AOP

(Aspect Oriented Programming)

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Course Roadmap



1 Introduction to AOP

1.1 Definition:

Programming paradigm that aims to increase modularity by allowing the separation of crosscutting (non-functional) concerns.

Examples of crosscutting concerns:

- 1. Logging
- 2. Caching
- 3. Security
- 4. Transactions

1.2 Advantages:

- 1. Modularizes cross-cutting concerns.
- 2. Improving code maintainability.
- 3. Minimalism; keeping the code clean

1.3 Terminology

1 Cross-cutting concerns:

Functionality that occurs in multiple parts of the system which is non functional and separates it from the core of the application

2 Advice:

This is the additional code that you want to apply to your existing model

3 Pointcut:

This is the term given to the point of execution in the application at which cross-cutting concern needs to be applied

4 Aspect:

The combination of the pointcut and the advice is termed an aspect.

1.4 Methods

- 1 Decorator
 - 2 Interception
 - 3 IL weaving

2 Decorator

2.1 Definition

Decorator is a structural design pattern that lets you attach new behaviors to objects by placing these objects inside special wrapper objects that contain the behaviors.

2.2 Mechanism

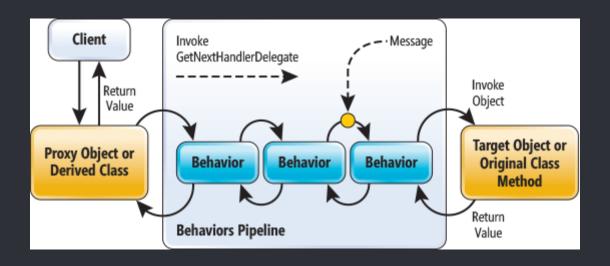
a = new ConcComponent() Client The **Client** can wrap components in multiple b = new ConcDecorator1(a) layers of decorators, as long as it works with c = new ConcDecorator2(b) all objects via the component interface. c.execute() The **Component** declares // Decorator -> Decorator -> Component «interface» both wrappers and Component wrapped objects. + execute() The Base Decorator class has a field for referencing a wrapped Concrete Component is a Concrete **Base Decorator** class of objects being object. The field's type should be Component wrapped. It defines the wrappee: Component interface so it can contain both + BaseDecorator(c: Component) be altered by decorators. wrappee = c + execute() + execute() delegates all operations to the wrappee.execute() wrapped object. Concrete Concrete Decorators define extra behaviors that **Decorators** can be added to components dynamically. super::execute() + execute() obefore or after calling the parent method. extra() + extra()

3 Interceptor

3.1 Definition

Interception provides a flexible approach for adding new behaviors to an object at run time. These behaviors typically address some crosscutting concerns,

3.2 Mechanism



3.3 Steps

- 1. Implementing interceptor interface.
- 2. Adding aspect logic.
- 3. Attaching interceptor.

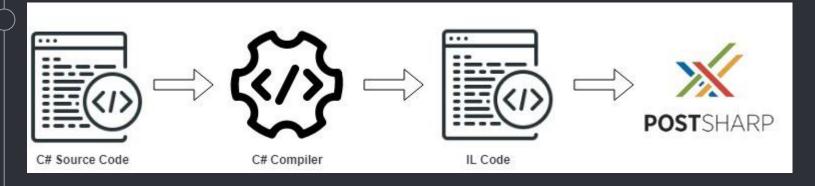
4 IL Weaving

4.1 Definition

It's the act of manipulating a compiled .dll file and injecting additional instructions in it. This can be used, for example, to reduce the amount of boilerplate in your codebase.

4.2 Mechanism

(Using Postsharp)



It extends the build process not the compilation process, as instructions to the compiled binary code using post-processor.

4.3 Steps

(Using Postsharp)

- 1. Implementing the required aspect.
- 2. Attaching the aspect to its target.

5 Application

6 Task

References:

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Thanks!

ANY QUESTIONS?

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