



COMPILER DESIGN LAB (CSL5404)

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Program: B.Tech CSE
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Assignment - 8

Question I:

Every compiler has intermediate code representation phase.

Given the set of expression: $a+b+c*d/e+f$.

Write a C program that can find the quadruples of the given expression for intermediate code representation.

> Program Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MAX_LIMIT 20
int main()
{
    char line[20];    int s[20];    int t = 1;
    int i = 0;
    printf ("Enter string..  :");
    fgets(line, MAX_LIMIT, stdin);
    for (i = 0; i < 20; i++)
        s[i] = 0;
    printf ("op\ta1\ta2\tres\n");
    for (i = 2; line[i] != '\0'; i++)
    {
        if (line[i] == '/' || line[i] == '*')
        {
            printf ("\n");
            if (s[i] == 0)
            {
                if (s[i + 1] == 0)
                {
                    printf (":=\t%c\t\t t%d\n", line[i + 1], t);
                    s[i + 1] = t++;
                }
                printf ("%c\t", line[i]);
                (s[i - 1] == 0) ? printf ("%c\t", line[i - 1]) : printf
("t%d\t", s[i - 1]);
            }
        }
    }
}
```


Output screenshot:

```
F:\Compiler Design\Lab\LakhanKumawat>"f:\Compiler Design\Lab\LakhanKumawat\min.exe"
Enter string.. :a+b*c*d/e+f
op      a1      a2      res

:=      d              t1
*        c          t1    t2
:=      e              t3
/        t2          t3    t4
+        b          t2    t5
:=      f              t6
+        t4          t6    t7
:=      t7              a
```

Question 2:

Write a program in C to find three address code using triples for the following set of input expression:

$a = b * -c + b * -c$

> Program Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("\nGiven Expression is like:- a = b * -c + b * -c\n");
    printf("\nEnter values of b, c (space separated): ");
    int b, c;
    scanf("%d %d", &b, &c);
    printf("Note: 'u_minus' operator used for making negative of the operand\n");
    int arr[6];
    printf("\n#\tOperand \tArgument-1\tArgument-2\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
    {
        switch (i)
```

```
{
    case 0:
        printf("(%d)\tu_minus \t c=%d\n", i, c);
        arr[i] = 0 - c;
        break;
    case 1:
        printf("(%d)\t *\t\t (%d) \t \t b=%d\n", i, i - 1,
b);
        arr[i] = arr[0] * b;
        break;
    case 2:
        printf("(%d)\tu_minus \t c=%d\n", i, c);
        arr[i] = 0 - c;
        break;
    case 3:
        printf("(%d)\t *\t\t (%d) \t b=%d\n", i, i - 1, b);
        arr[i] = arr[0] * b;
        break;
    case 4:
        printf("(%d)\t +\t\t (1) \t \t (3)\n", i);
        arr[i] = arr[1] + arr[3];
        break;
    case 5:
        printf("(%d)\t =\t\t a \t\t (4)\n", i);
        arr[i] = arr[i - 1];
        break;
}
}
printf("\nAnswer of this expression on given input :-
%d\n\n", arr[5]);
return 0;
}
```

Output Screenshot:

```
F:\Compiler Design\Lab\LakhanKumawat>"f:\Compiler Design\Lab\LakhanKumawat\min.exe"
```

Given Expression is like:- $a = b * -c + b * -c$

Enter values of b, c (space separated): 5 8

Note: 'u_minus' operator used for making negative of the operand

#	Operand	Argument-1	Argument-2
(0)	u_minus	c=8	
(1)	*	(0)	b=5
(2)	u_minus	c=8	
(3)	*	(2)	b=5
(4)	+	(1)	(3)
(5)	=	a	(4)

Answer of this expression on given input :- -80

```
F:\Compiler Design\Lab\LakhanKumawat>
```

End Of Assignment
