

C3T3

```
require(pacman)
```

```
## Loading required package: pacman
```

```
pacman:: p_load(pacman, dplyr, GGally, ggplot2, ggrepel, patchwork, gifski, ggforce, ggthemes, maps, sf)
```

```
####Objective:
```

They have asked our team to analyze historical sales data and then make sales volume predictions for a list of new product types

- Predicting sales of four different product types: PC, Laptops, Netbooks and Smartphones.
 - Assessing the impact services reviews and customer reviews have on sales of different product types.
- ```
####Importing Data
```

```
df1 <- import("existingproductattributes2017.csv")
df2 <- import("newproductattributes2017.csv")
```

```
#str(df1)
#names(df1)
```

```
df1 <- select(df1, -c(ProductNum, BestSellersRank, ProductWidth, ProductHeight, ProductDepth, ShippingWeight))
```

```
df2 <- select(df2, -c(ProductNum, BestSellersRank, ProductWidth, ProductHeight, ProductDepth, ShippingWeight))
```

```
#names(df1)
```

```
####Correlation Plot
```

```
Dummy <- dummyVars(" ~ .", data = df1)
df11 <- data.frame(predict(Dummy, newdata = df1))
```

```
Dummy2 <- dummyVars(" ~ .", data = df2)
df22 <- data.frame(predict(Dummy, newdata = df2))
#is.na(df11)
#explore(df11)
#df11
corrplot(cor(df11), method = "square", tl.cex=0.5)
```



```

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 10: ProductTypeSmartphone has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 6: ProductTypeNetbook has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 6: ProductTypeNetbook has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 6: ProductTypeNetbook has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 10: ProductTypeSmartphone has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 10: ProductTypeSmartphone has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 10: ProductTypeSmartphone has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 10: ProductTypeSmartphone has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 6: ProductTypeNetbook has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 6: ProductTypeNetbook has no variation.

Warning in (function (x, y, offset = NULL, misc = NULL, distribution =
"bernoulli", : variable 6: ProductTypeNetbook has no variation.

SVM <- train(Volume~., data = training, method = "svmLinear", trControl=ctrl, tuneLength = 5)

Warning in .local(x, ...): Variable(s) ' ' constant. Cannot scale data.

Warning in .local(x, ...): Variable(s) ' ' constant. Cannot scale data.

Warning in .local(x, ...): Variable(s) ' ' constant. Cannot scale data.

Warning in .local(x, ...): Variable(s) ' ' constant. Cannot scale data.

Warning in .local(x, ...): Variable(s) ' ' constant. Cannot scale data.

Warning in .local(x, ...): Variable(s) ' ' constant. Cannot scale data.

```

```
importanceRF = varImp(RF, scale=TRUE)
importanceRF
```

```
rf variable importance
##
only 20 most important variables shown (out of 21)
##
Overall
x4StarReviews 1.000e+02
x5StarReviews 9.505e+01
PositiveServiceReview 1.928e+01
x2StarReviews 1.683e+01
x3StarReviews 6.179e+00
ProductTypeGameConsole 3.166e+00
x1StarReviews 2.278e+00
NegativeServiceReview 3.866e-01
Price 2.370e-01
ProductTypeAccessories 9.801e-02
Recommendproduct 8.250e-02
ProductTypeExtendedWarranty 5.941e-03
ProductTypePrinter 3.034e-03
ProductTypeLaptop 8.306e-04
ProductTypeTablet 7.370e-04
ProductTypeSoftware 3.509e-04
ProductTypeSmartphone 2.027e-04
ProductTypeDisplay 2.758e-05
ProductTypePrinterSupplies 1.843e-05
ProductTypeNetbook 1.561e-07
```

```
###RMSE of 1st Models
```

RF

```
Random Forest
##
61 samples
21 predictors
##
No pre-processing
Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold, repeated 3 times)
Summary of sample sizes: 55, 57, 55, 54, 54, 55, ...
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
mtry RMSE Rsquared MAE
2 750.3515 0.8596402 398.7720
21 586.9938 0.9397717 262.6351
##
RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.
The final value used for the model was mtry = 21.
```

GBM

```
Stochastic Gradient Boosting
##
61 samples
21 predictors
##
No pre-processing
Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold, repeated 3 times)
Summary of sample sizes: 54, 53, 56, 55, 55, 56, ...
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
interaction.depth n.trees RMSE Rsquared MAE
1 50 983.0975 0.8197602 606.2506
1 100 1069.7254 0.7980405 693.4259
1 150 1102.3934 0.7688528 724.4534
2 50 987.5413 0.8090297 601.5272
2 100 1044.5612 0.7915764 675.9723
2 150 1088.9529 0.7550649 714.3322
3 50 982.3561 0.8134082 604.1387
3 100 1084.7588 0.7805645 700.8077
3 150 1094.7461 0.7537873 709.8546
##
Tuning parameter 'shrinkage' was held constant at a value of 0.1
##
Tuning parameter 'n.minobsinnode' was held constant at a value of 10
RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.
The final values used for the model were n.trees = 50, interaction.depth =
3, shrinkage = 0.1 and n.minobsinnode = 10.
```

## SVM

```
Support Vector Machines with Linear Kernel
##
61 samples
21 predictors
##
No pre-processing
Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold, repeated 3 times)
Summary of sample sizes: 56, 56, 56, 55, 55, 54, ...
Resampling results:
##
RMSE Rsquared MAE
181.8974 0.9701778 115.9242
##
Tuning parameter 'C' was held constant at a value of 1
```

###2nd Try at Modelling

What if i get rid of the productype and price which dont have much impact/importance on the modelling?  
Second round of modelling:

```
RF2 <- train(Volume~ x5StarReviews + x4StarReviews + x3StarReviews + x2StarReviews + x1StarReviews + 1)
GBM2 = train(Volume ~x5StarReviews + x4StarReviews + x3StarReviews + x2StarReviews + x1StarReviews + 1)
```

```
SVM2 <- train(Volume~x5StarReviews + x4StarReviews + x3StarReviews + x2StarReviews + x1StarReviews +
```

```
importanceRF2 = varImp(RF2, scale=TRUE)
importanceRF2
```

```
rf variable importance
##
Overall
x4StarReviews 100.0000
x5StarReviews 92.5605
PositiveServiceReview 15.8241
x2StarReviews 13.2118
x3StarReviews 4.2520
NegativeServiceReview 2.8367
x1StarReviews 2.5669
Recommendproduct 0.1323
Price 0.0000
```

```
###RMSE of 2nd Models
```

```
RF2
```

```
Random Forest
##
61 samples
9 predictor
##
No pre-processing
Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold, repeated 3 times)
Summary of sample sizes: 55, 54, 56, 56, 53, 56, ...
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
mtry RMSE Rsquared MAE
2 724.0560 0.9241494 333.8482
9 491.4904 0.9766840 212.0938
##
RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.
The final value used for the model was mtry = 9.
```

```
GBM2
```

```
Stochastic Gradient Boosting
##
61 samples
9 predictor
##
No pre-processing
Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold, repeated 3 times)
Summary of sample sizes: 56, 54, 56, 56, 55, 53, ...
Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
```

```
interaction.depth n.trees RMSE Rsquared MAE
1 50 958.3804 0.8335205 578.9721
1 100 1017.9326 0.8060448 653.5496
1 150 1050.3137 0.7960209 671.9234
2 50 976.6771 0.8387113 597.6254
2 100 1002.7364 0.8171829 633.6087
2 150 1027.3280 0.7938211 653.2949
3 50 948.4787 0.8408922 579.1643
3 100 1018.0069 0.7985114 642.3926
3 150 1064.0392 0.7759815 691.8848
##
Tuning parameter 'shrinkage' was held constant at a value of 0.1
##
Tuning parameter 'n.minobsinnode' was held constant at a value of 10
RMSE was used to select the optimal model using the smallest value.
The final values used for the model were n.trees = 50, interaction.depth =
3, shrinkage = 0.1 and n.minobsinnode = 10.
```

## SVM2

```
Support Vector Machines with Linear Kernel
##
61 samples
9 predictor
##
No pre-processing
Resampling: Cross-Validated (10 fold, repeated 3 times)
Summary of sample sizes: 54, 55, 53, 56, 56, 57, ...
Resampling results:
##
RMSE Rsquared MAE
292.9234 0.9441664 181.2669
##
Tuning parameter 'C' was held constant at a value of 1
```

Since it does not make much of a difference, I will keep the original models and make predictions to assess the quality of each model.

###Predictions

```
RFpred <- predict(RF, newdata = testing)
GBMpred <- predict(GBM, newdata = testing)
SVMpred <- predict(SVM, newdata = testing)
```

RFpred

```
1 6 8 10 12 13
14.849333 377.389467 141.098667 41.124667 327.735067 43.005200
15 21 22 26 28 37
1444.322933 102.380400 1720.297867 1182.153733 76.665600 1236.556267
39 52 54 70 72 77
1236.556267 228.214933 363.170533 3.672667 14.146533 90.218133
79
1415.648400
```

## GBMpred

```
[1] 18.27739 857.93231 453.53939 329.46919 504.21420 330.61336
[7] 2495.17512 -218.19980 2632.29852 2474.80278 45.17215 1841.25618
[13] 1868.93172 747.92614 880.58835 -61.46331 -78.79448 -170.39009
[19] 1407.42803
```

## SVMpred

```
1 6 8 10 12 13
44.758252 126.253577 4.627424 -47.447123 85.847299 -64.863491
15 21 22 26 28 37
1413.620430 74.382382 1626.330441 1295.395199 55.132218 1260.111734
39 52 54 70 72 77
1255.761170 142.267706 399.444672 -171.801556 -94.373713 30.623296
79
1292.024281
```

## ###Applying Predictions

```
RFpred2 <- predict(RF, newdata = df22)
```

```
output <- df2
output$predictions <- RFpred2

head(output)
```

```
ProductType Price x5StarReviews x4StarReviews x3StarReviews x2StarReviews
1 PC 699.00 96 26 14 14
2 PC 860.00 51 11 10 10
3 Laptop 1199.00 74 10 3 3
4 Laptop 1199.00 7 2 1 1
5 Laptop 1999.00 1 1 1 3
6 Netbook 399.99 19 8 4 1
x1StarReviews PositiveServiceReview NegativeServiceReview Recommendproduct
1 25 12 3 0.7
2 21 7 5 0.6
3 11 11 5 0.8
4 1 2 1 0.6
5 0 0 1 0.3
6 10 2 4 0.6
Volume predictions
1 0 445.156133
2 0 177.283333
3 0 276.714000
4 0 30.582800
5 0 5.603867
6 0 82.282133
```



```
#write.csv(output, file="C3T3 Predictions.csv", row.names = TRUE)
```