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REDES DE COMPUTADORAS

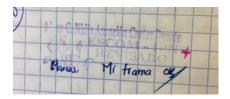
"MI TRAMA-ESTRUCTURA"

Abstact

In this report we will see an estructure of the frame, where you can find out the different parts on the basic frame. By the way, here you will check the languages, routers, ID and line code.

By:

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	Mensaje	n bytes			_		
1		3 bits	010	Español			
			011	Inglés			
	Idioma		100	Portugués			
			101	Francés			
			110	Alemán			
	Enrutamiento	1 bit	0	Estático			
			1	Dinámico			
2	ld origen/destino	1 byte	01	2CM7			
			10	3CM5			
	ongon/acctine		11	5CM3			
			0	Parar y esperar			
3	Control de Flujo	2-10 bits	1	Ventana deslizante	0	Go Back N	{
					1	Rechazo Selectivo	
	Control de Error		00	Bit de paridad	0	Par	FCS
		4-35 bits			1	Impar	
			01	CRC	0	8 bits	
					1	32 bits	
			11	Checksum 32 bits			_
	Medio	3 bits	0	Alámbrico	01	Fibra Óptica	
			1 Inalámbrico		10	Cable Coaxial	
4					11	UTP	
					00	Infrarrojo	
					01	WiFi	
					10	NFC	
	Código de línea	6 bits	0	Unipolar			
			0	Polar			
			0	RZ			
			0	NRZ			
			0	AMI			
			0	Manchester			

```
2. VAZQUEZ MORENO MARCOS OSWALDO
3. REDES DE COMPUTADORAS
4. EJERCICIO 1
5. CLASIFICACION DE CLASES EN UNA DIRECCION IP, MASCARA DE RED, TIPO, RANGO DE HOST,
    BROADCAST, REPETIR
6. */
7.
8. #include<stdio.h>
9. #include<stdlib.h>
10.
11. //int validacion(int ip);
12.
13. int main(){
14.
15.
16. //arreglo de cuatro octetos
17. unsigned char IP[4]= {0,0,0,0}, MR[4]= {0,0,0,0};
18. char a= 'y';
19. do{
20.
21.
        printf("ingrese direccion ip valida: \n");
        scanf("%u.%u.%u.%u",&IP[0], &IP[1], &IP[2], &IP[3]);
22.
23.
        fflush(stdin);
24. //validacion para entrar al distinto tipo de casos
25. if(IP[0] & 128) //clase A
26.
27.
            if(IP[0] & 64) //clase B
28.
                if(IP[0] & 32) //clase C
29.
30.
31.
                    if(IP[0] & 16) //clase D
32.
33.
                        if(IP[0] & 8) //clase E
34.
35.
                            printf("Clase E\n");
36.
                        }
37.
                        else
38.
39.
                            printf("Clase E\n");
40.
                    }
41.
                    else
42.
43.
                    {
                        printf("Clase D\n");
44.
45.
                    }
46.
                }
47.
                else
48.
                                                    ----\n");
                    printf("-----
49.
50.
                    printf("CLASE C\n");
                    MR[0]= 255; //VALORES DE LS OCTETOS DE CADA MASCARA DE RED
51.
52.
                    MR[1] = 255;
53.
                    MR[2] = 255;
                    MR[3]=0;
54.
55.
                    if(IP[3]==255){
                        printf("TIPO BROADCAST\n");
56.
57.
58.
                    else if(IP[3]==0){
```

```
59.
                        printf("TIPO RED\n");
60.
                    }
61.
                    else
62.
                        printf("TIPO HOST\n");
63.
                    printf("MASCARA DE RED: %u.%u.%u.%u.%u,n", MR[0],MR[1], MR[2], MR[3])
64.
                    printf("RED: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0]&MR[0], IP[1]&MR[1], IP[2]&MR[2]
    , IP[3]&MR[3]);
65.
                    printf("BROADCAST: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0] | (unsigned char)~MR[0],
   IP[1] | (unsigned char)~MR[1], IP[2] | (unsigned char)~MR[2], IP[3] | (unsigned char)
   ar)~MR[3]); //CASTEO DE ENTERO A UNSIGNED CHAR
                    printf("RANGO DE HOST: %u.%u.%u.%u A %u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0] & MR[0]
    , IP[1] & MR[1], IP[2] & MR[2], (IP[3] &MR[3])+1, IP[0] | (unsigned char)~MR[0], I
   P[1] | (unsigned char)~MR[1], IP[2] | (unsigned char)~MR[2], (IP[3] | (unsigned ch
   ar)~MR[3])-1);
67.
68.
69.
            else
70.
                printf("-----
71.
                printf("CLASE B\n");
72.
73.
                MR[0]= 255; //VALORES DE LS OCTETOS DE CADA MASCARA DE RED
74.
                MR[1] = 255;
75.
                MR[2] = 0;
76.
                MR[3] = 0;
                if(IP[3]==255 && IP[2]==255){
77.
78.
                        printf("TIPO BROADCAST\n");
79.
                    else if(IP[3]==0 && IP[2]==0){
80.
81.
                        printf("TIPO RED\n");
82.
83.
                    else
                        printf("TIPO HOST\n");
84.
                printf("MASCARA DE RED: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", MR[0],MR[1], MR[2], MR[3]);
85.
                printf("RED: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0]&MR[0], IP[1]&MR[1], IP[2]&MR[2], IP
86.
    [3]&MR[3]);
                printf("BROADCAST: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0] | (unsigned char)~MR[0], IP[1
87.
   ] | (unsigned char)~MR[1], IP[2] | (unsigned char)~MR[2], IP[3] | (unsigned char)~
   MR[3]);
                printf("RANGO DE HOST: %u.%u.%u.%u A %u.%u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0] & MR[0], IP
88.
   [1] & MR[1], IP[2] & MR[2], (IP[3] &MR[3])+1, IP[0] | (unsigned char)~MR[0], IP[1]
     (unsigned char)~MR[1], IP[2] | (unsigned char)~MR[2], (IP[3] | (unsigned char)~
   MR[3])-1);
89.
90.
91.
        else
92.
93.
            printf("-----
            printf("CLASE A\n");
94.
95.
            MR[0]= 255; //VALORES DE LS OCTETOS DE CADA MASCARA DE RED
96.
            MR[1] = 0;
97.
            MR[2] = 0;
98.
            MR[3] = 0;
            if(IP[3]==255 && IP[2]==255 && IP[1]==255){
99.
100.
                               printf("TIPO BROADCAST\n");
101.
102.
                           else if(IP[3]==0 && IP[2]==0 && IP[1]==0){
103.
                               printf("TIPO RED\n");
104.
                           }
105.
                           else
                               printf("TIPO HOST\n");
106.
```

```
107.
108.
                   printf("MASCARA DE RED: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", MR[0], MR[1], MR[2], MR[3]
    );
109.
                   printf("RED: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0] & MR[0], IP[1] & MR[1], IP[2] &
     MR[2], IP[3] &MR[3]);
                   printf("BROADCAST: %u.%u.%u.%u\n", IP[0] | (unsigned char)~MR[0],
    IP[1] | (unsigned char)~MR[1], IP[2] | (unsigned char)~MR[2], IP[3] | (unsigned char)
    ar)~MR[3], IP[4] | (unsigned char)~MR[4]);
                   printf("RANGO DE HOST: %u.%u.%u.%u A %u.%u.%u.%u.%u.n", IP[0] & MR[0]
    , IP[1] & MR[1], IP[2] & MR[2], (IP[3] &MR[3])+1, IP[0] | (unsigned char)~MR[0], I
    P[1] | (unsigned char)~MR[1], IP[2] | (unsigned char)~MR[2], (IP[3] | (unsigned ch
    ar)~MR[3])-1);
112. };
113.
114.
           printf("desea repetir el proceso (Y/N)\n");
115.
           scanf("%c", &a);
116.
           fflush(stdin);
117.
           }while(a == 'Y' || a == 'y');
118.
119.
           return 0;
120.
121.
           }
```

A continuación, en la imagen 1 se muestra la salida del código y su ejecución.

Imagen 1. Captura mi Trama.