

Medium 4382 334 Add to List Share

Each element in the array represents your maximum jump length at that position.

Determine if you are able to reach the last index.

Example 1:

Input: nums = [2,3,1,1,4]
Output: true
Explanation: Jump 1 step from index 0 to 1, then 3 steps to the last index.

Example 2:

Input: nums = [3,2,1,0,4]
Output: false
Explanation: You will always arrive at index 3 no matter what. Its maximum jump length is 0, which makes it impossible to reach the last index.

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 3 * 10^4`
- `0 <= nums[i][j] <= 10^5`

Accepted 487,334 | Submissions 1,408,710

```

1  class Solution {
2      public boolean canJumpFromPosition(int position, int[] nums) {
3          if (position == nums.length - 1) {
4              return true;
5          }
6
7          int furthestJump = Math.min(position + nums[position],
8              nums.length - 1);
9          for (int nextPosition = position + 1; nextPosition <=
10             furthestJump; nextPosition++) {
11              if (canJumpFromPosition(nextPosition, nums)) {
12                  return true;
13              }
14          }
15          return false;
16      }
17  }

```

Testcase Run Code Result Debugger 

Compile Error

```

▼ Line 7: error: cannot find symbol [in __Driver__.java]
    boolean ret = new Solution().canJump(param_1);
                                   ^
symbol:   method canJump(int[])
location: class Solution

```