Adigraph, v1.7.1

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Introduction

1.1 What is Adigraph?

Adigraph is a latex library for drawing directed graphs and augmenting directed graphs, and to draw cuts over them.

It handles automatically the positioning of labels, with the exception of the horizontal position, and the inclinations of cuts.

The latest version is available on Github.

1.2 License

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Setup

2.1 Installing the dependencies

Clearly you need to have texlive installed. Then, make sure you have the following packages:

fp Used for floating point calculations.

xparse Used for elaborating parameters.

xstring Used for elaborating strings.

etoolbox Used for operations on lists.

tikz Used for drawing the actual graphs.

tikz calc library Used for some internal calculations in tikz.

To be sure you can run the following, that will install the packages only if they are not already present:

sudo tlmgr install etoolbox fp xstring

2.2 Installing Adigraph

You can install Adigraph, if it isn't already present in your setup, by running the following on Unix systems:

sudo tlmgr install adigraph

On windows you should check on your package manager of choice (some latex distribution have a tlmgr implementation on windows too.)

Usage

3.1 Creating a new graph

Here we create a new Adigraph object, called myAdigraph.

3.2 Changing an existing graph

You can renovate an older graph by calling \RenewAdigraph

3.3 Adding nodes

We set its nodes with the following syntax: inde name[, textual color, border width]: x coordinate[, y coordinate][: $label]_{\dot{c}}$.

3.3.1 Custom node colors

To color a node you can use the following syntax: *¡node name[, textual color]: x coordinate[, y coordinate]¿.* For example, to draw s in red and t in blue we would write:

```
1  \NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
2    s,red:0,0;
3    t,blue:4,0;
4  }
5  \myAdigraph{}
```

Tested available colors are: red, blue, black, green. You may extend the possible colors with LaTex libraries such as xcolor.

3.3.2 Custom node width

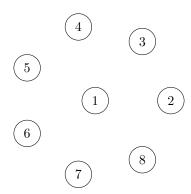
To color a node you can use the following syntax: $jnode\ name[,\ textual\ color[,\ border\ width]]:\ x\ coordinate[,\ y\ coordinate]_{\delta}.$ For example:

3.3.3 Custom node labels

3.4 Automatically position nodes

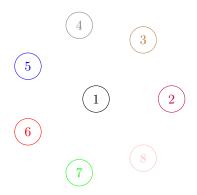
When no coordinates are given or you just don't have time to think about where to put those nodes, just choose a radius and Adigraph will position them on the circle of that radius.

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    1:0,0;
    2:2;
    3:2;
    4:2;
    5:2;
    6:2;
    7:2;
    8:2;
    }
    \myAdigraph{}
```



3.4.1 Colored automatically positioned nodes

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
1:0,0;
2,purple:2;
3,brown:2;
4,gray:2;
5,blue:2;
6,red:2;
7,green:2;
8,pink:2;
10 }
11 \myAdigraph{}
```

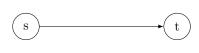


3.5 Adding edges

We set its edges with the following syntax: $ifirst\ node$, $second\ node$, $[color,[edge\ width]][:weight[:label:[label\ position]]]$;

3.5.1 A simple edge

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    s:0,0;
    t:4,0;
    }{
    s,t;
    }
    \myAdigraph{}
```



3.5.2 A looped edge

Looped edges position automatically by themselves to minimize overlapping.

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
s:0,0;
t:4,0;
}{
s,s;
t,t;
s,t;
}
hyAdigraph{
```



3.5.3 A colored simple edge

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    s:0,0;
    t:4,0;
    }{
    s,t,red;
}
/myAdigraph{}
```



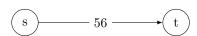
3.5.4 A wider simple edge

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    s:0,0;
    t:4,0;
    }{
    s,t,red,5;
   }
   \myAdigraph{}
```



3.5.5 A weighted edge

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
s:0,0;
t:4,0;
}{
s,t:56;
}
myAdigraph{}
```



3.5.6 A weighted edge with label

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    s:0,0;
    t:4,0;
    }{
    s,t:56:myLabel;
}
// myAdigraph{}
```



3.5.7 Edge in both directions

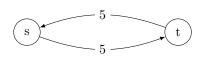
```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    s:0,0;
    t:4,0;
    }{
    s,t;
    t,s;
}

hyAdigraph{}
```



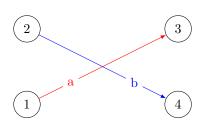
3.5.8 Edge with weights in both directions

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    s:0,0;
    t:4,0;
    }{
    s,t:5;
    t,s:5;
    t,s:5;
}
```



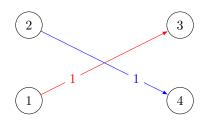
3.5.9 Positioning labels

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    1:0,0;
    2:0,2;
    3:4,2;
    4:4,0;
    }{
    1,3,red:1:a:near start;
    2,4,blue:1:b:near end;
}
myAdigraph{}
```



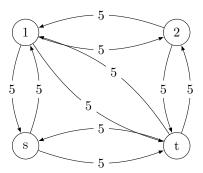
3.5.10 Positioning weights

```
NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
    1:0,0;
    2:0,2;
    3:4,2;
    4:4,0;
    }{
    1,3,red:1::near start;
    2,4,blue:1::near end;
}
```



3.5.11 Multiple edges with weights

```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         s:0,0;
2
         t:4,0;
         1:0,3;
4
         2:4,3;
5
         }{
         s,t:5;
         t,s:5;
         s,1:5;
9
         1,s:5;
10
         1,2:5;
11
         2,1:5;
^{12}
         2,t:5;
13
         t,2:5;
14
         t,1:5;
15
         1,t:5;
16
17
    \myAdigraph{}
```

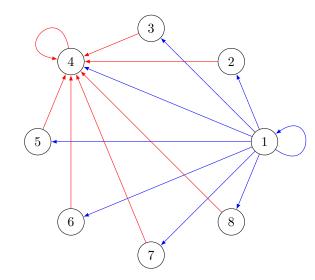


3.6 Kleene star operators

3.6.1 Kleene star on an element

This works only when you don't have a node called $j^*\dot{\delta}$. When this happens, the behaviour of a tuple $ja, \dot{\delta}$ becomes the normal one.

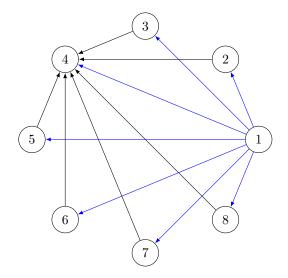
```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         1:3;
         2:3;
3
         3:3;
         4:3;
5
         5:3;
         6:3;
         7:3;
         8:3;
         }{
10
         1,*,blue;
11
         *,4,red;
12
13
    \myAdigraph{}
```



3.6.2 Kleene star minus the element

This works only when you don't have a node called $j+\delta$. When this happens, the behaviour of a tuple $ja,+\delta$ becomes the normal one.

```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         1:3;
2
         2:3;
3
         3:3;
         4:3;
5
         5:3;
         6:3;
         7:3;
         8:3;
9
         }{
10
         1,+,blue;
11
         +,4;
^{12}
13
    \myAdigraph{}
```



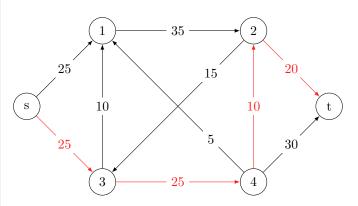
3.6.3 Combining Kleene operations

Sadly, operations such as $i^*, +\dot{\delta}$ or $i^+, +\dot{\delta}$ are not currently supported and not for lack of trying. I'll try implementing them again in the future when I'll have more time.

3.7 Paths

A path is specified by the following syntax: jcomma separated list of nodes¿.

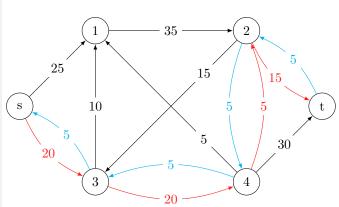
```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         s:0,0;
2
         1:2,2;
3
         3:2,-2;
         2:6,2;
5
         4:6,-2;
         t:8,0;
7
         }{
         s,1:25;
9
         s,3:25;
10
         3,4:25;
11
         1,2:35;
12
         2,t:20;
13
         4,t:30;
14
         3,1:10;
15
         4,2:10;
16
         2,3:15::near start;
17
         4,1:5::near start;
18
19
    \myAdigraph{
20
         s,3,4,2,t;
^{21}
22
```



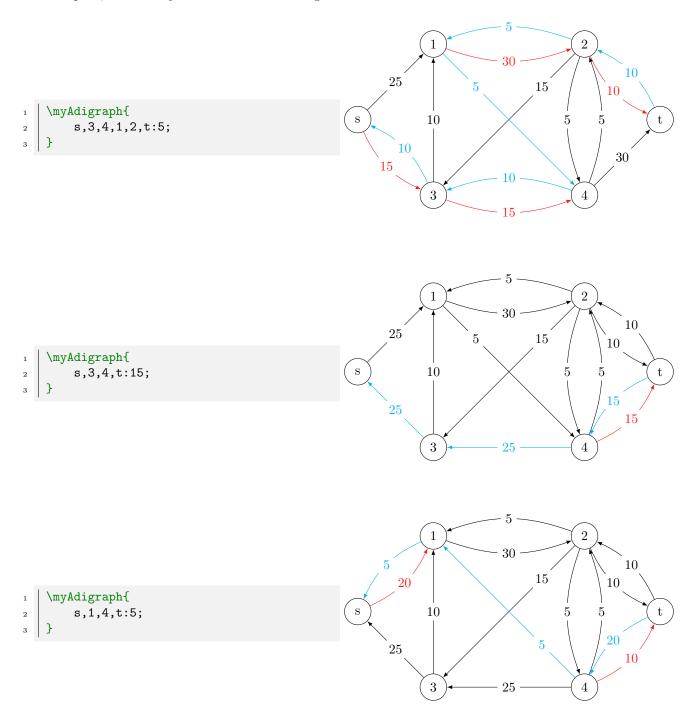
3.7.1 Augmenting paths

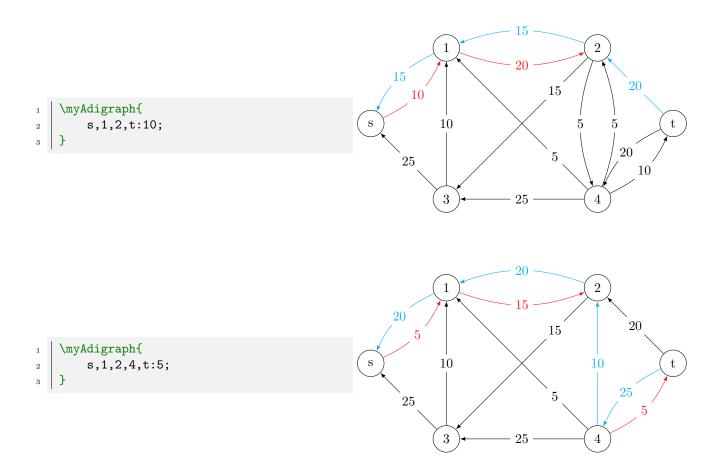
An augmenting path is specified by the following syntax: icomma separated list of nodes: $units_{\dot{c}}$. It is **very important** to note that incremental paths called upon the same object are memorized by default.

```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         s:0,0;
2
         1:2,2;
3
         3:2,-2;
         2:6,2;
5
         4:6,-2;
6
         t:8,0;
7
         }{
         s,1:25;
9
         s,3:25;
10
         3,4:25;
11
         1,2:35;
12
         2,t:20;
13
         4,t:30;
14
         3,1:10;
15
         4,2:10;
16
         2,3:15::near start;
17
         4,1:5::near start;
18
19
    \myAdigraph{
20
         s,3,4,2,t:5;
21
22
```



For example, suppose now we'd like to send another 5 units on the graph edited by the previous incremental path, we'll have just to write the following:





3.7.2 Custom colored augmenting Paths

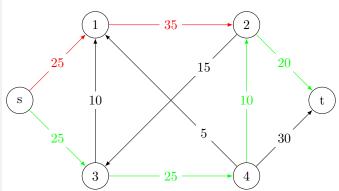
A path is specified by the following syntax: $jcomma\ separated\ list\ of\ nodes_{\dot{c}}:junits_{\dot{c}}:jforward\ path\ color,\ backward\ path\ color_{\dot{c}}.$

```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         s:0,0;
2
         1:2,2;
3
         3:2,-2;
4
         2:6,2;
5
                                                                                 35
         4:6,-2;
6
         t:8,0;
7
         }{
                                                             25
                                                                                      15
                                                                                                  15
         s,1:25;
9
         s,3:25;
10
                                                                    10
                                                                                                 5
         3,4:25;
11
         1,2:35;
12
                                                                                       5
         2,t:20;
                                                                                                    30
13
                                                            20
         4,t:30;
14
         3,1:10;
15
                                                                    3
         4,2:10;
                                                                                 20
         2,3:15::near start;
17
         4,1:5::near start;
18
19
    \myAdigraph{
20
         s,3,4,2,t:5:green,blue;
^{21}
22
```

3.7.3 Custom colored Paths

A path is specified by the following syntax: <code>jcomma separated list of nodes¿::jforward path color</code>, <code>backward path color</code>. Note the double colons!.

```
\NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
         s:0,0;
2
         1:2,2;
3
         3:2,-2;
         2:6,2;
5
         4:6,-2;
6
         t:8,0;
         }{
         s,1:25;
9
         s,3:25;
10
         3,4:25;
11
         1,2:35;
12
         2,t:20;
13
         4,t:30;
14
         3,1:10;
15
         4,2:10;
16
         2,3:15::near start;
17
         4,1:5::near start;
18
    }
19
    \myAdigraph{
20
         s,3,4,2,t::green;
21
         s,1,2::red;
22
    }
23
```



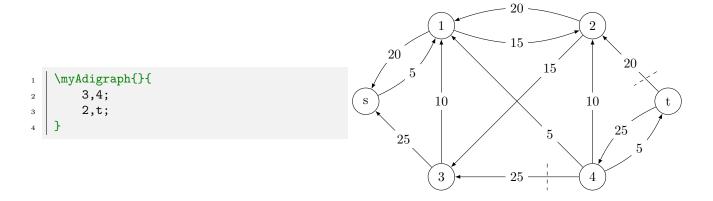
3.7.4 Minimum node size

You can specify the minimum node size setting the \AdigraphNodeMinSize variable as follows:

```
\setlength{\AdigraphNodeMinSize}{5em}
    \NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
2
         s:0,0;
3
         1:2,2;
4
         3:2,-2;
6
         2:6,2;
         4:6,-2;
                                                                                                      2
                                                                           1
         t:8,0;
         }{
9
                                                                                                            20
                                                                    25
         s,1:25;
10
                                                                                             15
         s,3:25;
11
         3,4:25;
                                                              \mathbf{S}
                                                                           10
                                                                                                     10
                                                                                                                   \mathbf{t}
12
         1,2:35;
13
         2,t:20;
14
                                                                    25
                                                                                                            30
         4,t:30;
15
         3,1:10;
16
                                                                           3
                                                                                        25
                                                                                                      4
         4,2:10;
17
         2,3:15::near start;
18
         4,1:5::near start;
19
20
     \myAdigraph{
21
         s,3,4,2,t::green;
22
         s,1,2::red;
23
24
```

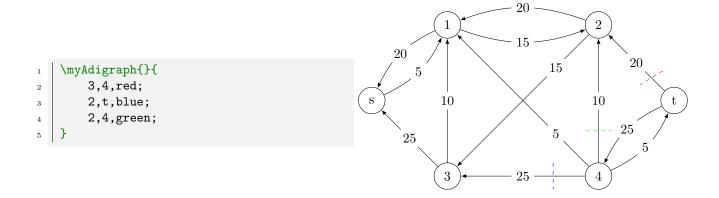
3.8 Cuts

The following is to add cuts to show minimum cuts for example, the syntax is: jfirst node, second node;



3.8.1 Colored cuts

If you'd like to color the cuts you just have to add the color as follows: *jfirst node, second node, color;* in Note that if you want to only add a cut and not an augmenting path and a cut, you still need to add the empty curly braces {}.

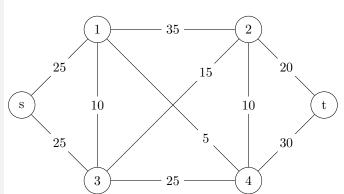


3.9 Non oriented (undirected) edges and custom edge stiles

If you need non oriented edges or in general to ad a custom style to your edges you can proceed as follows:

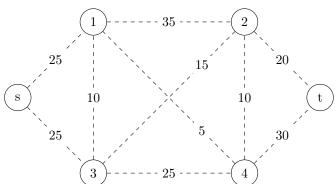
3.9.1 Non oriented (undirected)

```
\NewAdigraph{myCustomEdgesAdigraph}{
         s:0,0;
2
         1:2,2;
3
        3:2,-2;
4
        2:6,2;
5
         4:6,-2;
6
        t:8,0;
        }{
         s,1:25;
9
         s,3:25;
10
        3,4:25;
11
         1,2:35;
12
         2,t:20;
13
         4,t:30;
14
         3,1:10;
         4,2:10;
16
         2,3:15::near start;
17
         4,1:5::near start;
18
        }[-]
19
    \myCustomEdgesAdigraph{}
20
```



3.9.2 Dashed

```
\NewAdigraph{myCustomEdgesAdigraph}{
        s:0,0;
2
        1:2,2;
3
        3:2,-2;
        2:6,2;
5
        4:6,-2;
        t:8,0;
        }{
        s,1:25;
9
        s,3:25;
10
        3,4:25;
11
        1,2:35;
        2,t:20;
13
        4,t:30;
14
        3,1:10;
^{15}
        4,2:10;
16
        2,3:15::near start;
17
        4,1:5::near start;
18
        }[dashed]
19
    \myCustomEdgesAdigraph{}
20
```



PyAdigraph

Pyadigraph turns your networkx into Adigraph latex package. It requires Adigraph (1.7.0+) to work.

4.1 Installation

The package can be installed by simply running:

pip installed pyadigraph

4.2 Example

4.2.1 Python code

For example by running the following python code:

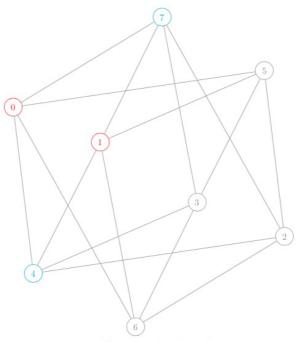
```
from pyadigraph import Adigraph
    import networkx as nx
    A = Adigraph(
    vertices_color_fallback="gray!90",
    edges_color_fallback="gray!90",
    sub_caption="My adigraph number {i} of {n}",
    sub_label="adigraph_{i}_{n}",
    row_size=1,
    caption="A graph generated with python and latex.",
    label="pyadigraph_example"
11
12
13
    A.add_graph(
14
    nx.bipartite.random_graph(4, 4, 1),
15
    vertices_color={
16
        0: 'red!90',
17
        1: 'red!90',
18
        4: 'cyan!90',
19
        7: 'cyan!90'
20
    })
^{21}
22
    A.save("test/result.tex", document=True)
```

4.2.2 Latex result

You automatically obtain the following latex:

```
\documentclass{report}
        \usepackage{adigraph}
2
        \usepackage{subcaption}
3
4
        \begin{document}
5
        \begin{figure}
6
            \begin{subfigure}{1.0\textwidth}
                 \NewAdigraph{myAdigraph}{
                     0,red!90,:-0.4386601404141742\textwidth,0.2091077552922947\textwidth:;
9
                     1,red!90,:-0.15708496776680972\textwidth,0.09630690244229406\textwidth;
10
                     2,gray!90,:0.43887677279554366\textwidth,-0.2079924280020609\textwidth;
11
                     3,gray!90,:0.15678823839504888\textwidth,-0.09746320565948384\textwidth:;
12
                     4,cyan!90,:-0.3736460590634439\textwidth,-0.327631363498189\textwidth;
13
                     5,gray!90,:0.3735687548614322\textwidth,0.3275275669374224\textwidth:;
                     6,gray!90,:-0.042735184609099336\textwidth,-0.4998552275122768\textwidth;
15
                     7,cyan!90,:0.0428925858015027\textwidth,0.5\textwidth:;
16
                    }{
17
                     0,4,gray!90,::;
18
                     0,5,gray!90,::;
19
                     0,6,gray!90,::;
20
                     0,7,gray!90,::;
21
                     1,4,gray!90,::;
22
                     1,5,gray!90,::;
23
                     1,6,gray!90,::;
24
                     1,7,gray!90,::;
25
                     2,4,gray!90,::;
26
                     2,5,gray!90,::;
                     2,6,gray!90,::;
28
                     2,7,gray!90,::;
29
                     3,4,gray!90,::;
30
                     3,5,gray!90,::;
31
                     3,6,gray!90,::;
32
                     3,7,gray!90,::;
33
                    }[]
34
                 \myAdigraph{}
35
                 \caption{My adigraph number 1 of 1}\label{adigraph_1_1}
36
            \end{subfigure}
37
            \caption{A graph generated with python and latex.}\label{pyadigraph_example}
38
        \end{figure}
39
    \end{document}
```

And once you compile that you receive a graph like the following:



(a) My adigraph number 1 of 1

Figure 1: A graph generated with python and latex.

Utilities

If for some reason you need to disable all the adigraphs in your latex code, for example using an online editor such as Overleaf that allows only a given maximum compile time, you can use the following command:

1 \DisableAdigraphs

You can then re-enable adigraphs with:

1 \EnableAdigraphs

Warnings

6.1 Reserved words

I reserve to use for the package the following tokens:

1.	\Adigraph	ı
т.	\ Tungiapi	L

- 2. \AdigraphBuildEdge
- 3. \AdigraphBuildEdgeWrapper
- 4. \AdigraphBuildNode
- 5. \AdigraphBuildNodeWrapper
- 6. \AdigraphBuildPath
- 7. \AdigraphCalculateOrientation
- 8. \AdigraphCountPaths
- 9. \AdigraphCutBuilder
- 10. \AdigraphDrawEdge
- 11. \AdigraphDrawNode
- 12. \AdigraphEdgeBuilder
- 13. \AdigraphEdgeDrawer
- 14. \AdigraphElaboratePath
- 15. \AdigraphExecuteCutBuilder
- 16. \AdigraphGenerateNodeName
- 17. \AdigraphMemorizeEdge
- 18. \AdigraphMemorizeNode

- 19. \AdigraphNodeBuilder
- 20. \AdigraphNodeCounter
- 21. \AdigraphNodeCounterSecondWrapper
- 22. \AdigraphNodeCounterWrapper
- 23. \AdigraphNodesCounter
- 24. \AdigraphPathBuilder
- 25. \AdigraphProcessAugmentingPaths
- 26. \AdigraphProcessAugmentingPathsList
- 27. \AdigraphProcessCuts
- 28. \AdigraphProcessEdges
- 29. \AdigraphProcessNodes
- 30. \AdigraphProcessPaths
- 31. \AdigraphSimpleSum
- 32. \NewAdigraph
- 33. \RenewAdigraph
- 34. \DisableAdigraphs
- 35. \AdigraphNodeMinSize