

iObfuscate

Unraveling iOS Obfuscation Techniques

whoami

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- Specialize in cross-platform malware with a focus on mobile malware
- Run YouTube channel @lauriewired
- Representing myself as an individual security researcher today (not representing Microsoft)





@lauriewired

Analysis Materials



- LaurieWired OBTS Github Repo
 - https://github.com/LaurieWired /ObjectiveByTheSea2023

Let's make this...

```
void _$s21ControlFlowFlattening11ContentViewVACycfC(void)
{
    _$s21ControlFlowFlattening03nonaB9FlattenedyyF();
    _$s21ControlFlowFlattening04withaB9FlattenedyyF();
    _$s21ControlFlowFlattening011withComplexaB9FlattenedyyF();
    return;
}
```



... look more like this

```
void ContentView.init(void)
{
  nonControlFlowFlattened();
  withControlFlowFlattened();
  withComplexControlFlowFlattened();
  return;
}
```



Agenda

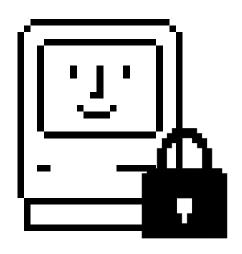
- Learn layered iOS application protections
- Reverse engineer obfuscated IPA files
- Provide new open-source iOS RE reference + deobfuscation scripts



What is obfuscation?

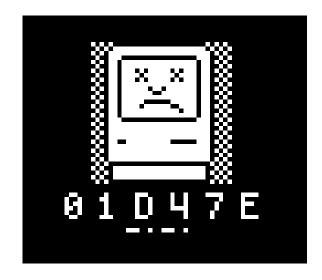
- Obfuscation obscures app data and functionality
- Common among all platforms
- Important for iOS applications
 - Contain full symbol data

Offensive and Defensive Obfuscation



Defensive

iOS developers protect their applications.



Offensive

Malware authors hide their malicious code.

Layers of IPA Protection

AppStore Encryption

Code Obfuscation

Runtime Protections

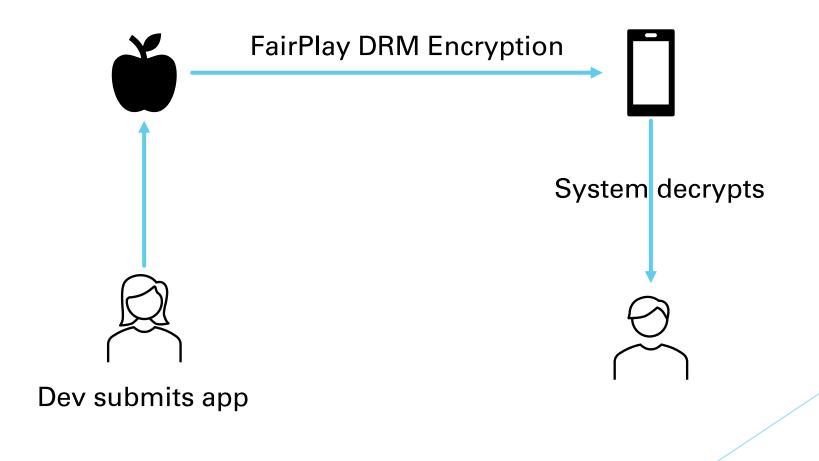


App Store Encryption

- Developer submits app
- Apple applies FairPlay encryption
- User downloads encrypted app
- iOS system decrypts app during installation



App Store Encryption



Pulling apps requires a jailbroken device.

To download a copy of the ipa file, use the download command.

```
Download (encrypted) iOS app packages from the App Store

Usage:
ipatool download [flags]
```

You might also burn your Apple ID.

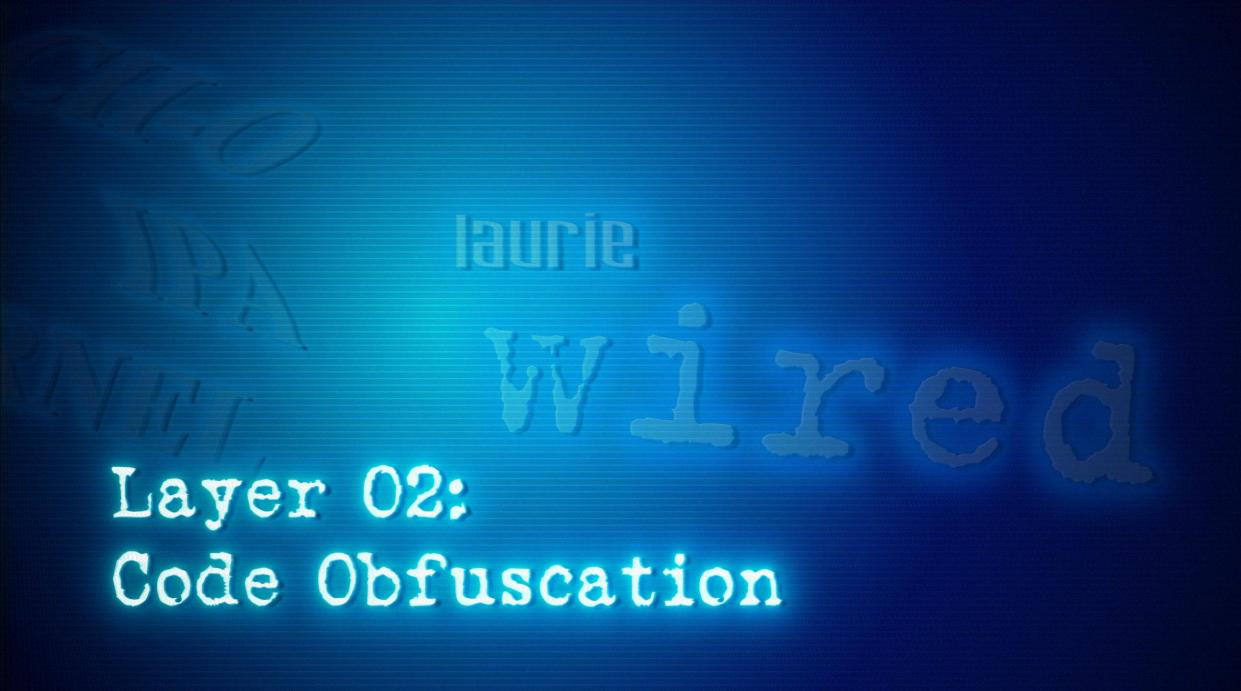
Will my Apple ID get flagged for using this tool? ∂

Maybe, but probably not. While this tool communicates with iTunes and the App Store directly, mimicking the behavior of iTunes running on macOS, I cannot guarantee its safety. I recommend using a throwaway Apple ID. Use this tool at your own risk.

Encryption effectively prevents reverse engineering.



MALICIOUS APPSARENT GETTING REVERSED



Code Protections

- Data encryption
- Identifier renaming
- Control-flow obfuscation
- Dead code

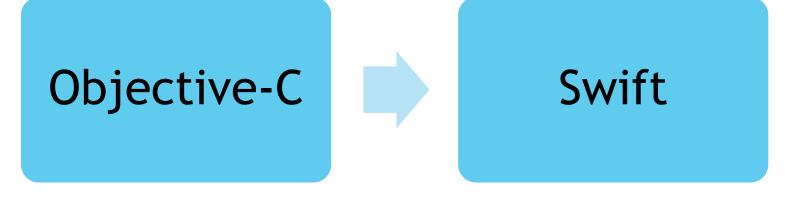


iOS code contains full symbol data.

Objective-C

```
void GraphViewController::viewDidLoad(undefined4 param 1)
 undefined4 uVar1;
 undefined4 uVar2;
 undefined4 uVar3;
 undefined4 local 24;
  class t *local 20;
 local 20 = &objc::class t::GraphViewController;
 local 24 = param 1;
  objc msgSendSuper2(&local_24,"viewDidLoad");
 uVar1 = objc msgSend(& OBJC CLASS $ NSNumberFormatter, "new");
 objc msgSend(uVar1, "setNumberStyle:",1);
  objc msgSend(uVar1, "setMinimumFractionDigits:",0);
 objc msgSend(uVar1, "setMaximumFractionDigits:",0);
 uVar2 = _objc_msgSend(param_1, "graphView");
  objc msgSend(uVar2, "setYValuesFormatter:", uVar1);
 uVar2 = objc msgSend(& OBJC CLASS $ NSDateFormatter, "new");
  objc msgSend(uVar2, "setTimeStyle:",0);
```

Apple moved to Swift



Swift has side benefits for obfuscation.

Swift Mangled Names

- Swift names are mangled by design
- Types, names, and parameters are jumbled together
- Ensures uniqueness

Mangled Swift Names

```
void _$s9TesHello20aB3AppV5$mainyyFZ(void) {
  long lVar1;

lVar1 = _$s9TesHello20aB3AppVAC7SwiftUI0C0AAWl();
  _$s7SwiftUI3AppPAAE4mainyyFZ(&_$s9TesHello20aB3AppVN,lVar1);
  return;
}
```

Hands On: Demangling Swift

Mangled names can be demangled.

Identifier Renaming

- Rename methods, classes, and variables
- Remove potential symbol data



Identifier Renaming

```
class 02aB3C XyZb1: UIViewController {
   var x1Y2z3 AbC = 42
    override func n7M8L o6P5Q() {
        super.n7M8L o6P5Q()
        r4S5T u3V2W()
        i9J0K(10M9N: 1)
    func i9J0K(10M9N k9L80: Int) {
        x1Y2z3 AbC += k9L80
```

Common obfuscation techniques also apply to iOS!

Control Flow Flattening

Break code into blocks



Separate blocks into switch

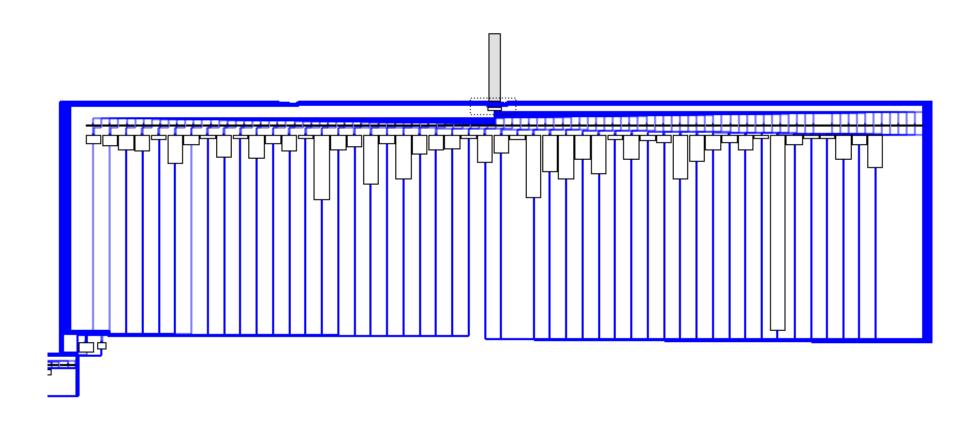


Place switch inside loop

```
func evaluate(x: Int) -> String {
   if x < 0 {
      return "Negative"
   } else if x == 0 {
      return "Zero"
   } else {
      return "Positive"
   }
}</pre>
```

```
func evaluate(x: Int) -> String {
                  var nextCase = 0
                   var result: String?
  Dispatch
                                                              Dispatcher
 variable
                   while true {
                       switch nextCase {
                       case 0:
                           if x < 0 {
                               result = "Negative"
                               nextCase = 2
                           } else {
                               nextCase = 1
                       case 1:
Blocks
                           result = "Positive"
                           nextCase = 2
                       case 2:
                           return result!
                       default:
                           return "Error"
```

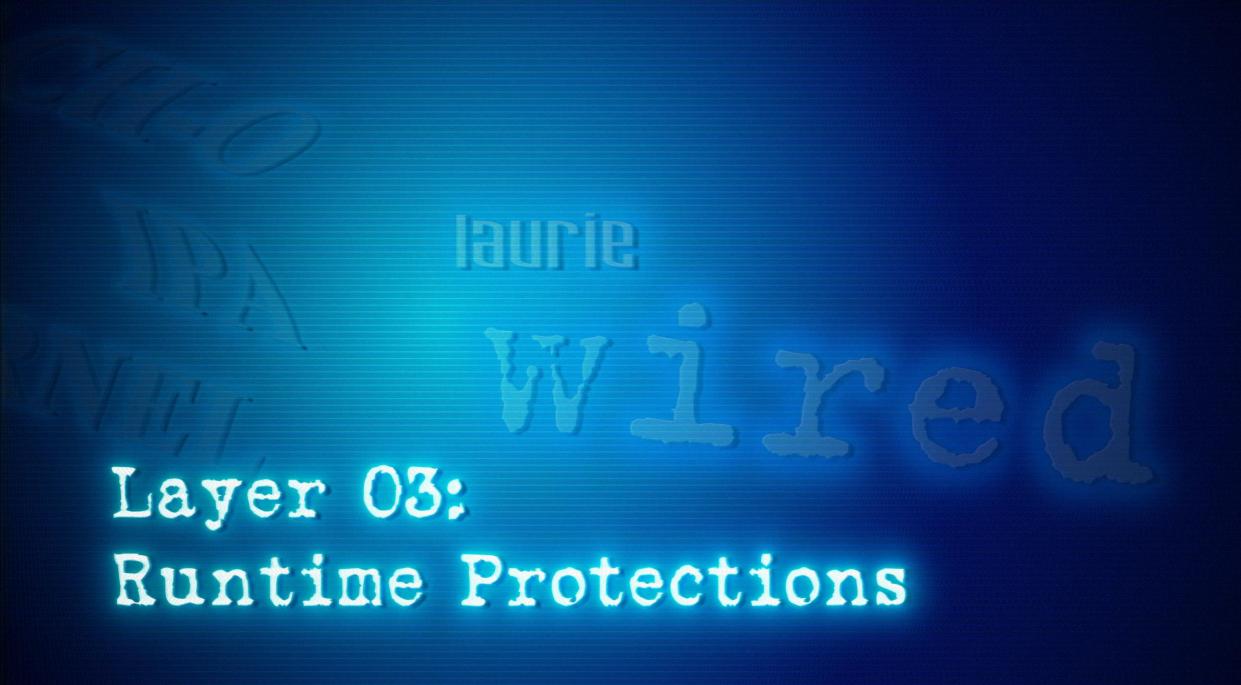
Flattened Graph View



Dead Code

- Inserting unreferenced code
- Pads application binary
- Particularly effective in iOS
 - Asynchronous nature of events





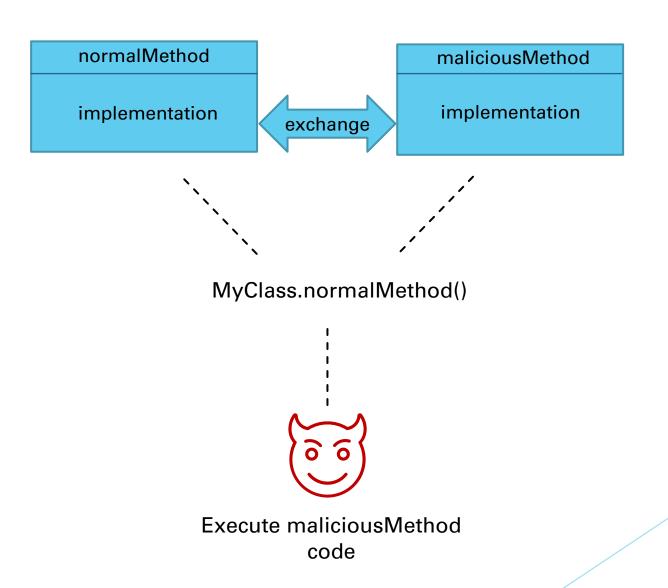
Dynamic Obfuscation Techniques

- Swizzling
- Anti-debug
- Anti-tampering
- Virtualization-based obfuscators

Swizzling

- Modifies method implementation at runtime
- Primarily used in Objective-C
- Possible in Swift as well

Swizzling Two Methods



Goontact Malware

- Spyware discovered in 2018
- Exfiltrates photos, messages, device info
- Phishing site convinces victim to sideload IPA



Hands On: Examining Swizzling in Goontact



Pointers

Swizzling

Standard Anti-Debug / Anti-Tampering

- Prevent debugger from attaching
- Detect presence of Frida server
- Simulator check

Jailbreak Detection

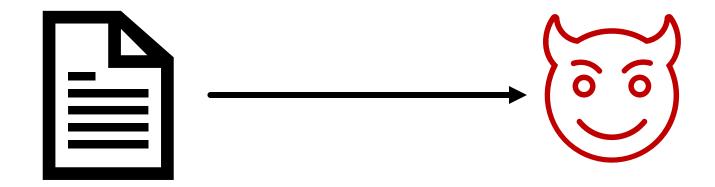
- Avoids execution on a jailbroken device
- Reverse engineers can pull app files
- Check device heuristics



Checking URL Schemes

```
private static func checkURLSchemes() -> CheckResult {
   let urlSchemes = [
        "undecimus://",
        "sileo://",
        "zbra://",
        "filza://",
        "activator://"
   ]
   return canOpenUrlFromList(urlSchemes: urlSchemes)
}
```

Checking File Permissions



Can I access this?

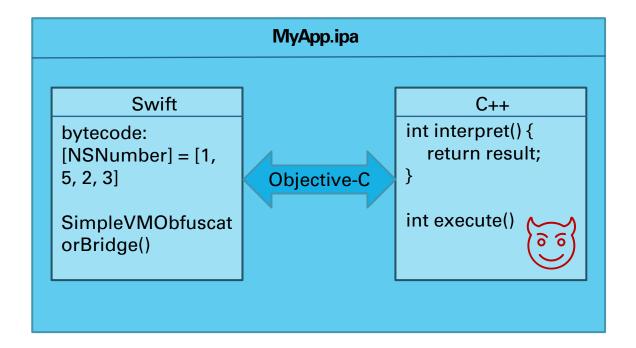
Guess I'm jailbroken

VM-Based Obfuscators

VM-Based Obfuscators

- Native instructions are replaced with virtual ones
- Obfuscator stores and hides secret virtual instructions
- Virtual instructions are translated to native at runtime

iOS VM-Based Obfuscation Architecture



```
class SimpleVMObfuscator {
             private:
                 std::vector<int> bytecode;
                 int interpret() {
                     int result = 0;
                                                                                    1 represents
                     for (int i = 0; i < bytecode.size(); <math>i++) {
                                                                                    addition
                          switch (bytecode[i]) {
Interpreter
                              case 1:
                                  result += bytecode[++i];
                                  break;
                              case 2:
                                  result -= bytecode[++i];
                                  break;
                              default:
                                  break;
                     return result;
             public:
Virtual
                 SimpleVMObfuscator(std::vector<int> bc): bytecode(bc) {}
machine
                 int execute() {
                     return interpret();
             };
```

Many popular apps employ custom VM-based obfuscators.



Real-World Examples

The iOS App Store can host real malware.

InstaAgent

- Instagram profile assistant
- Harvested Instagram credentials
 - ▶ Uploaded in cleartext to a C2 ⊗
- Around 500,000 downloads

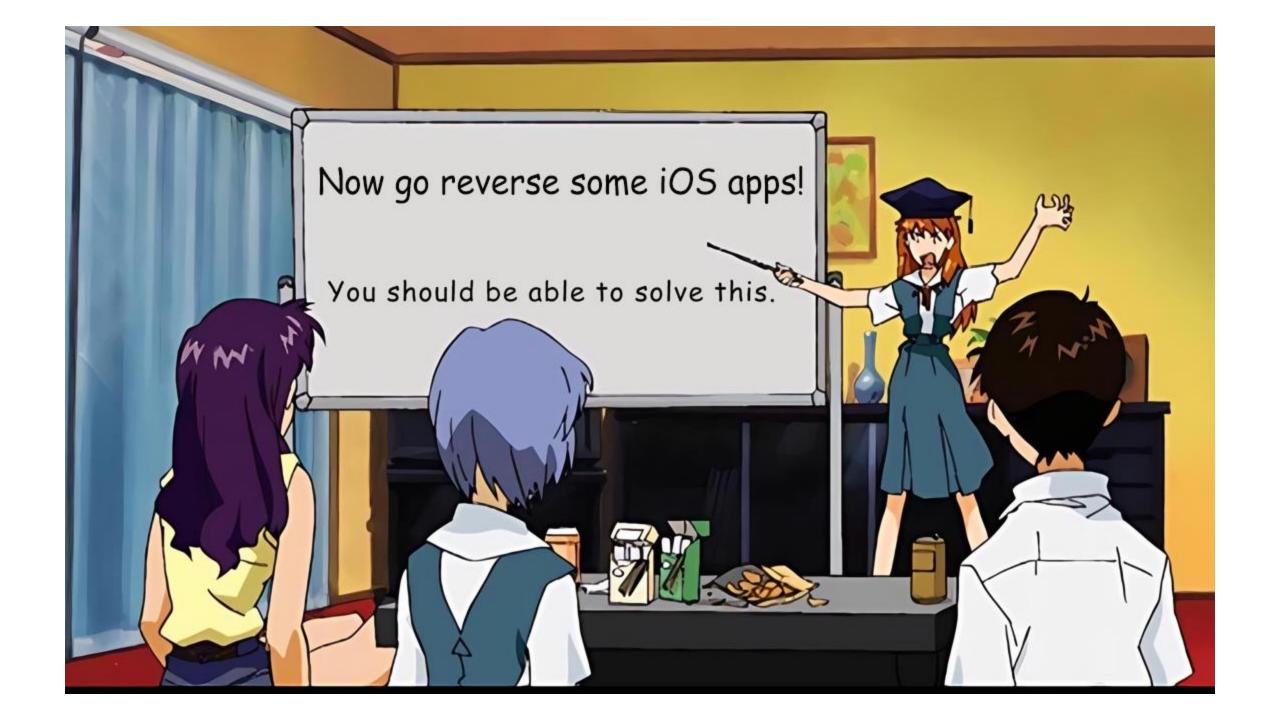


XcodeGhost

- Modified version of Xcode
- Inserted malware into legitimate iOS apps
- Apps were hosted in official App Store



Undiscovered?





Thank you!

iOS Reverse Engineering Repo



- LaurieWired iOS RE Github Repo
 - https://github.com/LaurieWired/ iOS Reverse Engineering

Bonus Section

Static Obfuscators

- Obfuscator-LLVM
 - ► https://github.com/obfuscator-llvm/obfuscator/tree/llvm-4.0
- Sirius Obfuscator
 - Renames variables
 - https://github.com/Polidea/SiriusObfuscator
- https://github.com/pjebs/Obfuscator-iOS

Open-Source Runtime Protectors

- iOS Security Suite
 - https://github.com/securing/IOSSecuritySuite
- Runtime Application Self-Protection (RASP)
 - https://github.com/talsec/Free-RASP-iOS

Defensive Obfuscation

- Source code protection
- App size optimizations
- Performance enhancements
- Tamper defense
- Vulnerability hardening

Offensive Obfuscation

- Prevent Reverse Engineering
- Evade antivirus detection
- Conceal malicious code
- Mask application origin

After Demangling

```
void static_TesHello2App.$main(void) {
  long lVar1;

lVar1 = lazy_protocol_witness_table_accessor_for_type_TesHello2App();
  static_App.main(&type_metadata_for_TesHello2App,lVar1);
  return;
}
```

Demangling Swift Example

_\$s9TesHello20aB3AppV5\$mainyyF



static_TesHello2App.\$main

Obfuscator-LLVM

- Built on top of LLVM compiler
- Adds obfuscation during compilation process
- Obfuscates code for many platforms

iOS libraries also try to protect against swizzling.

Pros and Cons of VM-Based OBfuscation

Pros

- Thwarts static analysis
- Hides malicious code

Cons

- Challenging to implement
- Reduces performance