MIRROR Persistence Service

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XMPP Integration

The MIRROR Persistence Service is registered as component of the XMPP domain and therefore acts on the same level as the MIRROR Spaces Service. Whilst the Spaces Service is mandatory within the MIRROR Spaces Framework (MSF), the Persistence Service is optional. In its current implementation, the service is realized as plug-in for the Openfire XMPP server.

Setting Up the Persistence Service

In order to use the Persistence Service, a new version of the MIRROR Spaces Plugin (version 0.5+) is required. Both plugins can be deployed by using the Openfire administration console or by copying the *.jar files in the plugins-directory of your installation.

Note: Existing spaces and data objects stored within the related pubsub nodes are preserved. It is therefore save to upgrade existing versions.

The Persistence Service has be registered at the Spaces Service in order to store data objects. To do so, activate the following entry on the administration console:

MIRROR Spaces ⇒ Settings ⇒ General Settings ⇒ Connect to the MIRROR Persistence Service

Due to some changes to the space configuration (see below), an update of the MIRROR Spaces SDKs used for application development is required. Compatible implementations of the MIRROR Spaces SDK are:

- Spaces SDK for Java 1.2+
- Spaces SDK for Android 1.2+
- Spaces SDK for JavaScript 1.2+

Note: New versions of the MIRROR Spaces SDK works also for old version of the MIRROR Spaces Service. An application using the latest SDK can therefore connect to all MSF domains.

Configure a Space to Be Persisted

More details on XMPP communication in general and the space configuration in particular can be found in the <u>documentation</u> of the MIRROR Spaces Service.

The space configuration has been slightly modified to support the persistence service. The spaces#persistent field now has three valid options:

- 1. false to disable persistence of data objects published on the pubsub node of the space.
- 2. true to enable persistence without any limitations to the lifetime of published data objects. Data objects can still be deleted manually.
- 3. A XSD <u>duration</u> string.¹ The given duration specifies the lifetime of all *subsequently* published data objects. Expired data objects will be purged automatically.

```
[...]
<configure>
 <x xmlns="jabber:x:data" type="submit">
   <field var="FORM TYPE" type="hidden">
     <value>
       urn:xmpp:spaces:config
     </value>
   </field>
   <field var="spaces#type">
      <value>team</value>
    </field>
    <field var="spaces#persistent">
      <value>P1D</value>
   <field var="spaces#name">
     <value>TOP team</value>
   </field>
   <field var="spaces#members">
     <value>john.doe@mydomain</value>
     <value>jane.doe@mydomain</value>
   </field>
    <field var="spaces#moderators">
      <value>john.doe@mydomain</value>
   </field>
  </x>
</configure>
[...]
```

Note: In the current implementation, only instances of MIRROR data models are persisted, i.e., data objects with a namespace mirror: *.

Accessing the Persistence Service

If a space is configured to be persisted, an additional space channel is available representing Persistence Service XMPP component:

¹ Further examples for xsd:duration strings can be found <u>here</u>.

Querying Data Objects

Queries are performed by sending an IQ stanza of type GET to the Persistence Service component. The IQ contains a single child named query with the namespace urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence. Each query has the following structure:

```
<query xmlns="urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence">
  <!-- space or id information -->
  <!-- filters (optional) -->
  </query>
```

As response either an IQ of type RESULT is sent to the client, containing a list of data objects (which may be empty), or IQ of type ERROR.

Data objects can be queried either by space or by data object identifiers. For both options commands are available to address multiple entities.

Query by ID

If the ID for a data object is known, e.g. as reference, object can be retrieved using the following query:

```
<query xmlns="urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence">
    <object id="41692734-a6a2-46c2-89eb-ea3644272a16" />
    </query>
```

To request multiple objects in a single query, you can place multiple object elements within an objects tag:

```
<query xmlns="urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence">
    <objects>
        <object id="41692734-a6a2-46c2-89eb-ea3644272a16" />
             <object id="d49996ba-338d-4695-adcb-65a068f4555c" />
             </objects>
        </query>
```

Queries by ID are performed over all spaces persisted by the service. The MIRROR Spaces Access Model (MSAM) is applied to all queries. If the requesting user is not allowed to access one or more of the requested data objects, i.e., one of the spaces the data objects are published on, the respective error is returned.

Query by Space

It is also possible to retrieve all data objects stored for a space or even multiple spaces.

```
<query xmlns="urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence">
    <objectsForSpace id="team#123" />
    </query>
```

```
<query xmlns="urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence">
  <objectsForSpaces>
        <space id="orga#5" />
        <space id="team#123" />
        </objectsForSpaces>
  </query>
```

Filter Queries

Filters can be applied to all queries to restrict the result to data objects with specific properties. They are specified within the query in a filters tag right after the entity selection, e.g.:

It is possible to combine different filters for further restriction. The following filters are available:

Period of Publishing

Description	Restricts the period in time the data object was published.
Attributes	• from

	Specifies the earliest point in time the object was published. Optional. • to Specifies the latest point in time the object was published. Optional
Example	<pre><period from="2013-04-09T10:30:00+01:00" to="2013-04-09T11:00:00+01:00"></period></pre>

Publisher

Description	Only data objects from the given publisher (bare-JID or full-JID) are returned Removes all non-personalized data objects.
Example	<pre><publisher> alice@mirror-demo.eu </publisher></pre>

Namespace

Description	Restricts the query to specific namespaces, e.g. "mirror:application:moodmap:mood".
Attributes	compareType Defines the type of comparision. Either "strict" (default), "contains", or "regex". The choice influences also the performance of the filter. Optional.
Example	<pre><namespace comparetype="contains"> mirror:application:moodmap </namespace></pre>

Data Model

Description	Filter for data model information.
Attributes	 namespace Namespace of the data model the data object have to implement. Checked for equality. version Version of the data model. Optional.
Example	<pre><datamodel namespace="mirror:application:ping:ping" version="1.0"></datamodel></pre>

Object Reference

Description	Request only data objects which refer to a specific object.
Attributes	id Data object identifier of the referenced object.
Example	<references id="d49996ba-338d-4695-adcb-65a068f4555c"></references>

Deleting Data Objects

Data objects can be deleted manually by sending an IQ SET request to the Persistence Service component:

```
<delete xmlns="urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence">
   <object id="d49996ba-338d-4695-adcb-65a068f4555c" />
   </delete>
```

```
<delete xmlns="urn:xmpp:spaces:persistence">
    <objects>
        <object id="41692734-a6a2-46c2-89eb-ea3644272a16" />
            <object id="d49996ba-338d-4695-adcb-65a068f4555c" />
            </objects>
        </delete>
```

As the lifetime of a data object is usually handled by the service itself, this operation is only permitted for space moderators. It is possible to break object dependencies by deleting objects manually.