23-11-2024 STEP Practice: Problem 22 (2011.02.07)

S_n =
$$a + ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + ... + ar^{n-1} = \underbrace{a(1-r^n)}_{1-r} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} ar^{i-1}$$

i)
$$u_n = \lambda^n + \mu^n$$
, $b_n = \lambda^n - \mu^n$, $\lambda = 1 + \sqrt{2}$, $\mu = 1 - \sqrt{2}$

$$\sum_{r=1}^{n} b_r = \sum_{r=1}^{n} \lambda^r - \sum_{r=1}^{n} \mu^r$$

$$= \underbrace{[1 - \lambda^n]}_{1 - \lambda} - \underbrace{[1 - \mu^n]}_{1 - \lambda} + \lambda^n - \mu^n$$

$$= [1-3^{n}][1-4^{n}][1-3] + 3^{n}$$

$$= \frac{[1-\lambda^{n}][1-\mu] - [1-\mu^{n}][1-\lambda]}{[1-\lambda][1-\mu]} + \lambda^{n} - \mu^{n}$$

$$= \frac{[1-\lambda^{n}][X-X+\sqrt{2}] - [1-\mu^{n}][X-X-\sqrt{2}]}{[1-\lambda^{n}][X-X-\sqrt{2}]} + \lambda^{n} - \mu^{n}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2[1-\lambda^n]} + \sqrt{2[1-\mu^n]} + \lambda^n - \mu^n}{-2}$$

$$= -\sqrt{2} \left[1 - \lambda^{n} + 1 - \mu^{n} \right] + \lambda^{n} - \mu^{n}$$

$$= -\frac{12}{2} [2 - 1^{2} - \mu^{2}] + 1^{2} - \mu^{2}$$

=
$$-\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{12} \left[\left[\left[\left[1 + \sqrt{2} \right] \right] \right]^{n} + \left[1 - \sqrt{2} \right] \mu^{n} \right]$$

= $-\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{12} \left[\left[2^{n+1} + \mu^{n+1} \right] \right]$
= $-\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{12} \left[2^{n+1} + \mu^{n+1} \right]$

$$b_n = \lambda^n - \mu^n$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} \lambda^{i} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda^{i-1} + \lambda^{n}$$

$$= \underbrace{1 \cdot [1 - \lambda^n]}_{1 - \lambda} + \lambda^n$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} \mu^{i} = \frac{1 \cdot [1 - \mu^{n}]}{1 - \mu} + \mu^{n}$$

$$\sum_{r=0}^{n} u_{r} = \frac{[1-\lambda^{n}]}{1-\lambda} + \frac{[1-\mu^{n}]}{1-\mu} + \lambda^{n} + \mu^{n}$$

$$= \frac{[1-\lambda^{n}][1-\mu]}{1-\mu} + \frac{[1-\mu^{n}][1-\lambda]}{1-\mu} + \lambda^{n} + \mu^{n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{[1-\lambda^{n}]}{1-\mu} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} + \lambda^{n} + \mu^{n}$$

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$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{[1-\lambda^{n}]}{1-\mu} + \frac{1}{2} \frac$$

ii) It n is odd.

= 1/2 bn+1

 $=\frac{1}{2}[b_n^2 + 2\sqrt{2}a_nb_n + 2a_n^2] = \frac{1}{2}[b_n + \sqrt{2}a_n]^2$

$$\sum_{m=0}^{2n} \sum_{r=0}^{m} a_r = \frac{1}{2} b_{n+1}^2, if n \text{ is odd.} \quad Q.E.D.$$

If n is even:

$$\sum_{m=0}^{2n} \sum_{r=0}^{m} \alpha_r = \lambda \mu - \lambda^n \mu^n + \frac{1}{2} b_n^2 + 4 \overline{2} \alpha_n b_n + \alpha_n^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} b_n^2 + 4 \overline{2} \alpha_n b_n + \alpha_n^2 + 2 \lambda \mu : \lambda^n \mu^n = (-1)^n = 1 = -\lambda \mu \text{ if } n \text{ is even.}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} b_{n+1}^2 - 2$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^{n} u_{2i+1} = \sum_{i=0}^{n} \lambda^{2i+1} + \mu^{2i+1}$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{n} \lambda [\lambda^{2}]^{i} + \mu [\mu^{2}]^{i}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda [\lambda^{2}]^{i-1} + \mu [\mu^{2}]^{i-1} + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$= \lambda [1 - \lambda^{2n}] + \mu [1 - \mu^{2n}] + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$= \frac{\lambda[1-\lambda^{2n}]}{1-\lambda^{2}} + \frac{\mu[1-\mu^{2n}]}{1-\mu^{2}} + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$= \frac{\lambda-\lambda^{2n+1}}{1-\mu^{2}} + \frac{\mu-\mu^{2n+1}}{1-\mu^{2}} + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$= [\lambda - \lambda^{2n+1}][1 - \mu^{2}] + [\mu - \mu^{2n+1}][1 - \lambda^{2}] + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$= [1 - \lambda^{2}][1 - \mu^{2}]$$

$$= [\lambda - \lambda^{2n+1}][2\sqrt{2} - 2] + [\mu - \mu^{2n+1}][-2\sqrt{2} - 2] + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$[2\sqrt{2} - 2][-2\sqrt{2} - 2]$$

$$= -2\mu[\lambda - \lambda^{2n+1}] - 2\lambda[\mu - \mu^{2n+1}] + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$4\lambda\mu$$

$$= \frac{[\lambda - 1^{2n+1}][2\sqrt{2} - 2] + [\mu - \mu^{2n+1}][-2\sqrt{2} - 2] + 1^{2n+1}}{[2\sqrt{2} - 2] + 2^{2n+1}}$$

$$= \frac{-2\mu[\lambda - \lambda^{2n+1}] - 2\lambda[\mu - \mu^{2n+1}]}{4\lambda\mu} + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}[1 - \lambda^{2n}] - \frac{1}{2}[1 - \mu^{2n}] + \lambda^{2n+1} + \mu^{2n+1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lambda^{2n} + \frac{1}{2} \mu^{2n} + \lambda \lambda^{2n} + \mu \mu^{2n} - 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}b_{n}^{2} + \lambda^{2}\mu^{n} + \alpha_{n}^{2} - 2\lambda^{2}\mu^{n} + \sqrt{2}\alpha_{n}b_{n} + \lambda^{2}\mu$$

$$=\frac{1}{2}b_{n}^{2}+\sqrt{2}a_{n}b_{n}+a_{n}^{2}-\sqrt{2}u^{n}+\lambda u$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}^2 - 2 & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \\ \frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}^2 & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \end{cases}$$

ici) It n is even:

$$\left(\frac{n}{r=0}a_{r}\right)^{2} - \frac{n}{r=0}a_{2r+1}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}\right]^{2} - \left[\frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}^{2} - 2\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}^{2} - \frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}^{2} + 2$$

$$= 2 \quad Q.E.D.$$

It n is odd
$$\circ$$

$$\left(\sum_{r=0}^{n} \alpha_r\right)^2 - \sum_{r=0}^{n} \alpha_{2r+1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}^2 - \frac{1}{2}b_{n+1}^2$$

= 0