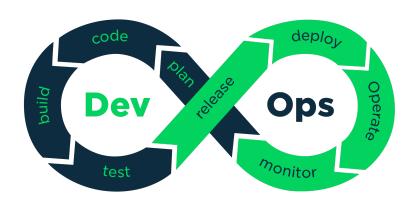


B2 - Introduction to DevOps

B-DOP-200

Popeye

Set sail for the amazing world of containers







Popeye



• The totality of your source files, except all useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...), must be included in your delivery.

Docker is one of today's most popular containerization software.



It allows the packaging of applications, and the runtime environments (down to the operating systems) they need, which in return allows them to work wherever Docker is installed.

Like the brave sailor that Popeye is, containers can also confidently sail across the vast ocean of operating systems and configurations, being sure of working wherever they might end. As such, containers can be used on any host OS where Docker is installed.



During this project, you are going to master the basics of containerizing applications and describing multi-containers infrastructures with Docker and Docker Compose.



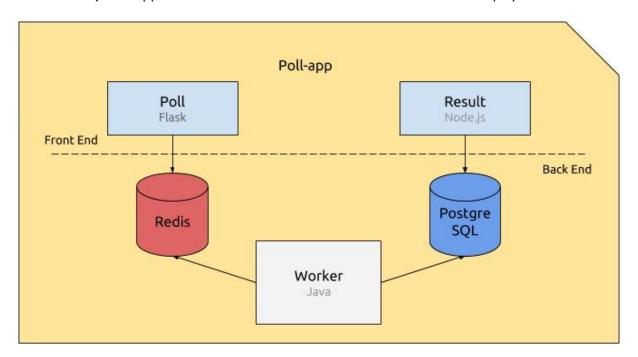


GENERAL DESCRIPTION

You will have to containerize and define the deployment of a simple web poll application.

There are five elements constituting the application:

- Poll, a Flask Python web application that gathers votes and push them into a Redis queue.
- A **Redis queue**, which holds the votes sent by the Poll application, awaiting for them to be consumed by the Worker.
- The *Worker*, a Java application which consumes the votes being in the Redis queue, and stores them into a PostgreSQL database.
- A PostgreSQL database, which (persistently) stores the votes stored by the Worker.
- Result, a Node.js web application that fetches the votes from the database and displays the... well, result.;)



Do not worry, you do not have to code them! Popeye is generous, the code of these applications is given to you on the intranet's project page.



In DevOps, it is especially important that you take the time to research and understand the technologies you are asked to work with, as you will need to understand how and by which way you can configure them as needed.





DOCKER IMAGES

You have to create 3 images.

The specifications for each image are as described below.



Popeye does not like the ENTRYPOINT instruction, so you must not use it in this project.

POLL

The image must be based on a Python official image.

The dependencies of the application can be installed using the following command:

pip3 install -r requirements.txt

The application must expose and run on the port 80 and can be started with:

flask run --host=0.0.0.0 --port=80

RESULT

The image must be based on an official Node.js version 12 Alpine image.

The application must expose and run on the port 80.

The dependencies of the application can be installed using the following command:

npm install



Be careful about the location where this command has to be run.



The node_modules folder must be excluded from the build context.

WORKER

The image will be built using a multi-stage build.





FIRST STAGE - COMPILATION

The first stage must be based on maven: 3.5-jdk-8-alpine and be named builder.

It must be used to build (natuurlijk) and package the Worker application using the following commands:

- mvn dependency:resolve, from within the folder containing pom.xml;
- then, mvn package, from within the folder containing the src folder.

It generates a file in the target folder named worker-jar-with-dependencies. jar (relative to your WORKDIR).

SECOND STAGE - RUN

The second stage must be based on openjdk:8-jre-alpine.

This is the one really running the worker using the command:

java -jar worker-jar-with-dependencies.jar



Your Docker images must be simple, lightweight and not bring too much things.



Connection information (e.g.: addresses, ports, or credentials) is hard-coded into the applications. However, in order to make them ready for true deployment, you must use environment variables. Update the applications' code if necessary.

DOCKER COMPOSE

You now have 3 Dockerfiles that create 3 isolated images. It is now time to make them all work together using Docker Compose!

Create a docker-compose.yml file that will be responsible for running and linking your containers. You must use version 3 of Docker Compose's syntax.

Your Docker Compose file should contain:

5 services:

- poll:
 - builds your poll image;
 - redirects port 5000 of the host to the port 80 of the container.
- redis:
 - uses an existing official image of Redis;





- opens port 6379.
- worker:
 - builds your worker image.
- db:
 - represents the database that will be used by the apps;
 - uses an existing official image of PostgreSQL;
 - has its database schema created during container first start.
- result:
 - builds your result image;
 - redirects port 5001 of the host to the port 80 of the container.



Databases must be launched before the services that use them, because these services are *depending on* them.

3 networks:

- poll-tier to allow poll to communicate with redis.
- result-tier to allow result to communicate with db.
- back-tier to allow worker to communicate with redis and db.

1 named volume:

• db-data which allows the database's data to be persistent, if the container dies.



The path of data in the official PostgreSQL image is documented on Docker Hub.



Do not add unnecessary data, such as extra volumes or networks.

Once your docker-compose.yml is complete, you should be able to run all the services and observe the votes you submitted to the poll's webpage on result's webpage.

Your containers must restart automatically when they stop unexpectedly.



The environment variables (or their associated environment variables files) will have to be defined in the <code>docker-compose.yml</code> file. The environment variables defined by ENV commands in the Dockerfiles will not be taken into account.





TECHNICAL FORMALITIES

Your project will be entirely evaluated with Automated Tests, by analyzing your configuration files (the different Dockerfiles and docker-compose.yml).

In order to be correctly evaluated, your repository must at least contain the following files:



poll, result and worker are the directories containing the applications, given to you on the intranet.