





















# Tutorial 1: Classification

1. For the following two examples, calculate the accuracy, precision and recall:
- Assume a test dataset contains 1% catfish and 99% other types of fish. For a classifier that always makes prediction that a fish is not a catfish, what is the accuracy, precision and recall.
  - Calculate the precision, recall and F-measure for the following two binary classifiers M1 and M2, and discuss which one is better.

M1		M2	
	Red		Red
	Not Red		Not Red
	Not Red		Not Red
	Red		Red
	Red		Not Red
	Red		Red
	Not Red		Not Red
	Red		Not Red
	Not Red		Not Red
	Not Red		Not Red

2. Given the training data as the following table and an  $X = (age = youth, income = medium, student = yes, rating = fair)$ , predict the class label (yes/no) for X using the Naïve Bayesian Classification.

RID	AGE	INCOME	STUDENT	RATING	CLASS
1	Youth	High	No	Fair	No
2	Youth	High	No	Excellent	No
3	Middle-aged	High	No	Fair	Yes
4	Senior	Medium	No	Fair	Yes
5	Senior	Low	Yes	Fair	Yes
6	Senior	Low	Yes	Excellent	No
7	Middle-aged	Low	Yes	Excellent	Yes
8	Youth	Medium	No	Fair	No
9	Youth	Low	Yes	Fair	Yes
10	Senior	Medium	Yes	Fair	Yes
11	Youth	Medium	Yes	Excellent	Yes
12	Middle-aged	Medium	No	Excellent	Yes
13	Middle-aged	High	Yes	Fair	Yes
14	Senior	Medium	No	Excellent	No