



# Dependable Cloud Computing with OpenStack

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# Dependable Cloud Computing with OpenStack

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- **Mission:** Create an OpenStack in the Box
  
- **Goal:** Create an OpenStack system for evaluation the dependability of fault tolerance mechanisms in OpenStack
  
- **2 Main Tasks:**
  1. Reproducible environment with OpenStack system
  2. Experiments for testing the dependability of OpenStack

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Chart 2

# Requirements

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- Simple setup
  - Small setups complicated enough for thorough testing
  - Easy to simulate failures
  - Fast turnaround
  - Works on limited hardware
  - Easy to use for future (student) projects
- Multiple nodes/small cluster
- Potential for customization/extension to compare different setups
- Reproducibility of experiments

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Chart **3**



- **Development environment for OpenStack**

- ☐ Multi-Node possible, but made for single node

- Custom configuration scripts

- ☐ Documentation for multi-node and high-availability setups scarce
- ☐ Hard to extend for new use cases

- Can DevStack dependability experiments be generalized to OpenStack?

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# Commercial Distributions

- Have comfortable installers for cluster-deployments
- Integrate with system management tools
  - (Ubuntu Juju, RedHat Spacewalk, ...)
- Setup “production-grade” configurations
  - Require many nodes → high hardware demands
  - High-availability features built in
  - A lot of pre-configuration not intended for user change

→ **Results can't be generalized, hard to modify**



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- Has all-in-one demo mode
  - Nodes are created as Virtual Machines
  
- Great idea, but
  - Install takes a long time
  - Doesn't survive reboot of host machine
  - Install uses Triple-O
    - Elegant, but hard to understand
    - Not documented enough for us



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Chart 6

# Our Own Setup

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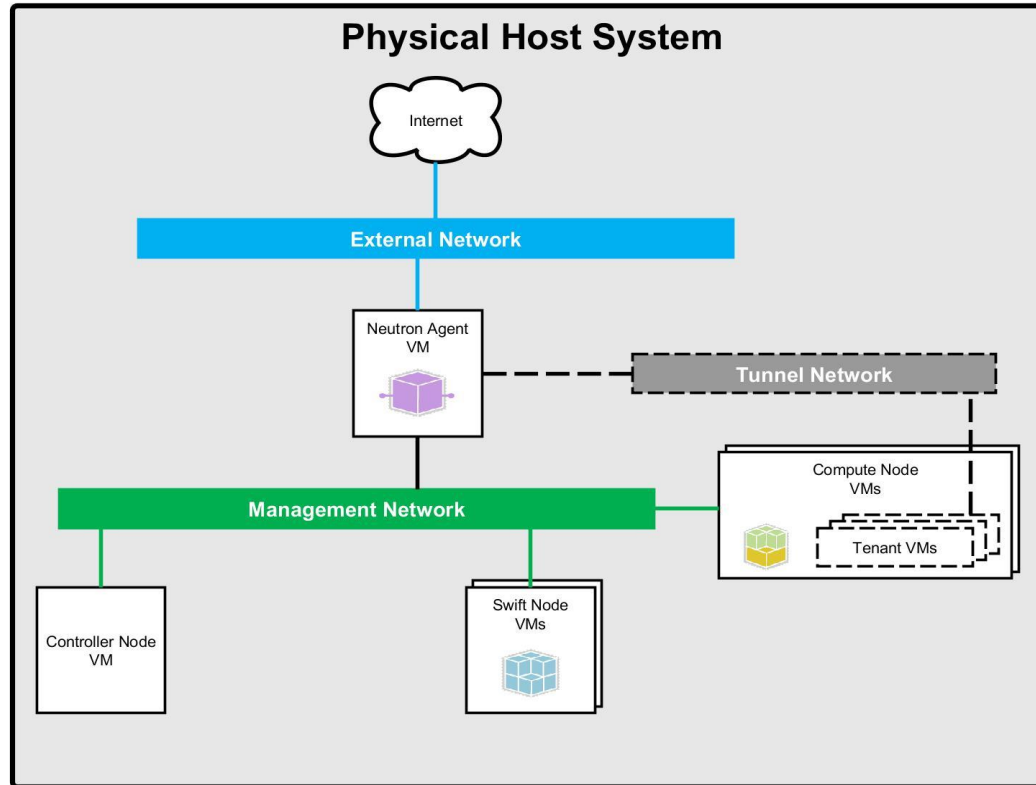
- All-in-one “cluster” with virtualized nodes
- Very simple
  - Minimum interesting number of nodes and services
  - Leaves room for modifications/extensions
- Install process based closely on official OpenStack install docs
- Integration with experimentation framework

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# Reproducible Test Environment

(Our OpenStack Architecture)



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Chart 8



# OpenStack Installation



- Virtual machines using KVM

- Widely supported
- Nested virtualization



- Virtual Machines and networks are managed using libvirt

- Virtual networks implemented as Linux bridges



- Installation using

- Bash scripts to create Virtual Machines
- cloud-init to inject configuration in Virtual Machines
- Ansible to set up OpenStack on Virtual Machines



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Chart 9

# OpenStack Installation

Ansible



+



ANSIBLE



## ■ Ansible hosts file

```
[controller]
    root@192.168.100.11

[network]
    root@192.168.100.21

[compute]
    root@192.168.100.31
    root@192.168.100.32

[objectstorage]
    root@192.168.100.41
    root@192.168.100.42
```

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Chart **11**

# OpenStack Installation



ANSIBLE



## ■ 02\_install\_and\_configure\_the\_controller\_node\_components.yml

```
---
# http://docs.openstack.org/kilo/install-guide/install/apt/content/swift-install-controller-node.html
- name: "Add Object Storage > Install and configure the controller node > install and configure the controller node components"
  hosts: controller
  roles:
    - config
  sudo: True
  gather_facts: True
  tasks:
    - name: "1. Install the packages"
      apt: pkg={{item}} state=installed
      with_items:
        - swift
        - swift-proxy
        - python-swiftclient
        - python-keystoneclient
        - python-keystonemiddleware
        - memcached

    - name: "2. Create the /etc/swift directory"
      file: path=/etc/swift state=directory mode=0755

    - name: "4. Edit the /etc/swift/proxy-server.conf file and complete the following actions"
      template: src=proxy-server.conf.j2 dest=/etc/swift/proxy-server.conf owner={{ ansible_user_id }}
```

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Chart 12

Installation took 15m 28s.

To use the Horizon Web interface visit <http://controller/horizon/>

Logins are

user: "demo" password: "demo"

user: "admin" password: "admin"

as specified in the configuration.

To use SSH execute

ssh ubuntu@compute1

ssh ubuntu@compute2

ssh ubuntu@controller

ssh ubuntu@network

ssh ubuntu@object1

ssh ubuntu@object2

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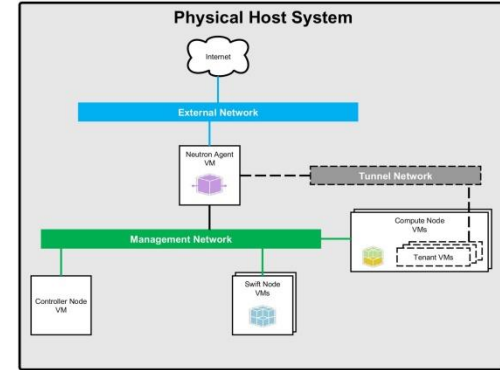
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Chart **13**

# OpenStack Installation

## Results

- Full installation in 10-20 minutes
- Snapshot and restore all virtual nodes
- Package versions can be frozen to allow installing the same set up
- “Light” setup runs on normal (8 GB RAM, quadcore) workstation
- Full setup (2 compute and 2 Swift nodes) on 64 GB RAM, 16 Core workstation



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Chart **14**

# Experiments on OpenStack

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- Experiments vs Tests?
  - Tests have a clear success/failure condition
  
- Experiment contains
  - Where and how do we trigger a fault?
  - How can we observe resulting failures

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Chart **15**

# Running Experiments on OpenStack

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- Scripted using bash and Ansible
- Data about cluster available from installation configuration
  
- Stages
  - Setup
  - Observe
  - Break
  - Observe
  - (Heal)
  - (Observe)

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Chart **16**

# Experiment: Keystone Tokens

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- Keystone: Authentication Service
- Authenticates Users, manages their permissions
- Authenticates actions using/between services
- Tokens:
  - created by users
  - carry a subset of their permissions
  - are passed with API requests
  - can be used by services to authenticate actions against other APIs

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Chart **17**



# Experiment: Keystone Tokens



Experiment Script

## \* SETUP

- on controller, get token from Keystone

## \* Running checks

- attempting to create new token using first token

OK! Token created.

36e737434cc446a7a3d9ab95e9746cb9

USER:PASS:Token  
e67a365...

36e7374  
e67a365...



"Memcached is an *in-memory* key-value store for small chunks of arbitrary data (strings, objects) from results of database calls, API calls, or page rendering."

<http://memcached.org/>

Controller (VM)

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Chart 18

# Dependable Cloud Computing with OpenStack

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1. Simple all-in-one virtualized cluster setup of OpenStack
  2. Framework for reproducible experiments
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- Our Code is on Github!

<http://git.io/vlu6Y>

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Chart **19**