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[Step 1] Apply policy to restrict permissions on bucket

We use put_bucket_policy to set the bucket policy and use get_bucket_policy to retrieve the bucket policy. The python script and the output are shown below:

```
step_1.py X
2022s2 > cits5503 > labs > lab4 > ♣ step_1.py > ...
        import boto3
       import json
   2
       BUCKET = '22792191-cloudstorage'
        s3 = boto3.client("s3")
   5
        bucket_policy = {
            "Version": "2012-10-17".
            "Statement": {
            "Sid": "AllowAllS3ActionsInUserFolderForUserOnly",
  10
            "Effect": "DENY",
  11
  12
            "Principal": "*",
            "Action": "s3:*",
  13
  14
            "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::22792191-cloudstorage/*",
            "Condition": {
  15
              "StringNotLike": {
  16
  17
                   "aws:username":"22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"
  18
  19
  20
  21
  22
        bucket_policy = json.dumps(bucket_policy)
  23
        s3.put_bucket_policy(Bucket=BUCKET, Policy=bucket_policy)
  25
        result = s3.get_bucket_policy(Bucket=BUCKET)
  27
        print(result['Policy'])
 PROBLEMS
            OUTPUT
                     TERMINAL
                               JUPYTER
                                        DEBUG CONSOLE
moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4$ python3 step_1.py
 {"Version":"2012-10-17", "Statement":[{"Sid":"AllowAllS3ActionsInUserFolderForUs
 erOnly", "Effect": "Deny", "Principal": "*", "Action": "s3:*", "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:
 ::22792191-cloudstorage/rootdir/*", "Condition":{"StringNotLike":{"aws:username"
 :"22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"}}}]]
```

[Step 2] AES Encryption using KMS

We use create_key() and create_alias() to create a key and add the alias. The python script and the output are shown below

```
create_KMS.py X
2022s2 > cits5503 > labs > lab4 > 🕏 create_KMS.py > ...
       import boto3
       client = boto3.client('kms')
       # create kms key
       keyInfo = client.create_key(
           Description='22792191-kms-key',
           Tags=[{
                'TagKey':'Name',
  10
                'TagValue':'22792191-kms-key'
  11
       }1)
       key_id = keyInfo['KeyMetadata']['KeyId']
  12
       key_region = keyInfo['KeyMetadata']['Arn']
  13
       # create alias
       client.create_alias(AliasName='alias/22792191', TargetKeyId=key_id)
  17
       print('key_id is:' + key_id)
       print('key_region is: '+ key_region)
 PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                    TERMINAL
                              JUPYTER
                                       DEBUG CONSOLE
moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4$ python3 create_KMS.py
 key_id is:626af620-50ae-41e9-8f51-74a1bec20f64
 key_region is: arn:aws:kms:ap-southeast-2:523265914192:key/626af620-50ae-41e9-8f51-74a1bec
 20f64
```

We use put_key_policy() set the key policy, and get_key_policy() to retrieve it. The python script is shown below:

```
🕏 new_kms_policy.py 🗙
2022s2 > cits5503 > labs > lab4 > 💠 new_kms_policy.py > ...
       import boto3
       import json
       client = boto3.client("kms")
  5
       KEYID = '626af620-50ae-41e9-8f51-74a1bec20f64'
       key_policy = {
         "Version": "2012-10-17",
         "Id": "key-consolepolicy-3",
 10
         "Statement": [
 11
              "Sid": "Enable IAM User Permissions",
 12
 13
              "Effect": "Allow",
 14
              "Principal": {
                "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:root"
 15
 16
 17
              "Action": "kms:*",
              "Resource": "*"
 18
 19
           },
              "Sid": "Allow access for Key Administrators",
 21
              "Effect": "Allow",
 22
 23
              "Principal": {
                "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:user/22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"
 24
 25
              },
 26
              "Action": [
 27
                "kms:Create*",
 28
                "kms:Describe*",
 29
                "kms:Enable*",
                "kms:List*".
 30
                "kms:Put*",
 31
 32
                "kms:Update*",
                "kms:Revoke*",
 34
                "kms:Disable*",
                "kms:Get*",
                "kms:Delete*",
 36
 37
                "kms: TagResource",
                "kms:UntagResource",
 39
                "kms:ScheduleKeyDeletion",
                "kms:CancelKeyDeletion"
```

```
41
           "Resource": "*"
         },
           "Sid": "Allow use of the key",
           "Effect": "Allow",
           "Principal": {
             "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:user/22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"
           "Action": [
51
             "kms:Encrypt",
             "kms:Decrypt",
52
             "kms:ReEncrypt*",
             "kms:GenerateDataKey*",
             "kms:DescribeKey"
56
           ],
           "Resource": "*"
         },
60
           "Sid": "Allow attachment of persistent resources",
           "Effect": "Allow",
           "Principal": {
62
              "AWS": "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:user/22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"
           },
           "Action": [
             "kms:CreateGrant",
             "kms:ListGrants",
             "kms:RevokeGrant"
           ],
70
           "Resource": "*",
71
           "Condition": {
72
             "Bool": {
               "kms:GrantIsForAWSResource": "true"
74
75
           }
76
78
79
80
     key_policy = json.dumps(key_policy)
82
     client.put_key_policy(KeyId=KEYID, Policy=key_policy, PolicyName='default')
     result = client.get_key_policy(KeyId=KEYID, PolicyName='default')
83
     print(result['Policy'])
84
```

The output is shown below:

```
moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4$ python3 new kms policy.py
   "Version": "2012-10-17",
   "Id" : "key-consolepolicy-3",
   "Statement" : [ {
    "Sid" : "Enable IAM User Permissions",
    "Effect" : "Allow",
    "Principal" : {
      "AWS" : "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:root"
    "Resource" : "*"
     "Sid" : "Allow access for Key Administrators",
    "Effect" : "Allow",
     "Principal" : {
      "AWS" : "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:user/22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"
    kms:Update*", "kms:Revoke*", "kms:Disable*", "kms:Get*", "kms:Delete*", "kms:TagResource",
  "kms:UntagResource", "kms:ScheduleKeyDeletion", "kms:CancelKeyDeletion"],
     "Resource" : "*"
  }, {
    "Sid" : "Allow use of the key",
    "Effect" : "Allow",
     "Principal" : {
      "AWS" : "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:user/22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"
     },
"Action" : [ "kms:Encrypt", "kms:Decrypt", "kms:ReEncrypt*", "kms:GenerateDataKey*", "
 kms:DescribeKey ],
"Resource": "*"
     "Sid" : "Allow attachment of persistent resources",
    "Effect" : "Allow",
"Principal" : {
      "AWS" : "arn:aws:iam::523265914192:user/22792191@student.uwa.edu.au"
     "Action" : [ "kms:CreateGrant", "kms:ListGrants", "kms:RevokeGrant" ],
    "Resource" : "*",
     "Condition" : {
      "Bool" : {
        "kms:GrantIsForAWSResource": "true"
```

The following works for encryptions and decryptions are written in a python file called encryptions.py.

1. before we executing the script, we create a text file kms.txt and write Hello World!!! into it.

```
moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4$ touch kms.txt
• moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4$ nano kms.txt
• moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4$ cat kms.txt
Hello World!!!
```

2. import libraries and define necessary variables.

```
encryptions.py X
2022s2 > cits5503 > labs > lab4 > 🕏 encryptions.py > 🕥 decrypt_data_key
       import boto3
       import base64
   2
       from cryptography.fernet import Fernet
       client = boto3.client("kms")
  5
       s3 = boto3.client("s3")
  6
       KEY_ID = '626af620-50ae-41e9-8f51-74a1bec20f64'
       KEY_SPEC = 'AES_256'
  8
       FILENAME = 'kms.txt'
       BUCKET = '22792191-cloudstorage'
 10
 11
       NUM BYTES FOR LEN = 4
```

3. create_data_key() is for generating the data key from the previous generated kms key. encrypt_file() is for encrypting kms.txt and uploading it to the bucket.

```
def create_data_key():
   response = client.generate_data_key(KeyId=KEY_ID, KeySpec=KEY_SPEC)
    data_key_encrypted = response['CiphertextBlob']
   data_key_plaintext = base64.b64encode(response['Plaintext'])
   print('Encrypted data key: '+ str(data_key_encrypted))
   print('Plaintext data key: '+ str(data_key_plaintext))
   return data_key_encrypted, data_key_plaintext
def encrypt file():
    data_key_encrypted, data_key_plaintext = create_data_key()
   with open(FILENAME, 'rb') as file:
                file_contents = file.read()
    f = Fernet(data_key_plaintext)
   file_contents_encrypted = f.encrypt(file_contents)
    with open(FILENAME + '.encrypted', 'wb') as file_encrypted:
        file_encrypted.write(len(data_key_encrypted).to_bytes(NUM_BYTES_FOR_LEN,
                                                                byteorder='big'))
        file encrypted.write(data key encrypted)
        file encrypted.write(file contents encrypted)
    # upload encrypted file to s3 bucket
    with open(FILENAME, 'rb') as file:
       s3.upload_fileobj(file, BUCKET, FILENAME,
                          ExtraArgs={'ServerSideEncryption': "aws:kms", "SSEKMSKeyId":KEY ID}
```

4. decrypt_data_key() is for decrypting the data key from the encrypted data key. decrypt_file() is for decrypting the file kms.txt downloaded from the bucket.

```
def decrypt_data_key(data_key_encrypted):
    # Decrypt the data key
    kms client = boto3.client('kms')
    response = kms client.decrypt(CiphertextBlob=data key encrypted)
    return base64.b64encode((response['Plaintext']))
def decrypt_file():
    # download file from cloud
    s3.download_file(BUCKET, FILENAME, FILENAME)
    with open(FILENAME + '.encrypted', 'rb') as file:
        file contents = file.read()
    data_key_encrypted_len = int.from_bytes(file_contents[:NUM_BYTES_FOR_LEN],
                                            byteorder='big') + NUM_BYTES_FOR_LEN
    data_key_encrypted = file_contents[NUM_BYTES_FOR_LEN:data_key_encrypted_len]
    # Decrypt the data key before using it
    data_key_plaintext = decrypt_data_key(data_key_encrypted)
    # Decrypt the rest of the file
    f = Fernet(data_key_plaintext)
    file_contents_decrypted = f.decrypt(file_contents[data_key_encrypted_len:])
    # Write the decrypted file contents
    with open(FILENAME + '.decrypted', 'wb') as file_decrypted:
        file_decrypted.write(file_contents_decrypted)
encrypt_file()
decrypt_file()
```

The output for generating data key:

moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4\$ python3 encryptions.py

Plaintext data key: b'wLxMMq8eSVVovdh/W3ydVAZ2Sd04ZW90VqLxzpz4WLs='

The output for encrypting and decrypting kms.txt file:

Server-side encryption settings of kms.txt.encrypted in AWS console

Server-side encryption settings

Server-side encryption protects data at rest. Learn more 🔀

Default encryption

Enabled

Encryption key type

AWS Key Management Service key (SSE-KMS)

AWS KMS key ARN

arn:aws:kms:ap-southeast-2:523265914192:key/626af620-50ae-41e9-8f51-74a1bec20f64 7

[Step 3] AES Encryption using local python library pycryptodome

1. we modify the file name into kms.txt, and upload the encrypted file kms.txt.enc into the bucket. The python code is shown below:

```
fileencrypt.py X
2022s2 > cits5503 > labs > lab4 > ♦ fileencrypt.py > ...
       import os, random, struct, boto3, base64, hashlib
       from Crypto.Cipher import AES
      from Crypto import Random
      BLOCK SIZE = 16
      CHUNK_SIZE = 64 * 1024
       def encrypt_file(password, in_filename, out_filename):
           key = hashlib.sha256(password.encode("utf-8")).digest()
           iv = Random.new().read(AES.block size)
           encryptor = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CBC, iv)
           filesize = os.path.getsize(in_filename)
           with open(in_filename, 'rb') as infile:
               with open(out_filename, 'wb') as outfile:
                   outfile.write(struct.pack('<Q', filesize))</pre>
                   outfile.write(iv)
                   while True:
                       chunk = infile.read(CHUNK_SIZE)
                       if len(chunk) == 0:
                           break
                       elif len(chunk) % 16 != 0:
                           chunk += ' '.encode("utf-8") * (16 - len(chunk) % 16)
                       outfile.write(encryptor.encrypt(chunk))
       def decrypt_file(password, in_filename, out_filename):
           key = hashlib.sha256(password.encode("utf-8")).digest()
           with open(in_filename, 'rb') as infile:
               origsize = struct.unpack('<Q', infile.read(struct.calcsize('Q')))[0]</pre>
               iv = infile.read(16)
               decryptor = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CBC, iv)
               with open(out_filename, 'wb') as outfile:
                   while True:
                       chunk = infile.read(CHUNK_SIZE)
                       if len(chunk) == 0:
                           break
                       outfile.write(decryptor.decrypt(chunk))
                   outfile.truncate(origsize)
       password = 'kitty and the kat'
       encrypt_file(password,"kms.txt", out_filename="kms.txt.enc")
       decrypt file(password, "kms.txt.enc", out filename="kms.txt.dec")
       with open('kms.txt.enc', 'rb') as file:
 45
           boto3.client("s3").upload_fileobj[file, '22792191-cloudstorage', "kms.txt.enc"]
```

2. Using cat kms.txt.enc to look at the encrypted file.

3. Server-side encryption settings of kms.txt.enc in AWS console:

Server-side encryption settings Server-side encryption protects data at rest. Learn more Default encryption Disabled Server-side encryption

None

4. Decrypt your encrypted file, present the content. Using cat kms.txt.dec.

moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4\$ cat kms.txt.dec
Hello World!!!

Q: What is the performance difference between using KMS and using the custom solution?

A: In terms of the performance of encryption, both of them can encrypt the message inside the file and make it unreadable. However, the custom solution takes longer to be executed compare to using KMS to encrypt and decrypt files, which means using KMS has a better performance. It may be because the custom solution uses sha256 function in the hashlib of Python as the encryption method to encrypt and decrypt file which may need a certain amount of computation resources to be executed.

The shell script for time calculation and output are shown below:

```
$ duration.sh X
2022s2 > cits5503 > labs > lab4 > $ duration.sh
      #!/bin/bash
      function timediff() {
          start_time=$1
          end_time=$2
          start_s=${start_time%.*}
           start_nanos=${start_time#*.}
          end_s=${end_time%.*}
          end_nanos=${end_time#*.}
          if [ "$end_nanos" -lt "$start_nanos" ];then
               end_s=$(( 10#$end_s - 1 ))
               end_nanos=$(( 10#$end_nanos + 10**9 ))
           fi
           time=$(( 10#$end_s - 10#$start_s )).$(( (10#$end_nanos - 10#$start_nanos)/10**6 )
           echo $time
      start=$(date +"%s.%N")
      python3 fileencrypt.py
      end=$(date +"%s.%N")
 19
      echo "Total execution time for custom solution:"
      timediff $start $end
      start=$(date +"%s.%N")
 21
      python3 fileencrypt.py
      end=$(date +"%s.%N")
      echo "Total execution time for using KSM:"
      timediff $start $end
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                   TERMINAL
                             JUPYTER
                                      DEBUG CONSOLE
moebuta@Lenovo-MoeBuTa:~/2022s2/cits5503/labs/lab4$ ./duration.sh
Total execution time for custom solution:
0.615
Total execution time for using KSM:
0.511
```