



## ÔN TÂP CHUỗI TRONG C



Bài 17.18: Bit++



```
1 //17.18
 2 #include <stdio.h>
 3 #include <string.h>
4
 5 pint main(){
6
       int n,dem=0;
       scanf("%d",&n);
8
       char a[4];
9申
       while(n--){
           scanf("%s",a);
10
            if(a[1]=='+') dem++;
11
12
            else dem--;
13
14
       printf("%d",dem);
15
       return 0;
16 L
```

Bài 17.18: Bit++

## Bài 18.13: Đếm số từ trong xâu





## Bài 18.13: Đếm số từ trong xâu

```
1 //18.3 cach 1
2 #include<stdio.h>
3 #include<string.h>
4₱int main(){
       char a[300];
6
      gets(a);
       int dem=1;
8
       for(int i=0;i<strlen(a);i++){</pre>
9
           if(a[i]==' '&&a[i+1]!=' '){
.0
               dem++;
.1
.3
       printf("%d ",dem);
.4
```

```
20 //18.3 cach 2
21 #include <stdio.h>
22 #include <string.h>
23
24 pint main(){
25
       char a[300];
26
       gets(a);
27
       int dem=0;
28
29
       char *t=strtok(a," ");
       while(t!=NULL){
30申
31
            t=strtok(NULL," ");
32
            dem++;
33
34
35
       printf("%d",dem);
36 }
```



Bài 18.08: Chu ẩn hóa tên. (cách 1)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
 2 #include<string.h>
 3 #include <ctype.h>
 5 pint main(){
        char a[300];
        gets(a);
 8
        int i;
 9申
        for(i=strlen(a)-1;i>=0;--i){
            if(a[i-1]==' ') break;
10
11
12
        int tam=i;
13 申
        for(;i<strlen(a);++i){</pre>
            printf("%c",toupper(a[i]));
14
15
16
        printf(", %c",toupper(a[0]));
17 白
        for(int i=1;i<tam;++i){</pre>
18申
            if(a[i-1]==' '){
19
                printf("%c",toupper(a[i]));
            }else printf("%c",tolower(a[i]));
20
21
22
22
```



Bài 18.08: Chu ẩn hóa tên. (cách 1)

## Bài 18.08: Chuẩn hóa tên. (cách 2)







```
27
     //c2
     #include <stdio.h>
     #include <string.h>
30
     #include <ctype.h>
31
32 - void ch(char a[]){
         for(int i=0;i<strlen(a);++i)</pre>
33
34
             a[i]=toupper(a[i]);
35 L }
36
37 ☐ int main(){
         char b[1000], a[100][100];
38
39
         gets(b);
40
         b[0]=toupper(b[0]):
41
         for(int i=1;i<strlen(b);++i){
42
             b[i]=tolower(b[i]);
43 E
             if(b[i-1]==' '){
44
                  b[i]=toupper(b[i]);
45
46
```

```
48
         int n=0;
49
         char *t=strtok(b," ");
50 E
         while(t!=NULL){
51
             strcpy(a[n++],t);
52
             t=strtok(NULL," ");
53
54
         ch(a[n-1]);
55
56
         printf("%s, ",a[n-1]);
57 🖃
         for(int i=0;i<n-1;++i){
58
             printf("%s ",a[i]);
59
60
```