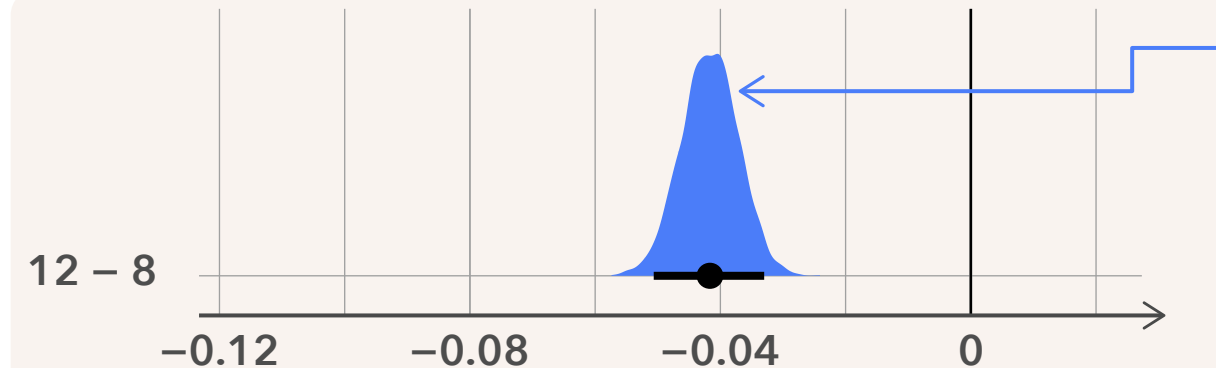


Estimate for **average FDR**, when *nregions* is 12 (top) and 8 (bottom), marginalised over *display* and *trials*, by a typical participant. See Figure 3F for steps involved in calculating marginal densities.

Average FDR if **Benjamini-Hochberg** strategy was used

Average FDR if a participant rejects null when $p < 0.05$



Estimated **difference in FDR** between the two conditions. A **negative difference** indicates that participants are making less false discoveries when $nregions = 12$.