

Architecture and Design of Embedded Real-Time Systems (TI-AREM)

**GoF State Pattern - Updated
a Behavioral Pattern**

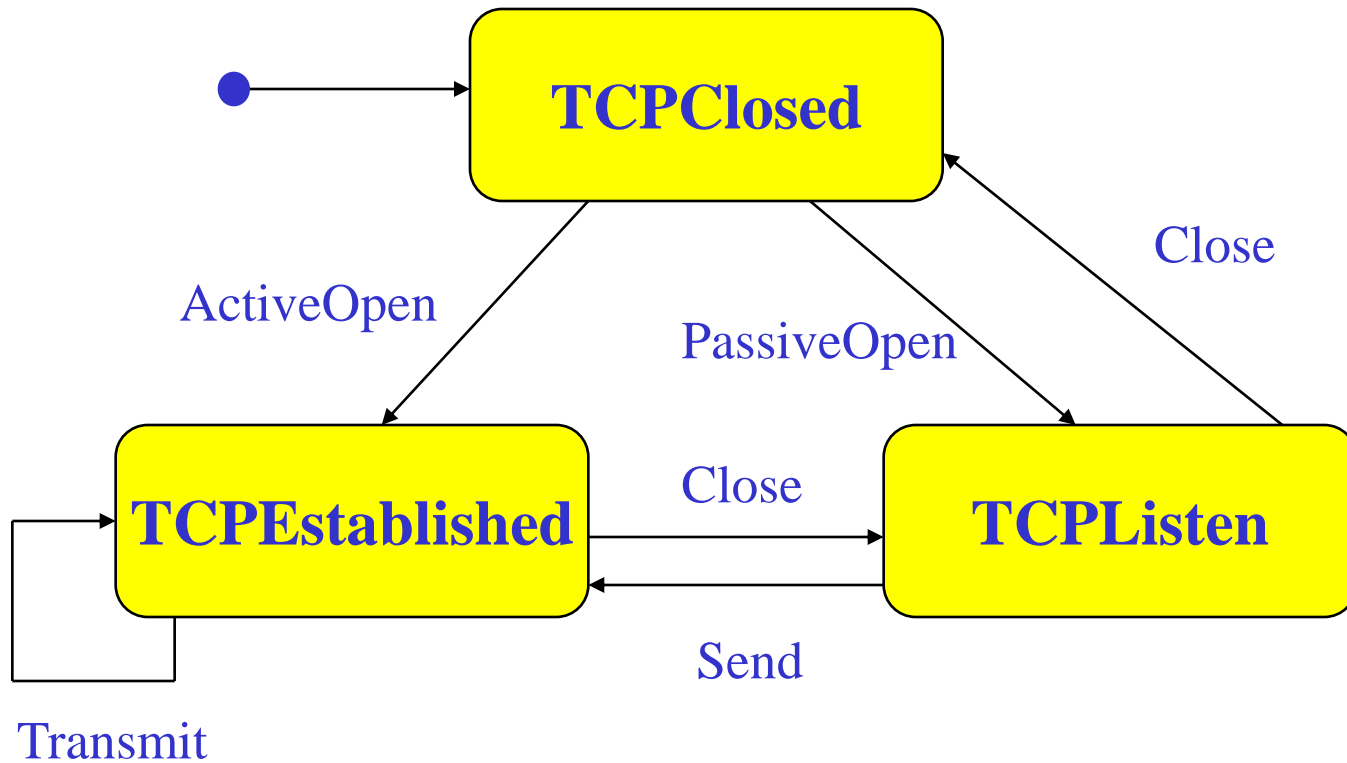
State Pattern – Behavioral Pattern

Intent:

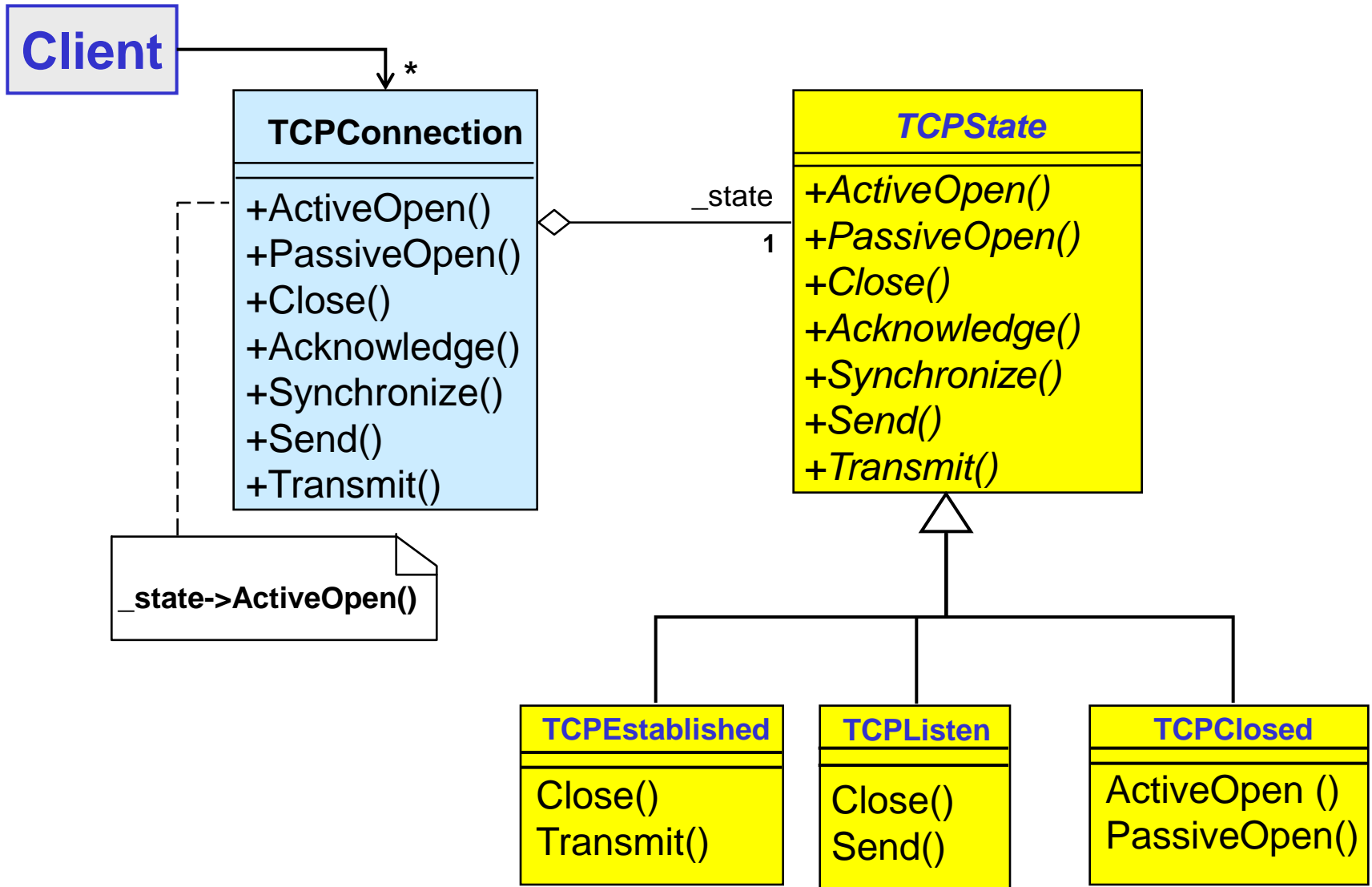
Allow an object to alter its behavior when its internal state changes. The object will appear to change its class (its state).

An implementation technique for realizing a state machine described by a UML State Diagram. Each state is implemented as a class with the events as operations.

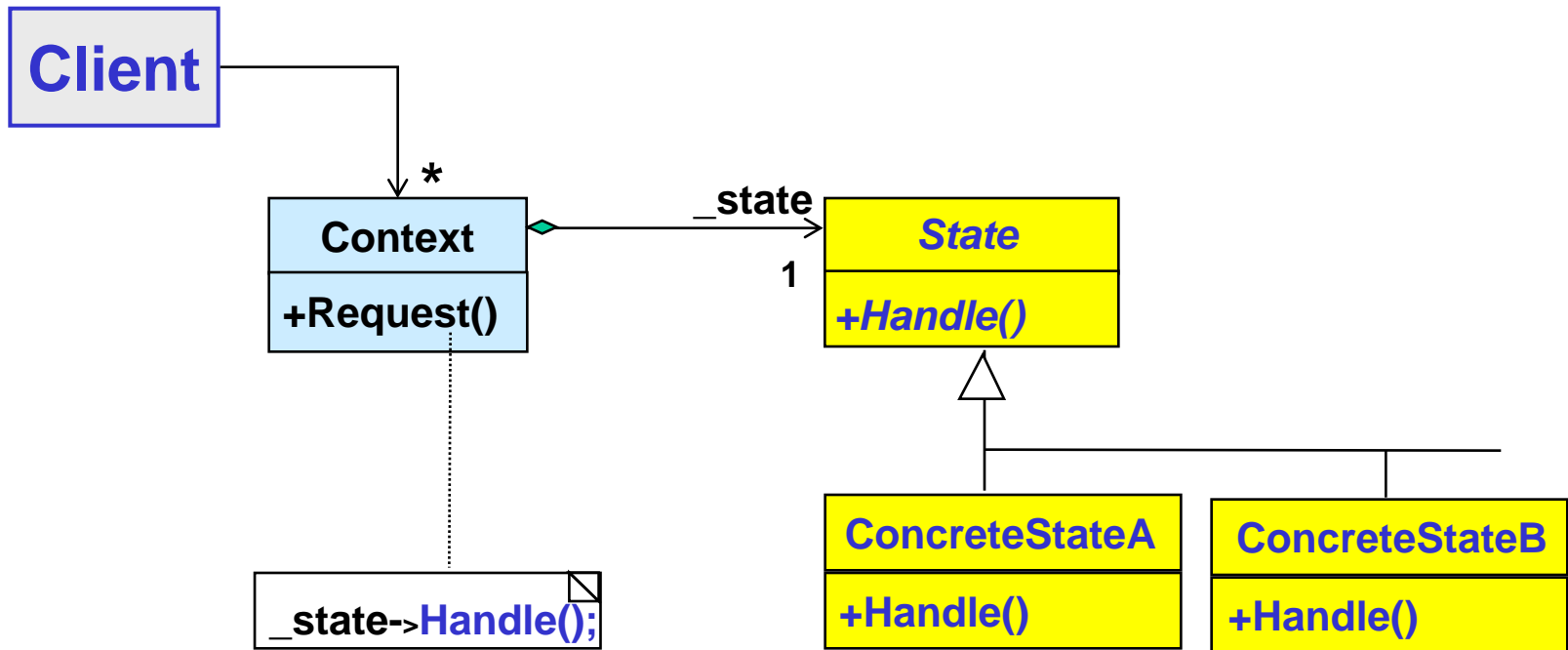
TCP State Diagram Example



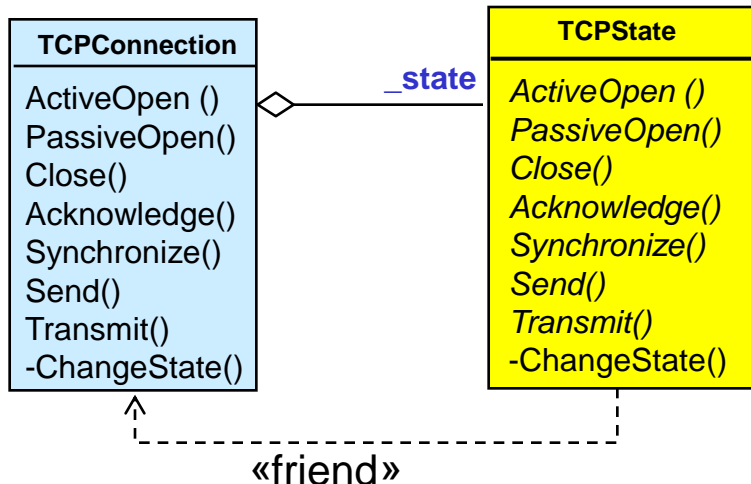
State Pattern Class Diagram



State Pattern - GoF Structure



State Pattern – C++ Example (1)



class **TCPConnection**

{

public:

TCPConnection(); // constructor

void **ActiveOpen()**;

void PassiveOpen();

void Close();

void Acknowledge();

void Synchronize();

void Send();

void Transmit();

void ProcessOctet(TCPOctetStream*);

private:

friend class TCPState;

void ChangeState(TCPState*);

TCPState* **_state**;

};

State Pattern – C++ Example (2)

```
TCPCConnection::TCPCConnection ()      { _state = TCPClosed::Instance(); }  
  
void TCPCConnection::ActiveOpen ()      { _state->ActiveOpen(this); }  
  
void TCPCConnection::PassiveOpen ()     { _state->PassiveOpen(this); }  
  
void TCPCConnection::Close ()           { _state->Close(this); }  
  
void TCPCConnection::Acknowledge ()     { _state->Acknowledge(this); }  
  
void TCPCConnection::Synchronize ()     { _state->Synchronize(this); }  
  
void TCPCConnection::ChangeState (TCPState* s) { _state = s; }
```

State Pattern – C++ Example (3)

class TCPState

{

public:

virtual void ActiveOpen(TCPConnection*);

virtual void PassiveOpen(TCPConnection*);

virtual void Close(TCPConnection*);

virtual void Acknowledge(TCPConnection*);

virtual void Synchronize(TCPConnection*);

virtual void Send(TCPConnection*);

virtual void Transmit(TCPConnection*, TCPOctetStream*);

protected:

TCPState() { }

void ChangeState(TCPConnection*, TCPState*);

};

Notice!



State Pattern – C++ Example (4)

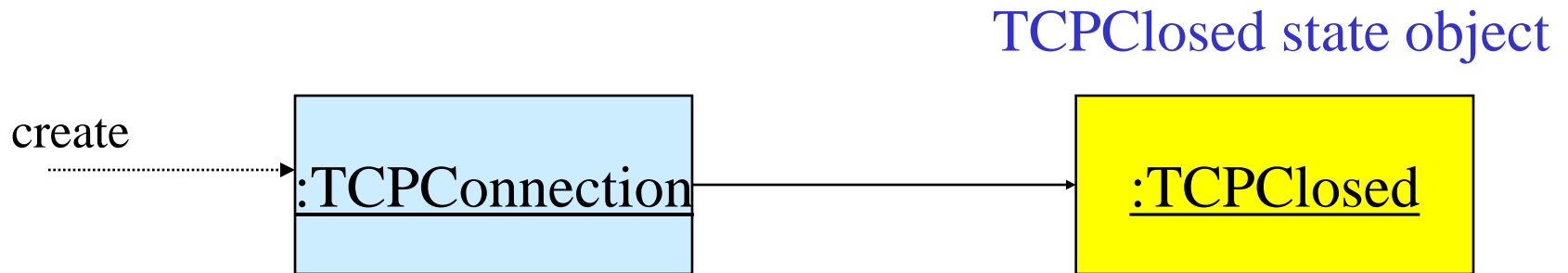
Implementation of **TCPState** with **default code**:

```
void TCPState::ActiveOpen (TCPConnection*)    { default(); }
void TCPState::PassiveOpen (TCPConnection*)    { default(); }
void TCPState::Close (TCPConnection*)          { default(); }
void TCPState::Acknowledge (TCPConnection*)    { default(); }
void TCPState::Synchronize (TCPConnection*)    { default(); }
void TCPState::Send (TCPConnection*)           { default(); }
void TCPState::Transmit (TCPConnection*, TCPOctetStream*) { default(); }

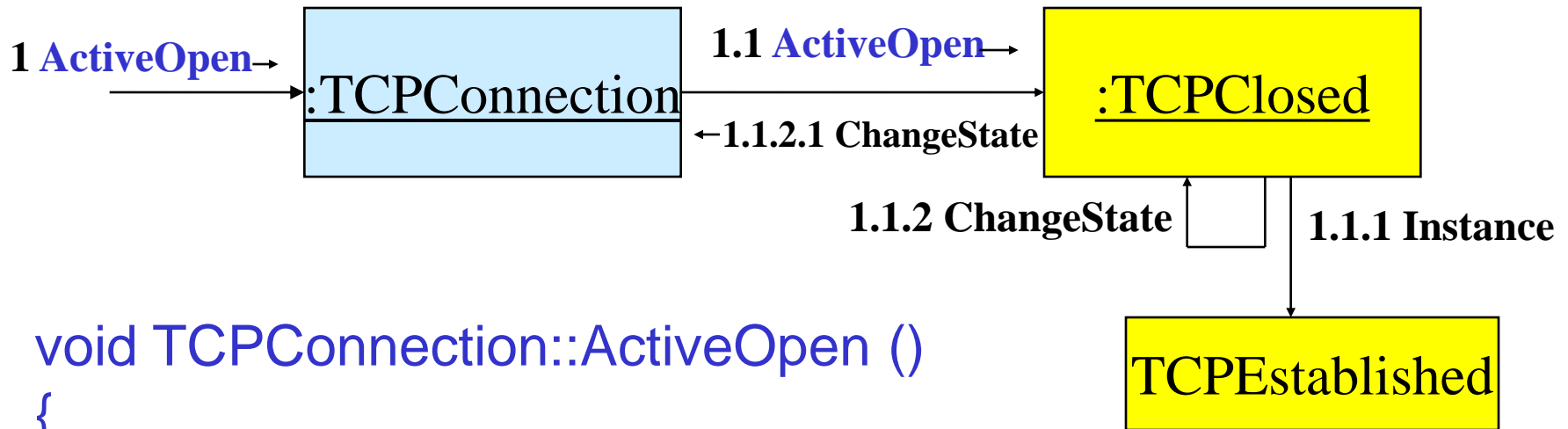
void TCPState::ChangeState (TCPConnection* t, TCPState* s)
{
    t->ChangeState(s);
}
```

State Pattern – C++ Example (5)

```
TCPConnection::TCPConnection ()  
{  
    _state = TCPClosed::Instance();    // start state  
}
```



State Pattern – C++ Example (6)



```

void TCPConnection::ActiveOpen ()
{
    _state->ActiveOpen(this);
}
  
```

```

void TCPClosed::ActiveOpen (TCPConnection* t)
{
    // send SYN, receive SYN, ACK, etc.
    ChangeState(t, TCPEstablished::Instance()); // state shift
}
  
```

State Pattern – C++ Example (7)

```
void TCPClosed::PassiveOpen (TCPConnection* t)
{
    ChangeState(t, TCPListen::Instance());
}
```

```
void TCPEstablished::Transmit (TCPConnection* t, TCPOctetStream* o)
{
    t->ProcessOctet(o);           // no state change
}
```

```
void TCPEstablished::Close (TCPConnection* t)
{
    // send FIN, receive ACK of FIN
    ChangeState(t, TCPListen::Instance());
}
```

State Pattern – C++ Example (8)

Singleton pattern

```
class Singleton
{
public:
    static Singleton* Instance();
protected:
    Singleton();
private:
    static Singleton* _instance;
};
```

```
Singleton* Singleton::_instance = 0;

Singleton* Singleton::Instance ()
{
    if (_instance == 0)
    {
        _instance = new Singleton;
    }
    return _instance;
}
```

State Pattern – C++ Example (9)

Singleton pattern used on TCPClosed class

```
class TCPClosed : public TCPState
{
public:
    static TCPState* Instance();

    virtual void ActiveOpen(TCPConnection*);
    virtual void PassiveOpen(TCPConnection*);
protected:
    TCPClosed();
private:
    static TCPState* _instance;
}
```

```
TCPState*
    TCPClosed::_instance = 0;

TCPState* TCPClosed::Instance()
{
    if (_instance == 0)
    {
        _instance = new TCPClosed;
    }
    return _instance;
}
```

State Pattern Implementation Details (1)

<i>TCPState</i>
<i>ActiveOpen ()</i>
<i>PassiveOpen()</i>
<i>Close()</i>
<i>Acknowledge()</i>
<i>Synchronize()</i>
<i>Send()</i>
<i>Transmit()</i>

1. Design choice 1.

- All event operations specified as **pure virtual (C++)**
- Requires that all operations are defined in the subclasses (forced by the compiler)

2. Design choice 2.

- All event operations have **default implementation** in superclass
- Only necessary to implement event operations for the actual state

State Pattern Implementation Details (2)

Event parameters, guard, entry and exit actions

```
void TCPClosed::event1(TCPConnection* t,type parameter1)
{
    if ( t->guard1() )
    {
        exit(); // explicit call of exit action
        t->action_1();
        ChangeState(t,TCPListen::Instance());
    }
}
```

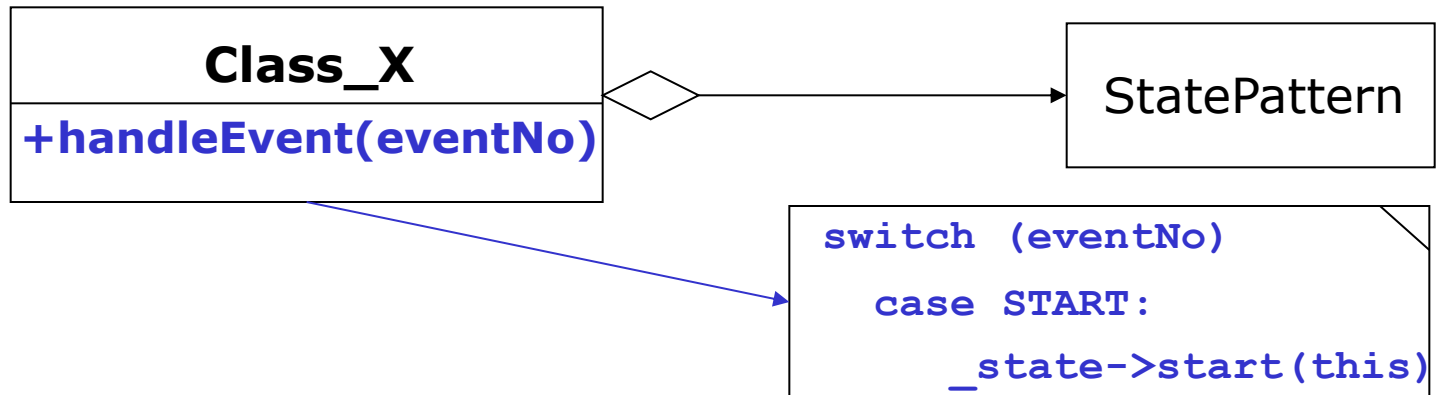
```
void TCPConnection::ChangeState(State* pS)
{
    _state= pS;
    _state->entry(this); // call "entry" in new state
}
```


Three Solutions for Event Handling

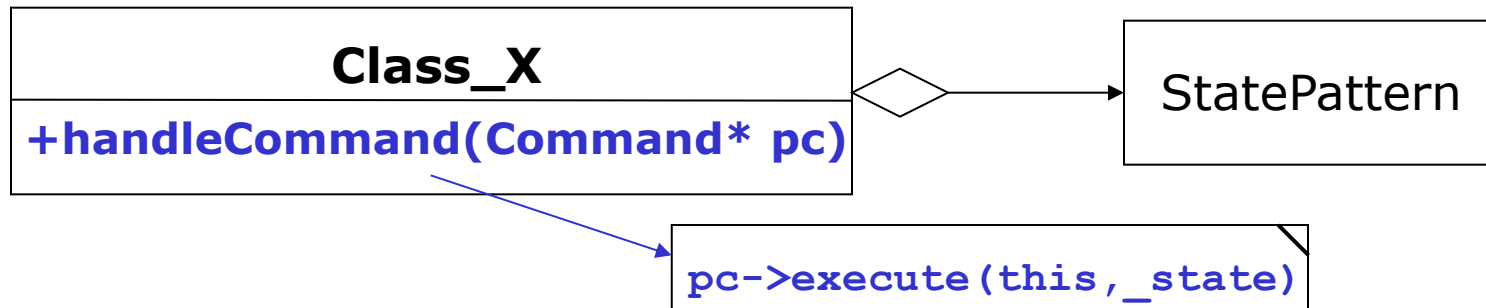
1.



2.



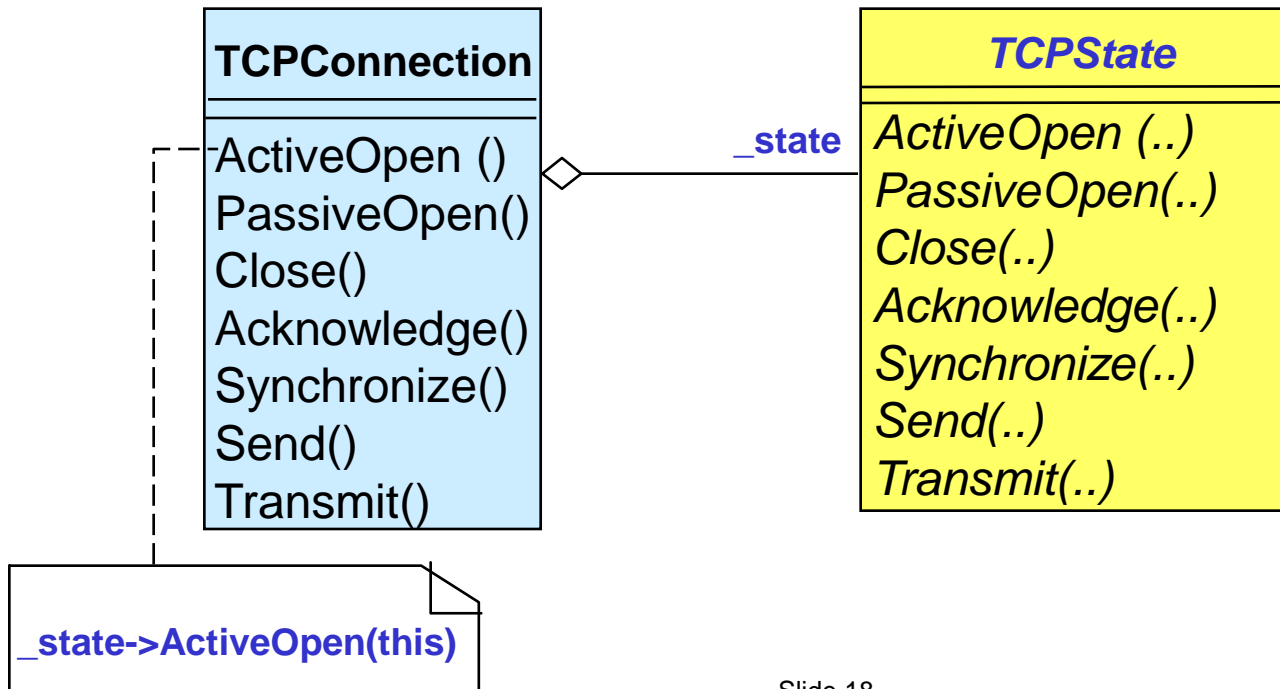
3.



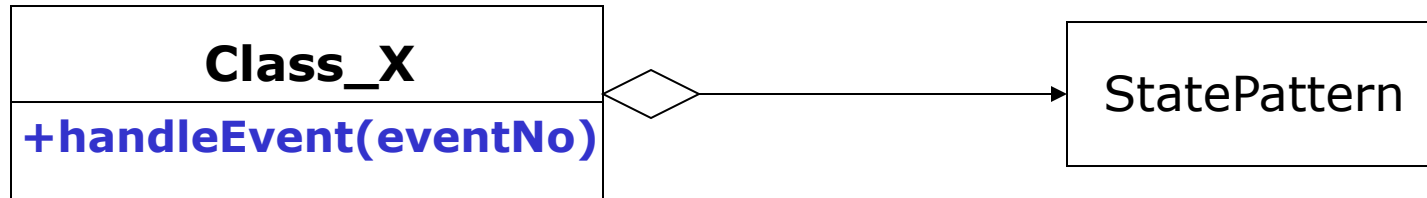
Event Handling - Solution 1.



Each event modeled as an operation in the Context class



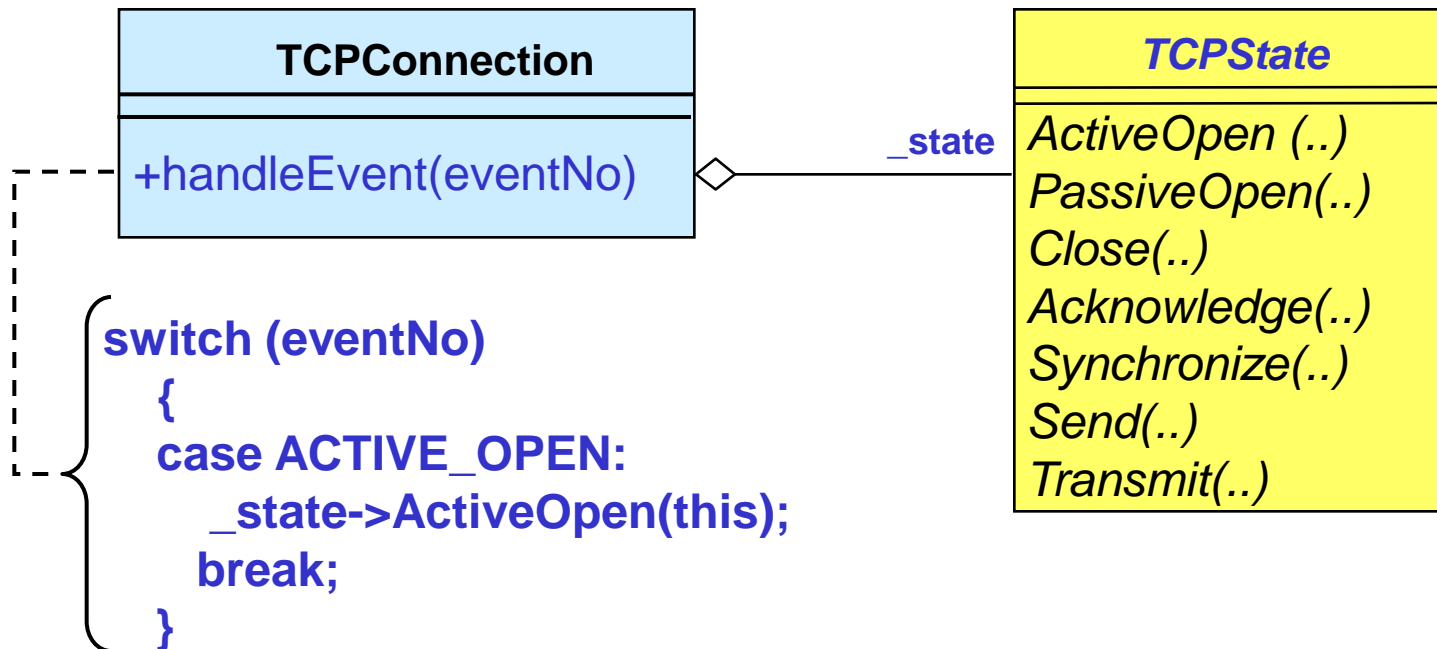
Event Handling - Solution 2.



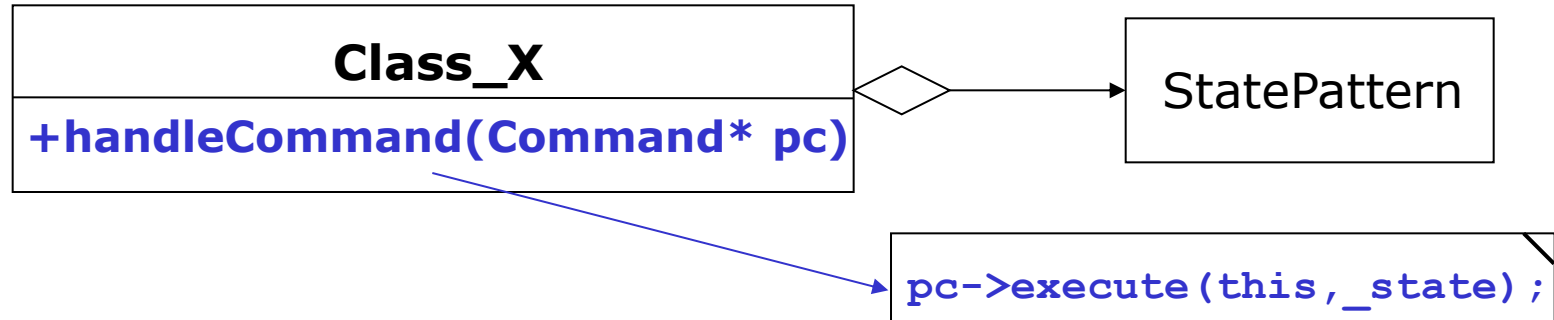
Only one operation in the Context class – switch based

```

switch (eventNo)
case START:
    _state->start(this)
  
```



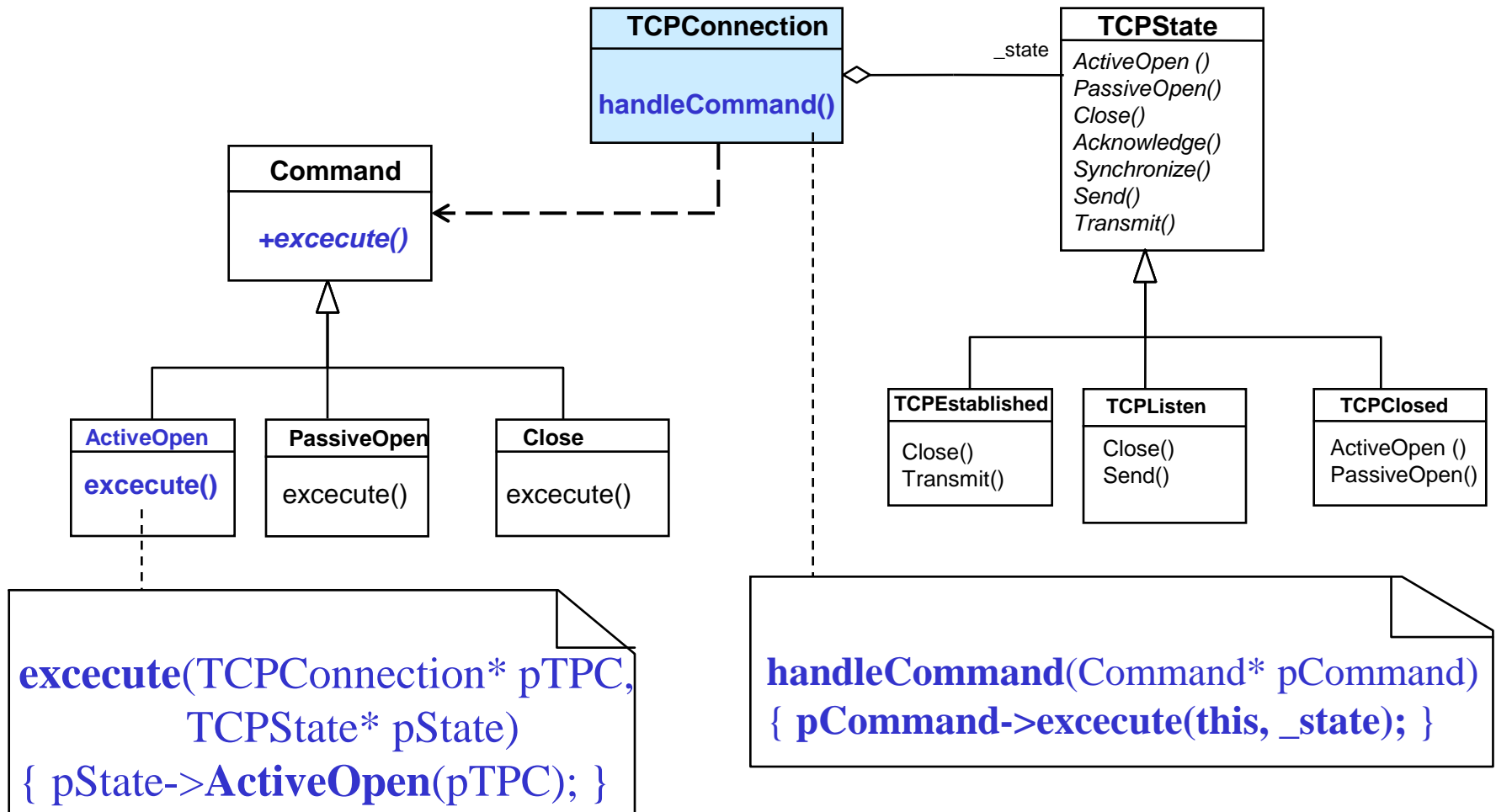
Event Handling - Solution 3.



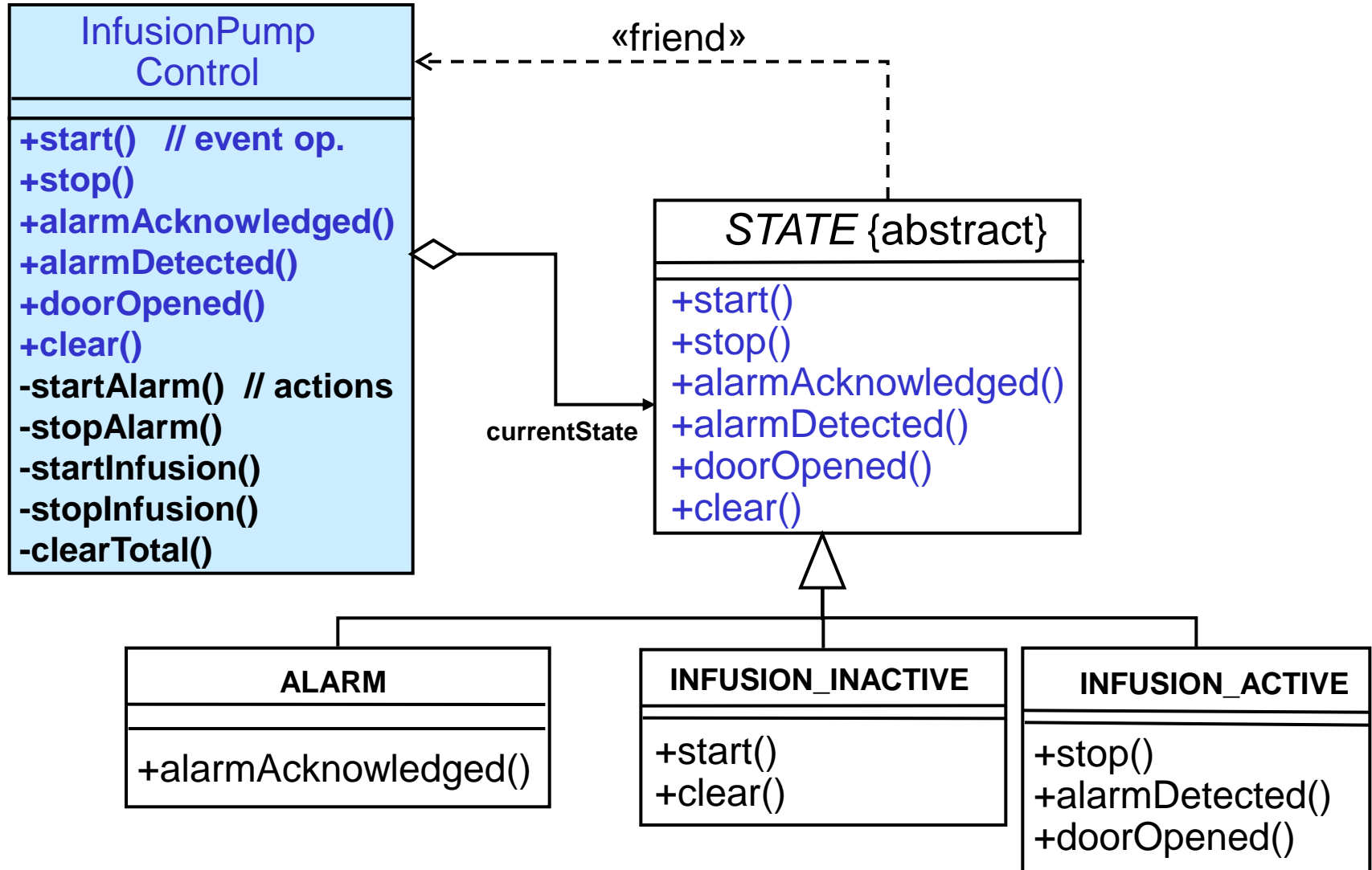
Only one operation in the
Context class – polymorphic based

An example of the Command Pattern used in
concert with the State Pattern

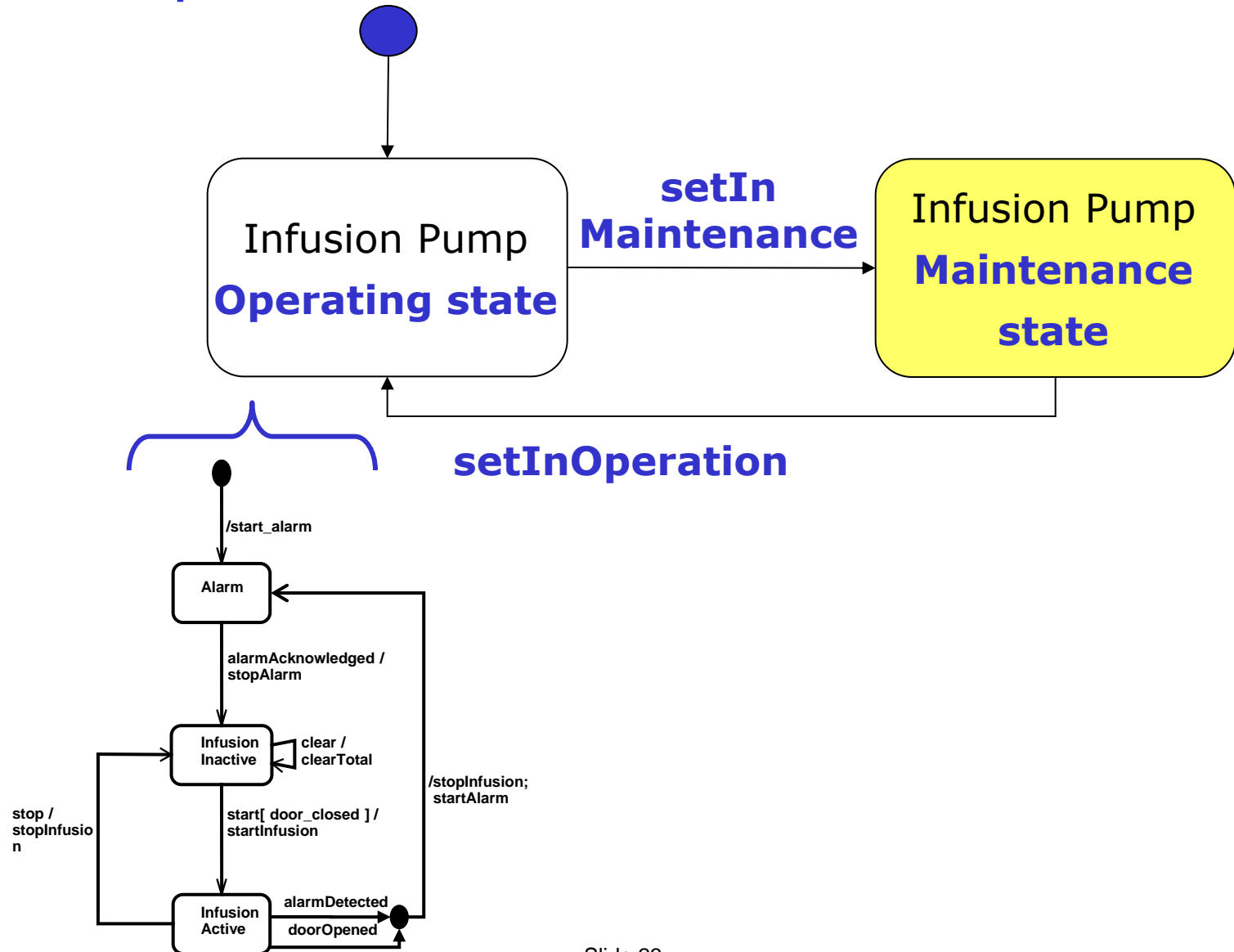
Command (GoF) & State Pattern (C++)



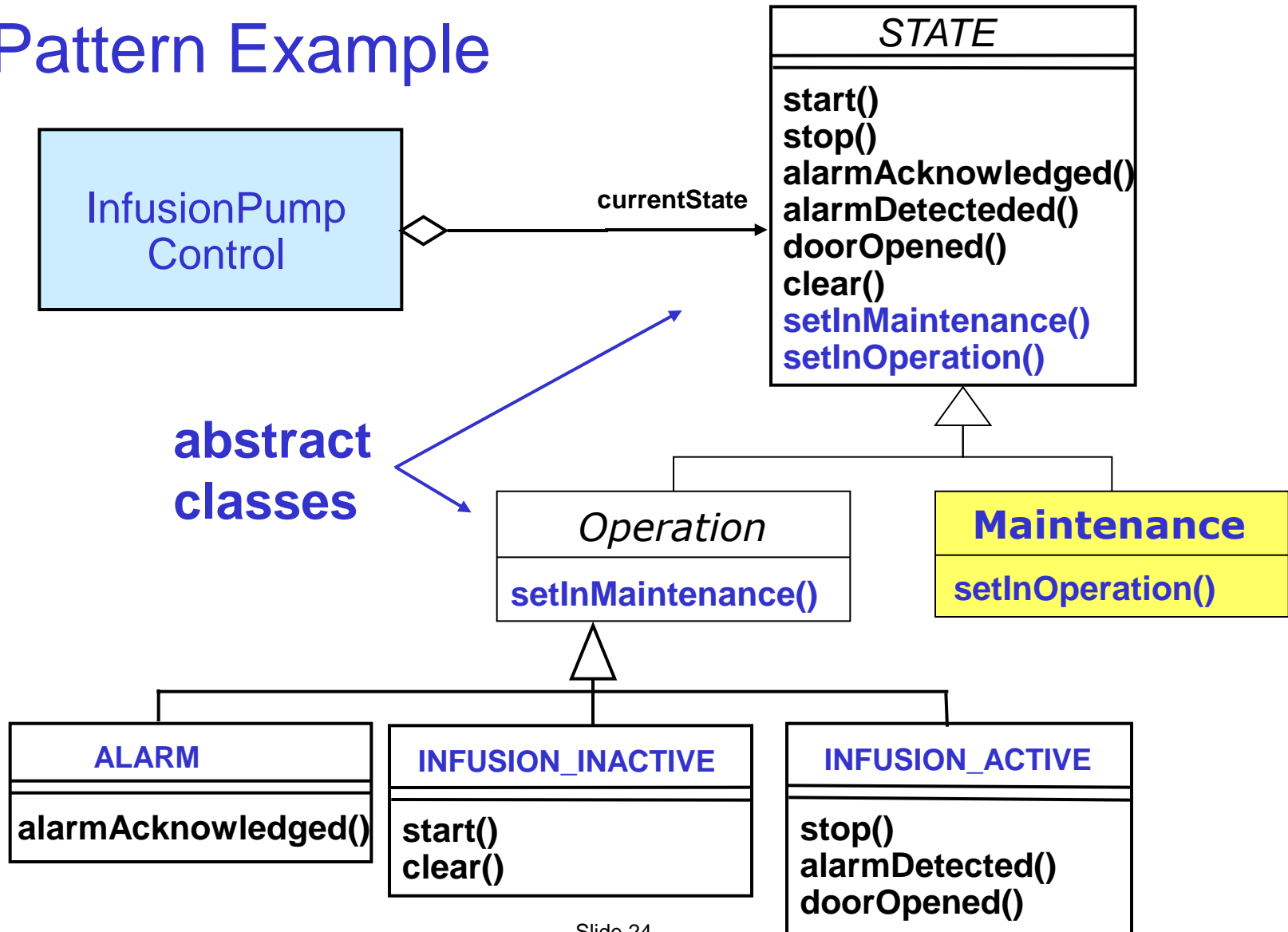
State Pattern – Infusion Pump Example



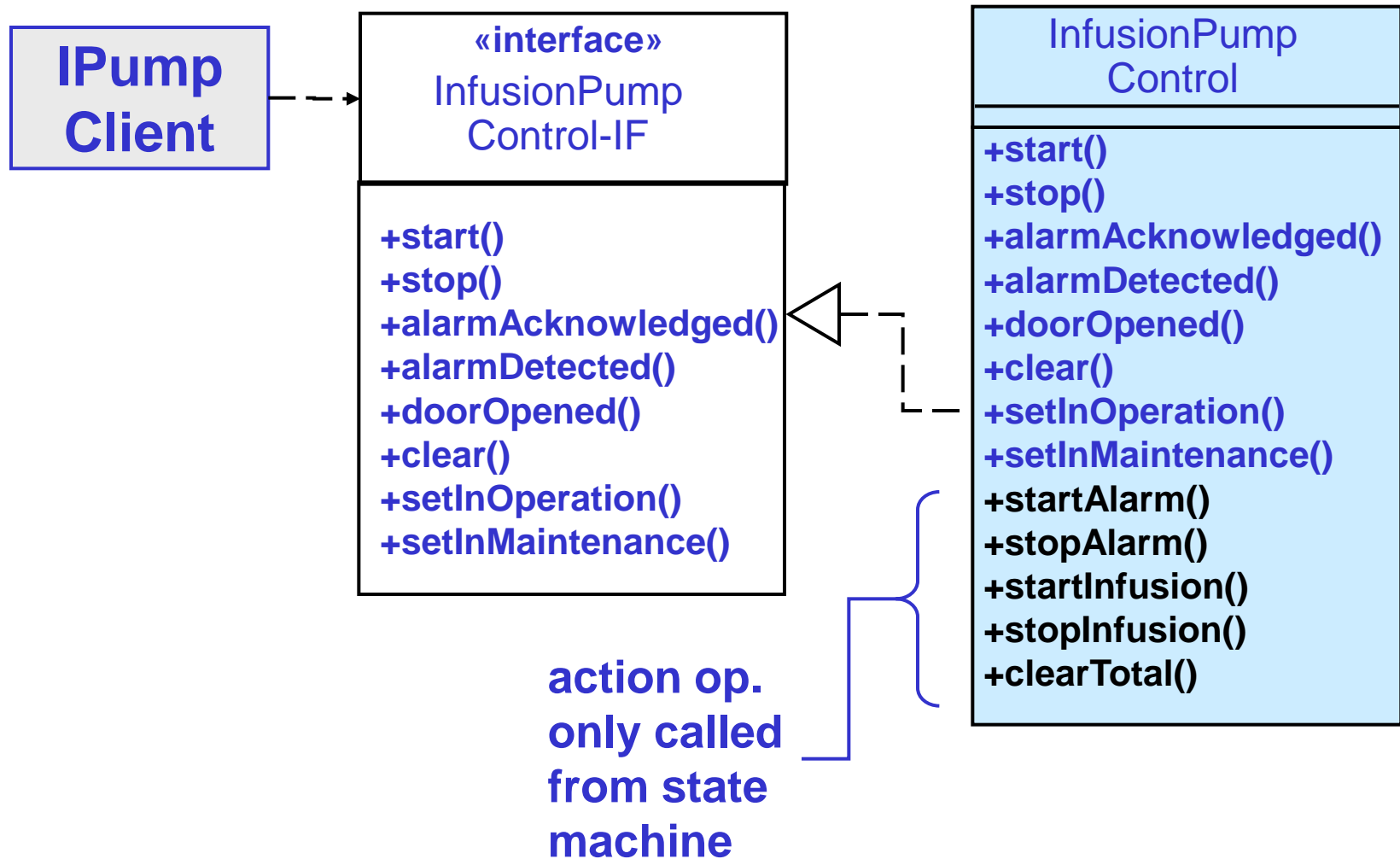
Example with Hierarchic State Machine (1)



Hierarchic State Pattern Example



Definition of Interface

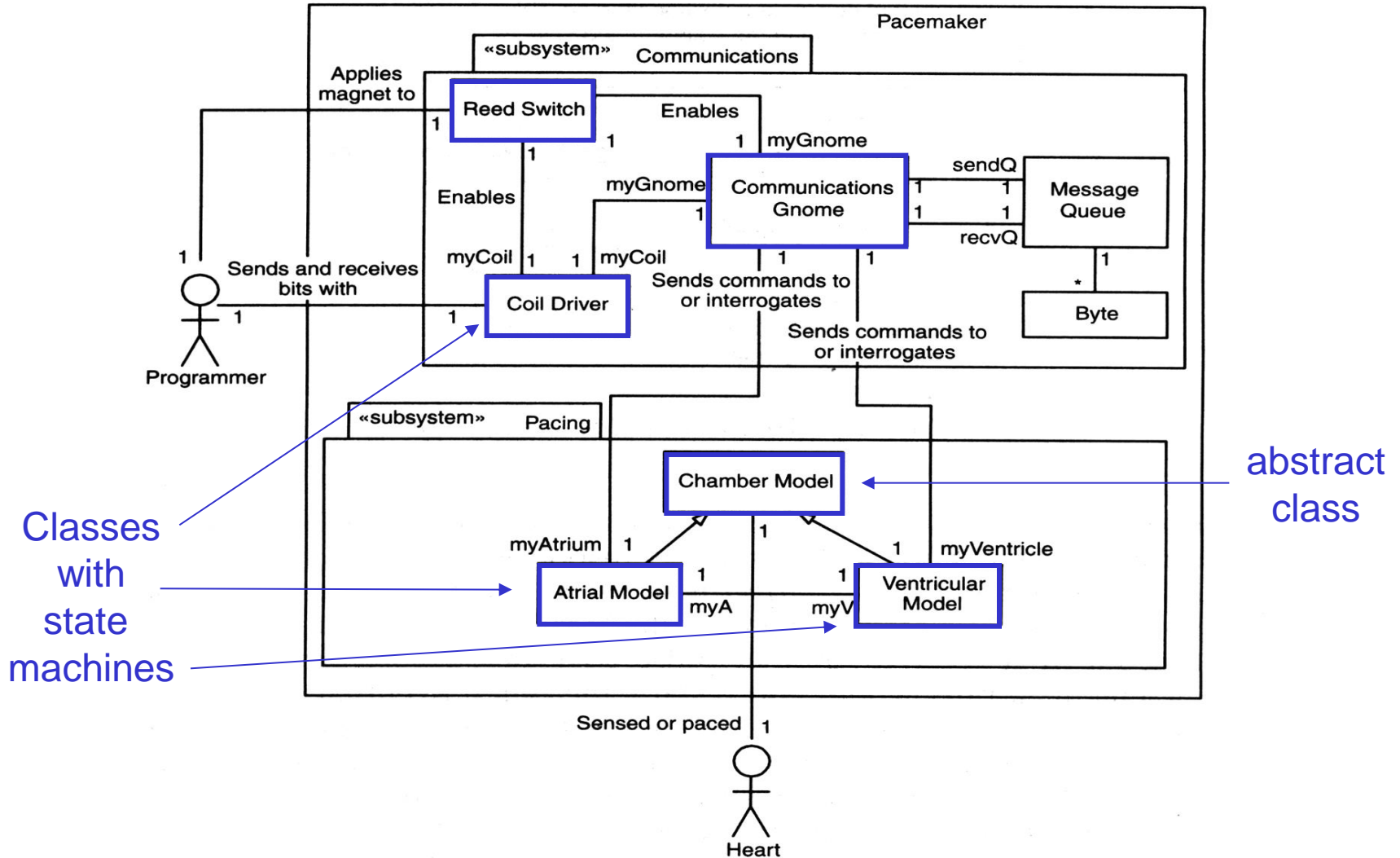


Discussion of State Pattern Implementation

- Disadvantages
 - Results in many small classes
 - Breaks encapsulation (of the state machine class)
- Advantages
 - Easy to implement most UML state diagram notations (guards, event parameters, entry, exit)
 - Easy to implement hierarchic state machines
 - State Pattern can be reverse engineered from code
 - All state handling logic in separate state classes
 - Easy to extend with new states
- **Recommendation:**
 - Very useful for nontrivial flat and hierarchical state machines

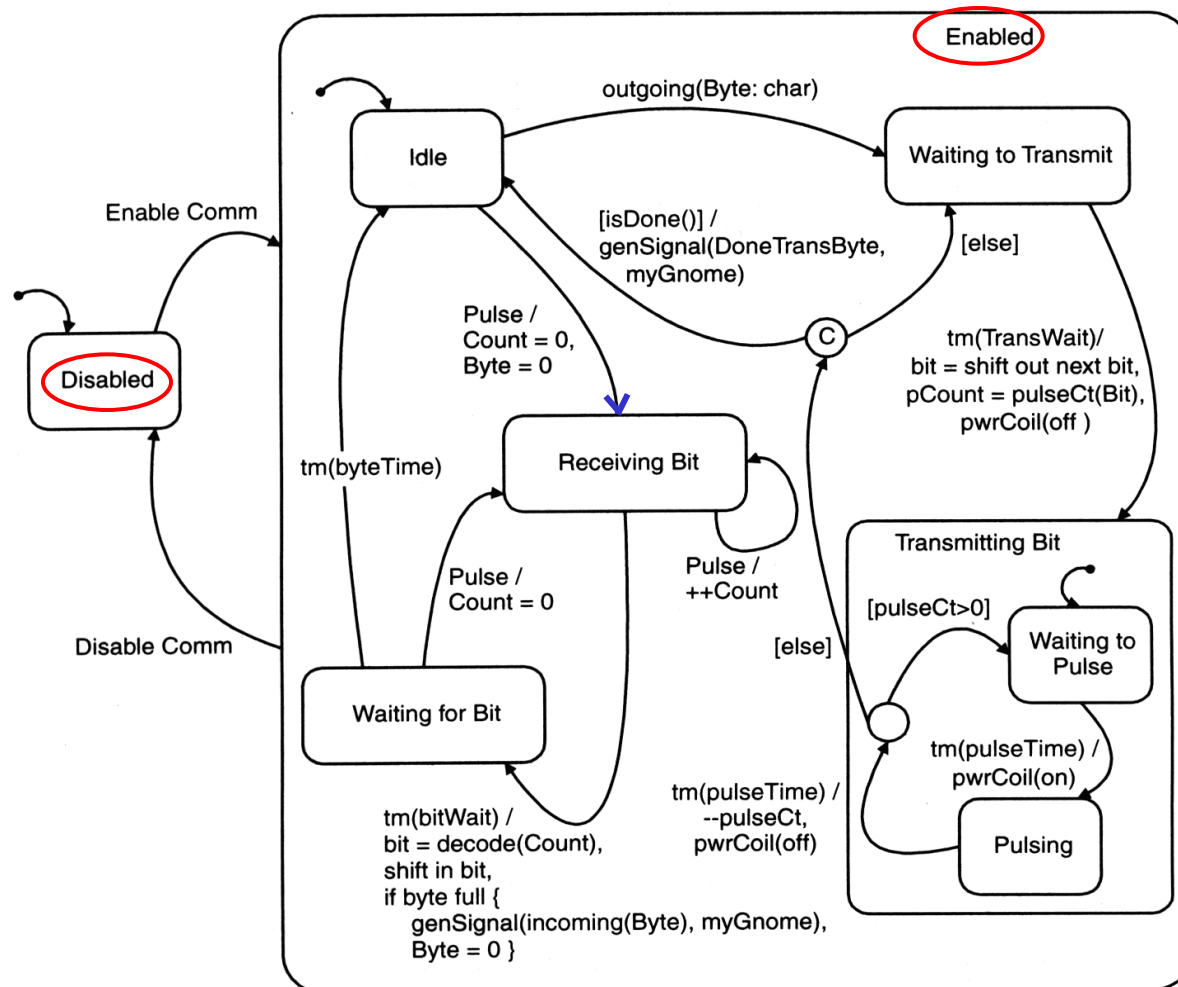
Pacemaker – Class Diagram

There are two queues, one for sending and one for receiving, just to simplify life.

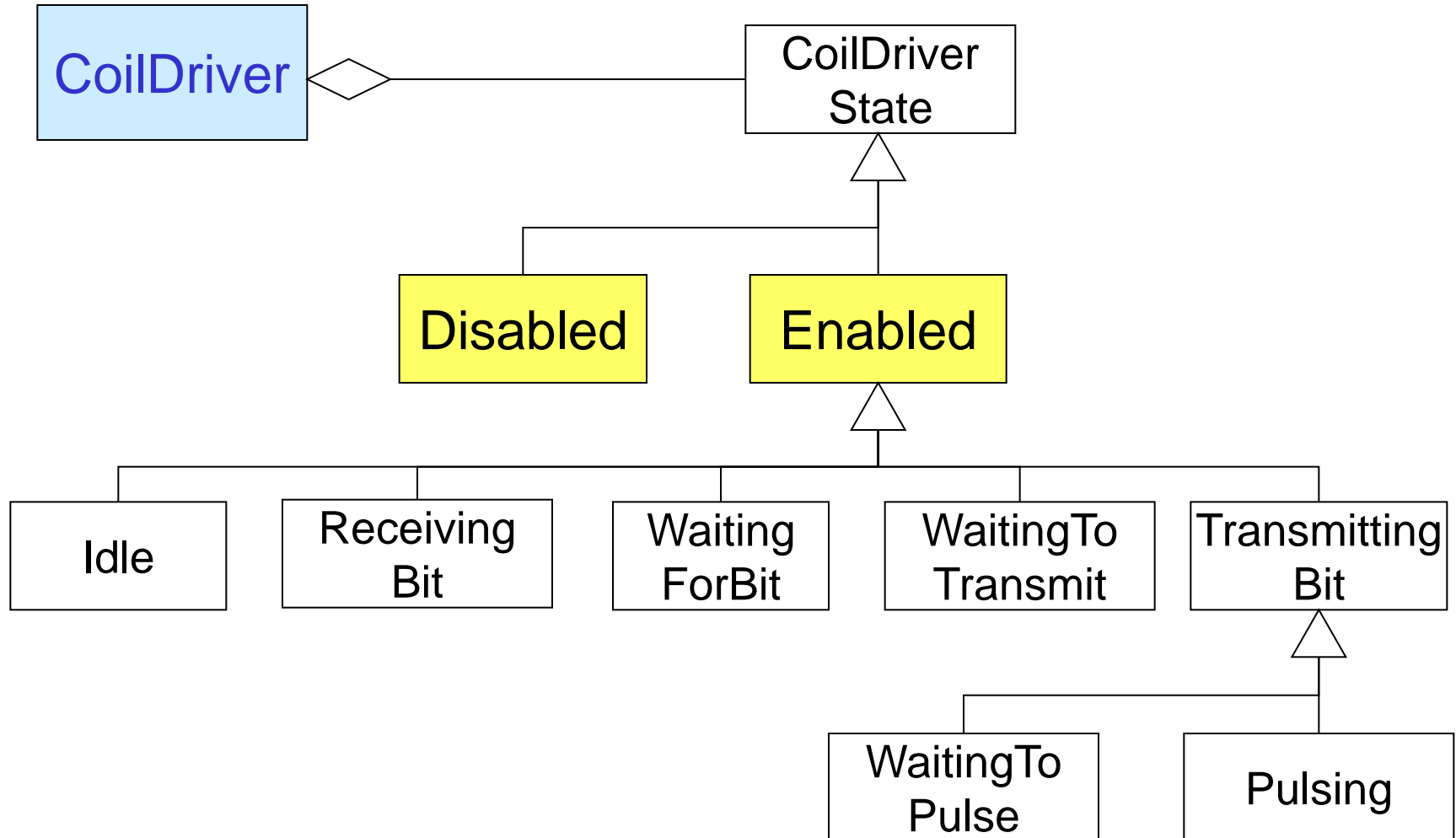


Pacemaker – State Diagram for Class Coil Driver

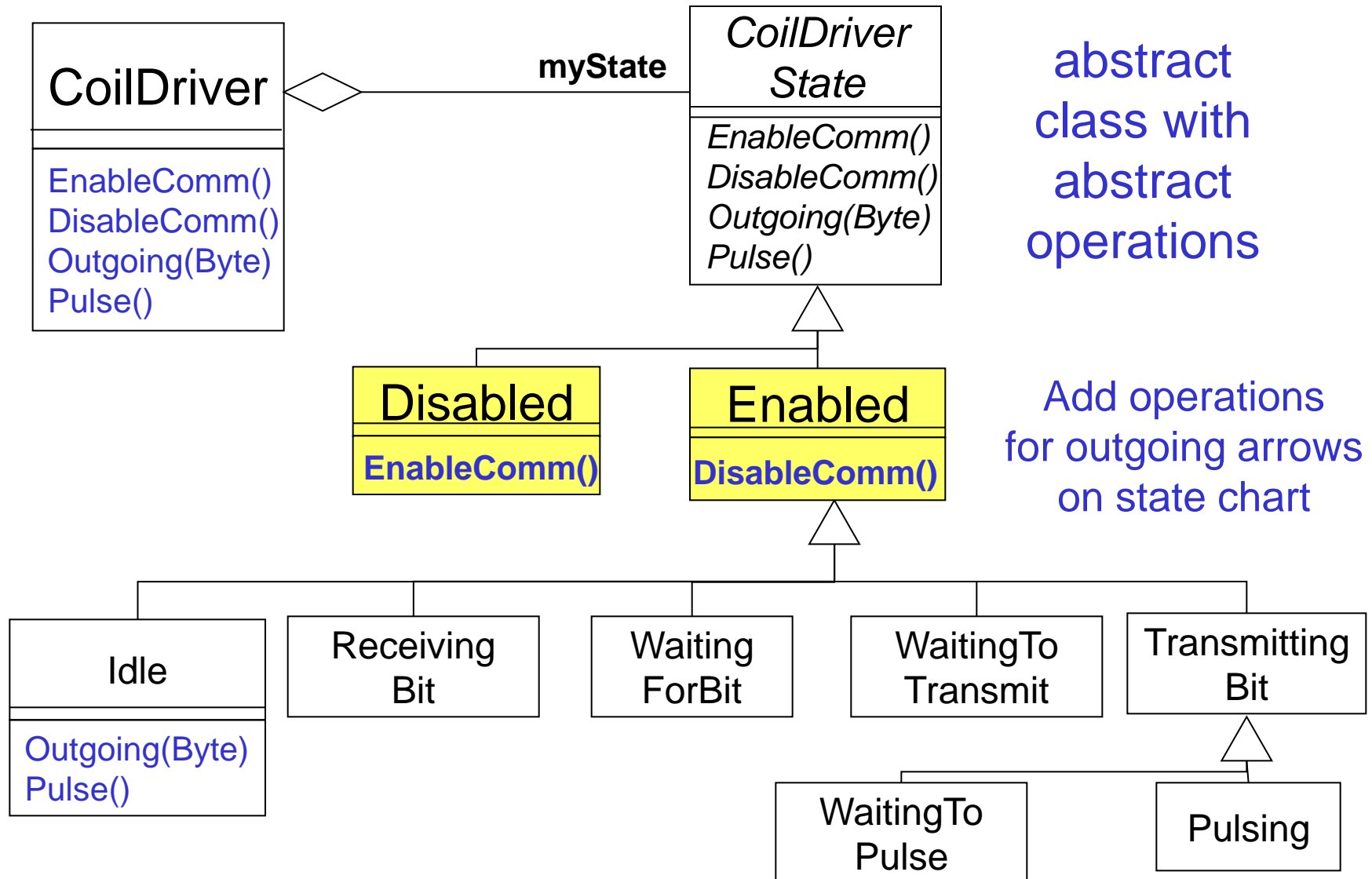
Coil Driver sends and receives a bit at a time by pulsing the coil a specific number of bits (to send) or counting the pulses (to receive). It communicates with the Communications Gnome a byte at a time.



Step 1: Construct Class Hierarchy



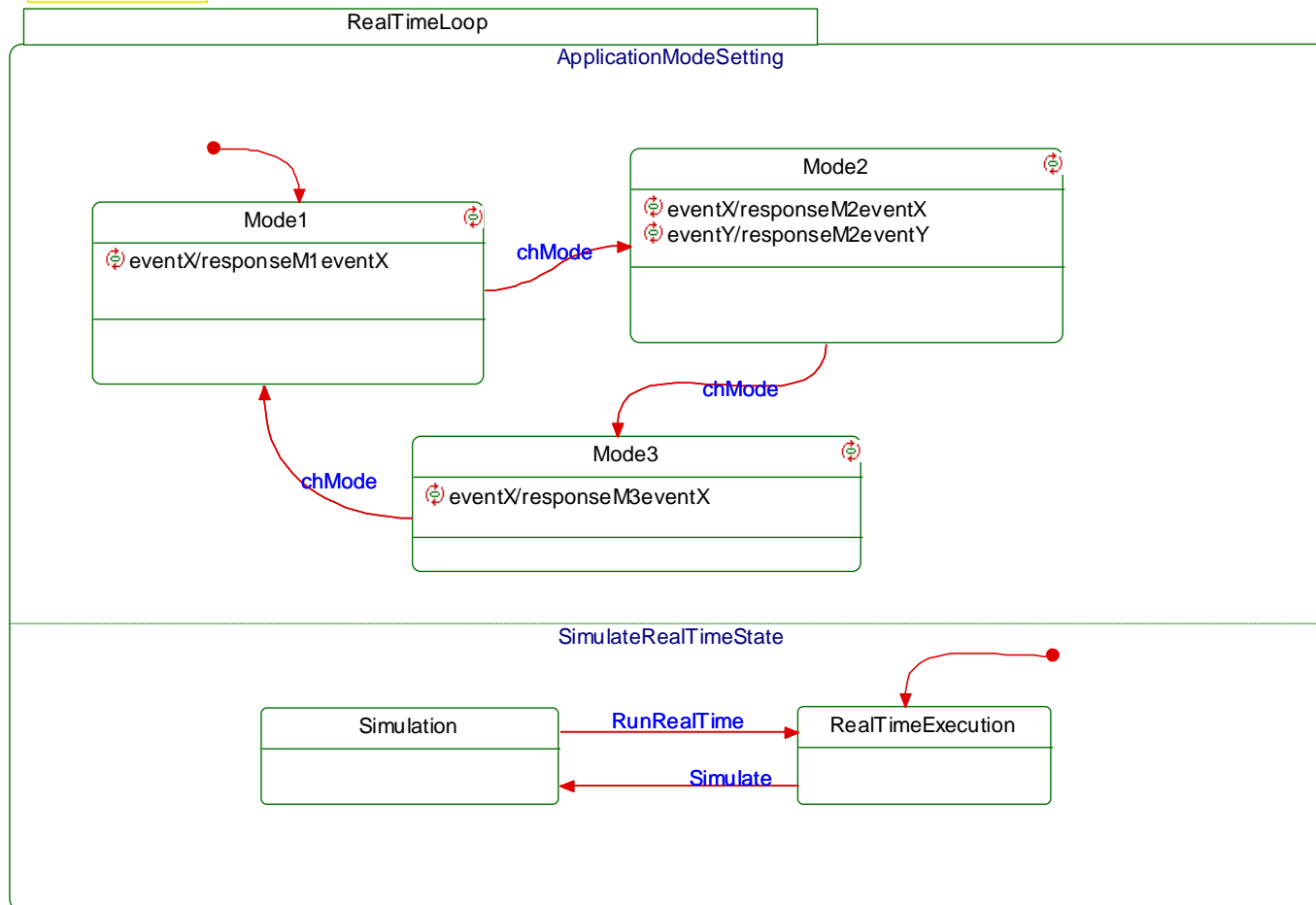
Step 2: Add Event Operations



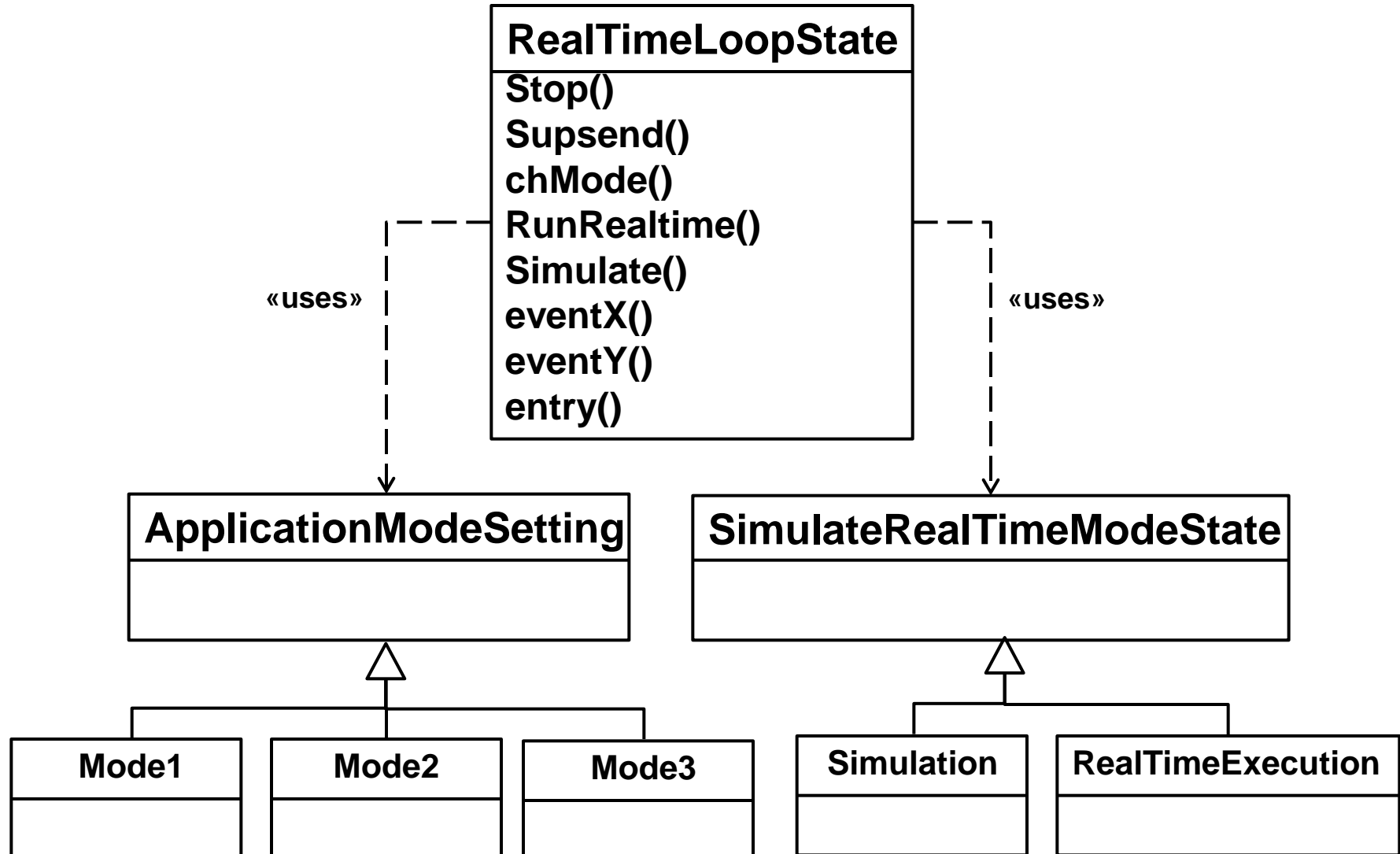
Solution for a Parallel State Machine

Example of a
State Machine
for the Real
Time Loop

Example from exercise 3



Parallel State Machine Classes



Context Class - EmbeddedSystemX

EmbeddedSystemX
EmbeddedSystemState* pState; ApplicationModeSetting* pS1; SimulateRealTimeModeState* pS2;
changeState(EmbeddedSystemState *pS); changeStateS1(ApplicationModeSetting* pS1); changeStateS2(SimulateRealTimeModeState* pS2); getStateS1(): ApplicationModeSetting*; getStateS2(): SimulateRealTimeModeState*

Addition of 2 new pointers pS1 and pS2 on the "context class" : One for each parallel substate

RealTimeLoopState code

```
RealTimeLoopState::entry(EmbeddedSystemX *pX)
{
    pX->changeStateS1(Mode1::Instance());
    pX->changeStateS2(RealTimeExecution::Instance());
}
```

```
RealTimeLoopState::chMode(EmbeddedSystemX *pX)
{
    (pX->getStateS1())->chMode(pX);
}
```

```
RealTimeLoopState::Simulate(EmbeddedSystemX *pX)
{
    (pX->getStateS2())->Simulate(pX);
}
```

Summary

- **State Pattern**
– extremely useful

