

Pyglet

Installation (from command line)

```
(venv)$ python -m pip install pyglet
```

Window and loop of events

```
import pyglet
window = pyglet.window.Window()
pyglet.app.run()
```

Register functions to events

```
window.push_handlers(
    on_draw=draw_window,
    on_text=process_text,
)
```

Interesting events

| | |
|---|--|
| <code>on_draw()</code> | Render window |
| <code>on_key_press(sym, mod)</code> | Key press (sym – from <code>pyglet.window.key</code>) |
| <code>on_key_release(sym, mod)</code> | Key release (mod – <code>MOD_*</code> from <code>pyglet.window.key</code>) |
| <code>on_text(text)</code> | Text input |
| <code>on_text_motion(m)</code> | Cursor move (m – <code>MOTION_*</code> from <code>pyglet.window.key</code>) |
| <code>on_mouse_press(x, y, b, mod)</code> | Mouse pressed (b – button, <code>pyglet.window.mouse</code>) |
| <code>on_mouse_release(x, y, b, mod)</code> | Mouse button released |
| <code>on_mouse_motion(x, y, dx, dy)</code> | Mouse motion (dx, dy – distances) |
| <code>on_mouse_scroll(x, y, sx, sy)</code> | Mouse scroll (x, y – where, sx, sy – how much) |
| <code>on_mouse_enter(x, y)</code> | Mouse entered some area |
| <code>on_mouse_leave(x, y)</code> | Mouse left some area |
| <code>on_show()</code> | Show window |
| <code>on_hide()</code> | Hide window |
| <code>on_close()</code> | Tries to close window (return True prevent closure) |

Pictures

```
picture = pyglet.image.load('name.png')
sprite = pyglet.sprite.Sprite(picture)
```

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| <code>sprite.draw()</code> | Rendering (within <code>on_draw</code> window!) |
| <code>sprite.x</code> | X coordination |
| <code>sprite.y</code> | Y coordination |
| <code>sprite.rotation</code> | Rotation (in degrees) |
| <code>sprite.scale</code> | Enlargement (default 1) |
| <code>sprite.image</code> | Image |
| <code>sprite.color</code> | Colour (blend) – 3 r g b numbers, each from 0 (dark) to 255 (saturated) |

Time

```
pyglet.clock.schedule_interval(my_ticking_function, 1/30)
```

Calls function every 1/30 of a second (0.033 second)

```
pyglet.clock.schedule_once(my_onetime_function, 1/2)
```

Calls function once after half a second

Function that was called will get one argument – time from last call or registration.

More info: <https://pyglet.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>