

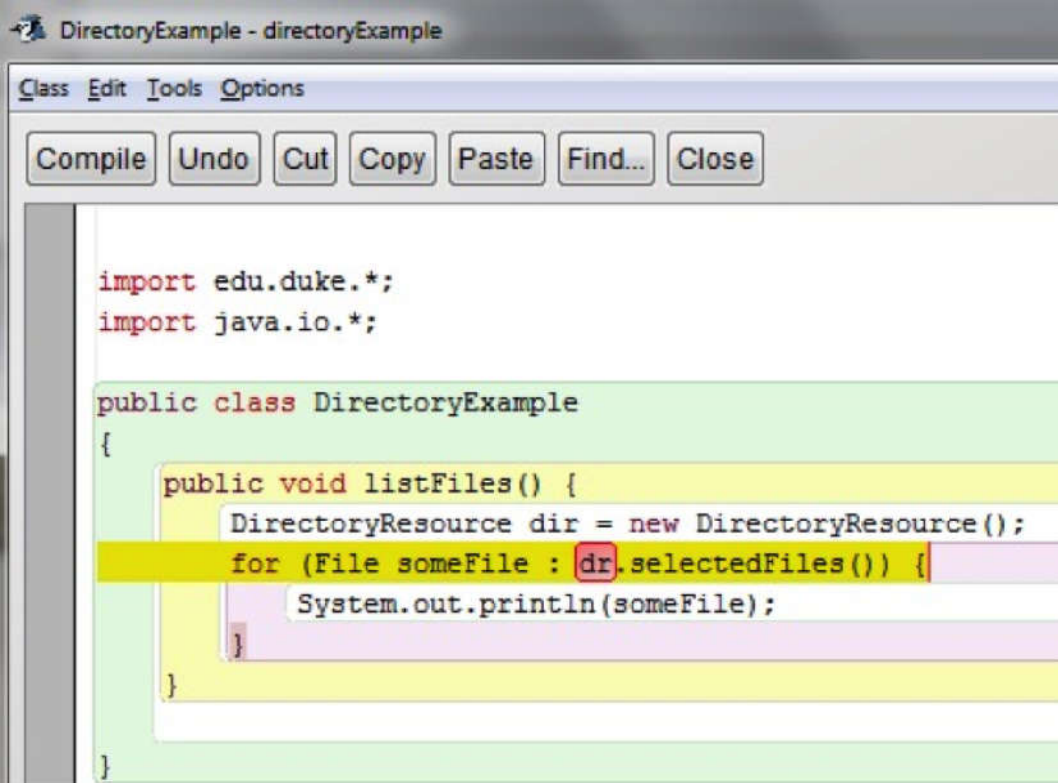
Batch Grayscale Images

Quiz, 6 questions

1
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1.

Consider writing code to list out files in one of your folders using **DirectoryResource**. The following attempt at writing such code has an error.



```
import edu.duke.*;
import java.io.*;

public class DirectoryExample
{
    public void listFiles() {
        DirectoryResource dir = new DirectoryResource();
        for (File someFile : dr.selectedFiles()) {
            System.out.println(someFile);
        }
    }
}
```

The screenshot shows a Java IDE window titled "DirectoryExample - directoryExample". The code editor contains the following code: `import edu.duke.*;`, `import java.io.*;`, `public class DirectoryExample`, `{`, `public void listFiles() {`, `DirectoryResource dir = new DirectoryResource();`, `for (File someFile : dr.selectedFiles()) {`, `System.out.println(someFile);`, `}`, `}`, and `}`. The variable `dr` in the `for` loop is highlighted in red, indicating a syntax error. The IDE has a menu bar with "Class", "Edit", "Tools", and "Options", and a toolbar with buttons for "Compile", "Undo", "Cut", "Copy", "Paste", "Find...", and "Close".

Which one of the following best explains what the error is?

- ☐ The **dr** that is highlighted should be **dir**.
- ☐ The **dr** that is highlighted should be **DirectoryResource**.
- ☐ The **dr** that is highlighted should be **listFiles**.
- ☐ The **dr** that is highlighted should be **File**.

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2.

Shown below is the code that was developed in one of the videos to convert many images to grayscale and to display those grayscale images.

Batch Grayscale Images

Quiz, 6 questions

```
import edu.duke.*;
import java.io.*;

public class GrayScaleConverterBatch
{
    public ImageResource makeGray(ImageResource inImage) {
        ImageResource outImage = new ImageResource(inImage.getWidth(), inImage.getHeight());

        for (Pixel pixel: outImage.pixels()) {
            Pixel inPixel = inImage.getPixel(pixel.getX(), pixel.getY());

            int average = (inPixel.getRed() + inPixel.getGreen() + inPixel.getBlue())/3;

            pixel.setRed(average);
            pixel.setGreen(average);
            pixel.setBlue(average);
        }

        return outImage;
    }

    public void selectAndConvert() {
        DirectoryResource dr = new DirectoryResource();
        for (File f: dr.selectedFiles()){
            ImageResource inImage = new ImageResource(f);
            ImageResource gray = makeGray(inImage);
            gray.draw();
        }
    }
}
```

Consider adding additional code to this program to save each of the new grayscale images created as a file.

Which one of the following is the best method to modify to make this change?

- ☐ Modify the **makeGray** method.
- ☐ Create a new method to read each image from a file and save the image.
- ☐ Modify the **selectAndConvert** method.

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3.

Suppose one wants to convert a given image to grayscale and then display and save the resulting grayscale image as a file.

Batch Grayscale Images

Quiz, 6 questions The code below has been started for you. The variable **f** is a file of an image and the method **makeGray** returns an image that is the grayscale image of the original image.

```
1 ImageResource original = new ImageResource(f);
2 ImageResource grayscale = makeGray(original);
3 [MISSING CODE]
```

Which one of the following is the missing code that will convert the original image into a new file that is a grayscale version of the original image?

☐

```
1 String fname = original.getFileName();
2 String newName = "grayscale-" + fname;
3 grayscale.setFileName(newName);
4 grayscale.draw();
5 grayscale.save();
```

☐

```
1 String fname = original.getFileName();
2 String newName = "grayscale-" + fname;
3 original.setFileName(newName);
4 grayscale.draw();
5 grayscale.save();
```

☐

```
1 String fname = grayscale.getFileName();
2 String newName = "grayscale-" + fname;
3 grayscale.setFileName(newName);
4 grayscale.draw();
5 grayscale.save();
```

☐

```
1 String fname = original.getFileName();
2 grayscale.setFileName(newName);
3 String newName = "grayscale-" + fname;
4 grayscale.draw();
5 grayscale.save();
```

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4.

Consider writing a program to create new images that are photographic negatives (or inverted images) of selected images.

Batch Grayscale Images

Quiz, 6 questions In inverting an image, a pixel's red, blue and green components are modified to be the exact opposite within the 0 to 255 range. That is, if a pixel's red, blue, and green values are (34, 198, 240) then that same pixel in the inverted image would have the red, blue, and green values of (221, 57, 15). Note that $255 - 34$ is 221, $255 - 198$ is 57, and $255 - 240$ is 15.

For example, these images show the original and inverse images of Robert.



Suppose a pixel has RGB values of (100, 30, 250).

Which one of the following shows the correct RGB values for the inverted pixel?

- ☐ The RGB values would be (126, 126, 126).
- ☐ The RGB values would be (155, 225, 5).
- ☐ The RGB values would be (100, 30, 250).
- ☐ The RGB values would be (200, 230, 50).
- ☐ The RGB values would be (225, 155, 5).

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Batch Grayscale Images

Quiz, 6 questions

Consider writing a program to create new images that are photographic negatives (or inverted images) of selected images.

Suppose we have a Pixel named **pxInvert** and a Pixel named **pxOriginal**.

What is the line of code to change **pxInvert**'s red color to the inverted red color of **pxOriginal**?

Hints: Start with **pxInvert.setRed**

Remember the semi colon at the end.

Enter answer here

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6.

Consider writing a program to create new images that are photographic negatives (or inverted images) of selected images.

Suppose we have an `ImageResource` variable named **picture** whose current value is for an image file named **dragon.png**. See the following code segment below.

```
1 ImageResource invertImage = makeInverted(picture);
2 String fname = picture.getFileName();
3 invertImage.setFileName("inv-" + fname);
4 invertImage.draw();
5 invertImage.save();
```

What is the name of the resulting file?

Enter answer here



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