

# 【Effective CPP】 Day6

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## 【Ch2】 Constructors, Destructors, and Assignment Operators

### Item 10: Have assignment operators return a reference to *\*this*

One of the interesting thing about assignments is that we can chain them together:

```
int x, y, z;  
x = y = z = 15;
```

The way this is implemented is that **assignment returns a reference to its left-hand argument**, and that's the convention we should follow.

```
class Widget {  
public:  
    ...  
    Widget& operator=(const Widget& rhs) {  
        ...  
        return *this;  
    }  
  
    Widget& operator+=(const Widget& rhs) {  
        ...  
        return *this;  
    }  
};
```

This is just a convention. It is followed by all the built-in types and those in the standard library.

### Things to Remember

Have assignment operators return a reference to `*this`.

## Item 11: Handle assignment to self in operator=

An assignment to self occurs when an object is assigned to itself:

```
class Widget {...};  
Widget w;  
w = w;
```

If we try to manage resources ourselves, we might fall into the trap of accidentally releasing a resource before when we are done with it.

```
class BitMap {...};  
  
class Widget {  
private :  
    BitMap *pb;  
};
```

Here is an implementation of operator= that looks reasonable but unsafe if applied to itself:

```
Widget& Widget::operator=(const Widget& rhs) {  
    delete pb;  
    pb = new BitMap(*rhs.pb);  
    return *this;  
}
```

The problem is that `rhs` and `this` could point to the same object. When they are, the `delete` not only destroys the bitmap for the current object, it **destroys the bitmap for `rhs` as well**.

We can do an identity check to prevent this error:

```
Widget& Widget::operator(const Widget& rhs) {  
    if(&rhs == this)  
        return *this;  
  
    delete pb;  
    pb = new BitMap(*rhs.pb);  
    return *this;  
}
```

This works, but we need to consider the overhead of adding extra evaluation.

A better and more general solution would be:

```
Widget& Widget::operator=(const Widget& rhs) {  
    BitMap *pOrig = pb;  
    pb = new BitMap(*rhs.pb);  
    delete pOrig;  
    return *this;  
}
```

### *Things to Remember*

Make sure `operator=` is well-behaved when an object is assigned to itself.