Member Roles

Team 8 will have the following roles: team lead, technology expert, graphics expert, theory expert, qualitative testing expert, and quantitative testing expert. The assignment and descriptions of each role follow.

3.1 Assignment of Roles

The following table shows the assignment of roles in Team 8.

Team Member	Role
Kelvin Lin	Team Lead, Technology Expert
Eric Chaput	Theory Expert, Quantitative Testing Expert
Jin Liu	Graphics Expert, Qualitative Testing Expert

Table 2: Team 8 Role Assignments

3.2 Description of Roles

3.2.1 Team Lead

The team lead is responsible for the overall management of the project. The team lead will be responsible for ensuring that all deliverables are made to specification and on time. To accomplish this, the team lead must be sensitive to the member's skills and abilities, and partition tasks to allow all of the other members to succeed and to develop new skills. The team lead shall ensure that every member is aware of the tasks that need to be done, and what their role is on the team. The team lead is also responsible for facilitating communication to external parties by representing the voice of the team.

3.2.2 Technology Expert

The technology expert is responsible for maintaining current knowledge on general aspects of the technology used. The technology expert will serve as the first point of contact for any technical problems encountered with, but not limited to, Git, HTML5, JavaScript, L^AT_EX, GanttProject, Doxygen, and Karma. The technology expert will be in charge of general troubleshooting, and he will redirect members to the appropriate experts when required. Moreover, the technology expert will be responsible for researching new technologies that can be used for the project.

3.2.3 Graphics Expert

The graphics expert is responsible for maintaining current knowledge on the algorithms and technology needed to implement the graphics for the project. The graphics expert shall learn all tools necessary in order to create a graphical interface for the project, and he will be responsible for communicating this knowledge to other members of the team in a manner comprehensible by both members with and without prior technical knowledge. The graphics expert will also be responsible for experimenting with new graphical technologies, and spearheading the graphics-related implementation initiatives of the project.

3.2.4 Theory Expert

The theory expert will be responsible for maintaining current knowledge of the theory needed to comprehend the algorithms used in the project. The theory expert will be responsible for understanding theory behind the physics, learning algorithm, and graphics. The theory expert will be responsible for finding any references to published text when needed. Moreover, the theory expert will be responsible for communicating this knowledge to other members of the team in a manner comprehensible by both members with and without prior technical knowledge.

3.2.5 Qualitative Testing Expert

The qualitative testing expert will be responsible for maintaining current knowledge of qualitative testing methodologies within the scope of the project. The qualitative testing expert will be responsible for leading any qualitative tests including but not limited to market research and observation, in-person and online surveys, discussion/focus groups, and code review sessions. Such tasks may involve partitioning tasks for each initiative and assigning the tasks to the appropriate member. Moreover, the qualitative testing expert will be responsible for reporting any results to the group and making recommendations based on the results to improve the projects.

3.2.6 Quantitative Testing Expert

The quantitative testing expert will be responsible for maintaining current knowledge of quantitative testing methodologies within the scope of the project. Before the implementation of the project, the quantitative testing expert shall familiarize himself with different tools used to test the agreed-upon technologies. The quantitative testing expert will be responsible for leading any quantitative testing initiatives including unit testing, integration testing, system testing, automated testing, and manual testing. Such tasks may involve partitioning tasks for each initiative and assigning the tasks to the appropriate member. Moreover, the quantitative testing expert will be responsible for reporting any results to the group and making recommendations based on the results to improve the project.

4 Git Workflow Plan

Team 8 will utilize a feature-branch workflow plan.

4.1 Feature-branch Overview

The feature-branch workflow branch is a Git workflow plan that utilizes different branches to implement different feature of the programs. Once a particular feature of the program is completed, its branch will be merged with the master branch. Labels will be used to tag submission files, while milestones will be used in order to signal any major revisions on the master branch.

4.2 Rationale

In selecting a Git workflow plan, Team 8 wanted a workflow that would provide maximum support for separation of concerns, while guaranteeing that there will always be a working version of the project easily assessable. Such workflow would simplify both the development, testing, and deployment efforts of the team. A high level of separations of concerns would allow multiple members to code concurrently without interference from code changes from other members.

Members can also test their code using the master branch as a driver. This is a valid approach as any functional code on the master branch would have already been tested. The second requirement of the Team's desired workflow plan guarantees this by specifying that only functional versions of the project are to be committed to the master branch.

The feature-branch workflow plan fully satisfies the requirements mentioned above. It supports separation of concerns by placing each feature of the program on a separate branch. Each branch will stem from a node on the master branch, allowing each branch to have an independent copy of the previously functional code. This will allow members to write new features in isolation, without having to account for continuous changes made by other members. The master branch can also serve as a driver for unit testing, and for regression testing. Accordingly, the feature-branch workflow was chosen.

5 Proof of Concept Demonstration Plan

6 Technology

This project will use technology that all group members are already familiar with on a basic level. The project itself will be coded in Java Script, however all group members understand that Java may be used if Java Script proves too difficult to use for this project. All group members are familiar with both of these languages and no further learning will be required. Grates graphics expert is also adept at creating graphics in Java Script. Written reports and documents will be generated through Latex, a technology being taught in the 3xa3 course, and documents and reports will be shared through Git, another technology being taught in the 3xa3 course. The technology expert will ensure that all group members are aware of how to use these technologies. Testing will be aided by the use of Javas built in unit test functionality.

6.1 Java Script

Java Script as a programming language is most often used for web applications, but not always. Java Script is the ideal programming language for this project for several reasons. Member's of team 8 are very familiar with Java Script as a language, and it is one of the few programming languages that team 8's graphics expert feels will work for this project. Our final project will also closely resemble a standard web page in design, (indeed the original source of our project is evidently suited for Java Script. Finally, the original basis for the project is also written in Java Script and this code can be more easily used for inspiration and trouble shooting for this reason.

6.1.1 Possible switch to Java

While team 8 is very familiar with Java Script, it is possible that Java Script may reveal itself to be unsuitable for this project. In the event that this occurs, team 8 is well prepared to transition to the Java programming language, as it is one with which we are more familiar. Java was chosen as a back-up language as it is the programming language that team 8 is the most familiar with and is very easy to convert to from Java Script so that we do not lose progress already made. The need for a switch from the Java Script programming language is believed to be highly unlikely however, and this is merely a back-up contingency.

6.2 Latex

Latex will be used to generate documents for this project. Latex's ability for multiple team members to effect changes simultaneously and its versatility across platforms makes it ideal for this project. As of September 28 2016 all team members have acquired a working knowledge of how Latex functions, and it is believed that no further education will be required. If any such education is necessary TAs and the Latex tutorial found online will be team 8's go-to instructors.

6.3 GitLab

GitLab will be used to share and store documents for this project. More information on GitLab and how it will be used for this project can be found in sections 2.1.2 and in the Git Workflow Plan found in section 4. All team 8 members are familiar with GitLab and how it functions.

7 Coding Style

Coding will be styled primarily as has been taught by the software engineering program at McMaster University. Grate will undertake an object oriented programming approach to achieve maximum modularity and information hiding. The team shall also ensure that the code meets several aesthetic guidelines outlined here. All code is to be well commented, with comments being placed before the code. Comments are to be written with the understanding that they should be concise and easy to comprehend by outside parties.

7.1 Mozilla developer network

Our formal coding style will be the Mozilla developer network, which contains subsections specifically for Java Script, our programming language of choice for this project. Specific guidelines can be found on the Mozilla developer network website.

8 Project Schedule

Provide a pointer to your Gantt Chart.

9 Project Review