

Table A13 List of the file, **behavior.new**. This is the completed file after the GENOPT user's completion of the "GENTEXT" interactive session. The FORTRAN statements in this file become the **skeletal behavior.new** library. GENOPT does this automatically. **See Table a31 for a list of the "howto.behavior" file.** In this particular application of GENOPT the GENOPT user decided not to "flesh out" any of the BEHXi, i=1,14 subroutines, but instead to perform all the computations in SUBROUTINE STRUCT. The reason for this decision is that the "behaviors" (such as buckling, stress, displacement) are computed by BIGBOSOR4, and one execution of BIGBOSOR4 yields more than one "behavior". For example, one execution of BIGBOSOR4 generates skin and stiffener stresses and buckling load factors for both Region 1 and Region 2. It would take much more computer time if BIGBOSOR4 had to be executed inside each of the 14 BEHXi subroutines to yield a particular "behavior" that is the "responsibility" of that particular BEHXi subroutine. In the "equivellipse" application of GENOPT there are 14 BEHXi subroutines, two groups of 7. The first group of 7 BEHXi subroutines, BEHXi, i=1,7, corresponds to the first group of 7 "bundles" of Role 4,5,6 variables listed in Table 2 = those "bundles" with variable names that contain the digit "1" (CLAPS1, GENBK1, SKNBK1, STFBK1, SKNST1, STFST1, and WAPEX1). The second group of 7 BEHXi subroutines, BEHXi, i=8,14, corresponds to the second group of 7 "bundles" of Role 4,5,6 variables listed in Table 2 = those "bundles" with variable names that contain the digit "2" (CLAPS2, GENBK2, SKNBK2, STFBK2, SKNST2, STFST2, and WAPEX2). The digits, "1" and "2", denote, respectively, "shell with a "mode 1" axisymmetric buckling modal imperfection" and "shell with a "mode 2" axisymmetric buckling modal imperfection". (More generally, instead of "mode 1" read "odd-numbered mode" and instead of "mode 2" read "even-numbered mode").

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=====
C=DECK          BEHAVIOR.NEW
C  This library contains the skeletons of
C  subroutines called SUBROUTINE BEHXn, n = 1,
C  2, 3, . . . that will yield predictions
C  of behavioral responses of various systems
C  to environments (loads).
C
C  You may complete the subroutines by writing
C  algorithms that yield the responses,
C  each of which plays a part in constraining
C  the design to a feasible region. Examples
C  of responses are: stress, buckling, drag,
C  vibration, deformation, clearances, etc.
C
C  A skeleton routine called SUBROUTINE OBJECT
C  is also provided for any objective function
C  (e.g. weight, deformation, conductivity)
C  you may wish to create.
C
```

C A skeleton routine called SUBROUTINE USRCON
C is also provided for any user-written
C constraint condition you may wish to write:
C This is an INEQUALITY condition that
C involves any program variables. However,
C note that this kind of thing is done
C automatically in the program DECIDE, so
C try DECIDE first to see if your particular
C constraint conditions can be accommodated
C more easily there.

C
C Please note that you do not have to modify
C BEHAVIOR.NEW in any way, but may instead
C prefer to insert your subroutines into the
C skeletal libraries ADDCODEN.NEW, n=1,2,...
C and appropriate common blocks, dimension
C and type statements and calls to these
C subroutines in the library STRUCT.NEW.
C This strategy is best if your FORTRAN
C input to GENOPT contains quite a bit
C of software previously written by
C yourself or others, and/or the generation
C of behavioral constraints is more easily
C accomplished via another architecture
C than that provided for in the
C BEHAVIOR.NEW library. (See instructions
C in the libraries ADDCODEN.NEW and
C STRUCT.NEW for this procedure.)

C
C The two test cases provided with GENOPT
C provide examples of each method:
C PLATE (test case 1): use of BEHAVIOR.NEW
C PANEL (test case 2): use of ADDCODEN.NEW
C and STRUCT.NEW.

C
C SEVEN ROLES THAT VARIABLES IN THIS SYSTEM OF PROGRAMS PLAY

C
C A variable can have one of the following roles:

- C
C 1 = a possible decision variable for optimization,
C typically a dimension of a structure.
C 2 = a constant parameter (cannot vary as design evolves),
C typically a control integer or material property,
C but not a load, allowable, or factor of safety,
C which are asked for later.
C 3 = a parameter characterizing the environment, such
C as a load component or a temperature.
C 4 = a quantity that describes the response of the

C structure, (e.g. stress, buckling load, frequency)
C 5 = an allowable, such as maximum allowable stress,
C minimum allowable frequency, etc.
C 6 = a factor of safety
C 7 = the quantity that is to be minimized or maximized,
C called the "objective function" (e.g. weight).
C =====

C NAMES, DEFINITIONS, AND ROLES OF THE VARIABLES:

C YOU ARE USING WHAT I HAVE CALLED "GENOPT" TO GENERATE AN
C OPTIMIZATION PROGRAM FOR A PARTICULAR CLASS OF PROBLEMS.
C THE NAME YOU HAVE CHOSEN FOR THIS CLASS OF PROBLEMS IS: equivellipse

C "GENOPT" (GENeral OPTimization) was written during 1987-1988
C by Dr. David Bushnell, Dept. 93-30, Bldg. 251, (415)424-3237
C Lockheed Missiles and Space Co., 3251 Hanover St.,
C Palo Alto, California, USA 94304

C The optimizer used in GENOPT is called ADS, and was
C written by G. Vanderplaats [3]. It is based on the method
C of feasible directions [4].

C ABSTRACT

C "GENOPT" has the following purposes and properties:

- C 1. Any relatively simple analysis is "automatically"
C converted into an optimization of whatever system
C can be analyzed with fixed properties. Please note
C that GENOPT is not intended to be used for problems
C that require elaborate data-base management systems
C or large numbers of degrees of freedom.
- C 2. The optimization problems need not be in fields nor
C jargon familiar to me, the developer of GENOPT.
C Although all of the example cases (See the cases
C in the directories under genopt/case)
C are in the field of structural analysis, GENOPT is
C not limited to that field.
- C 3. GENOPT is a program that writes other programs. These
C programs, WHEN AUGMENTED BY USER-SUPPLIED CODING,
C form a program system that should be user-friendly in
C the GENOPT-user's field. In this instance the user
C of GENOPT must later supply FORTRAN coding that
C calculates behavior in the problem class called "equivellipse".

C 4. Input data and textual material are elicited from
C the user of GENOPT in a general enough way so that
C he or she may employ whatever data, definitions, and
C "help" paragraphs will make subsequent use of the
C program system thus generated easy by those less
C familiar with the class of problems "equivellipse" than
C the GENOPT user.

C 5. The program system generated by GENOPT has the same
C general architecture as previous programs written for
C specific applications by the developer [7 - 16]. That
C is, the command set is:

C BEGIN (User supplies starting design, loads,
C control integers, material properties,
C etc. in an interactive-help mode.)

C DECIDE (User chooses decision and linked
C variables and inequality constraints
C that are not based on behavior.)

C MAINSETUP (User chooses output option, whether
C to perform analysis of a fixed design
C or to optimize, and number of design
C iterations.)

C OPTIMIZE (The program system performs, in a batch
C mode, the work specified in MAINSETUP.)

C SUPEROPT (Program tries to find the GLOBAL optimum
C design as described in Ref.[11] listed
C below (Many OPTIMIZEs in one run.)

C CHANGE (User changes certain parameters)

C CHOOSEPLOT (User selects which quantities to plot
C vs. design iterations.)

C DIPLOT (User generates plots)

C CLEANSPEC (User cleans out unwanted files.)

C A typical runstream is:

C GENOPTLOG (activate command set)
C BEGIN (provide starting design, loads, etc.)
C DECIDE (choose decision variables and bounds)
C MAINSETUP (choose print option and analysis type)
C OPTIMIZE (launch batch run for n design iterations)

```

C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      CHANGE        (change some variables for new starting pt)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      OPTIMIZE      (launch batch run for n design iterations)
C      CHOOSEPLOT    (choose which variables to plot)
C      DIPLOT        (plot variables v. iterations)
C      CHOOSEPLOT    (choose additional variables to plot)
C      DIPLOT        (plot more variables v design iterations)
C      CLEANSPEC     (delete extraneous files for specific case)

```

```

C  IMPORTANT:  YOU MUST ALWAYS GIVE THE COMMAND "OPTIMIZE"
C              SEVERAL TIMES IN SUCCESSION IN ORDER TO OBTAIN
C              CONVERGENCE! AN EXPLANATION OF WHY YOU MUST DO
C              THIS IS GIVEN ON P 580-582 OF THE PAPER "PANDA2,
C              PROGRAM FOR MINIMUM WEIGHT DESIGN OF STIFFENED,
C              COMPOSITE LOCALLY BUCKLED PANELS", Computers and
C              Structures, Vol. 25, No. 4, pp 469-605 (1987).

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C Due to introduction of a "global" optimizer, SUPEROPT,
C described in Ref.[11], you can now use the runstream

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C      BEGIN          (provide starting design, loads, etc.)
C      DECIDE          (choose decision variables and bounds)
C      MAINSETUP       (choose print option and analysis type)
C      SUPEROPT        (launch batch run for "global" optimization)
C      CHOOSEPLOT      (choose which variables to plot)
C      DIPLOT          (plot variables v. iterations)

```

```

C "Global" is in quotes because SUPEROPT does its best to find
C a true global optimum design. The user is strongly urged to
C execute SUPEROPT/CHOOSEPLOT several times in succession in
C order to determine an optimum that is essentially just as
C good as the theoretical true global optimum. Each execution
C of the series,

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C      SUPEROPT
C      CHOOSEPLOT

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C does the following:

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C 1. SUPEROPT executes many sets of the two processors,
C    OPTIMIZE and AUTOCHANGE (AUTOCHANGE gets a new random
C    "starting" design), in which each set does the following:

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```

C          OPTIMIZE.EXE, CHANGE.EXE, STORE.EXE,
C          CHOOSEPLOT.EXE, DIPLOT.EXE.)

C      BEGIN      (end user provide starting data.)
C      DECIDE      (end user choose decision variables, bounds,
C                  linked variables, inequality constraints.)
C      MAINSETUP    (end user set up strategy parameters.)
C      OPTIMIZE     (end user perform optimization, batch mode.)
C      SUPEROPT     (Program tries to find the GLOBAL optimum
C                  design as described in Ref.[11] listed
C                  above (Many OPTIMIZEs in one run.)

C      CHANGE      (end user change some parameters.)
C      CHOOSEPLOT   (end user choose which variables to plot v.
C                  design iterations.)
C      DIPLOT       (end user obtain plots.)
C      INSERT       (GENOPT user add parameters to the problem.)
C      CLEANGEN     (GENOPT user cleanup your GENERIC files.)
C      CLEANSPEC    (end user cleanup your SPECIFIC case files)

```

```

C      Please consult the following sources for more
C      information about GENOPT:

```

- C 1. GENOPT.STORY and HOWTO.RUN and GENOPT.NEWS
- C 2. Sample cases: (in the directory, genopt/case)
- C 3. NAME.DEF file, where NAME is the name chosen by
C the GENOPT-user for a class of problems. (In this
C case NAME = equivellipse)
- C 4. GENOPT.HLP file (type HELPG)

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C=====

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C=====

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C TABLE 2 GLOSSARY OF VARIABLES USED IN "equivellipse"

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C=====

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C	ARRAY	NUMBER OF		PROMPT			
C	?	(ROWS, COLS)	ROLE	NUMBER	NAME	DEFINITION OF	
VARIABLE							
C	(equivellipse.PRO)						
C=====							
C	n	(0, 0)	2	10	npoint	= number of x-coordinates	
C	n	(0, 0)	2	15	Ixinput	= vector element number for	
xinput							
C	y	(21, 0)	2	20	xinput	= x-coordinates for ends of	
segment							
C	n	(0, 0)	2	25	ainput	= length of semi-major axis	
C	n	(0, 0)	2	30	binput	= length of semi-minor axis	
of elli							
C	n	(0, 0)	2	35	nodes	= number of nodal points per	
segmen							

C	n	(	0,	0)	2	40	xlimit	= max. x-coordinate for x-
coordinat								
C	y	(	21,	0)	1	45	THKSKN	= skin thickness at xinput
C	y	(	21,	0)	1	50	HIGHST	= height of isogrid members
at xinp								
C	n	(	0,	0)	1	55	SPACNG	= spacing of the isogrid
members								
C	n	(	0,	0)	1	60	THSTIF	= thickness of an isogrid
stiffenin								
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	65	THKCYL	= thickness of the
cylindrical shel								
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	70	RADCYL	= radius of the cylindrical
shell								
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	75	LENCYL	= length of the cylindrical
segment								
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	80	WIMP	= amplitude of the
axisymmetric imp								
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	85	EMATL	= elastic modulus
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	90	NUMATL	= Poisson ratio of material
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	95	DNMATL	= mass density of material
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	100	IMODE	= strategy control for
imperfection								
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	105	NCASES	= Number of load cases
(number of e								
C	y	(	20,	0)	3	110	PRESS	= uniform external pressure
C	y	(	20,	0)	4	115	CLAPS1	= collapse pressure with
imperfecti								
C	y	(	20,	0)	5	120	CLAPS1A	= allowable pressure for
axisymmetr								
C	y	(	20,	0)	6	125	CLAPS1F	= factor of safety for
axisymmetric								
C	y	(	20,	0)	4	130	GENBK1	= general buckling load
factor, mod								
C	y	(	20,	0)	5	135	GENBK1A	= allowable general buckling
load f								
C	y	(	20,	0)	6	140	GENBK1F	= factor of safety for
general buck								
C	n	(	0,	0)	2	145	JSKNBK1	= number of regions for
computing b								
C	y	(	20,	10)	4	150	SKNBK1	= local skin buckling load
factor,								
C	y	(	20,	10)	5	155	SKNBK1A	= allowable buckling load
factor								
C	y	(	20,	10)	6	160	SKNBK1F	= factor of safety for skin
bucklin								
C	y	(	20,	10)	4	165	STFBK1	= buckling load factor,
isogrid mem								
C	y	(	20,	10)	5	170	STFBK1A	= allowable for isogrid

stiffener b							
C y (20, 10)	6	175	STFBK1F	= factor of safety for			
isogrid stif							
C y (20, 10)	4	180	SKNST1	= maximum stress in the shell			
skin,							
C y (20, 10)	5	185	SKNST1A	= allowable stress for the			
shell sk							
C y (20, 10)	6	190	SKNST1F	= factor of safety for skin			
stress							
C y (20, 10)	4	195	STFST1	= maximum stress in isogrid			
stiffen							
C y (20, 10)	5	200	STFST1A	= allowable stress in isogrid			
stiff							
C y (20, 10)	6	205	STFST1F	= factor of safety for stress			
in is							
C y (20, 0)	4	210	WAPEx1	= normal (axial) displacement			
at ap							
C y (20, 0)	5	215	WAPEx1A	= allowable normal (axial)			
displace							
C y (20, 0)	6	220	WAPEx1F	= factor of safety for WAPEx			
C y (20, 0)	4	225	CLAPS2	= collapse pressure with			
imperfecti							
C y (20, 0)	5	230	CLAPS2A	= allowable pressure for			
axisymmetr							
C y (20, 0)	6	235	CLAPS2F	= factor of safety for			
axisymmetric							
C y (20, 0)	4	240	GENBK2	= general buckling load			
factor, mod							
C y (20, 0)	5	245	GENBK2A	= allowable general buckling			
load f							
C y (20, 0)	6	250	GENBK2F	= factor of safety for			
general buck							
C n (0, 0)	2	255	JSKNBK2	= number of regions for			
computing b							
C y (20, 10)	4	260	SKNBK2	= local skin buckling load			
factor,							
C y (20, 10)	5	265	SKNBK2A	= allowable skin buckling			
load fact							
C y (20, 10)	6	270	SKNBK2F	= factor of safety for local			
skin b							
C y (20, 10)	4	275	STFBK2	= buckling load factor for			
isogrid							
C y (20, 10)	5	280	STFBK2A	= allowable for isogrid			
stiffener b							
C y (20, 10)	6	285	STFBK2F	= factor of safety for			
isogrid stif							
C y (20, 10)	4	290	SKNST2	= maximum stress in the shell			
skin,							

```

C      y      ( 20, 10)      5      295      SKNST2A  = allowable stress for the
shell sk
C      y      ( 20, 10)      6      300      SKNST2F  = factor of safety for skin
stress
C      y      ( 20, 10)      4      305      STFST2   = maximum stress in isogrid
stiffen
C      y      ( 20, 10)      5      310      STFST2A  = allowable stress in isogrid
stiff
C      y      ( 20, 10)      6      315      STFST2F  = factor of safety for stress
in is
C      y      ( 20,  0)      4      320      WAPEX2   = normal (axial) displacement
at ap
C      y      ( 20,  0)      5      325      WAPEX2A  = allowable normal (axial)
displace
C      y      ( 20,  0)      6      330      WAPEX2F  = factor of safety for WAPEX
C      n      (  0,  0)      7      335      WEIGHT   = weight of the equivalent
ellipsoi
C
C=DECK      BEHX1
      SUBROUTINE BEHX1
      1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN collapse pressure with imperfection mode 1
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      CLAPS1(ILOADX)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C      IMODX  = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C      IFAST  = 0 MEANS FEW  SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFAST  = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFILE  = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C      NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C

```

```

C      ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C      PHRASE = collapse pressure with imperfection mode 1
C
C      OUTPUT:
C
C      CLAPS1(ILOADX)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C      INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

```

REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
C
C
C INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C
C RETURN
C END
C
C
C
C
C=DECK          BEHX2
      SUBROUTINE BEHX2
        1 ( IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,PHRASE)
C
C PURPOSE: OBTAIN general buckling load factor, mode 1
C
C YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      GENBK1(ILOADX)
C
C AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C bination).
C
C DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C   IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C     IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C     IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C   IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C   IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C   IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C   NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C     NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C     NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C     NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C   ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C   PHRASE = general buckling load factor, mode 1
C
C OUTPUT:
```

```

C
C      GENBK1(ILOADX)
C
      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
      COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
      REAL xinput
      COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
      REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
      COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
      REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
      COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
      REAL PRESS
      COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
      REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
      COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
      REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
      COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
      REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
      COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
      REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
      COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
      REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
      COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
      REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
      COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
      REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
      COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
      REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
      COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
      REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
      COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
      REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
      COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
      REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
      COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
      REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
      COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
      REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
      COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
      REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
      COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
      INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
      COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
      REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
C
C
C  INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.

```

```

C
C
C
C
      RETURN
      END

C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX3
      SUBROUTINE BEHX3
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN local skin buckling load factor, mode 1
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      SKNBK1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C  THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C  INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C    number of regions for computing behavior
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C    IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C      IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C    IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C    NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C    ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C    JCOL   = jth column of SKNBK1
C    JCOL   = number of regions for computing behavior
C    PHRASE = local skin buckling load factor, mode 1
C

```

```

C   OUTPUT:
C
C   SKNBK1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C   CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C   INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

```

C
C

```



```

C  INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C
C      RETURN
C      END
C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX4
      SUBROUTINE BEHX4
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN buckling load factor, isogrid member, mode 1
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      STFBK1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C  THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C  INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C      number of regions for computing behavior
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C      IMODX  = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C      IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW  SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C      NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C      ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C      JCOL   = jth column of STFBK1
C      JCOL   = number of regions for computing behavior
C      PHRASE = buckling load factor, isogrid member, mode 1

```

```

C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      STFBK1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

C

```

C
C  INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C
C      RETURN
C      END
C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX5
C      SUBROUTINE BEHX5
C          1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN maximum stress in the shell skin, mode 1
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      SKNST1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C  THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C  INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C      number of regions for computing behavior
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C      IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C      IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C      NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C      ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C      JCOL   = jth column of SKNST1
C      JCOL   = number of regions for computing behavior

```

```

C      PHRASE = maximum stress in the shell skin, mode 1
C
C      OUTPUT:
C
C      SKNST1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C      INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

```
C
C      INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C
C          RETURN
C          END
C
C
C
C
C=DECK          BEHX6
                SUBROUTINE BEHX6
                  1 ( IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C      PURPOSE: OBTAIN maximum stress in isogrid stiffener, mode 1
C
C      YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C      THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C      COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C      YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C      THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C          STFST1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C      TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C      bination).
C      THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C      INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C          number of regions for computing behavior
C
C      DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C          IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C              IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C              IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C              IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C              IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C          IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C          NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C              NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C              NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C              NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C          ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C          JCOL   = jth column of STFST1
```

```

C      JCOL    = number of regions for computing behavior
C      PHRASE = maximum stress in isogrid stiffener, mode 1
C
C      OUTPUT:
C
C      STFST1(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C      INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

```

REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
C
C
C INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C
C RETURN
C END
C
C
C
C
C=DECK          BEHX7
      SUBROUTINE BEHX7
        1 ( IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,PHRASE)
C
C PURPOSE: OBTAIN normal (axial) displacement at apex, mode 1
C
C YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C       WAPEX1(ILOADX)
C
C AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C bination).
C
C DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C   IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C     IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C     IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C     IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C     IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C   IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C   NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C     NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C     NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C     NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C   ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C   PHRASE = normal (axial) displacement at apex, mode 1
C
C OUTPUT:
```

```

C
C      WAPEX1(ILOADX)
C
      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
      COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
      REAL xinput
      COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
      REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
      COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
      REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
      COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
      REAL PRESS
      COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
      REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
      COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
      REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
      COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
      REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
      COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
      REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
      COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
      REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
      COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
      REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
      COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
      REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
      COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
      REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
      COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
      REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
      COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
      REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
      COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
      REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
      COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
      REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
      COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
      REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
      COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
      REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
      COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
      INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
      COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
      REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
C
C
C  INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.

```



```

C
C
C
C
      RETURN
      END

C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX8
      SUBROUTINE BEHX8
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN collapse pressure with imperfection mode 2
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      CLAPS2(ILOADX)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C    IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C    IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C    IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C    IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C    NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C    ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C    PHRASE = collapse pressure with imperfection mode 2
C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      CLAPS2(ILOADX)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE

```

C INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:

```
COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
```

C
C
C
C
C
C
C

INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.

```

        RETURN
        END

C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX9
      SUBROUTINE BEHX9
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN general buckling load factor, mode 2
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      GENBK2(ILOADX)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C    IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C    IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C    IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C    IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C    NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C    ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C    PHRASE = general buckling load factor, mode 2
C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      GENBK2(ILOADX)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
      COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
      REAL xinput
      COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL

```



```

C
C
C=DECK      BEHX10
      SUBROUTINE BEHX10
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN local skin buckling load factor, mode 2
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      SKNBK2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C  THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C  INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C      number of regions for computing behavior
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C      IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C      IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C      NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C      ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C      JCOL   = jth column of SKNBK2
C      JCOL   = number of regions for computing behavior
C      PHRASE = local skin buckling load factor, mode 2
C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      SKNBK2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
C      COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
C      REAL xinput

```

```

COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

```

C
C
C  INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C

```

```

RETURN
END

```

```

C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX11
      SUBROUTINE BEHX11
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN buckling load factor for isogrid member, mode 2
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      STFBK2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C  THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C  INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C      number of regions for computing behavior
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C      IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C      IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C      NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C      ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C      JCOL   = jth column of STFBK2
C      JCOL   = number of regions for computing behavior
C      PHRASE = buckling load factor for isogrid member, mode 2
C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      STFBK2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
C      COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput

```

```

REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

```

C
C
C  INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C

```

```

RETURN
END

```



```

C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX12
      SUBROUTINE BEHX12
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN maximum stress in the shell skin, mode 2
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      SKNST2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C  THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C  INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C      number of regions for computing behavior
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C      IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C      IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C      NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C      ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C      JCOL   = jth column of SKNST2
C      JCOL   = number of regions for computing behavior
C      PHRASE = maximum stress in the shell skin, mode 2
C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      SKNST2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:

```

```

COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

```

C
C
C  INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C
C

```

```

RETURN

```

```

      END
C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX13
      SUBROUTINE BEHX13
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,JCOL,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN maximum stress in isogrid stiffener, mode 2
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      STFST2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C  THE jth COLUMN (JCOL)
C  INDEX IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
C      number of regions for computing behavior
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C      IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C          IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C          IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C          IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C          IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C      IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C      NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C          NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C          NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C          NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C      ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C      JCOL   = jth column of STFST2
C      JCOL   = number of regions for computing behavior
C      PHRASE = maximum stress in isogrid stiffener, mode 2
C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      STFST2(ILOADX,JCOL)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE

```

C INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:

```
COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
REAL xinput
COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
```

C
C
C
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C
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C

INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.

```

        RETURN
        END

C
C
C
C
C=DECK      BEHX14
      SUBROUTINE BEHX14
        1 (IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,IFAST,ILOADX,PHRASE)
C
C  PURPOSE: OBTAIN normal (axial) displacement at apex, mode 2
C
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS THE RESPONSE VARIABLE FOR
C  THE ith LOAD CASE, ILOADX:
C
C      WAPEX2(ILOADX)
C
C  AS OUTPUT. THE ith CASE REFERS
C  TO ith ENVIRONMENT (e.g. load com-
C  bination).
C
C  DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C    IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C      IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C      IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C    IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW  SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C    IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C    IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C    NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C      NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C      NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C    ILOADX = ith LOADING COMBINATION
C    PHRASE = normal (axial) displacement at apex, mode 2
C
C  OUTPUT:
C
C      WAPEX2(ILOADX)
C
C      CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
      COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
      REAL xinput
      COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL

```

```

REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
REAL PRESS
COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

C
C
C
C
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C
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C

INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.

```

RETURN
END

```

```

C
C
C=DECK      USRCON
      SUBROUTINE USRCON( INUMTT,IMODX,CONMAX,ICONSX,IPOINC,CONSTX,
1  WORDCX,WORDMX,PCWORD,CPLOTX,ICARX,IFILEX)
C  PURPOSE: GENERATE USER-WRITTEN
C  INEQUALITY CONSTRAINT CONDITION
C  USING ANY COMBINATION OF PROGRAM
C  VARIABLES.
C  YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C  THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C  COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C  YIELDS A CONSTRAINT CONDITION,
C  CALLED "CONX" IN THIS ROUTINE.
      DIMENSION WORDCX(*),WORDMX(*),IPOINC(*),CONSTX(*)
      DIMENSION PCWORD(*),CPLOTX(*)
      CHARACTER*80 WORDCX,WORDMX,PCWORD
C  INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
      COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
      REAL xinput
      COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
      REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
      COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
      REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
      COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
      REAL PRESS
      COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
      REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
      COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
      REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
      COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
      REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
      COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
      REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
      COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
      REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
      COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
      REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
      COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)
      REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
      COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
      REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
      COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
      REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
      COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
      REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
      COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
      REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F

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```

COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

C
CONX = 0.0

C
C INSERT USER-WRITTEN STATEMENTS
C HERE. THE CONSTRAINT CONDITION
C THAT YOU CALCULATE IS CALLED "CONX"
C
IF (CONX.EQ.0.0) RETURN
IF (CONX.LT.0.0) THEN
    WRITE(IFILEX,*) ' CONX MUST BE GREATER THAN ZERO.'
    CALL EXIT
ENDIF

C
C DO NOT CHANGE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS, EXCEPT WORDC
C
ICARX = ICARX + 1
INUMTT = INUMTT + 1
WORDCX(ICARX) = ' USER: PROVIDE THIS.'
CPLOTX(ICARX) = CONX - 1.
CALL BLANKX(WORDCX(ICARX),IENDP)
PCWORD(ICARX) = WORDCX(ICARX)(1:IENDP)//' -1'
IF (IMODX.EQ.0.AND.CONX.GT.CONMAX) GO TO 200
IF (IMODX.EQ.1.AND.IPOINC(INUMTT).EQ.0) GO TO 200
ICONSX = ICONSX + 1
IF (IMODX.EQ.0) IPOINC(INUMTT) = 1
CONSTX(ICONSX) = CONX
WORDMX(ICONSX) = WORDCX(ICARX)(1:IENDP)//' -1'
200 CONTINUE
C END OF USRCON
C
C
RETURN
END

C
C
C
C=DECK      USRLNK
SUBROUTINE USRLNK(VARI,I,VARIAB)

```



```

C Purpose: generate user-written
C linking conditions using any
C combination of decision variables.
C You must write code that, using
C the variables in the subroutine
C argument VARIAB as input, ultimately
C yield a value for the linked variable
C VARI.
C
C VARI is the Ith entry of the array
C VARIAB. You have decided that this
C is to be a linked variable with user
C defined linking. It is linked to
C the decision variables in the array
C VARIAB.
C An example will provide the simplest
C explanation of this:
C Let's say that the 5th decision
C variable candidate (I=5) is linked
C to the decision variable candidates
C 2 and 7. (You used DECIDE to select
C these as decision variables.
C In this case VARI is equal to
C VARIAB(I). You then write your
C linking equation in the form
C VARI=f(VARIAB(2),VARIAB(7)).
C Use the index I in an IF statement if
C you have more than one user-defined
C linked variable.
C
C
      REAL VARI,VARIAB(50)
      INTEGER I
C
C  INSERT USER-WRITTEN DECLARATION
C  STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C  INSERT USER-WRITTEN
C  STATEMENTS HERE.
C
C
C  END OF USRLNK
      RETURN
      END
C=DECK      OBJECT
      SUBROUTINE OBJECT(IFILE,NPRINX,IMODX,OBJGEN,PHRASE)
C  PURPOSE:weight of the equivalent ellipsoidal head
C

```

```

C   YOU MUST WRITE CODE THAT, USING
C   THE VARIABLES IN THE LABELLED
C   COMMON BLOCKS AS INPUT, ULTIMATELY
C   YIELDS THE OBJECTIVE FUNCTION
C       WEIGHT
C   AS OUTPUT. MAKE SURE TO INCLUDE AT
C   THE END OF THE SUBROUTINE, THE
C   STATEMENT: OBJGEN = WEIGHT
C
C
C   DEFINITIONS OF INPUT DATA:
C   IMODX = DESIGN CONTROL INTEGER:
C       IMODX = 0 MEANS BASELINE DESIGN
C       IMODX = 1 MEANS PERTURBED DESIGN
C   IFAST = 0 MEANS FEW SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C   IFAST = 1 MEANS MORE SHORTCUTS FOR PERTURBED DESIGNS
C   IFILE = FILE FOR OUTPUT LIST:
C   NPRINX= OUTPUT CONTROL INTEGER:
C       NPRINX=0 MEANS SMALLEST AMOUNT
C       NPRINX=1 MEANS MEDIUM AMOUNT
C       NPRINX=2 MEANS LOTS OF OUTPUT
C
C   DEFINITION OF PHRASE:
C       PHRASE = weight of the equivalent ellipsoidal head
C
C       CHARACTER*80 PHRASE
C   INSERT ADDITIONAL COMMON BLOCKS:
C       COMMON/FV01/xinput(21),Ixinput
C       REAL xinput
C       COMMON/FV02/ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
C       REAL ainput,binput,xlimit,SPACNG,THSTIF,THKCYL,RADCYL
C       COMMON/FV05/THKSKN(21),HIGHST(21)
C       REAL THKSKN,HIGHST
C       COMMON/FV16/PRESS(20)
C       REAL PRESS
C       COMMON/FV19/CLAPS1(20),CLAPS1A(20),CLAPS1F(20)
C       REAL CLAPS1,CLAPS1A,CLAPS1F
C       COMMON/FV22/GENBK1(20),GENBK1A(20),GENBK1F(20)
C       REAL GENBK1,GENBK1A,GENBK1F
C       COMMON/FV25/SKNBK1(20,10),JSKNBK1,SKNBK1A(20,10),SKNBK1F(20,10)
C       REAL SKNBK1,SKNBK1A,SKNBK1F
C       COMMON/FV28/STFBK1(20,10),STFBK1A(20,10),STFBK1F(20,10)
C       REAL STFBK1,STFBK1A,STFBK1F
C       COMMON/FV31/SKNST1(20,10),SKNST1A(20,10),SKNST1F(20,10)
C       REAL SKNST1,SKNST1A,SKNST1F
C       COMMON/FV34/STFST1(20,10),STFST1A(20,10),STFST1F(20,10)
C       REAL STFST1,STFST1A,STFST1F
C       COMMON/FV37/WAPEX1(20),WAPEX1A(20),WAPEX1F(20)

```

```

REAL WAPEX1,WAPEX1A,WAPEX1F
COMMON/FV40/CLAPS2(20),CLAPS2A(20),CLAPS2F(20)
REAL CLAPS2,CLAPS2A,CLAPS2F
COMMON/FV43/GENBK2(20),GENBK2A(20),GENBK2F(20)
REAL GENBK2,GENBK2A,GENBK2F
COMMON/FV46/SKNBK2(20,10),JSKNBK2,SKNBK2A(20,10),SKNBK2F(20,10)
REAL SKNBK2,SKNBK2A,SKNBK2F
COMMON/FV49/STFBK2(20,10),STFBK2A(20,10),STFBK2F(20,10)
REAL STFBK2,STFBK2A,STFBK2F
COMMON/FV52/SKNST2(20,10),SKNST2A(20,10),SKNST2F(20,10)
REAL SKNST2,SKNST2A,SKNST2F
COMMON/FV55/STFST2(20,10),STFST2A(20,10),STFST2F(20,10)
REAL STFST2,STFST2A,STFST2F
COMMON/FV58/WAPEX2(20),WAPEX2A(20),WAPEX2F(20)
REAL WAPEX2,WAPEX2A,WAPEX2F
COMMON/IV01/npoint,nodes,IMODE
INTEGER npoint,nodes,IMODE
COMMON/FV11/LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT
REAL LENCYL,WIMP,EMATL,NUMATL,DNMATL,WEIGHT

```

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C
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C

```

```

INSERT SUBROUTINE STATEMENTS HERE.

```

```

      OBJGEN =WEIGHT

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```

      RETURN
      END

```

```

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```