



Custom Views for Profit and Pleasure  
October 18, 2014  
Dan Lew



# Custom Views

(as viewed by me, years ago)

Image source: <http://goo.gl/JLdYHW>

# Framework Views are huge!

View	Lines
View	20,992
TextView	9,477
ImageView	1,423
ViewGroup	7,285
LinearLayout	1,931
RelativeLayout	1,822
AdapterView	1,212
AbsListView	7,314
ListView	3,905

(Data as of API 21)

# Too Many Methods!

Category	Methods
Creation	Constructors onFinishInflate()
Layout	onMeasure() onLayout()
Drawing	onSizeChanged() onDraw()
Event processing	onKeyDown() onKeyUp() onTrackballEvent() onTouchEvent()
Focus	onFocusChanged() onWindowFocusChanged()
Attaching	onAttachedToWindow() onDetachedFromWindow() onWindowVisibilityChanged()

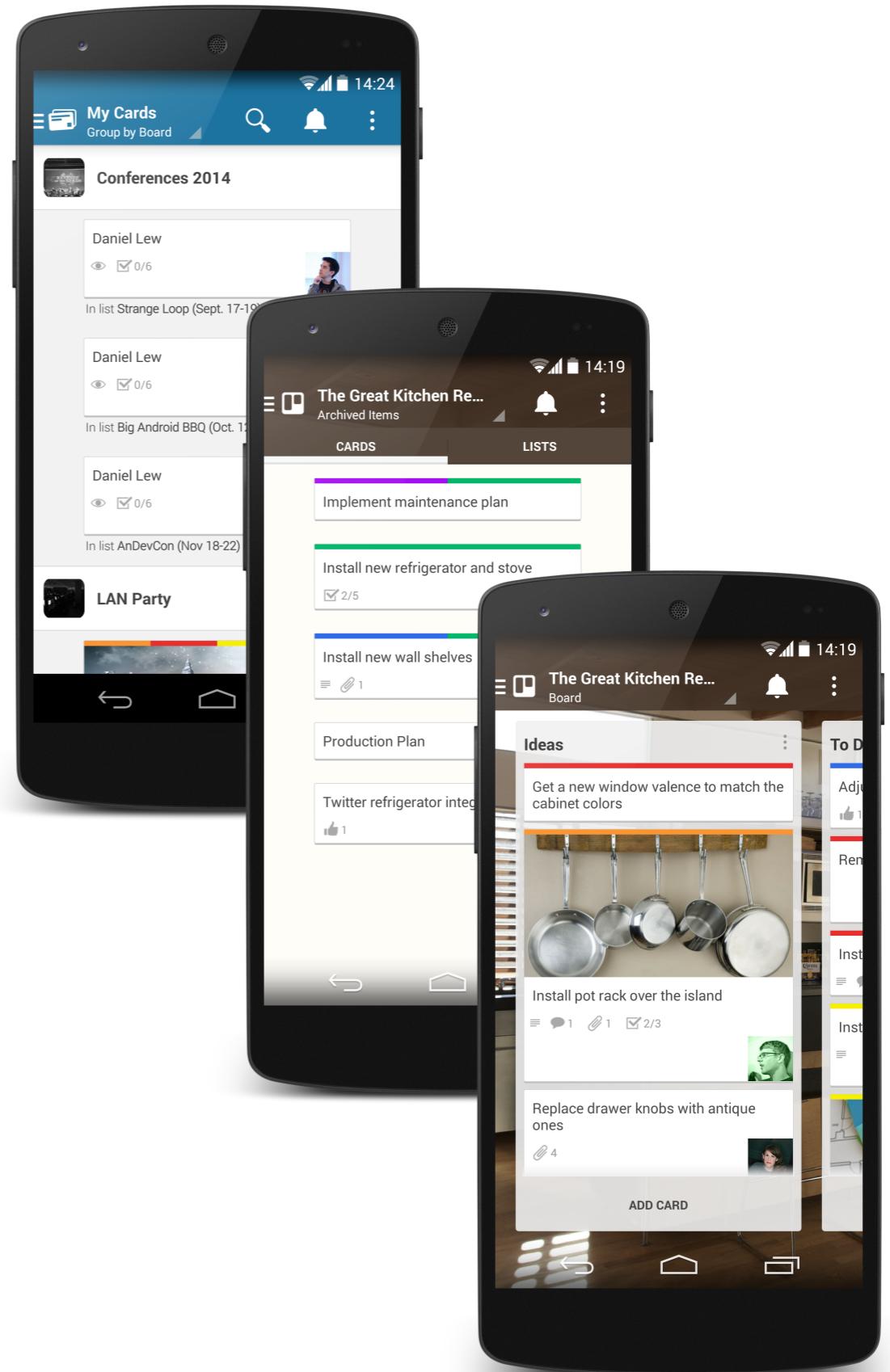
Library Views

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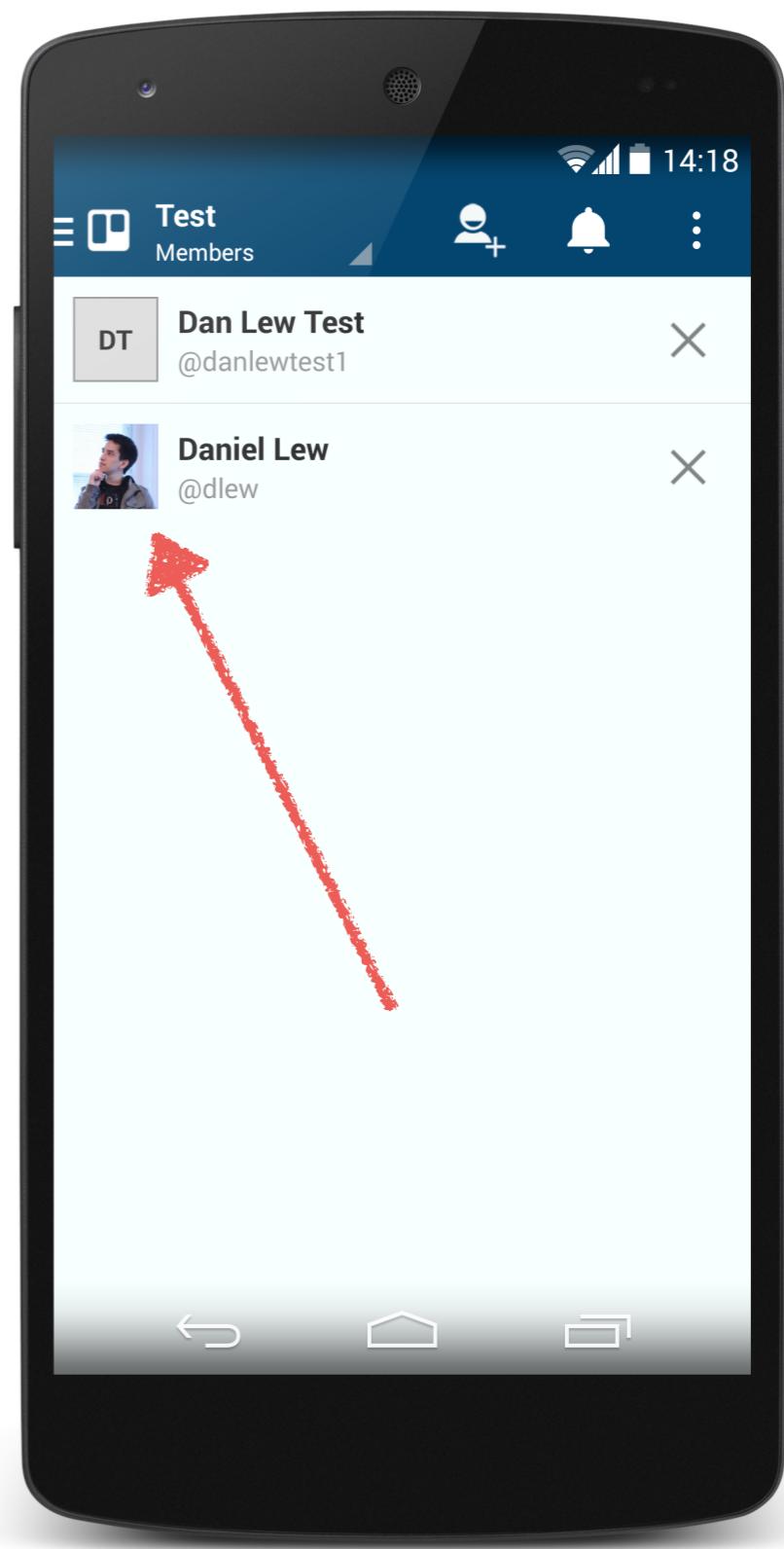
Custom Views

# Why custom Views?

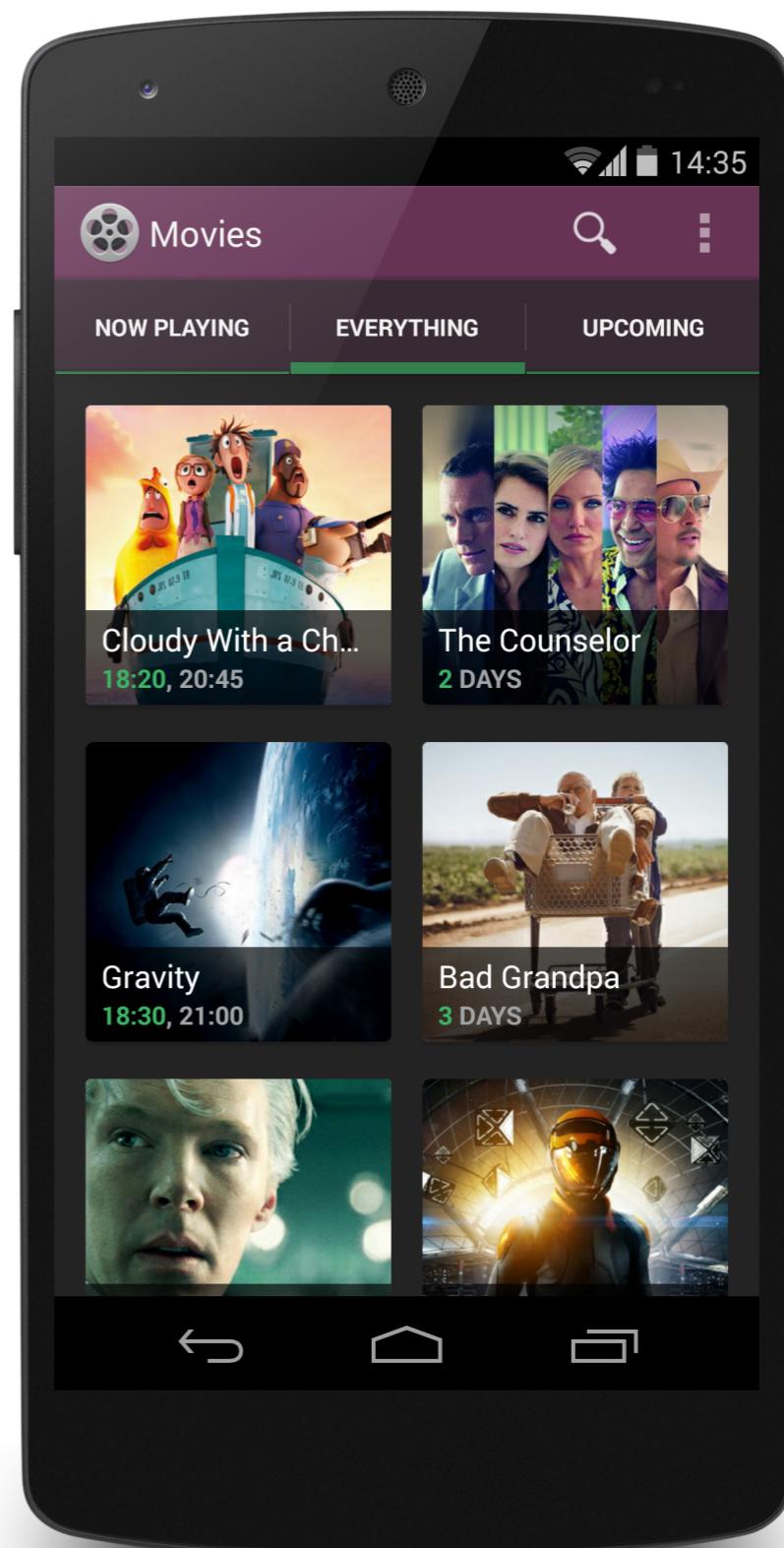
- View reuse



- View reuse
- Encapsulation



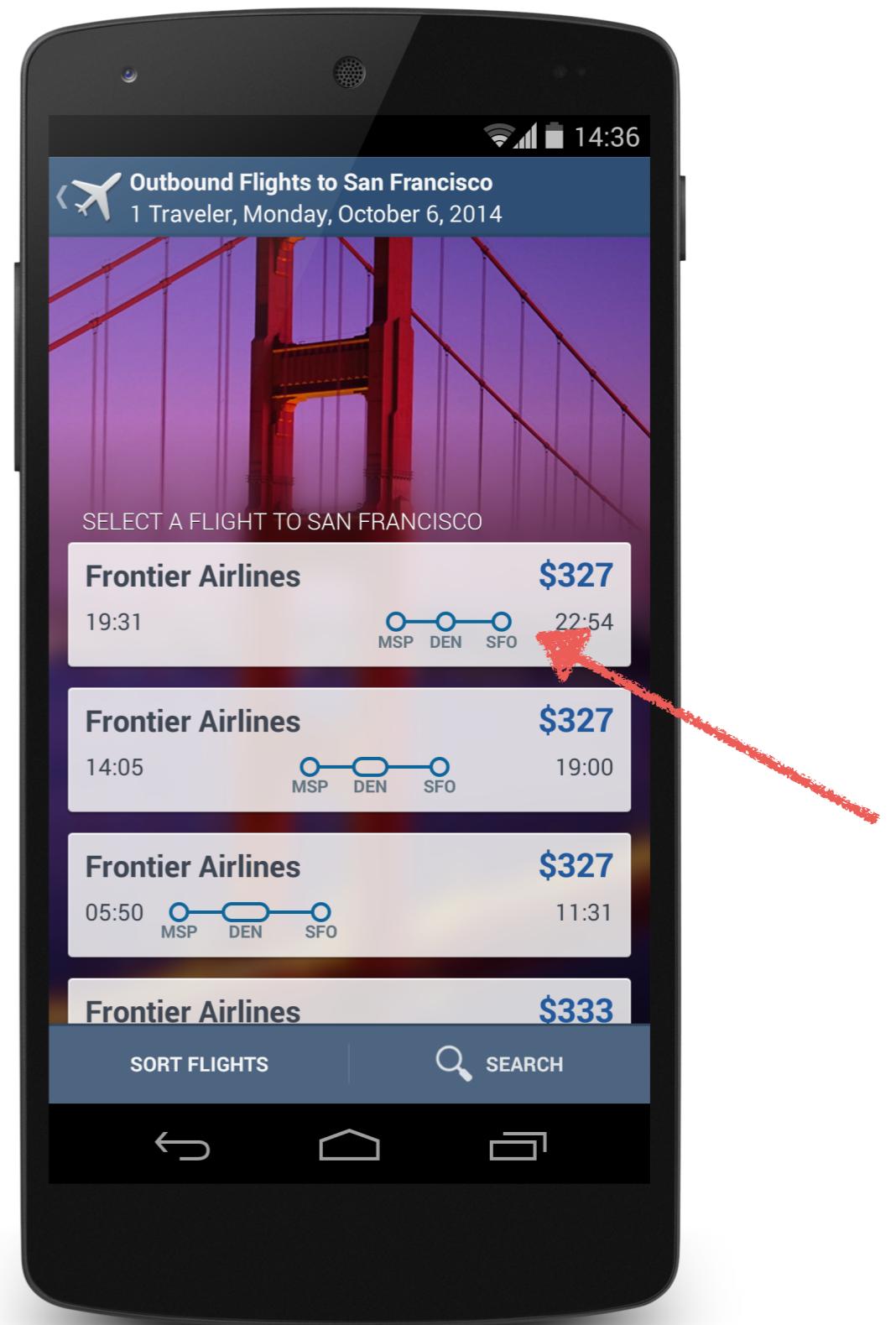
- View reuse
- Encapsulation
- Compound Views



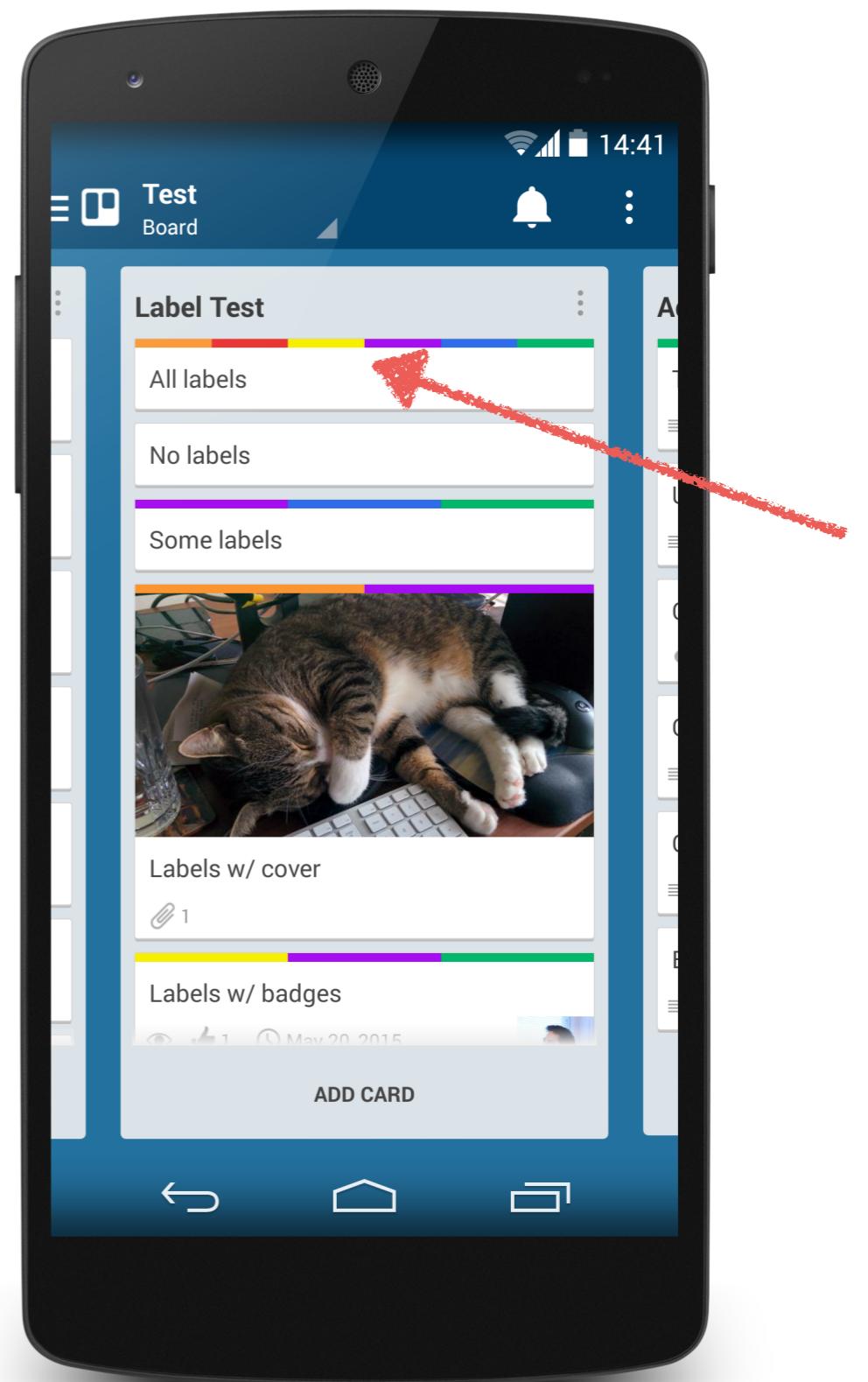
- View reuse
- Encapsulation
- Compound Views
- XML styling

```
<net.danlew.app.FontTextView  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    app:font="comicSans" />  
  
<net.danlew.app.FontTextView  
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"  
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"  
    app:font="papyrus" />
```

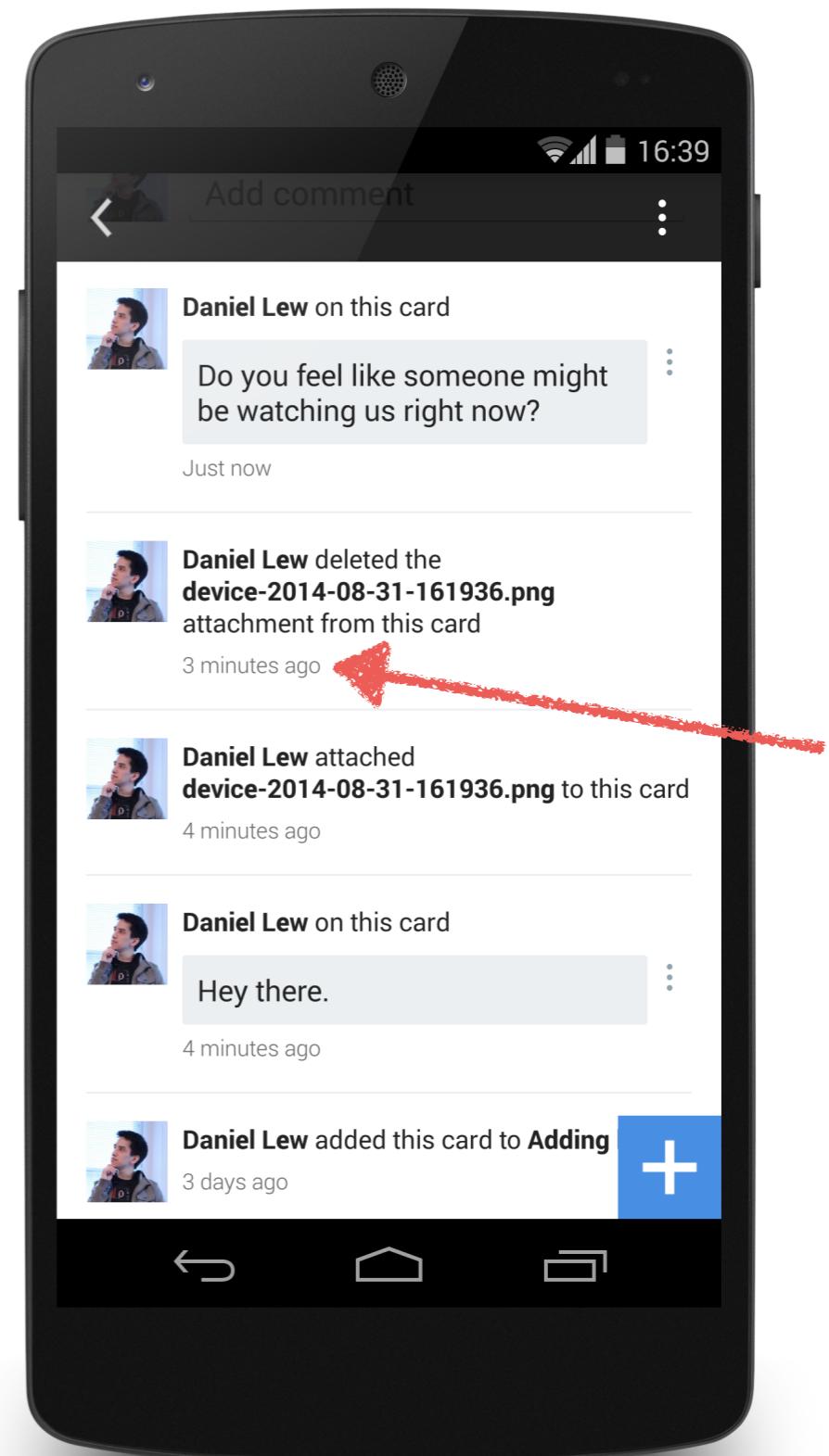
- View reuse
- Encapsulation
- Compound Views
- XML styling
- Custom drawing



- View reuse
- Encapsulation
- Compound Views
- XML styling
- Custom drawing
- Performance



- View reuse
- Encapsulation
- Compound Views
- XML styling
- Custom drawing
- Performance
- Awesomeness



# A Simple Custom View

# Step 1: Subclass

```
public class CustomView extends View {
```

```
}
```

# Step 2: Constructor

```
public class CustomView extends View {  
    public CustomView(Context context) {  
        super(context);  
    }  
}
```

# Step 3: Add

```
CustomView customView = new CustomView(context);  
viewGroup.addView(customView);
```

You're done!



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# UserView

Our brave illustrative warrior



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# Without Custom Views

# Without Custom Views

```
<LinearLayout
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:gravity="center"
    android:orientation="vertical">

    <ImageView
        android:id="@+id/icon"
        android:layout_width="128dp"
        android:layout_height="128dp" />

    <TextView
        android:id="@+id/name"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_marginTop="4dp"
        android:textSize="22sp" />

</LinearLayout>
```

# Without Custom Views

```
View userView = LayoutInflater.from(context)
    .inflate(R.layout.user_view, parent, false);

TextView nameView = (TextView) view.findViewById(R.id.name);
nameView.setText(user.getName());

ImageView iconView = (ImageView) view.findViewById(R.id.icon);
iconView.setImageResource(user.getIcon());
```

# Compound Views

```
public class UserView extends LinearLayout {  
  
    private ImageView mIconView;  
    private TextView mNameView;  
  
    public UserView(Context context) {  
        super(context);  
  
        setOrientation(LinearLayout.VERTICAL);  
        setGravity(Gravity.CENTER);  
  
        LayoutInflater.from(context).inflate(R.layout.user_view_merge, this); ←  
        mIconView = (ImageView) findViewById(R.id.icon);  
        mNameView = (TextView) findViewById(R.id.name);  
    }  
  
    public void setIcon(int drawable) {  
        mIconView.setImageResource(drawable);  
    }  
  
    public void setName(CharSequence name) {  
        mNameView.setText(name);  
    }  
}
```

# Compound Views

```
<merge>
```

```
    <ImageView
```

```
        android:id="@+id/icon"
        android:layout_width="128dp"
        android:layout_height="128dp" />
```

```
    <TextView
```

```
        android:id="@+id/name"
        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
        android:layout_marginTop="4dp"
        android:textSize="22sp" />
```

```
</merge>
```

# Compound Views

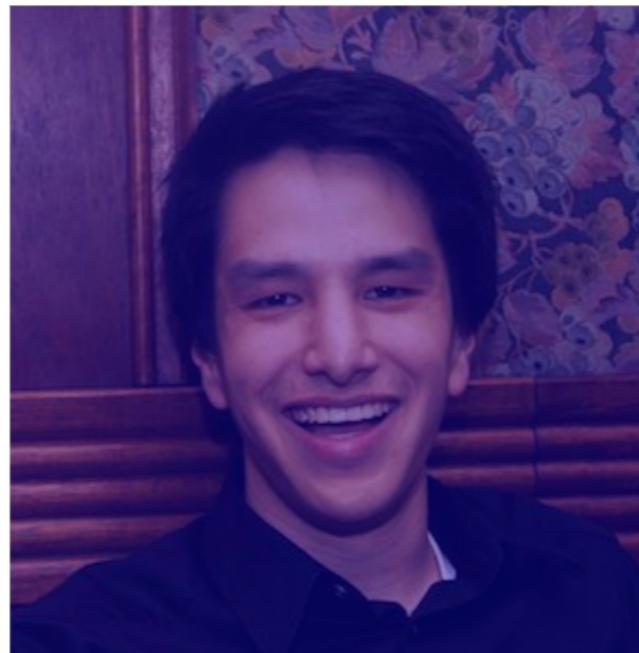
```
UserView userView = new UserView(context);
userView.setName(user.getName());
userView.setIcon(user.getIcon());
```

# Encapsulation

```
public class UserView extends LinearLayout {  
    /* ...same code as before... */  
  
    public void bind(User user) {  
        mIconView.setImageResource(user.getIcon());  
        mNameView.setText(user.getName());  
    }  
}
```

# Encapsulation

```
UserView userView = new UserView(this);  
userView.bind(user);
```



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# XML Styling

# XML Styling

```
<resources>
    <declare-styleable name="UserView">
        <attr name="tint" format="color" />
    </declare-styleable>
</resources>
```

# XML Styling

```
<net.danlew.customviews.view.UserView
    xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    app:tint="#500F" />
```

# Reading Styles in Code

```
public class UserView extends LinearLayout {  
  
    public UserView(Context context, AttributeSet attrs) {  
        super(context, attrs);  
  
        /* ...Same constructor code as before... */  
  
        TypedArray ta = context.obtainStyledAttributes(attrs,  
            R.styleable.UserView);  
        setTint(ta.getColor(R.styleable.UserView_tint,  
            Color.TRANSPARENT));  
        ta.recycle();  
    }  
  
    public void setTint(int color) {  
        mIconView.setColorFilter(color);  
    }  
}
```

# Note on Constructors

- Code constructor:

```
public View(Context context)
```

- XML constructor:

```
public View(Context context, AttributeSet attrs)
```

- XML w/ styled defaults (rarely necessary):

```
public View(Context context, AttributeSet attrs, int defStyleAttr)
public View(Context context, AttributeSet attrs, int defStyleAttr,
           int defStyleRes)
```

# Code + XML Constructors

```
public class UserView extends LinearLayout {  
  
    public UserView(Context context) {  
        this(context, null);  
    }  
  
    public UserView(Context context, AttributeSet attrs) {  
        super(context, attrs);  
  
        LayoutInflater.from(context).inflate(R.layout.user_view_merge, this);  
  
        // Etc...  
    }  
}
```



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# Custom Drawing

# Custom Drawing

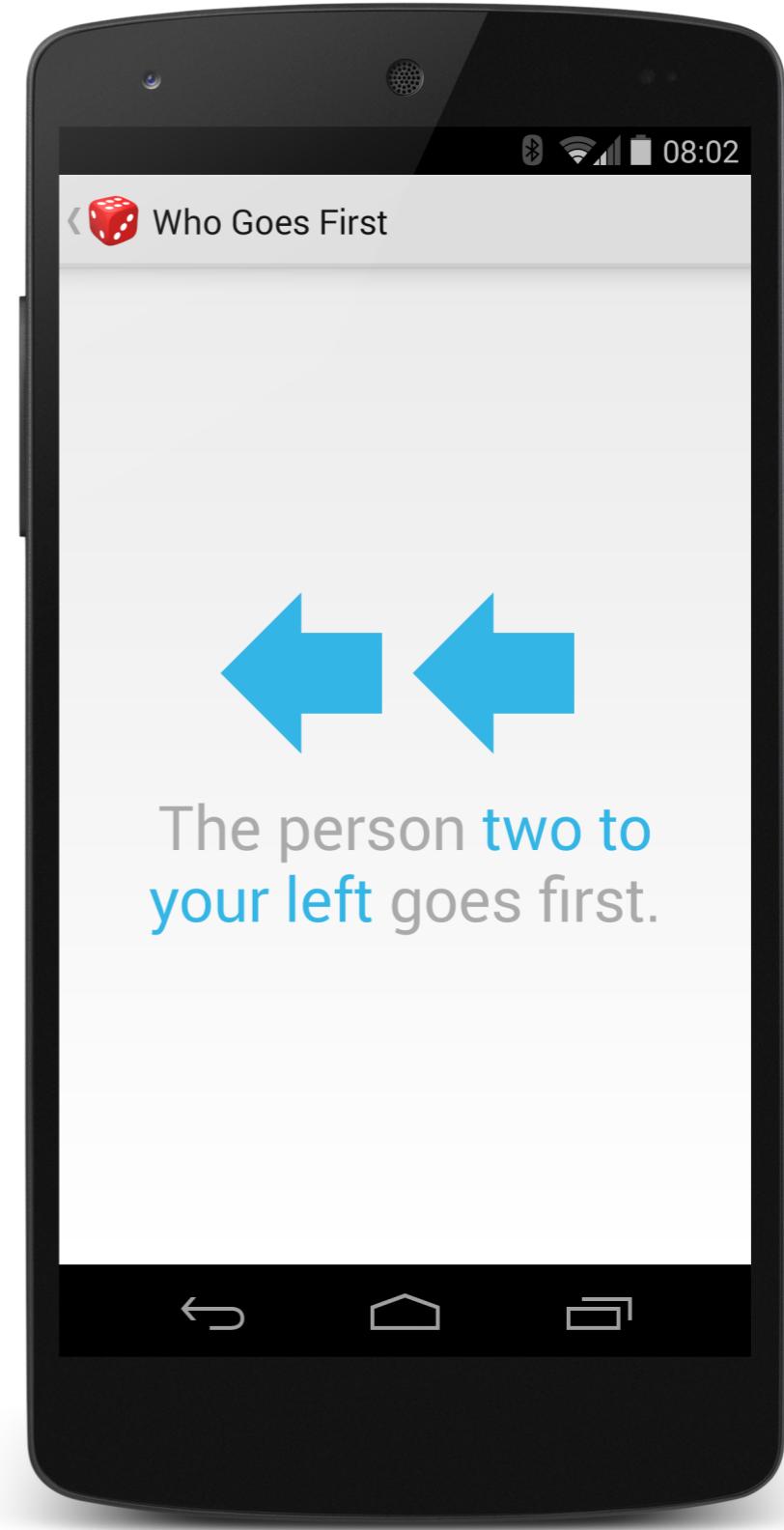
```
public class CircleView extends View {  
  
    @Override  
    protected void onDraw(Canvas canvas) {  
        Paint paint = new Paint();  
  
        /*  
         * ...Configure paint here to draw icon...  
         * ...yadda yadda yadda...  
        */  
  
        int radius = getWidth() / 2;  
        canvas.drawCircle(radius, radius, radius, paint);  
    }  
}
```

yadda: <http://goo.gl/W8d17V>

# Advanced Practices

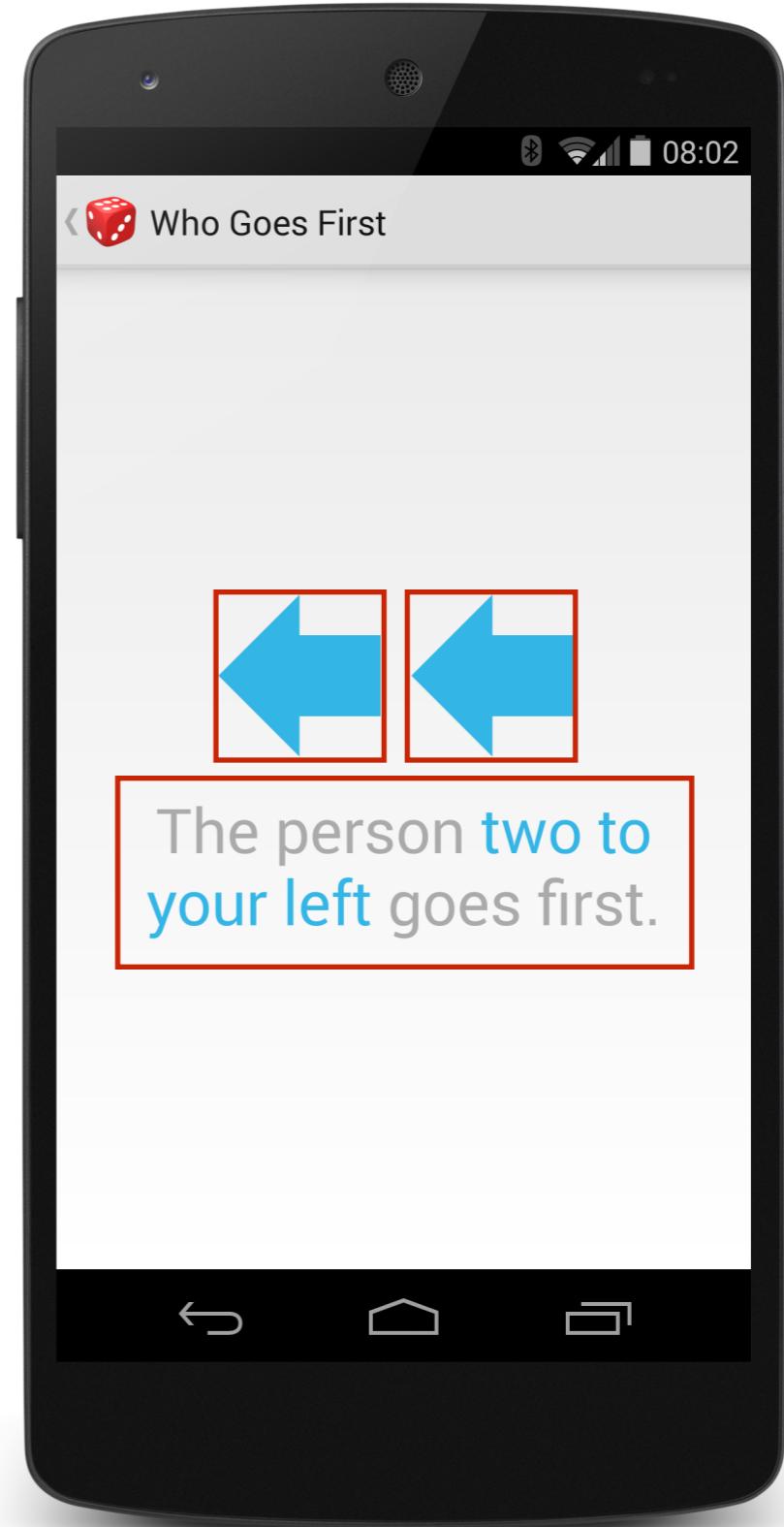
- Measure / Layout
- Saving state
- Touch events
- Custom animations

# Measurement vs. Layout



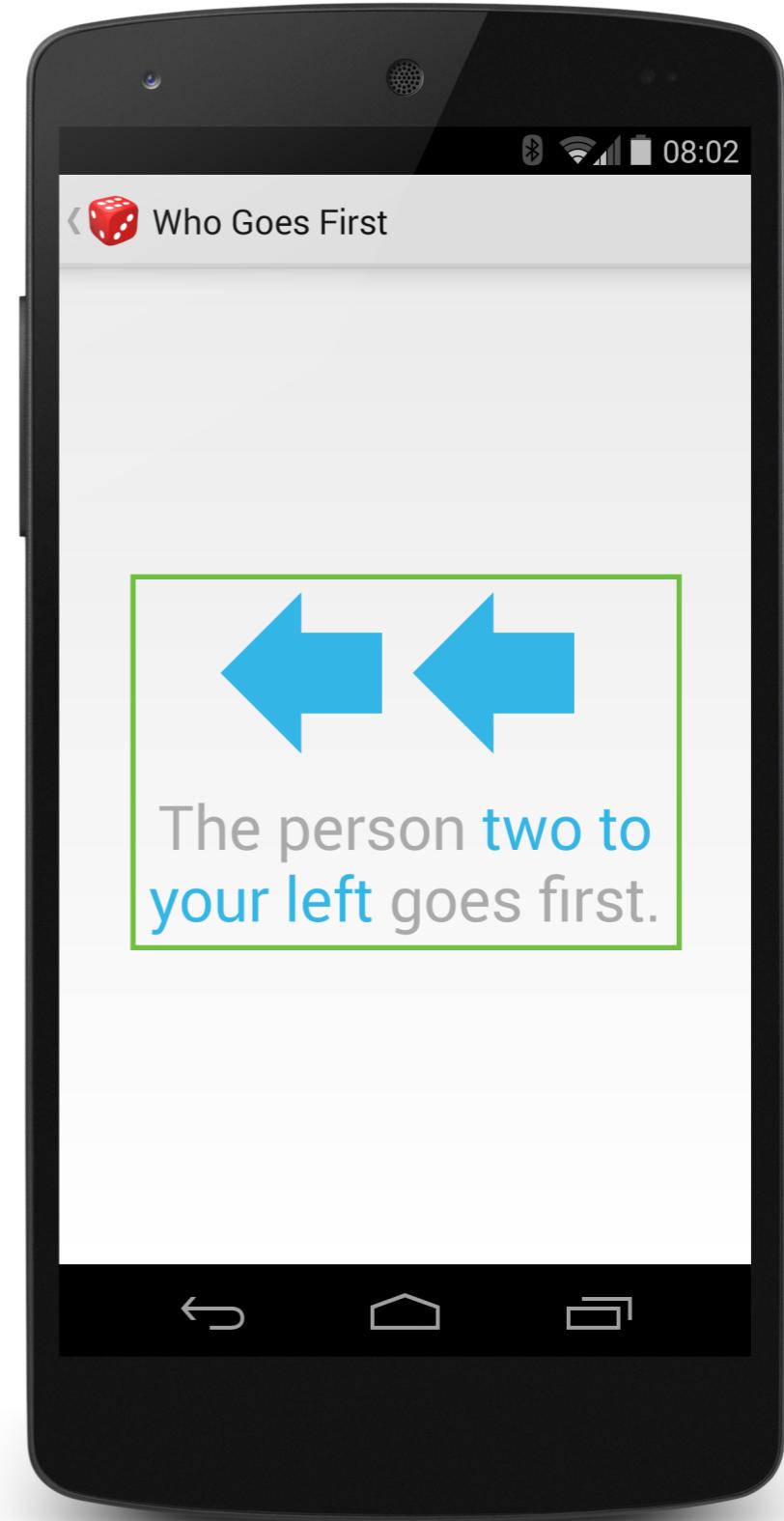
# onMeasure()

View size



# onLayout()

Child View location/size



Measurement and Layout Pro-Tip

Don't bother!

(most of the time)

# onMeasure()

- onMeasure() signature

```
void onMeasure(int widthMeasureSpec, int heightMeasureSpec)
```

- measureSpec - packed integer

```
int widthMode = MeasureSpec.getMode(widthMeasureSpec);  
int widthSize = MeasureSpec.getSize(widthMeasureSpec);  
int heightMode = MeasureSpec.getMode(heightMeasureSpec);  
int heightSize = MeasureSpec.getSize(heightMeasureSpec);
```

# Measure Modes

- `MeasureSpec.EXACTLY` - Must be that size
- `MeasureSpec.AT_MOST` - Maximum width
- `MeasureSpec.UNDEFINED` - Ideal width

# onMeasure()

```
protected void onMeasure(int widthMeasureSpec, int heightMeasureSpec) {  
    int widthMode = MeasureSpec.getMode(widthMeasureSpec);  
    int widthSize = MeasureSpec.getSize(widthMeasureSpec);  
  
    int width;  
    if (widthMode == MeasureSpec.EXACTLY) {  
        width = widthSize;  
    }  
    else {  
        int desiredWidth = 500; // Whatever calculation you want  
  
        if (widthMode == MeasureSpec.AT_MOST) {  
            width = Math.min(desiredWidth, widthSize);  
        }  
        else {  
            width = desiredWidth;  
        }  
    }  
  
    // ...to be continued...  
}
```

# onMeasure()

```
@Override  
protected void onMeasure(int widthMeasureSpec,  
    int heightMeasureSpec) {  
    int width;  
    int height;  
  
    // ...Calculate width and height...  
  
    setMeasuredDimension(width, height);  
}
```

# onLayout()

- Seriously, don't bother!
- For each child, call: child.layout()

# onLayout()

```
@Override  
protected void onLayout(boolean changed, int l, int t,  
    int r, int b) {  
  
    for (int a = 0; a < getChildCount(); a++) {  
        View child = getChildAt(a);  
  
        // ...Calculate left, top, right, bottom...  
        // (This should be easy, right?)  
  
        child.layout(left, top, right, bottom);  
    }  
}
```

# Detecting Size Changes

- Update config based on size
- `onLayout()`
- `onSizeChanged()`

# Saving State

- Encapsulate state in Views
- `onSaveInstanceState()` / `onRestoreInstanceState()`
- Uses Parcelables
- Parcelables - harder (but fast)
- Bundles - easy (but a bit slower)

# Saving State

```
private String mValue;

@Override
protected Parcelable onSaveInstanceState() {
    Bundle bundle = new Bundle();
    bundle.putString("Key", mValue);
    return bundle;
}

@Override
protected void onRestoreInstanceState(Parcelable state) {
    Bundle bundle = (Bundle) state;
    mValue = bundle.getString("Key");
}
```

# Parent State

- View parent has state, too!
- Must wrap/unwrap parent state
- Still simple with Bundles

# Parent State

```
@Override  
protected Parcelable onSaveInstanceState() {  
    Bundle bundle = new Bundle();  
    bundle.putParcelable("SuperState", super.onSaveInstanceState());  
    // ...Put whatever you want in the Bundle...  
    return bundle;  
}  
  
@Override  
protected void onRestoreInstanceState(Parcelable state) {  
    Bundle bundle = (Bundle) state;  
    super.onRestoreInstanceState(bundle.getParcelable("SuperState"));  
    // ...Restore whatever you put into the Bundle...  
}
```

# Touch Events

- Hard mode: onTouchEvent()
- Easy mode: GestureDetector
- Handles complex logic (e.g. touch slop)
- If you want to know everything, Dave Smith Talk:  
<http://goo.gl/CtzHaN>

# GestureDetector

- Step 1: Create OnGestureListener

```
private OnGestureListener mListener = new SimpleOnGestureListener() {  
  
    @Override  
    public boolean onDoubleTap(MotionEvent e) {  
        Log.i("Tag", "Double tap detected!");  
        return true;  
    }  
};
```

# GestureDetector

- Step 2: Create GestureDetector

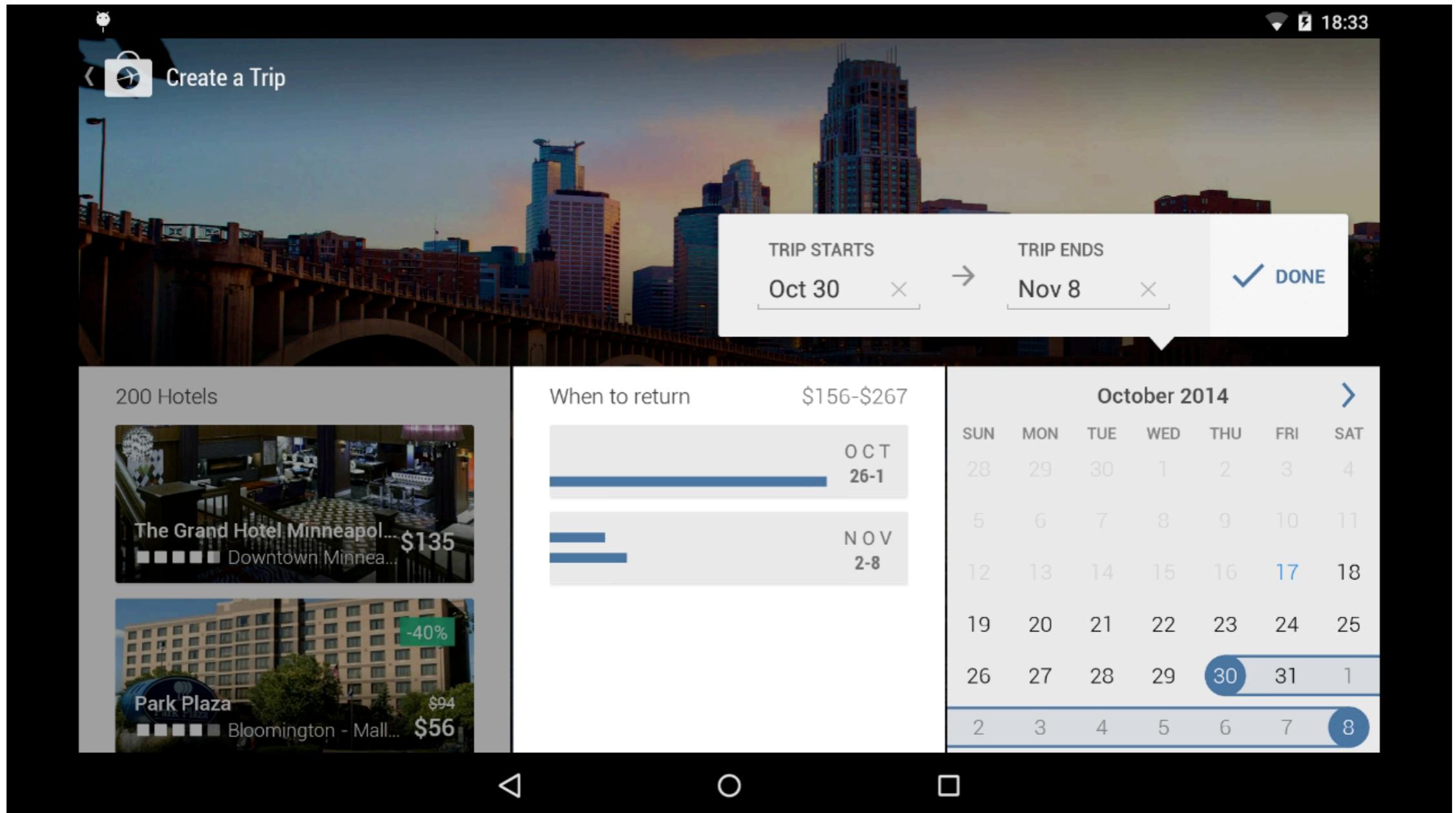
```
public class CustomView extends View {  
  
    private GestureDetector mGestureDetector;  
  
    public CustomView(Context context, AttributeSet attrs) {  
        super(context, attrs);  
        mGestureDetector = new GestureDetector(context, mListener);  
    }  
}
```

# GestureDetector

- Step 3: Hook up GestureDetector in onTouchEvent()

```
public class CustomView extends View {  
  
    // ...Previous code...  
  
    @Override  
    public boolean onTouchEvent(MotionEvent event) {  
        return mGestureDetector.onTouchEvent(event)  
            || super.onTouchEvent(event);  
    }  
}
```

# Custom Animation



# Custom Draw Property

```
public class ColorView extends View {  
  
    private int mColor;  
  
    @Override  
    protected void onDraw(Canvas canvas) {  
        canvas.drawColor(mColor);  
    }  
}
```

# What I Want

```
// Animate the alpha  
ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(myView, "alpha", 1.0f).start();  
  
// Change color as it fades in  
ObjectAnimator.ofInt(myView, "color", Color.RED).start();
```

# Property Setter/Getter

```
public class ColorView extends View {  
  
    private int mColor;  
  
    public int getColor() {  
        return mColor;  
    }  
  
    public void setColor(int color) {  
        mColor = color;  
        invalidate(); ←  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    protected void onDraw(Canvas canvas) {  
        canvas.drawColor(mColor);  
    }  
}
```

# Invalidate vs. Layout

- `invalidate()` - View needs to redraw contents
- `requestLayout()` - View needs to change its size
  - Rubbish for animation
- Animation talk: <http://goo.gl/uwRBso>
  - ...By yours truly, Dan Lew



One downside...



...no custom View composition

# Avoid Custom Views

- ...when hooks exist already:

```
view.setOnClickListener(new OnClickListener() { ... });
```

- ...when you could just use a custom Drawable:

```
imageView.setImageDrawable(new CustomDrawable());
```

See “Mastering Android drawables”: <http://goo.gl/ENfzW6>

- ...when Google is doing tricky stuff (e.g. widget tinting in appcompat)

# Summary

- Custom Views can be simple!
- Encapsulating logic makes your code simpler.
- Custom Views can help you fine tune your app.
- ...But don't go crazy with them.

# Thank you!

- Samples: <https://github.com/dlew/android-custom-views-sample>
- <http://danlew.net/>
- @danlew42
- +DanielLew