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Preservation Planning: Monitoring the risk of file format obsolescence in TIBs AV holdings

Merle Friedrich, London, 24. October 2018 No Time to Wait! Rough Consensus and Running Archives

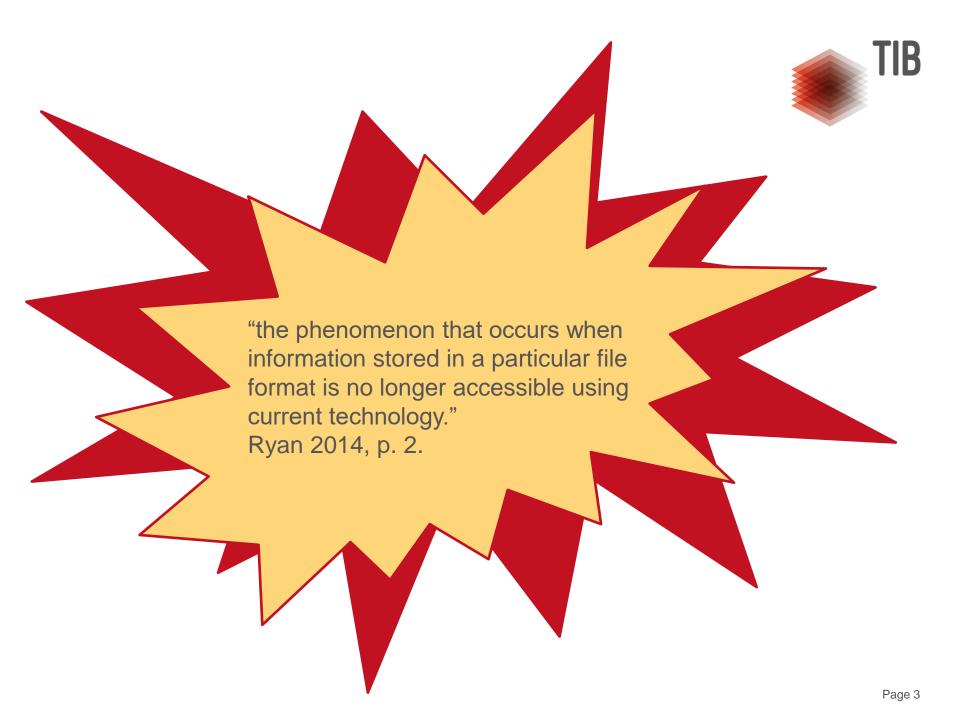


Agenda

- 1. Obsolescence
- 2. Normalization yes or no?
- 3. OAIS Preservation Planning
- 4. Monitor the Risk of Obsolescence
 - View Paths
- 5. Migration

References









Normalization



Amount	Container	Video-Codec	Audio-Codec
7384	MPEG-4	AVC	AAC, Version 4
1062	WebM, Format: WebM	VP8	Vorbis
963	MPEG-PS	MPEG Video, Version 2	MPEG Audio, Version 1
765	MPEG-4	AVC	AAC
706	MPEG-PS	MPEG Video, Version 1	MPEG Audio, Version 1
557	MPEG-4	MPEG-4 Visual	AAC, Version 4
421	MPEG-4	MPEG-4 Visual	
210	WebM, Version 2	VP8	Vorbis
175	MPEG-TS	AVC	AC-3
97	MPEG-PS	MPEG Video, Version 2	
93	AVI	AVC	PCM
46	MPEG-PS	MPEG Video, Version 2	AC-3, Format : DVD-Video
44	Flash Video	VP6	MPEG Audio, Version 1
37	MPEG-PS	MPEG Video, Version 2	MPEG Audio, Version 1, Format : MPEG Audio, Version 1, Format : RLE
33	Flash Video	VP6	MPEG Audio, Version 2
31	MPEG-4	AVC	
22	MPEG-PS	MPEG Video, Version 2	MPEG Audio, Version 1, Format : DVD-Video
	MPEG-4	MPEG-4 Visual	AAC

Normalization



Advantages

Limited set of formats in the archive

- validation
- preservation planning
- less tools

Disadvantages

- migration neccessary by producer
 - undocumented changes of material
 - delivering material is unattractive
- or migration neccessary by archive
 - work load
 - keeping original (authenticity!) -> more storage space needed

Sometimes we have to take everything we can get ... just the way it is



OAIS – Preservation Planning



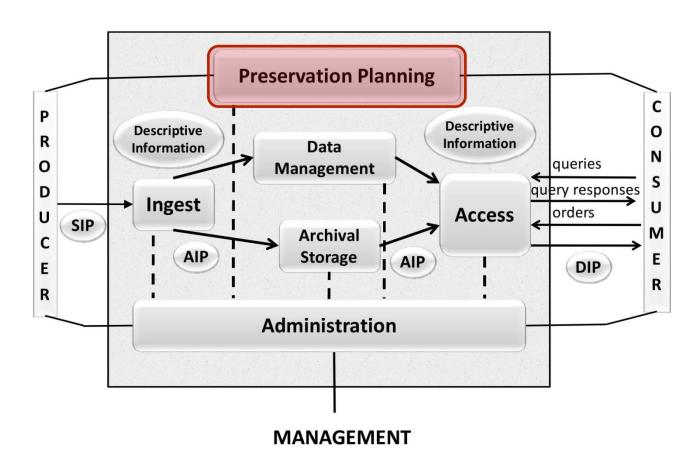
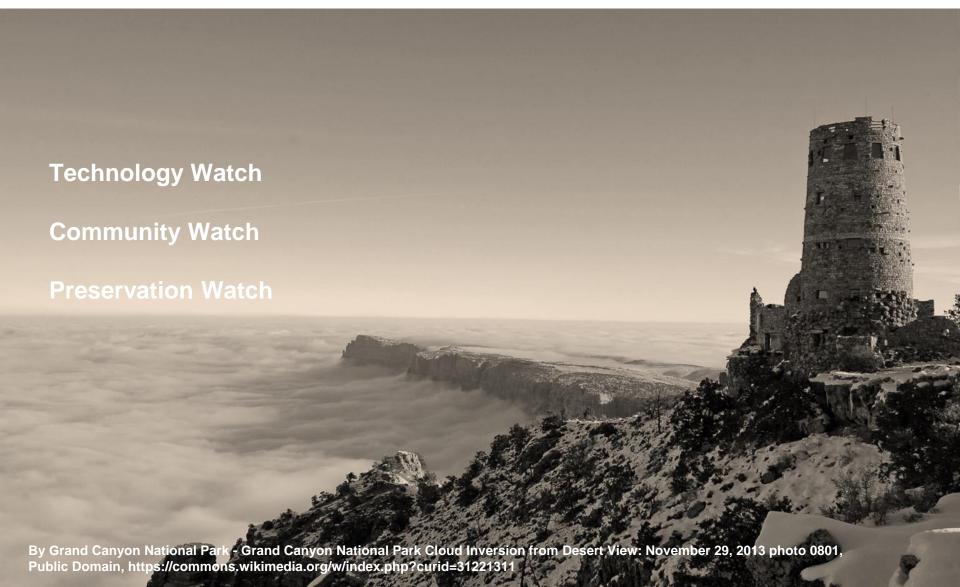


Figure 4-1: OAIS Functional Entities

Watch





Monitor the Risk of Obsolescence



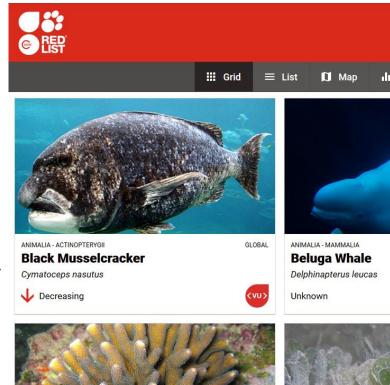
Indicators for Obsolescence:

Ryan (2014): Who's afraid of file format obsolescence?

- conducted and evaluated expert interviews
- compared 21 indicators

"the only factor that can be considered a direct cause to file format endangerment is rendering software available. Secondary factors to this are specifications available and community/3rd party support"

Ryan (2014), p.210



View Paths



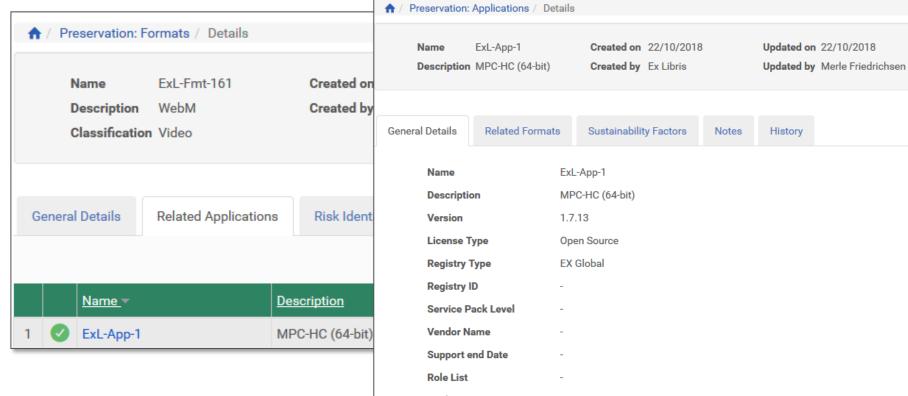
View paths for the majority of file formats in TIBs AV holdings

Format	View Path
Container: MPEG-4 Video: AVC	Intel® Core™ i7-8700 - Windows 10 - Windows Media Player Version 12
Audio: AAC, Version 4	Intel® Core™ i5-3470 – Windows 8.1 Pro – VLC Media Player Version 2.2.2
Container: WebM Video: VP8	Intel® Core™ i7-8700 – Windows 10 – MPC-HC Version 1.7.13
Audio: Vorbis	Intel® Core™ i5-3470 – Windows 8.1 Pro – VLC Media Player Version 2.2.2
Container: MPEG-PS Video: MPEG Video, Version 2	Intel® Core™ i7-8700 - Windows 10 - Windows Media Player Version 12
Audio: MPEG Audio, Version 1	Intel® Core™ i5-3470 – Windows 8.1 Pro – VLC Media Player Version 2.2.2

Concept View Paths: Steenbakkers, Johan F. (2005): Digital Archiving in the Twenty-First Century: Practice at the National Library of the Netherlands

View Paths





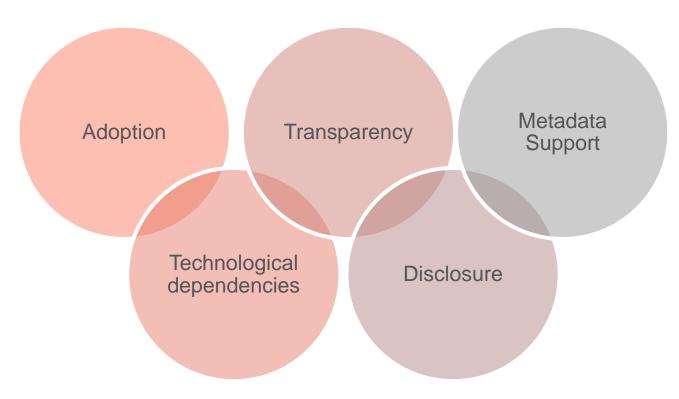
Registry ID Service Pack Level Vendor Name Support end Date Role List Deployment Alias Family Default File Format
Local Fields

hardware platformIntel (R) Core (TM) i7-8700 - Windows 10
Field Description Hardware Platform on which the software runs, CPU

Outlook - Migration



Migrate to a suitable format



According to Todd, Malcolm, 2009. File formats for preservation: Technology Watch Report.

Outlook - Migration



Preservation Planning with Rosetta

- extract technical metadata upon ingest
- automated risk report (based on view paths)
- creating sets on the base of risk report (and additional technical metadata, collection, rights...)
- define evaluation criteria
- define tool for migration (internal or external)
- run test and analyse results (automated or manual)
- sign-off preservation plan (or refine)

Future work:

develop a migration plugin for our archival software (Rosetta) to migrate to ffv1 / mkv (with ffmpeg)

References



Pearson, David; Webb, Colin (2008): Defining File Format Obsolescence: A Risky Journey. In *IJDC* 3 (1), pp. 89–106. DOI: 10.2218/ijdc.v3i1.44.

Recommended Practice CCSDS 650.0-M-2, June 2012: Reference Model for an Open Archival Information System (OAIS). Available online at https://public.ccsds.org/pubs/650x0m2.pdf.

Ryan, Heather M. (2014): Who's afraid of File Format Obsolescence? Evaluating File Format Endangerment Levels and Factors for the Creation of a File Format Endangerment Index. University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. School of Information and Library Science. Available online at https://cdr.lib.unc.edu/record/uuid:86e05605-97e3-40de-927a-ce5f5a6fa4d0.

Steenbakkers, Johan F. (2005): Digital Archiving in the Twenty-First Century: Practice at the National Library of the Netherlands. In *Library Trends* 54 (1), pp. 33–56. DOI: 10.1353/lib.2006.0010.

Todd, Malcolm (2009): File formats for preservation. Technology Watch Report. Available online at https://www.dpconline.org/component/docman/?task=doc_download&gid=375.

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Contact

Merle Friedrich T +49 511 762-14274, merle.friedrich@tib.eu



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