

ITE1003 DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM F1-SLOT

STORE CHAIN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

FINAL REVIEW

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ABSTRACT:

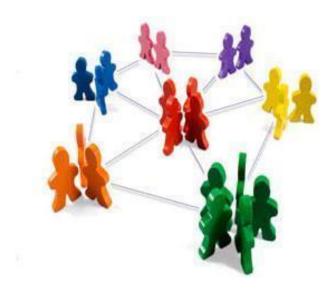
Our project revolves around handling chain of stores.

In the present competitive business world, expansion of business for successful business is a need. A store-owner doing a good business on a particular shop always wishes to expand and add more branches, creating a chain of branches for his store.

But the major concern the owner is always how to keep track of day to day activity of the each branch. Monitor which branch is making profit and loss, so to make sure his business expansion turns to be profitable for him.

We are going to make a data-base management system for handling the day-to-day record of purchase made by a particular branch, stock available in the store, products sold, buyer detail, products detail, generate bill for buyer, store and update of the records of employee working in different branches.

All this functionality will help the owner to keep a record with any misleading and flaws. And manage the chain of stores and grow his business.



DATA REQUIREMENTS:

- We need to store information of various branches. This information includes name, location, branch manager name, manager id and a unique id is assigned to each branch. <u>Branch Id should be unique and should be present for each</u> <u>branch.</u>
- Customer information is stored for each customer who visits a particular branch.
 This data is stored for retrieval of customer details when required either for customer queries regarding purchase or branch's need to monitor a customer record. Customer information should include contact number, email, and name.
 Customer contact number can be used to uniquely identify customer information and it should be given by each customer who makes a purchase.
- Details of product which are sold in various branches must be stored. These
 details can be referred when a product is purchased or sold by a branch. They
 should include price, name, id and description of product. <u>Id of the product can
 be used to uniquely identify each product and is generally provided at the time of
 acquiring the product or at the time of manufacture of the product.</u>
- **Employees** who work in a particular branch must have a unique id. This Id can be used to uniquely identify each employee. Other details like branch they work in, name, salary, contact and their joining date should be stored.
- **Seller** information like their id, contact, email, seller name and their bank details should be stored. <u>Seller id can be used to uniquely identify each seller and the bank details should be given by each seller so that the transaction can take place smoothly.</u>
- When some product is on sale in a particular branch then details like discount percent, start date, end date of the sale must be stored to refer while billing.
 These details may or may not be unique for each product in each branch.
- Details of stocks (quantity) available of a particular product in a particular branch must be stored. This information is updated whenever a product is sold or purchased. These details must include quantity of product in consideration and in which branch these stocks are available.

- Bills generated on every purchase by a buyer must be stored so the selling
 history can be traced and referred when necessary. Bills have a unique bill
 number across all branch, it also has a date and a total amount that can be
 referred to track the overall profit.
- Which product and in what quantity is sold to which buyer is a necessary data
 that is needed for reference when a customer comes up with query related to
 bills or payments. This data should include quantity of product sold, the product
 id as well as the bill number issued for the purchase.
- The details of the purchase made from the seller must include the date of purchase of product, quantity of product acquired, product details and seller's information. <u>Each transaction can be uniquely identified by the seller Id</u>, <u>product</u> Id and the date of transaction.

Functional Requirements:

Scenarios of adding new data

- Add new product to supply chain.
- Hire new employee & store his details
- Add new seller and acquire his details.
- Add customer details when a new customer visits a particular branch.
- Add new sale offer.
- Generate bill.
- Acquire new products or more quantity of old products from seller.
- Add new branch details.

Scenarios of updating old data

- Update prices of product.
- Update dates of the sale.
- Change manager of a branch.
- Update contact details of the seller.
- Increase or decrease the discount percentage of an ongoing sale in a particular branch.
- Update stocks when a product is acquired or when a product is sold.
- Update salary of employees.
- Update bank details of the seller.

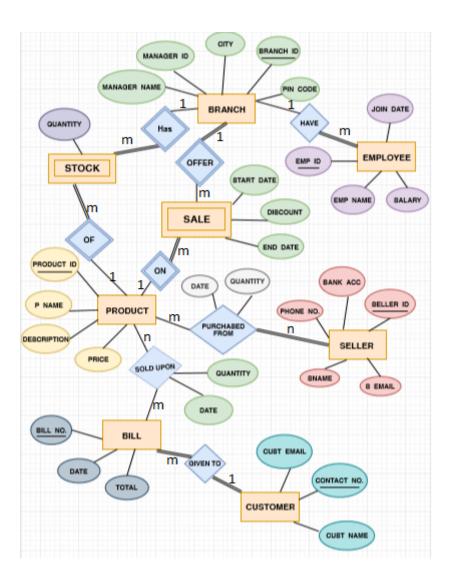
Scenarios of deleting old data

- Delete stock details when quantity is zero.
- Delete sale info after sale's end date.
- Delete customer info if the last purchase was made a year ago.
- Delete bill details and associated data if date in bill is more than a year ago.

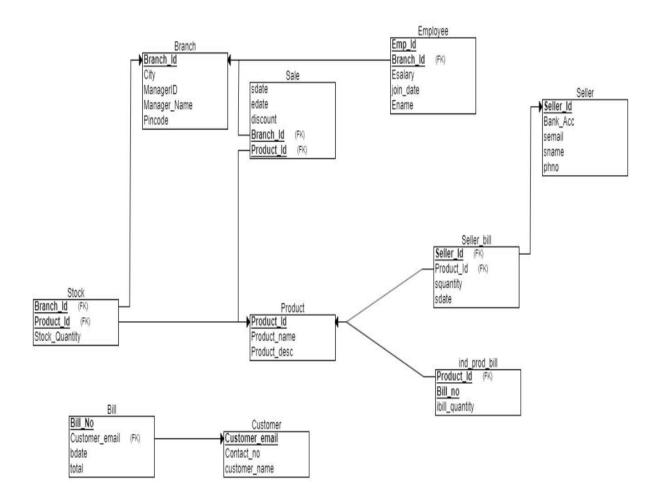
Scenarios of retrieving some data

- Get the last purchase of a customer.
- Get stock details for particular product available in a particular branch.
- Get total profit made in a particular day.
- Details of a customer that visited on a particular date at a particular branch.
- Number of employees working in a particular branch.
- Ongoing sale in a particular branch.
- Most purchased product by the customers on a particular day.
- Details of product acquired on a particular date.
- Get product associated with a particular bill.
- Get average profit among all branches on a particulate day.

ER – DIAGRAM:



RELATION SCHEMA DIAGRAM:



CREATE TABLE COMMANDS

BRANCH:

```
Command Prompt - sqlplus
SQL> create table branch (
        branch id
                         number(5),
                         varchar(10),
 3
        city
                         number(5),
 4
        manager id
 5
        manager_name
                         varchar(20),
 6
        pin_code
                         number(6),
        primary key(branch_id),
 7
 8
        check (pin code > 100000),
        check(manager id is NOT NULL)
 9
10);
Table created.
SQL>
```

EMPLOYEE:

```
Command Prompt - sqlplus
SQL> create table employee(
        emp_id number(5),
 2
        ename VARCHAR(20),
        esalary number(9,2),
 4
        join_date DATE,
 6
        branch_id references branch,
        primary key(emp_id,branch_id),
 8
        check (length(ename) > 0),
        check (esalary between 10000.00 and 99999999.00)
 9
10);
Table created.
SQL>
```

PRODUCT:

Command Prompt - sqlplus

```
SQL> create table product (
        product_id number(5) ,
 3
         product name varchar(20),
         product_desc varchar(40),
 4
         price number(5,2),
         primary key(product_id),
 6
         check (price > 0),
        check (length(product_name) > 0)
 8
 9
    );
Table created.
SQL>
```

SELLER:

```
Command Prompt - sqlplus
SQL> create table seller(
         seller_id number(4) ,
         bank acc number(15),
         semail varchar(20),
         sname varchar(10),
  6
         phno number(10),
         primary key(seller id),
  7
         check (phno >= 1000000000),
 9
         check (bank acc >= 1000000000)
10
     );
Table created.
SQL>
```

CUSTOMER:

STOCK:

Command Prompt - sqlplus

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE stock(

2 product_id references product,

3 branch_id references branch,

4 stock_quantity number(3),

5 primary key(product_id,branch_id)

6 );

Table created.

SQL>
```

SALE:

```
Command Prompt - sqlplus
SQL> create table sale(
         product_id references product,
  3
         branch_id references branch,
  4
         sdate date,
  5
         edate date,
         discount number(4,2),
  7
         primary key(product_id,branch_id),
  8
         check (sdate < edate),
         check (discount between 01.00 and 99.99)
  9
10
    );
Table created.
SQL>
```

SELLER-BILL:

```
Command Prompt - sqlplus
SQL> create table seller_bill(
         seller id references seller,
  2
  3
         product id references product,
         squantity number(3),
  4
  5
         sdate date,
         primary key(seller id, product id, sdate),
  6
  7
         check (squantity between 9 and 9999)
  8
     );
Table created.
SQL>
```

BILL:

```
SQL> create table bill(
2 bill_no number(4),
3 customer_email references customer,
4 bdate DATE,
5 total number(9,2),
6 primary key(bill_no),
7 check (total > 1.00)
8 );

Table created.

SQL>
```

PRODUCT WISE BILL:

```
SQL> create table prod_bill(
2    product_id references product,
3    bill_no references bill,
4    ibill_quantity number(2),
5    primary key(product_id,bill_no),
6    check (ibill_quantity between 1 and 100)
7 );

Table created.

SQL>
```

INSERTION QUERIES

Stock Table:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> insert into stock values (&product_id, &branch_id, &stock_quantity);
Enter value for product_id: 90021
Enter value for branch_id: 11121
Enter value for stock_quantity: 50
old 1: insert into stock values (&product_id, &branch_id, &stock_quantity)
new 1: insert into stock values (90021, 11121, 50)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Seller Bill:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> insert into seller_bill values (&seller_id,&product_id,&squantity,'&sdate');
Enter value for seller_id: 70020
Enter value for product_id: 90021
Enter value for squantity: 10
Enter value for sdate: 12-APRIL-2019
old 1: insert into seller_bill values (&seller_id,&product_id,&squantity,'&sdate')
new 1: insert into seller_bill values (70020,90021,10,'12-APRIL-2019')

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Seller:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> insert into seller values (&seller_id,&bank_acc,'&semail','&sname',&phno);
Enter value for seller_id: 70020
Enter value for bank_acc: 123456789
Enter value for semail: HSTUW.YRY@XFAT.CSS
Enter value for sname: TONY
Enter value for phno: 7893828923
old 1: insert into seller values (&seller_id,&bank_acc,'&semail','&sname',&phno)
new 1: insert into seller values (70020,123456789,'HSTUW.YRY@XFAT.CSS','TONY',7893828923)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Sale:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> insert into sale values (&product_id,&branch_id,'&sdate','&edate',&discount);
Enter value for product_id: 90021
Enter value for branch_id: 11121

Enter value for sdate: 23-JUL-2020
Enter value for edate: 3-AUG-2020
Enter value for discount: 15
old 1: insert into sale values (&product_id,&branch_id,'&sdate','&edate',&discount)
new 1: insert into sale values (90021,11121,'23-JUL-2020','3-AUG-2020',15)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Product:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> insert into product values (&product_id, '&product_name', '&product_desc', &price);
Enter value for product_id: 90021
Enter value for product_name: COCACOLA
Enter value for product_desc: COLD DRINKS
Enter value for price: 30
old 1: insert into product values (&product_id, '&product_name', '&product_desc', &price)
new 1: insert into product values (90021, 'COCACOLA', 'COLD DRINKS', 30)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Product_Bill:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> insert into prod_bill values (&product_id, &bill_no, &ibill_quantity);
Enter value for product_id: 90021
Enter value for bill_no: 51
Enter value for ibill_quantity: 1
old 1: insert into prod_bill values (&product_id, &bill_no, &ibill_quantity)
new 1: insert into prod_bill values (90021, 51, 1)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Employee:

```
Command Prompt - sqiplus

SQL> insert into employee values (&emp_id, '&ename', &esalary, '&join_date', &branch_id);
Enter value for emp_id: 40041
Enter value for ename: KHUSHI
Enter value for esalary: 200000
Enter value for join_date: 23-DEC-2019
Enter value for branch_id: 11121
old 1: insert into employee values (&emp_id, '&ename', &esalary, '&join_date', &branch_id)
new 1: insert into employee values (40041, 'KHUSHI', 2000000, '23-DEC-2019', 11121)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Customer:

```
Command Prompt-sqlplus

SQL> insert into customer values ('&customer_email', &contac_no, '&customer_name');
Enter value for customer_email: HOIFA.LJA@YUSM.FGA
Enter value for contac_no: 8457292939
Enter value for customer_name: HUYYTE

old 1: insert into customer values ('&customer_email', &contac_no, '&customer_name')

new 1: insert into customer values ('HOIFA.LJA@YUSM.FGA', 8457292939, 'HUYYTE')

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Branch:

```
Command Prompt - sqlplus

SQL> insert into branch values (&branch_id,'&city',&managerid,'&manager_name', &pin_code);
Enter value for branch_id: 11121
Enter value for city: GTAVICE
Enter value for managerid: 88898
Enter value for manager_name: KHUSHI
Enter value for pin_code: 123466
old 1: insert into branch values (&branch_id,'&city',&managerid,'&manager_name', &pin_code)
new 1: insert into branch values (11121,'GTAVICE',88898,'KHUSHI', 123466)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

Bill:

```
Run SQL Command Line

SQL> insert into bill values (&bill_no,'&customer_email','&bdate',&total);
Enter value for bill_no: 51
Enter value for customer_email: HOIFA.LJA@YUSM.FGA

Enter value for bdate: 25-JAN-2020
Enter value for total: 50

old 1: insert into bill values (&bill_no,'&customer_email','&bdate',&total)
new 1: insert into bill values (51,'HOIFA.LJA@YUSM.FGA','25-JAN-2020',50)

1 row created.

SQL>
```

DATA UPDATE QUERIES:

1. Update prices of product

```
SQL Plus

SQL> UPDATE product

2 SET price= 220.2

3 WHERE product_id=90001;

1 row updated.
```

2. Update dates of the sale

```
SQL> UPDATE sale
2 SET sdate=to_date('02-FEB-2000','DD-MON-YYYY')
3 WHERE product_id=90002 AND branch_id=11111;
0 rows updated.
```

3. Change manager of a branch

```
SQL> UPDATE branch
2 SET manager_name='new_manager_name'
3 WHERE branch_id=11111;
1 row updated.
```

4. Update contact details of the seller

```
SQL Plus

SQL> UPDATE seller
2 SET pHno=9893965437
3 WHERE seller_id=70010;
1 row updated.
```

5. Increase or decrease the discount percentage of an ongoing sale in a particular branch

```
SQL Plus

SQL> UPDATE sale
2 SET discount=discount+5
3 WHERE branch_id=11111 AND product_id=90001;

1 row updated.
```

6. Update salary of employee

```
SQL Plus

SQL> UPDATE employee

2 SET esalary=esalary+1000

3 WHERE emp_id=40028 and branch_id=11111;

0 rows updated.
```

7. Update bank details of the seller

```
SQL> UPDATE seller
2 SET bank_acc=703052820
3 WHERE seller_id=70019;
1 row updated.
```

8. Update Total of Bill from product Bills

```
SQLPUS

SQL> UPDATE bill

2 SET total = (SELECT total FROM (SELECT bill_no, sum(price * ibill_quantity) AS total FROM product NATURAL JOIN prod_bill GROUP BY bill_no) t

3 WHERE t.bill_no = bill.bill_no);

50 rows updated.
```

9. Update Stock Quantity

```
SQL> UPDATE stock

2 SET stock_quantity = stock_quantity - (SELECT sum(ibill_quantity) from bill NATURAL JOIN prod_bill

3 WHERE branch_id = stock.branch_id AND product_id = stock.product_id

4 GROUP BY product_id);

80 rows updated.
```

DATA DELETE QUERIES:

1. Delete customer info if last purchase was a year ago

```
SQL> /* Delete customer info if last purchase was a year ago */
SQL> DELETE FROM customer

2 where customer_email in

3 (SELECT customer_email FROM customer NATURAL JOIN bill

4 GROUP BY customer_email

5 HAVING max(bdate) < add_months(SYSDATE,-12));

0 rows deleted.
```

2. Delete Stock if quantity reaches 0

```
SQL Plus

SQL> /* Delete Stock if quantity reaches 0 */

SQL> DELETE FROM stock

2 WHERE stock_quantity = 0;

0 rows deleted.
```

3. Delete Sale info if its over

```
SQL> /* Delete Sale info if its over */
SQL> DELETE FROM sale
2 WHERE edate < SYSDATE;

17 rows deleted.
```

4. Delete bill info if purchase was made a year ago

```
SQL> /*Deleting Child Records */
SQL> DELETE FROM prod_bill
2 WHERE EXISTS
3 (SELECT 1 from bill
4 WHERE bill_no = prod_bill.bill_no
5 AND
6 bdate < add_months(SYSDATE,-12)
7 );
0 rows deleted.

SQL> /*Deleting Parent Record */
SQL> DELETE FROM bill
2 WHERE bdate < add_months(SYSDATE,-12);
0 rows deleted.
```

Remove Seller Info If no purchase has been made from him in last1 year

```
SQL> DELETE FROM seller S WHERE NOT EXISTS

2 (SELECT max(sdate) FROM seller_bill WHERE seller_id = S.seller_id AND sdate > add_months(SYSDATE,-12)

3 GROUP BY seller_id);

0 rows deleted.
```

DATA RETRIEVAL QUERIES:

1. Retrieve Branch Wise Data Of All Employees

```
SOL Plus
SQL> /* Retrieve Branch Wise Data Of All Employees */
SQL> SELECT * FROM employee
   2 ORDER BY branch id;
       EMP_ID ENAME ESALARY JOIN_DATE BRANCH_ID
                                                                 ESALARY JOIN_DATE BRANCH_ID
       40021 MIKEL 852695 13-FEB-18 11111
40011 HOPE 285090 22-OCT-18 11111
40031 GARRETT 891611 28-JUL-18 11111
40032 DONG 933714 16-MAY-19 11112
40022 DORTHY 673993 24-FEB-19 11112
40012 LETA 761475 22-NOV-18 11112
40023 TOMMY 812473 15-AUG-18 11113
40033 NATALIE 514073 19-JUL-19 11113
40013 PAULETTE 233343 03-AUG-19 11113
40024 SCOT 228901 19-OCT-18 11114
      514073 19-JUL-19 11113
233343 03-AUG-19 11113
228901 19-OCT-18 11114
773241 19-DEC-18 11114
        40028 ANDREAS 458280 02-MAY-18 11118
40018 COLE 138843 21-MAY-19 11118
40019 SALLIE 891611 17-FEB-19 11119
40039 DOROTHEA 459042 17-APR-19 11119
40029 ISAIAH 514073 07-MAR-19 11119
40030 LEONA 983341 10-MAY-19 11120
                                                                  514073 07-MAR-19 11119
983341 10-MAY-19 11120
933714 25-SEP-19 11120
793548 30-MAY-19 11120
         40030 LEONA
40040 DARRICK
         40020 GABRIELA
30 rows selected.
```

2. Upcoming sales in 3 months

```
SQL> /* Upcoming sales in 3 months */
SQL> SELECT * FROM sale

2 WHERE add_months(SYSDATE, 3) BETWEEN sdate AND edate;

no rows selected
```

3. Find total sale in a branch within last 3 months

```
SQL> /* Find total sale in a branch within last 3 months */
SQL> SELECT SUM(total) FROM bill

2 WHERE branch_id = 11111 AND

3 bdate BETWEEN add_months(SYSDATE, -3) and SYSDATE;

SUM(TOTAL)

4770
```

4. Customers who have visited more than thrice in a particular branch

```
SQL> /* Customers who have visited more than thrice in a particular branch */
SQL> SELECT customer_email, count(*) FROM customer C NATURAL JOIN bill

2 WHERE branch_id = 11111

3 GROUP BY customer_email

4 HAVING COUNT(*) > 3;

no rows selected
```

5. Most purchased product on a particular day

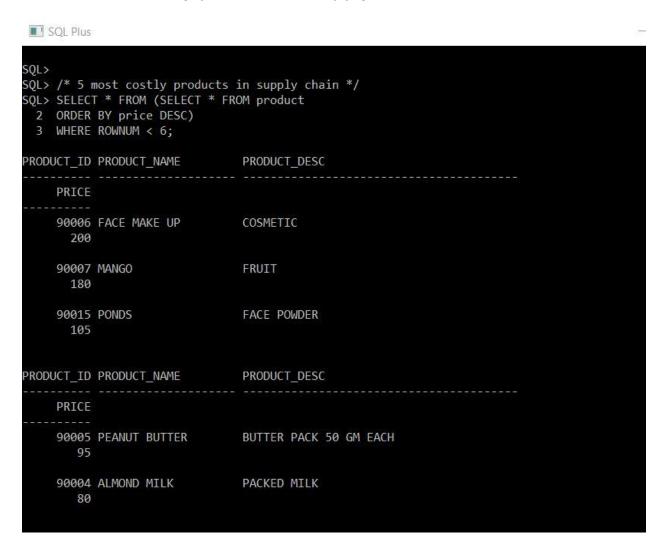
```
SQL> /* Most purchased product on a particular day */
SQL> SELECT * FROM product WHERE
2 product_id IN (SELECT product_id FROM (SELECT product_id, sum(ibill_quantity) AS total_qty FROM bill NATURAL JOIN prod_bill
3 GROUP BY (product_id)
4 ORDER BY total_qty DESC)
5 WHERE ROWNUM < 2);

PRODUCT_ID PRODUCT_NAME PRODUCT_DESC

PRICE

90005 PEANUT BUTTER BUTTER BUTTER PACK 50 GM EACH
95
```

6. 5 most costly products in supply chain



7. Find details of customers who visited a particular branch

```
SQL Plus
SQL>
SQL> /* Find details of customers who visited a particular branch */
SQL> SELECT * FROM customer WHERE
 2 customer_email IN (SELECT DISTINCT(customer_email) FROM BILL
 3 WHERE branch_id = 11111);
CUSTOMER_EMAIL
                                                  CONTACT_NO CUSTOMER_N
PAKASTE@MSN.COM
                                                  8096470743 WILLIAMSON
JESPLEY@SBCGLOBAL.NET
                                                  8501501720 VAUGHAN
SARIDDER@AOL.COM
                                                  8317216702 BROWN
NORTH@HOTMAIL.COM
                                                  8166913459 HESS
CROBLES@HOTMAIL.COM
                                                  6094652509 MONTES
```

8. Number of Employees working in various branches

```
SQL Plus
SQL> /* Number of Employees working in various branches */
SQL> SELECT branch_id, count(*) FROM employee
 2 GROUP BY branch id;
 BRANCH_ID COUNT(*)
    11111
    11117
    11112
    11114
    11116
    11120
    11113
    11115
     11119
     11118
10 rows selected.
```

9. Details of product bought on a particular day

```
SQL> /* Details of product bought on a particular day */
SQL> SELECT product_id,sum(squantity)
2 FROM product NATURAL JOIN seller_bill
3 WHERE sdate = SYSDATE
4 GROUP BY product_id;
no rows selected
```

10. Get last purchase dates of customers

```
SQL Plus
                                                                                                 SQL> /* Get last purchase dates of customers */
SQL> SELECT customer_email, max(bdate) AS LAST_PURCHASE_DATE FROM customer NATURAL JOIN bill
 2 GROUP BY customer_email;
CUSTOMER EMAIL
                                                   LAST PURC
JAARNIAL@OUTLOOK.COM
                                                    12-NOV-19
JRKORSON@HOTMAIL.COM
                                                   16-SEP-19
STEWWY@AOL.COM
                                                    29-SEP-19
SCITEXT@MSN.COM
                                                    14-JUN-19
MMCCOOL@AOL.COM
                                                    20-0CT-19
JESPLEY@SBCGLOBAL.NET
                                                   03-AUG-19
SARIDDER@AOL.COM
                                                    21-AUG-19
NORTH@HOTMAIL.COM
                                                    23-MAY-19
CROBLES@HOTMAIL.COM
                                                   02-SEP-19
IMIGHTB@COMCAST.NET
                                                    04-JUN-19
EMINENCE@LIVE.COM
                                                    28-0CT-19
CUSTOMER_EMAIL
                                                   LAST_PURC
PARENTS@HOTMAIL.COM
                                                    28-SEP-19
PAKASTE@MSN.COM
                                                    27-JUN-19
                                                    22-JUN-19
JOHNBOB@HOTMAIL.COM
WAGNERCH@ME.COM
                                                   03-JUN-19
ERYNF@HOTMAIL.COM
                                                   05-SEP-19
TUBAJON@LIVE.COM
                                                    20-SEP-19
AIBRAHIM@LIVE.COM
                                                    28-MAY-19
NIGHTHAWK@ATT.NET
                                                    31-0CT-19
AKOBLIN@YAHOO.COM
                                                    25-JUN-19
20 rows selected.
```

11. Get Data of all newly joined employees whose salary is greater than 500000 or less than 200000

SOI Plus SQL> SELECT * FROM employee WHERE esalary > 500000 2 UNION 3 SELECT * FROM employee WHERE esalary < 200000; EMP ID ENAME ESALARY JOIN_DATE BRANCH_ID 40012 LETA 761475 22-NOV-18 11112 40014 MYRTLE 773241 19-DEC-18 11114 40017 MARGRET 852974 03-AUG-18 11117 40018 COLE 138843 21-MAY-19 11118 40019 SALLIE 891611 17-FEB-19 11119 40020 GABRIELA 11120 793548 30-MAY-19 40021 MIKEL 852695 13-FEB-18 11111 40022 DORTHY 673993 24-FEB-19 11112 40023 TOMMY 812473 15-AUG-18 11113 40025 KERRY 552007 18-JUN-18 11115 514073 07-MAR-19 40029 ISAIAH 11119 EMP ID ENAME ESALARY JOIN_DATE BRANCH_ID 40030 LEONA 983341 10-MAY-19 11120 40031 GARRETT 891611 28-JUL-18 11111 40032 DONG 933714 16-MAY-19 11112 40033 NATALIE 514073 19-JUL-19 11113 891611 19-FEB-19 40036 THANH 11116 40037 JILL 514073 15-MAR-19 11117 40038 OSVALDO 170977 21-SEP-18 11118 40040 DARRICK 933714 25-SEP-19 11120 19 rows selected.

12. Get details of Seller who sells all the products

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM seller S WHERE NOT EXISTS

2 (SELECT product_id FROM product

3 MINUS

4 SELECT DISTINCT(product_id) FROM seller_bill WHERE seller_id = S.seller_id);

no rows selected
```

PROCEDURES

1. A PROCEDURE TO DISPLAY BILL WITH LIST OF PRODUCTS IN IT AND THEIR DETAILS.

CODE:

SQL Plus

```
QL> create or replace procedure DISPLAY_BILL (bill_number number)
        c_name customer.customer_name%type;
c_email customer.customer_email%type;
bill_date bill.bdate%type;
        bill_total bill.total%type;
cursor prod_list is
       select product_id, product_name, ibill_quantity, price from prod_bill natural join product
where bill_no = bill_number;
products_data prod_list%rowtype;
        ptotal bill.total%type;
begin
                   select customer_name,customer_email into c_name,c_email from customer
where customer_email in (select customer_email from bill where bill_no = bill_number);
select bdate, total into bill_date,bill_total from bill where bill_no = bill_number;
13
14
                  select bdate, total into bill_date,bill_total from bill where bill_no = bill_number;
dbms_output.put_line(chr(10));
dbms_output.put_line('BILL NUMBER: ' || bill_number);
dbms_output.put_line('BILL DATE: ' || bill_date);
dbms_output.put_line('CUSTOMER NAME: ' || c_name);
dbms_output.put_line('CUSTOMER NAME: ' || c_name);
dbms_output.put_line('CUSTOMER EMAIL: ' || c_email);
dbms_output.put_line(rpad('NAME',25,' ') || rpad('ID',10,' ') || rpad('PRICE',10, ' ') || rpad('QTY.',7, ' ') || rpad('TOTAL',10, ' '));
open prod_list;
loop
    fetch prod_list into products_data;
exit when prod_list%NOTEGIND:
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
                             retch prod_list into products_data;
exit when prod_list%NOTFOUND;
ptotal := products_data.price * products_data.ibill_quantity;
dbms_output.put_line(rpad(products_data.product_name,25,' ') || rpad(products_data.product_id,10,' ') ||
rpad(products_data.price,10, ' ') || rpad(products_data.ibill_quantity,7, ' ') || rpad(ptotal,10, ' '));
28
29
                   end loop;
close prod_list;
dbms_output.put_line('BILL TOTAL: ' || bill_total);
dbms_output.put_line(chr(10));
30
31
32
       end;
 rocedure created.
```

OUTPUT:

```
SQL Plus
SOL> set serveroutput on
SQL> EXEC DISPLAY_BILL(50);
BILL NUMBER: 50
BILL DATE: 20-MAR-19
CUSTOMER NAME: CHOI
CUSTOMER EMAIL: STEWWY@AOL.COM
                                              QTY.
GOLDEN ARCS.
                         90001
                                                     180
PIZZA_CHEEZE
                         90010
OGURT
                         90011
CABBAGE
                         90020
BILL TOTAL: 860
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>
```

2. A PROCEDURE TO DISPLAY ALL STOCKS IN A PARTICULAR BRANCH

CODE:

SOI Plus

```
QL> create or replace procedure show_stocks (branchId number)
      cursor stock_list is
    select product_id, stock_quantity from stock
    where branch_id = branchId;
    stock_data stock_list%rowtype;
    pname product_product_name%type;
      pname product.product_namextype;
pprice product.product_desc%type;
pdesc product.product_desc%type;
psaled sale.discount%type;
psalesd sale.sdate%type;
psaleed sale.edate%type;
       begin
              dbms_output.put_line('Branch Id: ' || branchId);
dbms_output.put_line(rpad('NAME',17,' ')||rpad('ID',7,' ')||rpad('DESCRIPTION',20,' ')||rpad('PRICE',7,' ')||
rpad('Qty',5,' ')||rpad('SALE',6,' ')||rpad('Sale_Start',15,' ')||rpad('Sale_End',15,' '));
open stock_list;
               oper
loop
begin
f
18
19
                                 fetch stock_list into stock_data;
20
21
22
23
24
                                exit when stock_list%NOTFOUND; select product_name,product_desc,price into pname,pdesc,pprice from product where product_id = stock_data.product_id; select discount,sdate,edate into psaled,psalesd,psaleed from sale where product_id = stock_data.product_id and branch_id = branchId;
                                exception
25
26
27
                                         when NO_DATA_FOUND then
                                        psaled := 0;
psalesd := null;
28
29
                        dbms_output.put_line(rpad(pname,17,' ')||rpad(stock_data.product_id,7,' ')||rpad(pdesc,20,' ')||
rpad(stock_data.stock_quantity,5,' ')||rpad(pprice,7,' ')||rpad(psaled,6,' ')||rpad(psalesd,15,' ')||rpad(psaleed,15,' '));
30
31
32
               end loop;
                close stock_list;
     end;
```

OUTPUT:

SQL Plus

```
SQL> EXEC SHOW_STOCKS(11111);
Branch Id: 11111
NAME
                 ID
                        DESCRIPTION
                                             PRICE Qty
                                                         SALE Sale Start
Sale End
GOLDEN ARCS.
                 90001 BISCUIT
                                             181
                                                  20
                                                          36
                                                                21-JAN-19
12-JUN-19
BANANA
                 90002 FRUIT
                                             147
                                                  50
                                                         0
BISLERI
                 90003
                        DRINKING WATER
                                             141
                                                  30
                                                         0
ALMOND MILK
                 90004 PACKED MILK
                                             65
                                                  80
                                                         0
                 90011 EATABLE MILK PRODUCT168
YOGURT
                                                  25
                                                         42
                                                                23-MAR-19
04-NOV-19
PEAR
                 90012 FRUIT
                                             60
                                                  60
                                                         0
WHOLE BREAD
                 90013
                        BREAD
                                             186
                                                  30
                                                         0
KITKAT
                 90014 CHOCOLATE
                                             59
                                                  45
                                                         0
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL>
```

FUNCTIONS

1. A FUNCTION TO DISPLAY AVERAGE SALE OF ALL BRANCHES COMBINED.

CODE:

SQL Plus

```
SQL> create or replace function avg_sale(dateavg in date)
 2 return number
 4 average number;
 5 cursor branches is
        select branch_id from branch;
 7 branch_data branches%rowtype;
8 branch_count number;
 9 branch_sum number;
10 begin
        select count(branch_id) into branch_count from branch;
12
13
14
15
         average := 0;
         open branches;
         loop
             begin
                 fetch branches into branch_data;
                 exit when branches%NOTFOUND;
                 select sum(total) into branch_sum from bill where branch_id = branch_data.branch_id and bdate = dateavg;
19
20
                 if branch_sum is null then
                     branch_sum := 0;
                 end if;
22
23
             end;
             average := average + branch_sum;
         end loop;
25
26
         close branches;
         average := average / branch_count;
         return(average);
28 end;
Function created.
SQL>
```

OUTPUT:

SQL Plus

```
SQL> DECLARE

2 average_sale number;

3 begin

4 average_sale := avg_sale(to_date('03-MAR-19','DD-MON-YY'));

5 dbms_output.put_line('AVERAGE SALE OF ALL BRANCH IS: ' || average_sale);

6 end;

7 /

AVERAGE SALE OF ALL BRANCH IS: 91

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

2. A FUNCTION TO FIND POPULARITY OF A PRODUCT IN TWO BRANCHES

CODE:

SQL Plus

```
iQL> create or replace function popular_prod(branch1 number, branch2 number, productId number)
2 return number
4 branch3 number;
 5 qbranch1 number := 0;
6 gbranch2 number := 0:
7 temp number;
8 cursor qb1 is select bill_no from bill where branch_id = branch1;
 9 qb1d qb1%rowtype;
   cursor qb2 is select bill no from bill where branch id = branch2;
    qb2d qb2%rowtype;
    begin
13
14
        open qb1;
        loop
             temp := 0;
            begin
                fetch qb1 into qb1d;
                 select ibill_quantity into temp from prod_bill where product_id = productId and bill_no = qb1d.bill_no;
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
                     when NO_DATA_FOUND then temp := 0;
            qbranch1 := qbranch1 + temp;
        end loop;
        close qb1;
        open qb2;
loop
            temp := 0;
            begin
                fetch qb2 into qb2d;
31
32
                 exit when qb2%NOTFOUND;
                 select ibill_quantity into temp from prod_bill where product_id = productId and bill_no = qb2d.bill_no;
33
34
                 exception
                     when NO DATA FOUND then temp := 0;
            end;
            qbranch2 := qbranch2 + temp;
        end loop;
        close qb2;
39
40
41
42
        if (qbranch1 > qbranch2) then branch3 := branch1;
        elsif (qbranch2 > qbranch1) then branch3 := branch2;
        end if;
return branch3;
44
Function created.
```

OUTPUT:

SQL Plus

```
SQL> DECLARE

2 branch_popular number;

3 begin

4 branch_popular := popular_prod(11111,11112,90001);

5 dbms_output.put_line('Product 90001 is most popular in branch_id: ' || branch_popular);

6 end;

7 /

Product 90001 is most popular in branch_id: 11112

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

TRIGGERS

1. A TRIGGER TO CHECK IF THE QUANTITY OF STOCSK AFTER UPDATE IS A NON NEGATIVE INTEGER

SOI Plus

```
SQL> create or replace trigger stock empty
 2 before insert or update on stock
 3 for each row
 4 begin
 5 if(:new.stock quantity < 0) then
        raise_application_error(-21000, 'not that much quantity available');
 7 end if;
 8 end;
 9
Trigger created.
SQL> SELECT * FROM STOCK WHERE BRANCH_ID = 11111;
PRODUCT_ID BRANCH_ID STOCK_QUANTITY
    90001 11111
                               181
    90002
             11111
                              147
    90003
                               141
             11111
    90004
              11111
                                65
    90011
                               168
             11111
    90012
              11111
                                60
    90013
              11111
                               186
          11111
    90014
                                59
8 rows selected.
SQL> UPDATE STOCK
 2 SET STOCK_QUANTITY = -2
 3 WHERE BRANCH ID = 11111;
UPDATE STOCK
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-21000: error number argument to raise application error of -21000 is out of
ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.STOCK_EMPTY", line 3
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.STOCK_EMPTY'
```

2. A TRIGGER TO CHECK IF SALARY OF EMPLOYEE IS ALWAYS INCREASED AND IF IT IS TRIED TO DECREASE THEN DB WON'T ALLOW SUCH UPDATE

SOL Plus SQL> create or replace trigger salary update 2 before update of esalary on employee 3 for each row 4 begin 5 if (:new.esalary < :old.esalary) then :new.esalary := :old.esalary; 7 end if; 8 end; Trigger created. SQL> SELECT esalary from employee 2 where emp_id = 40011; **ESALARY** 285090 SQL> update employee 2 set esalary = esalary * 0.5; 30 rows updated. SQL> SELECT esalary from employee 2 where emp_id = 40011; **ESALARY** 285090 SQL>

3. A TRIGGER WHICH DOESN'T ALLOW UPDATE OF EMPLOYEES SALARY BEFORE SIX MONTHS FROM HIS JOIN DATE.

```
SQL Plus
SQL> create or replace trigger employee salary update
 2 before update of esalary on employee
 3 for each row
 4 begin
 5 if(SYSDATE - :old.join_date < 180) then
         raise_application_error(-20000,'Invalid Update Option');
 7 end if;
 8 end;
Trigger created.
SQL> update employee
 2 set esalary = esalary * 0.9
 3 where emp_id = 40040
update employee
ERROR at line 1:
ORA-20000: Invalid Update Option
ORA-06512: at "SYSTEM.EMPLOYEE_SALARY_UPDATE", line 3
ORA-04088: error during execution of trigger 'SYSTEM.EMPLOYEE_SALARY_UPDATE'
```

4. A TRIGGER TO GIVE CUSTOMERS DISCOUNT IF THEY ARE SHOPPING FOR FIRST TIME.

```
SQL Plus
SQL> create or replace trigger customer_trigger
  2 before insert on bill
  3 for each row
  4 declare
  5 c number;
  6 begin
          select count(*) into c from bill where customer_email = :new.customer_email group by customer_email;
          exception
          when NO_DATA_FOUND then
               :new.total := :new.total * 0.80;
               dbms_output.put_line('You Got 20% Off Coz This Is Your 1st Shopping At Our Stores.');
 12 end;
Trigger created.
SQL> insert into bill values (&bill_no,'&customer_email','&bdate',&total,&branch_id);
Enter value for bill_no: 51
Enter value for customer_email: QWERA.TE@HYSTA.CTY
Enter value for bdate: 23-NOV-19
Enter value for total: 400
Enter value for branch id: 11111
old 1: insert into bill values (&bill_no,'&customer_email','&bdate',&total,&branch_id)
new 1: insert into bill values (51,'QWERA.TE@HYSTA.CTY','23-NOV-19',400,11111)
You Got 20% Off Coz This Is Your 1st Shopping At Our Stores.
  row created.
```

----Thank you----