

CHEAT SHEET PROE (PARTE 2)

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial v(x,t)}{\partial x} &= -Ri(x,t) - L\frac{\partial i(x,t)}{\partial t} \\ \frac{\partial i(x,t)}{\partial x} &= -Gv(x,t) - C\frac{\partial v(x,t)}{\partial t}\end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = \alpha + j\beta = \sqrt{Z_l Y_l} = \sqrt{(R + j\omega L)(G + j\omega C)}$$

$$Z_0 = \frac{Z_l}{\gamma} = \sqrt{\frac{Z_l}{Y_l}} = \sqrt{\frac{R + j\omega L}{G + j\omega C}}$$

$$\omega L \gg R, \quad \omega C \gg G :$$

$$\alpha \approx \frac{R}{2} \sqrt{\frac{C}{L}} + \frac{G}{2} \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}, \quad \beta \approx \omega \sqrt{LC}.$$

$$x \ll 1 : \quad 1/\sqrt{1+x} \approx 1-x, \quad \sqrt{1+x} \approx 1+x/2$$

$$\frac{R}{L} = \frac{G}{C}$$

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}, \quad \alpha = R\sqrt{\frac{C}{L}}, \quad \beta = \omega \sqrt{LC}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}\underline{V}(x) &= \underline{V}_0^+ e^{-\gamma x} + \underline{V}_0^- e^{\gamma x} = \underline{V}^+(x) + \underline{V}^-(x) \\ \underline{I}(x) &= \frac{\underline{V}_0^+}{Z_0} e^{-\gamma x} - \frac{\underline{V}_0^-}{Z_0} e^{\gamma x} = \underline{I}^+(x) + \underline{I}^-(x)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}Z(x) &= \frac{\underline{V}(x)}{\underline{I}(x)} & \rho_V(x) &= \frac{\underline{V}^-(x)}{\underline{V}^+(x)} = \rho_{V0} e^{2\gamma x} \\ Z(x) &= Z_0 \frac{1 + \rho_V(x)}{1 - \rho_V(x)} & \rho_V(x) &= \frac{Z(x) - Z_0}{Z(x) + Z_0}\end{aligned}$$

$$0 \leq |\rho_V| \leq 1$$

$$d = x_2 - x_1 :$$

$$\rho_{V1} = \rho_{V2} e^{-2\gamma d} \iff \rho_{V2} = \rho_{V1} e^{2\gamma d}$$

$$Z_1 = Z_0 \frac{Z_2 + Z_0 \tanh(\gamma d)}{Z_0 + Z_2 \tanh(\gamma d)}, \quad Y_1 = \frac{Y_2 + Y_0 \tanh(\gamma d)}{Y_0 + Y_2 \tanh(\gamma d)}$$

$$Z_2 = Z_0 \implies Z_1 = Z_0, \quad \rho_V(x)|_{\text{matched}} = 0.$$

$$Z_2 = 0 \implies \rho_{V \text{ c.c.}} = -1$$

$$Z_2 \rightarrow +\infty \implies \rho_{V \text{ o.c.}} = +1$$

$$\gamma = j\beta, \quad Z_0 \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$$

$$|\underline{V}^+(x)| = \text{const.}, \quad |\rho_V(x)| = \text{const.}$$

$$Z_1 = Z_0 \frac{Z_2 + jZ_0 \tan(\beta d)}{Z_0 + jZ_2 \tan(\beta d)}, \quad \rho_{V1} = \rho_{V2} e^{-j2\beta d}.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \underline{V}_1 \\ \underline{I}_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\beta d) & jZ_0 \sin(\beta d) \\ j \sin(\beta d)/Z_0 & \cos(\beta d) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{V}_2 \\ \underline{I}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d = \lambda/2: \quad Z_1 = Z_2, \quad \rho_{V1} = \rho_{V2}$$

$$d = \lambda/4: \quad Z_1 = Z_0^2/Z_2, \quad \rho_{V1} = -\rho_{V2}$$

$$\boxed{Z_1|_{d=l} = Z_1|_{d=l+n\frac{\lambda}{2}}, \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}}$$

$$\underline{V}_1 = \underline{V}_g - Z_g \underline{I}_1,$$

$$\underline{V}_1^+ = \frac{\underline{V}_g}{1 + Z_g/Z_0 + (1 - Z_g/Z_0)\rho_{V1}}.$$

$$\text{If } Z_g = Z_0, \text{ then } \underline{V}_1^+ = \underline{V}_g/2.$$

$$V_{\max} = \max|\underline{V}(x)|, \quad V_{\min} = \min|\underline{V}(x)|.$$

$$\text{SWR} \equiv \frac{V_{\max}}{V_{\min}} = \frac{1 + |\rho_V|}{1 - |\rho_V|} \implies |\rho_V| = \frac{\text{SWR} - 1}{\text{SWR} + 1}$$

$$Z_{\max} = \text{SWR} \cdot Z_0, \quad Z_{\min} = Z_0/\text{SWR}$$

$$d_{V_{\max}, I_{\min}, Z_{\max}} = \frac{\arg(\rho_{V \text{ load}}) \cdot \lambda}{4\pi} + n\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$d_{V_{\min}, I_{\max}, Z_{\min}} = \frac{\arg(\rho_{V \text{ load}}) \cdot \lambda}{4\pi} + \frac{\lambda}{4} + n\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{P}(x) &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\{\underline{V}(x)\underline{I}^*(x)\} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \text{Re}\left\{ \frac{|\underline{V}^+(x)|^2}{Z_0^*} - \frac{|\underline{V}^-(x)|^2}{Z_0^*} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{1}{Z_0^*} [\underline{V}^{+*}(x)\underline{V}^-(x) - \underline{V}^+(x)\underline{V}^{-*}(x)] \right\}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma = j\beta, \quad Z_0 \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$$

$$\mathcal{P} = \mathcal{P}^+ - \mathcal{P}^- = \mathcal{P}^+(1 - |\rho_{V2}|^2),$$

$$\mathcal{P}^+ = \frac{1}{2} \frac{|\underline{V}^+|^2}{Z_0}, \quad \mathcal{P}^- = \frac{1}{2} \frac{|\underline{V}^-|^2}{Z_0}.$$

$$\gamma = \alpha + j\beta$$

$$\mathcal{P}_1 \approx \frac{1}{2} \frac{|\underline{V}_1^+|^2}{Z_0} (1 - |\rho_{V1}|^2), \quad \mathcal{P}_2 \approx \frac{1}{2} \frac{|\underline{V}_2^+|^2}{Z_0} (1 - |\rho_{V2}|^2).$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\mathcal{P}_1}{\mathcal{P}_2} &= \frac{(1 - e^{-4\alpha d} |\rho_{V2}|^2)}{e^{-2\alpha d} (1 - |\rho_{V2}|^2)} = \frac{e^{2\alpha d} + e^{-2\alpha d} |\rho_{V2}|^2}{1 - |\rho_{V2}|^2} \\ &\approx \boxed{1 + 2\alpha d \frac{1 + |\rho_{V2}|^2}{1 - |\rho_{V2}|^2}}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{P}_{\text{dis}} = \mathcal{P}_1 - \mathcal{P}_2 \simeq \mathcal{P}_2 \cdot \alpha d \left(\text{SWR} + \frac{1}{\text{SWR}} \right)$$

$$P_L = \frac{|\underline{V}_g|^2}{2} \frac{R_L}{(R_L + R_g)^2 + (X_L + X_g)^2}$$

$$P_{L, \max} = P_a = \frac{|\underline{V}_g|^2}{8R_g}, \quad \text{for } Z_L = Z_g^* = R_g - jX_g.$$

$$\lambda_0 = \frac{c}{f_0} \rightarrow l_T = \frac{\lambda_0}{4} \rightarrow Z_{0T} = \sqrt{Z_0 Z_L}, \quad Z_L \in \mathbb{R}_{>0}$$