

How to use the `meteoland` shiny app

Under construction!!

Here will be the super-useful user guide to the meteoland app, stay tuned!

General info

This app is intended as an useful example of the `meteoland` package capabilities, and is limited to the Catalonian area, as the servers space is limited and we can not have all the station data from around the world.

If you want to interpolate metereological variables from another area yo can use the `meteoland` package, given that metereological data and/or climate model projections are available for you. See the package user guide to know how!

Getting started

Selecting a mode

Whatever you want to do, interpolate current year or historical dates, interpolate and downscale future projection based on climate models... we have a mode for you:

1. **Historical Points mode**
2. **Current Points mode**
3. **Projection Points mode**
4. **Historical Grid mode**
5. **Current Grid mode**
6. **Projection Grid mode**

Historical Points mode

In this mode you will be able to select up to ten points by coordinates (latitude and longitude) and a range of dates between 1976 and the last year (2016 at the moment of writing this guide) and retrieve the interpolated data from those points for that period, based on the available metereological stations data around the selected points.

Data input

1. Go to the **USER INPUT** tab
2. Select **Historical and Points** in the left sidebar
3. Introduce the starting and ending dates of the period of interest (if you want to retrieve only one day, starting and ending date must be the same)
4. Select the points, as coordinates. You can do this in two ways:
 - Clicking in the map at the desired coordinates. You will see that clicked points are added to the **selected points** list
 - Filling the **Latitude** and **Longitude** boxes with the desired coordinates and clicking in **Append coordinates** button. Again, you will see that the **selected points** list will be updated
5. If you want to clear the coordinates introduced, click the **Reset coordinates** button. This will clear all coordinates and you will have to start again
6. After you have introduced all the points, click in the **Go** button and the app will start to process the coordinates and will show the results in the **DATA OUTPUT** tab

Data output

After clicking the **Go** button, app view will change to the **DATA OUTPUT** tab, showing the progress of the interpolation process. Be warned that it can take a while to process the data, depending on the date range and the number of points.

When the process is finished, a visual report will appear in the **DATA OUTPUT** tab, showing the time series of the temperature, humidity, precipitation and PET values. You will be able to change between the selected points and also you can zoom in/out in the time series visualization. The topographic information of the point is also showed.

You can retrieve the processed data by clicking in the **Download** button. This will download a **zip** file containing the **txt** files with the data for each selected point.

Limitations

1. Point selection limited to 10 points
2. Dates range limited from 1976-01-01 to 2016-12-01

Also, if you want all the historical period in ten different points, it will take some minutes to process the data, so you can slack off a little ;)

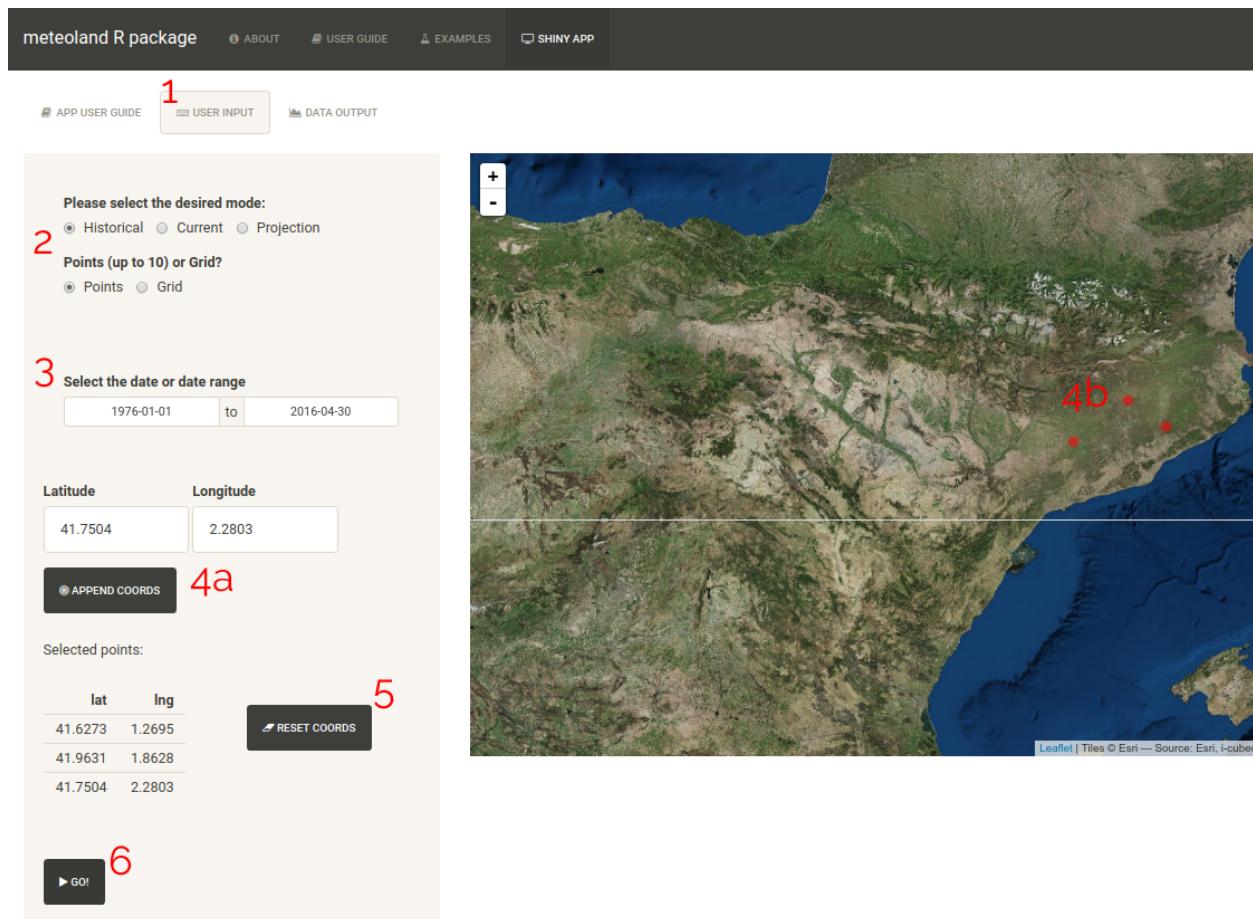


Figure 1: Introducing parameters in the historical points mode

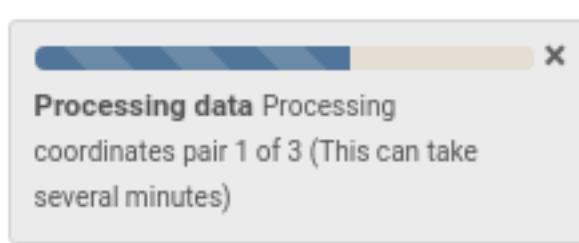


Figure 2: Progress dialogue

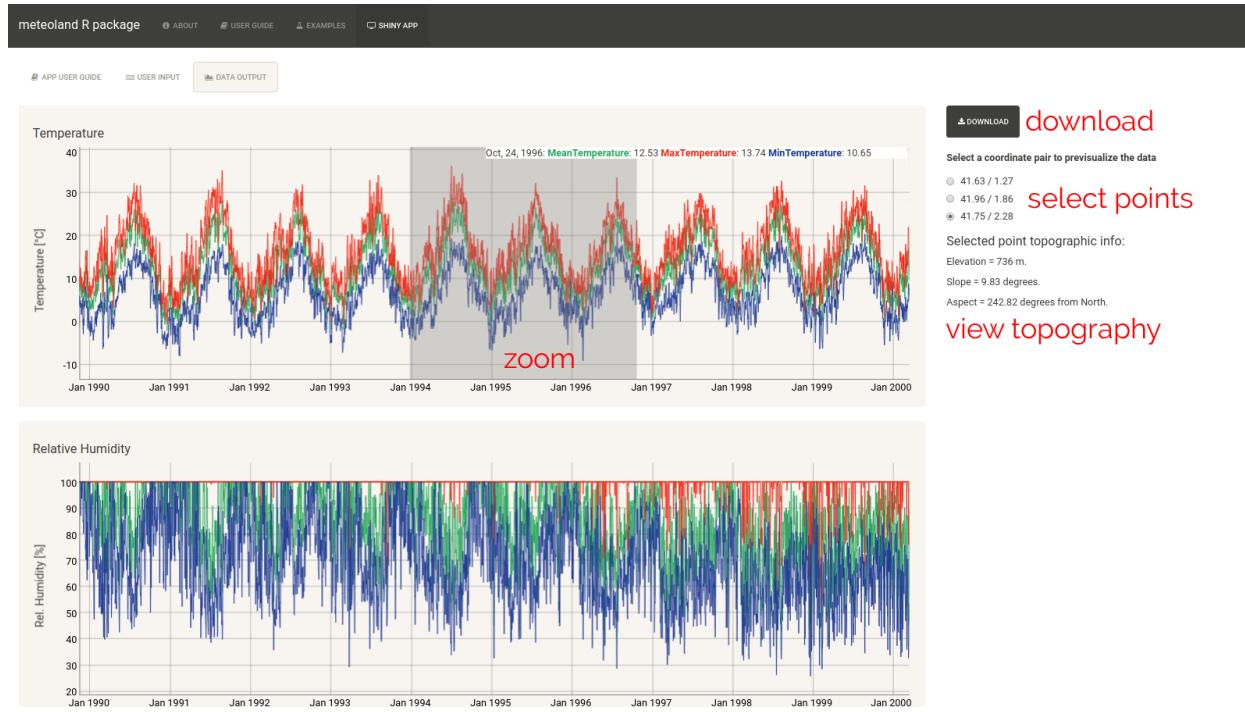


Figure 3: Data output overview

What's happening behind the curtains?

In this mode we load a calibrated dataset from all AEMET metereological stations (built with the `meteoland::interpolation.calibration` function) and interpolate the data for the coordinates selected using the `meteoland::interpolationpoints` function. For that we need both the stations and the points topographies, loaded as `SpatialTopographyPoints` objects.



Figure 4: Ecologists working hard (modified from <https://xkcd.com/303/>)

Current Points mode

Here you will be able to interpolate data from the current year up to the actual date, based on the available metereological stations data around the selected points.

Data input

1. Go to the `USER INPUT` tab
2. Select `Current` and `Points` in the left sidebar
3. Introduce the starting and ending dates of the period of interest (if you want to retrieve only one day, starting and ending date must be the same)
4. Select the points, as coordinates. You can do this in two ways:
 - Clicking in the map at the desired coordinates. You will see that clicked points are added to the `selected points` list
 - Filling the `Latitude` and `Longitude` boxes with the desired coordinates and clicking in `Append coordinates` button. Again, you will see that the `selected points` list will be updated
5. If you want to clear the coordinates introduced, click the `Reset coordinates` button. This will clear all coordinates and you will have to start again
6. After you have introduced all the points, click in the `Go` button and the app will start to process the coordinates and will show the results in the `DATA OUTPUT` tab

Data output

In this mode app view also will change to the `DATA OUTPUT` tab automatically after pressing the `Go` button. Usually this mode is faster in processing the data as the time span is one year as maximum (No slack off time in this mode).

When the process is finished a visual report similar to the one we saw for the previuos mode is presented, showing the time series of the temperature, humidity, precipitation and PET values. You will be able to change between the selected points and also you can zoom in/out in the time series visualization. The topographic information of the point is also showed.

You can retrieve the processed data by clicking in the `Download` button. This will download a `zip` file containing the `txt` files with the data for each selected point.

Limitations

1. Point selection limited to 10 points
2. Dates ranges limited to the available current year dates

What's happening behind the curtains?

Similar to the *Historical Points mode*, an interpolation object is created for the dates range provided, and the interpolation parameters are loaded (as they are pre-calculated). After that, the datta is interpolated using the `meteoland::interpolationpoints` function and the data is returned as a `SpatialMetereologyPoints` object to visualize.

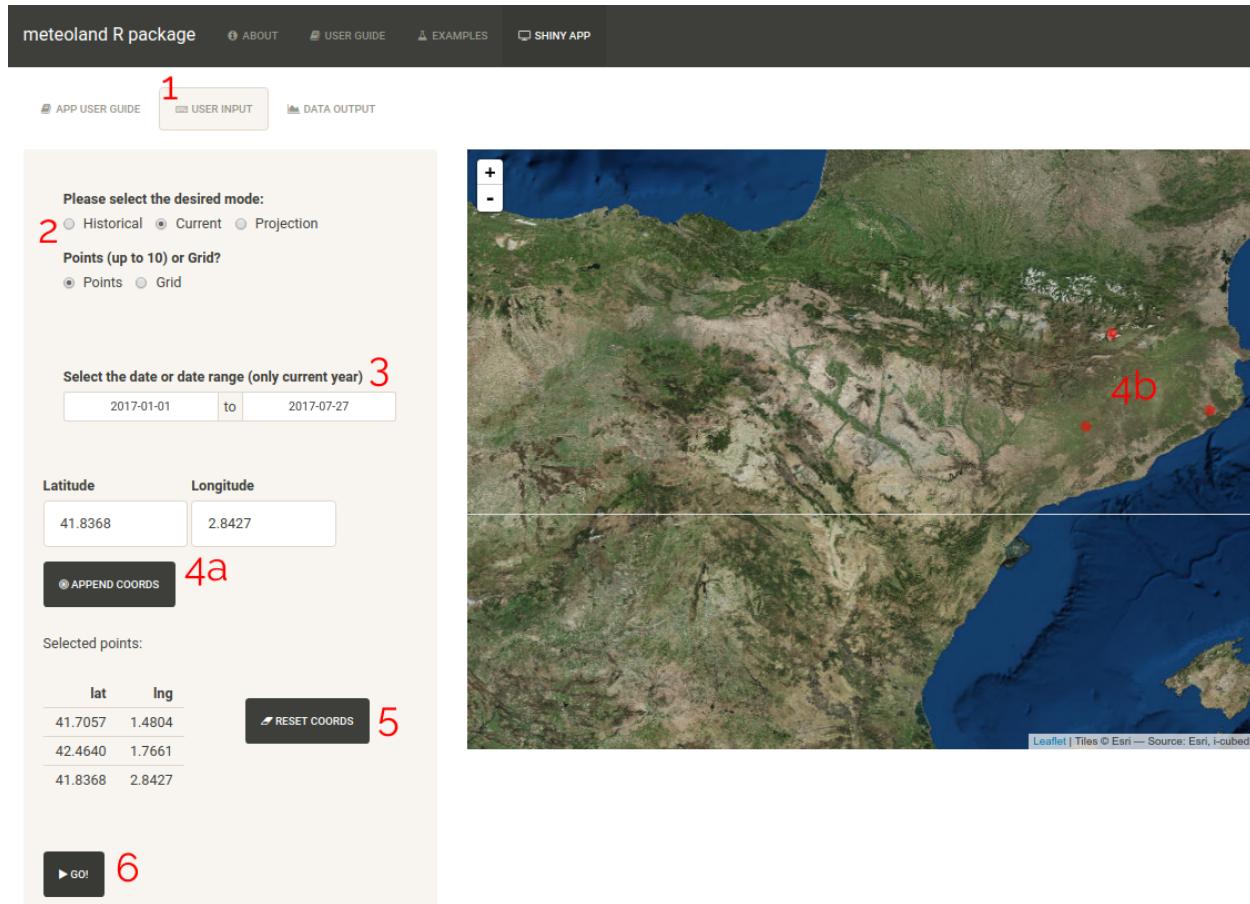


Figure 5: Introducing parameters in the current points mode

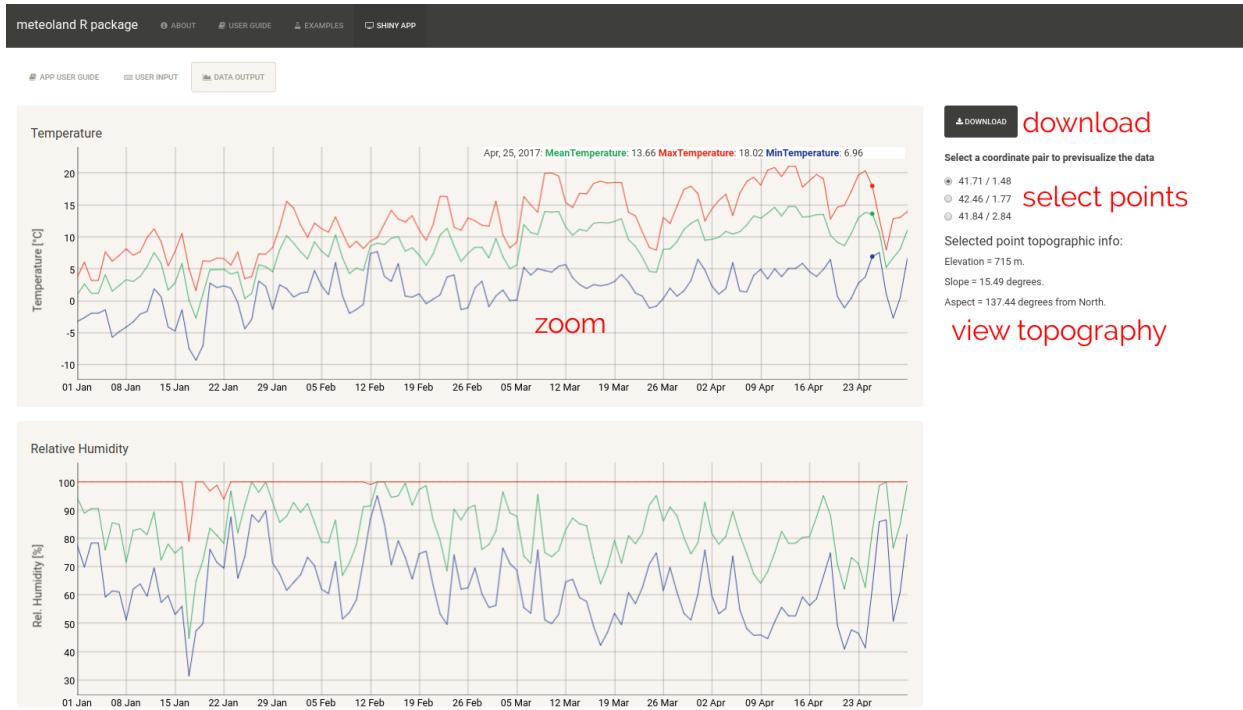


Figure 6: Current points mode data output overview

Projection Points mode

In this case data are interpolated and downscaled from coarse climate models projections (using both, historical and future data and including a statistical correction) to the selected points scale.

Data input

1. Go to the **USER INPUT** tab
2. Select **Projection** and **Points** in the left sidebar
3. Select the desired combination of **Regional Climate Model** and **Representative Concentration Pathway**. In this case there is no date selection as all the future projection until 2100-12-01 is retrieved
4. Select the points, as coordinates. You can do this in two ways:
 - Clicking in the map at the desired coordinates. You will see that clicked points are added to the **selected points** list
 - Filling the **Latitude** and **Longitude** boxes with the desired coordinates and clicking in **Append coordinates** button. Again, you will see that the **selected points** list will be updated
5. If you want to clear the coordinates introduced, click the **Reset coordinates** button. This will clear all coordinates and you will have to start again
6. After you have introduced all the points, click in the **Go** button and the app will start to process the coordinates and will show the results in the **DATA OUTPUT** tab

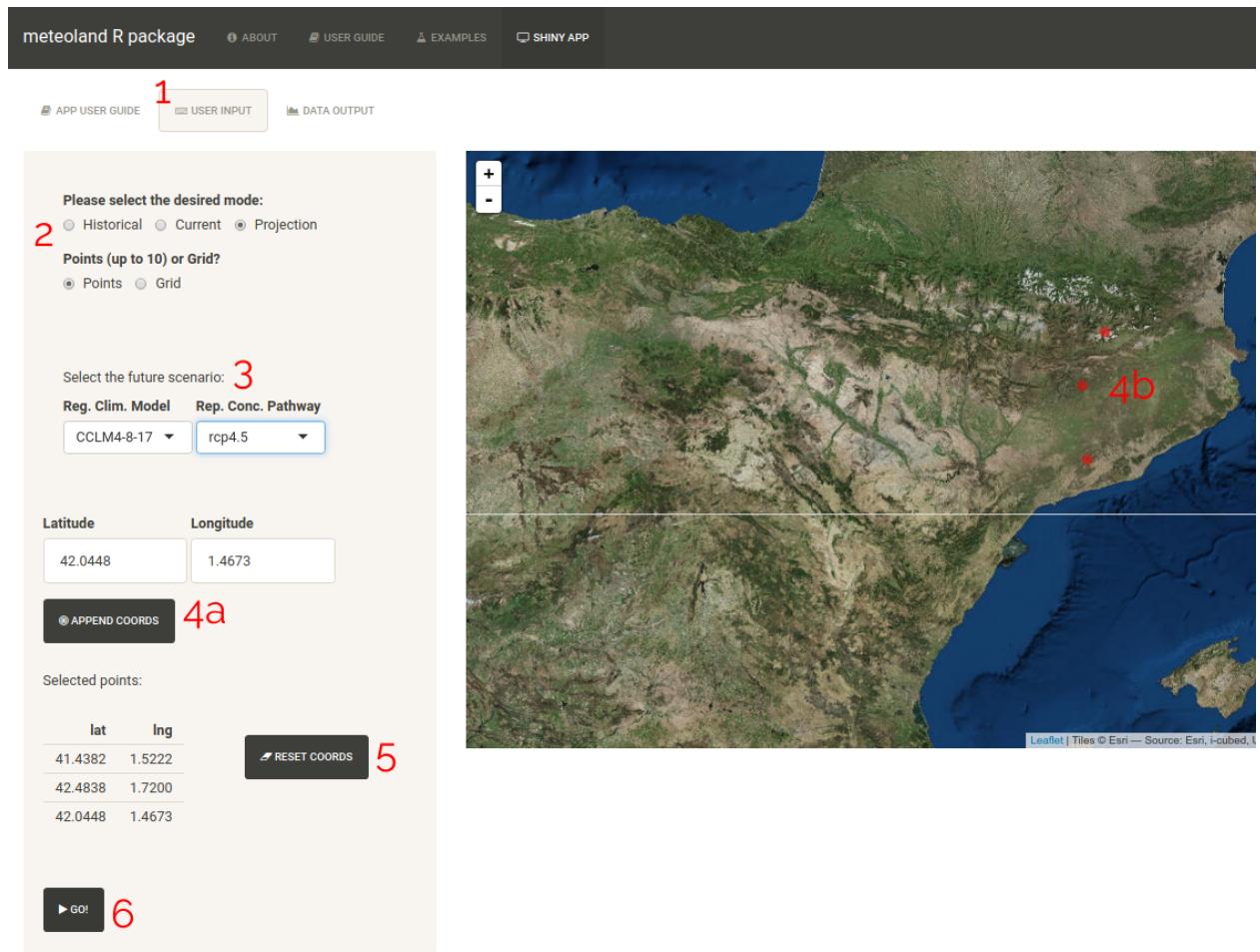


Figure 7: Introducing parameters in the projection points mode

Data output

After pressing the Go button the view will change to the DATA OUTPUT tab automatically, whereas the progress of the interpolation and the correction is showed.

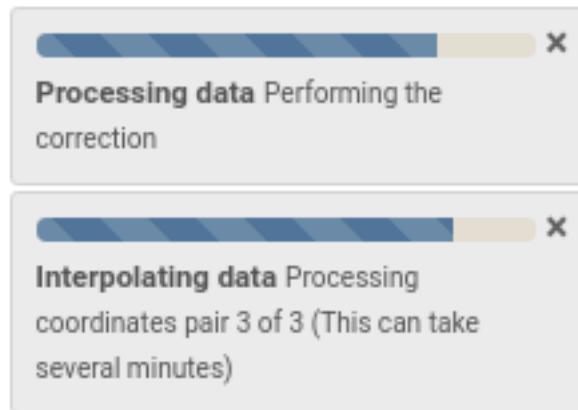


Figure 8: Progress dialogue in the Projection Points mode

When it is finished we can see the time series for the different variables predictions in the selected points. Again, you can zoom/unzoom to be able to inspect the data more closely. Topography info of the selected points is also shown. If all is ok the data can be downloaded clicking in the Download button resulting in a zip file containing txt files for each point.



Figure 9: Output data overview in the Projection Points mode

Limitations

1. Point selection limited to 10 points
2. No dates range available, all period up to 2100-12-01 is provided

As in the historical mode, processing the data can take several minutes, as all the future projection is processed. Time for slacking off again!

What's happening behind the curtains?

Historical Grid mode

In this mode you will be able to interpolate a grid (rectangular area) in a range of dates between 1976 and the last year, based on the available meteorological stations data inside and around (by a 30km buffer) the selected area.

1. Go to the **USER INPUT** tab
2. Select **Historical** and **Grid** in the left sidebar
3. Introduce the starting and ending dates of the period of interest (if you want to retrieve only one day, starting and ending date must be the same)
4. Select the area, as a two coordinates pair, the upper left pair and the bottom right pair describing the rectangle desired. You can do this in two ways:
 - Clicking in the map, first for the upper left limit and last for the bottom right limit. Coordinates values will appear in the boxes
 - Filling the both pairs of coordinates directly in the boxes
5. After you have introduced all the points, click in the **Go** button and the app will start to process the grid and will show the results in the **DATA OUTPUT** tab

The screenshot shows the Meteoland R package interface. At the top, there is a dark header bar with links for 'ABOUT', 'USER GUIDE', 'EXAMPLES', and 'SHINY APP'. Below this, a navigation bar has tabs: 'APP USER GUIDE' (highlighted with a red box labeled '1'), 'USER INPUT' (selected, highlighted with a red box labeled '2'), and 'DATA OUTPUT'. The main content area is divided into two sections. On the left, under 'USER INPUT', there are sections for selecting mode ('Historical' is selected), choosing points or grid ('Grid' is selected), and setting a date range ('2000-01-01' to '2010-12-31'). Below this are input fields for 'Latitude' (41,9468) and 'Longitude' (1,9507). Further down are 'Latitude bottom right' (41,7176) and 'Longitude bottom right' (2,4451). A note says 'Grid mode selected.' and 'Please provide the upper right coordinates and the bottom right coordinates of the desired grid.' On the right, a satellite map of Spain and parts of France and Portugal shows two red dots indicating the selected area. A legend at the bottom right of the map area says 'Leaflet | Tiles © Esri — Source: Esri, i-cubed, U...'. At the bottom left of the main content area is a large red box labeled '5' containing a 'GO!' button.

Figure 10: Introducing parameters in the historical grid mode

Current Grid Mode

Here you can interpolate data from the current year up to the actual date for a rectangular grid, based on the available meteorological stations data inside and around (in a 30km buffer area) the selected area.

1. Go to the **USER INPUT** tab
2. Select **Current** and **Grid** in the left sidebar
3. Introduce the starting and ending dates of the period of interest (if you want to retrieve only one day, starting and ending date must be the same)
4. Select the area, as a two coordinates pair, the upper left pair and the bottom right pair describing the rectangle desired. You can do this in two ways:
 - Clicking in the map, first for the upper left limit and last for the bottom right limit. Coordinates values will appear in the boxes
 - Filling the both pairs of coordinates directly in the boxes
5. After you have introduced all the points, click in the **Go** button and the app will start to process the grid and will show the results in the **DATA OUTPUT** tab

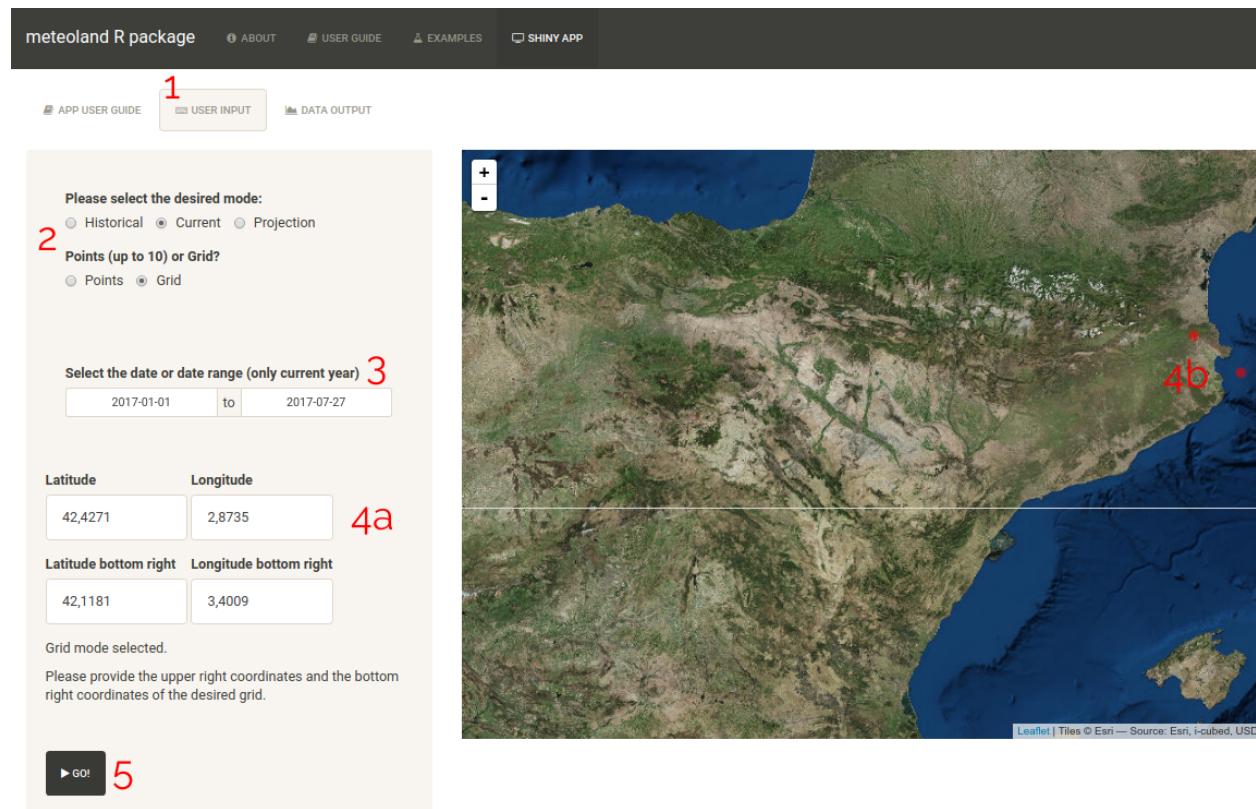


Figure 11: Introducing parameters in the current grid mode

Projection Grid Mode

In this case data are interpolated and downscaled from coarse climate models projections (using both, historical and future data and including a statistical correction) to the selected grid scale (1km^2).

1. Go to the **USER INPUT** tab
2. Select **Projection** and **Points** in the left sidebar
3. Select the desired combination of **Regional Climate Model** and **Representative Concentration Pathway**. In this case there is no date selection as all the future projection until 2100-12-01 is retrieved
4. Select the area, as a two coordinates pair, the upper left pair and the bottom right pair describing the rectangle desired. You can do this in two ways:
 - Clicking in the map, first for the upper left limit and last for the bottom right limit. Coordinates values will appear in the boxes
 - Filling the both pairs of coordinates directly in the boxes
5. If you want to clear the coordinates introduced, click the **Reset coordinates** button. This will clear all coordinates and you will have to start again
6. After you have introduced all the points, click in the **Go** button and the app will start to process the coordinates and will show the results in the **DATA OUTPUT** tab

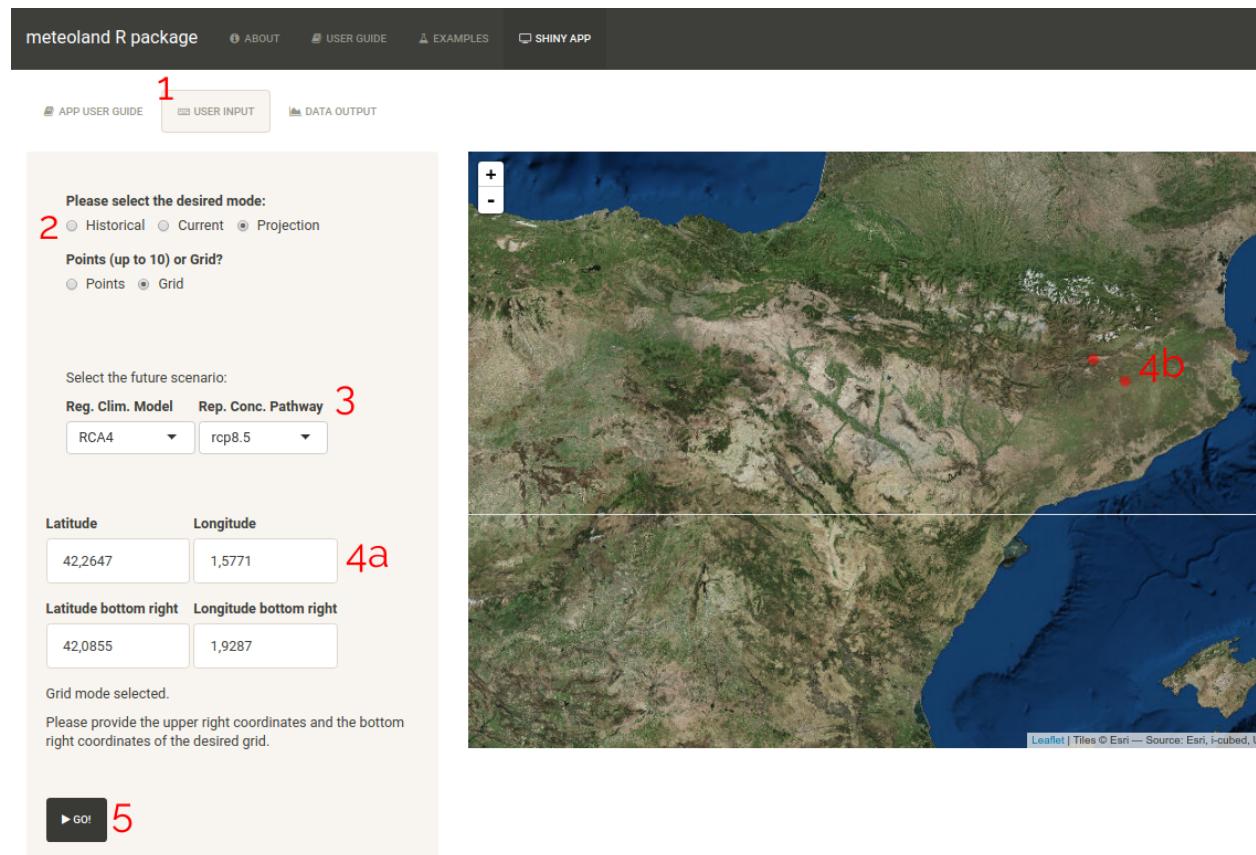


Figure 12: Introducing parameters in the projection grid mode