

# 1525. Number of Good Ways to Split a String

Medium 243 6 Add to List Share

You are given a string `s`, a split is called *good* if you can split `s` into 2 non-empty strings `p` and `q` where its concatenation is equal to `s` and the number of distinct letters in `p` and `q` are the same.

Return the number of *good* splits you can make in `s`.

## Example 1:

**Input:** `s = "aacaba"`

**Output:** 2

**Explanation:** There are 5 ways to split "aacaba" and 2 of them are good.  
("a", "acaba") Left string and right string contains 1 and 3 different letters respectively.  
("aa", "caba") Left string and right string contains 1 and 3 different letters respectively.  
("aac", "aba") Left string and right string contains 2 and 2 different letters respectively (good split).  
("aaca", "ba") Left string and right string contains 2 and 2 different letters respectively (good split).  
("aacab", "a") Left string and right string contains 3 and 1 different letters respectively.

## Example 2:

**Input:** `s = "abcd"`

**Output:** 1

**Explanation:** Split the string as follows ("ab", "cd").

```
1 class Solution {
2     public int numSplits(String str) {
3         int l[] = new int[26], r[] = new int[26], d_l = 0, d_r = 0, res = 0;
4         var s = str.toCharArray();
5
6         for (char ch : s) {
7             r[ch - 'a']++;
8             if(r[ch - 'a'] == 1) d_r++;
9         }
10        for (int i = 0; i < s.length; ++i) {
11            l[s[i] - 'a']++;
12            if(l[s[i] - 'a'] == 1) d_l++;
13
14            r[s[i] - 'a']--;
15            if(r[s[i] - 'a'] == 0) d_r--;
16
17            if(d_l == d_r) res++;
18
19            // THIS 3 LINES OF CODE DO SAME THINGS IN THE ABOVE
20            // d_l += ++l[s[i] - 'a'] == 1 ? 1 : 0;
21            // d_r -= --r[s[i] - 'a'] == 0 ? 1 : 0;
22            // res += d_l == d_r ? 1 : 0;
23
24        }
25        return res;
26    }
27 }
```

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