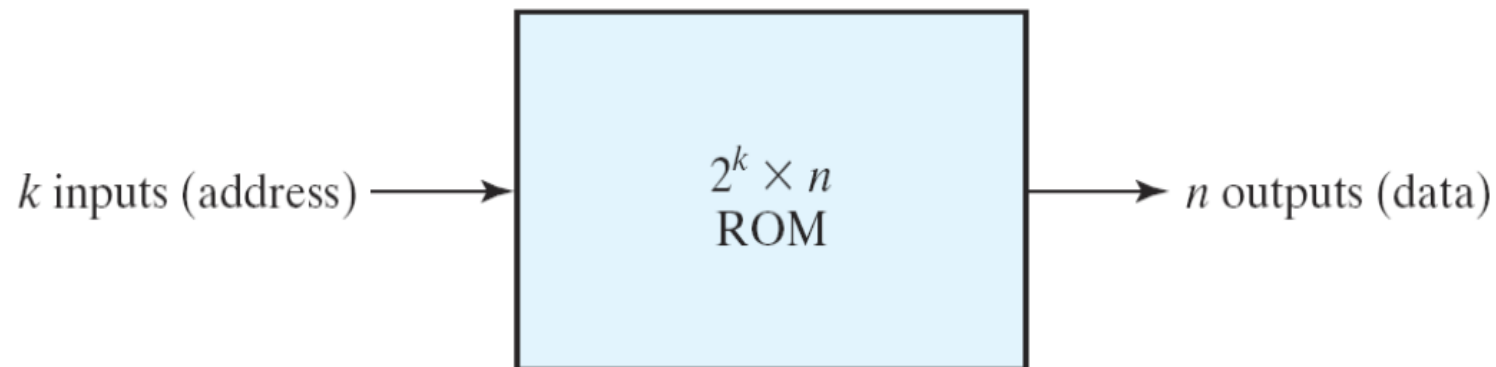


Chapter 7

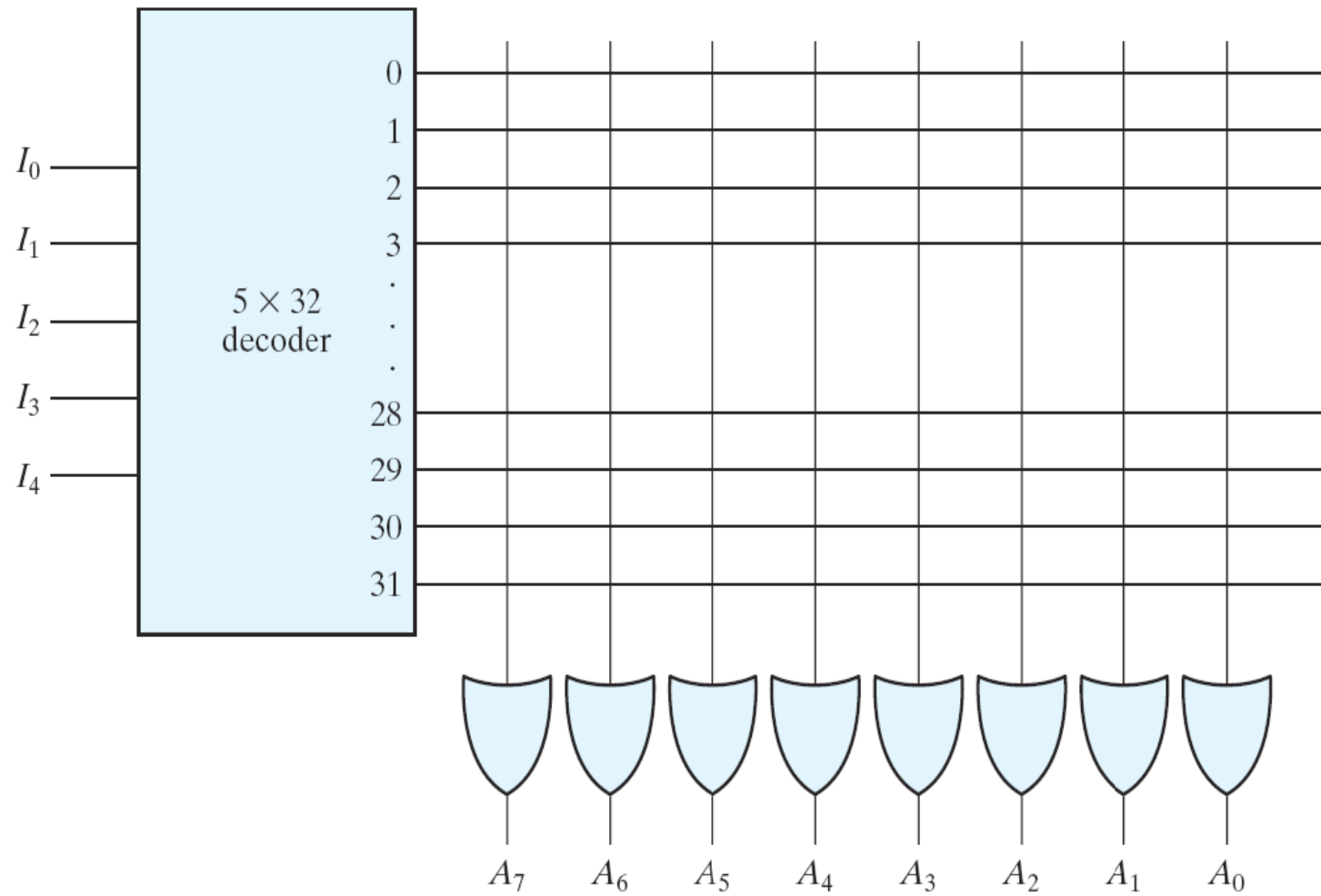
ROM, PLA, PAL, SPLD

Read Only Memory

- Permanent Storage
- Allows for configuration of devices to be stored on device without requiring load



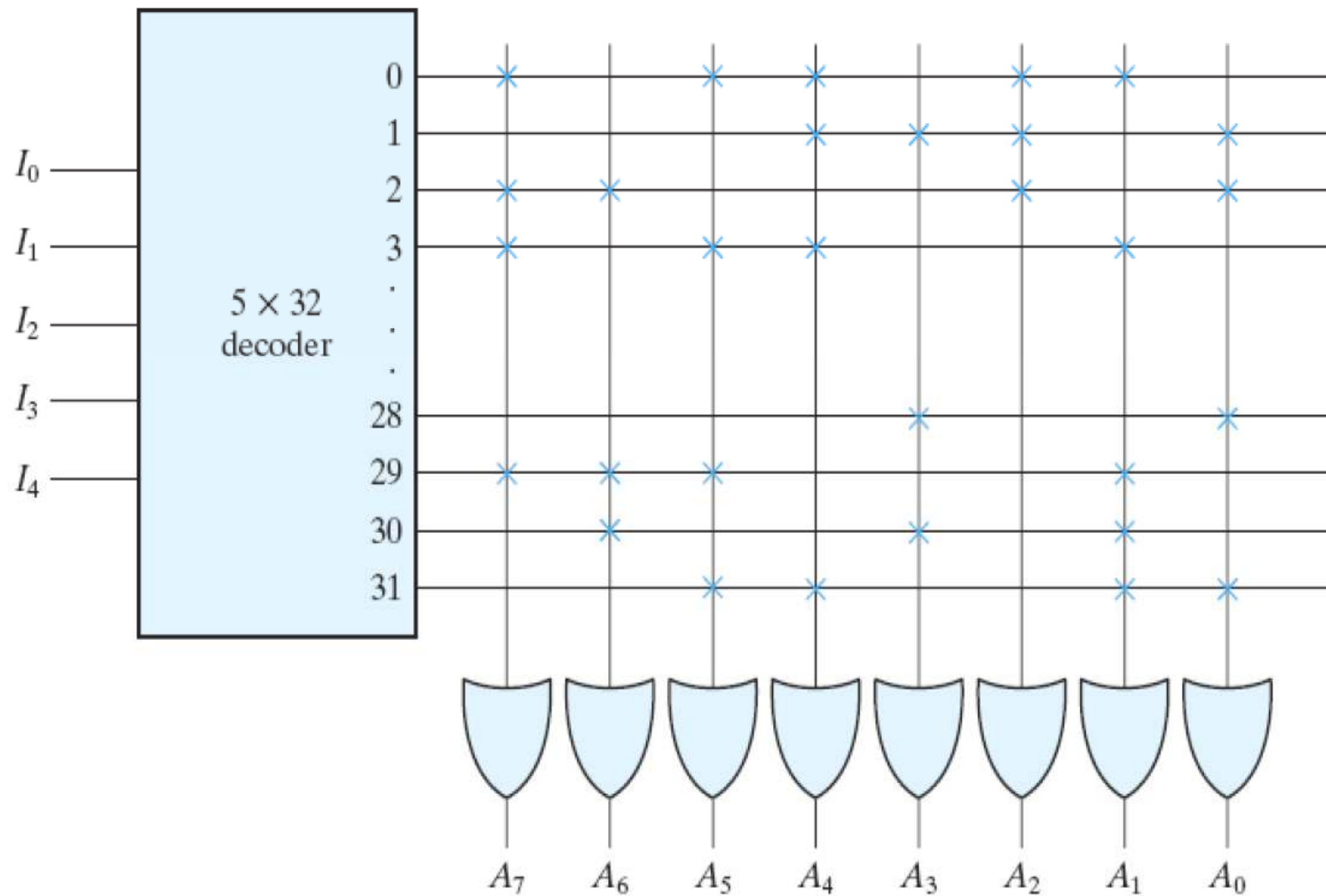
32x8 ROM



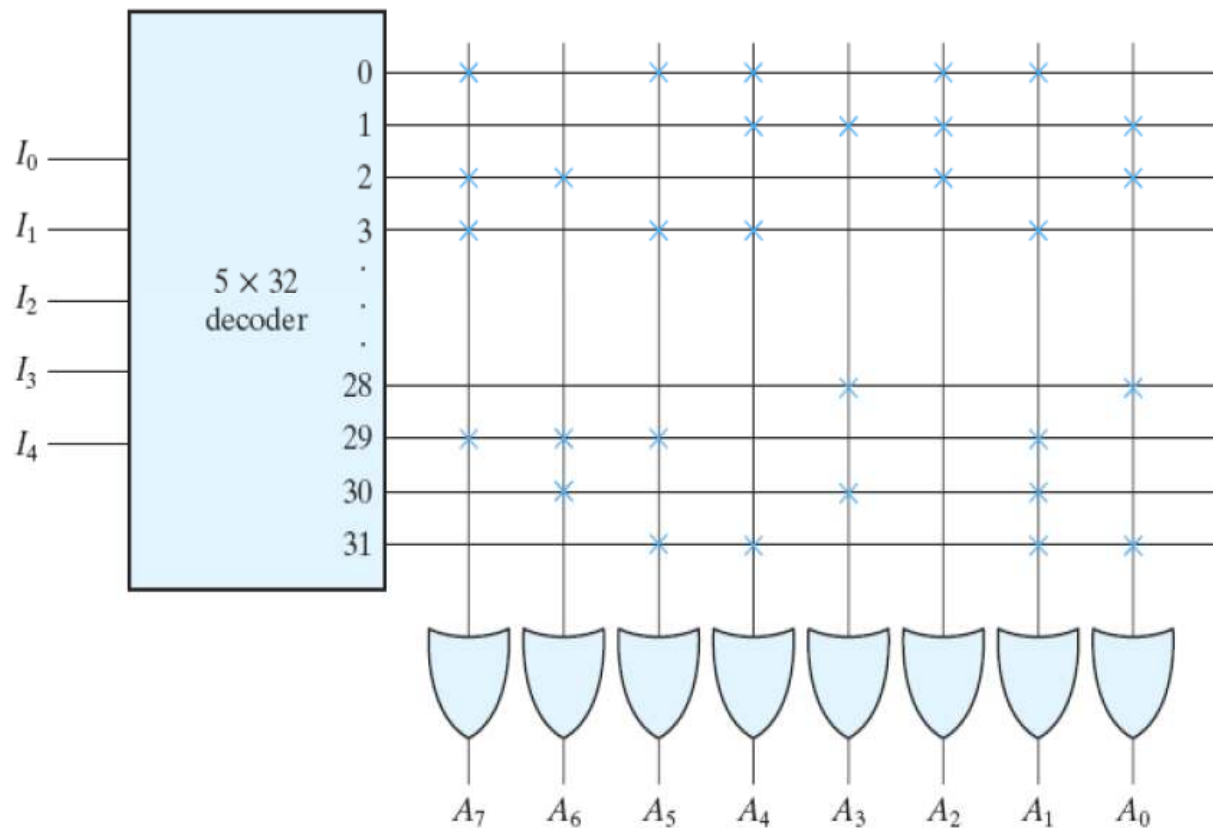
ROM Truth Table

Inputs					Outputs							
I_4	I_3	I_2	I_1	I_0	A_7	A_6	A_5	A_4	A_3	A_2	A_1	A_0
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
		\vdots						\vdots				
1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1

Configured ROM



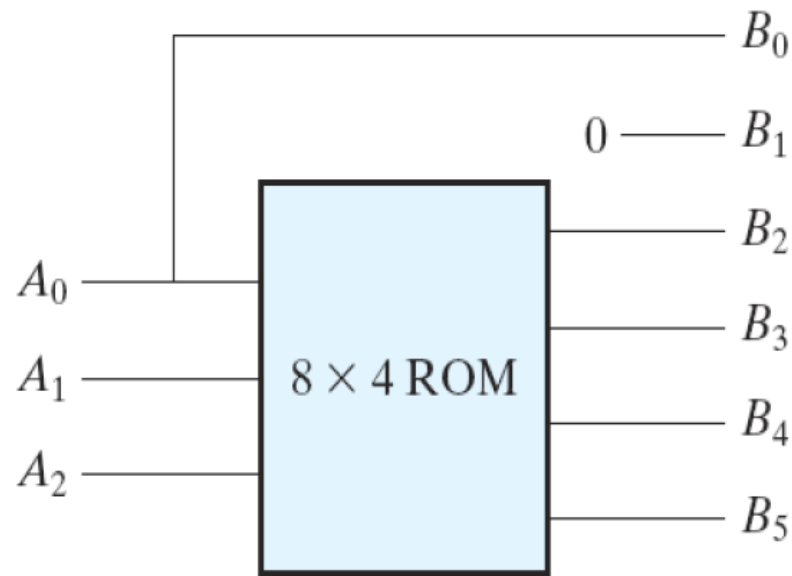
ROM as a Combinational Circuit



ROM 'Circuit' Example

Inputs			Outputs						Decimal
A_2	A_1	A_0	B_5	B_4	B_3	B_2	B_1	B_0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	9
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	16
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	25
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	36
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	49

ROM 'Circuit' Example



(a) Block diagram

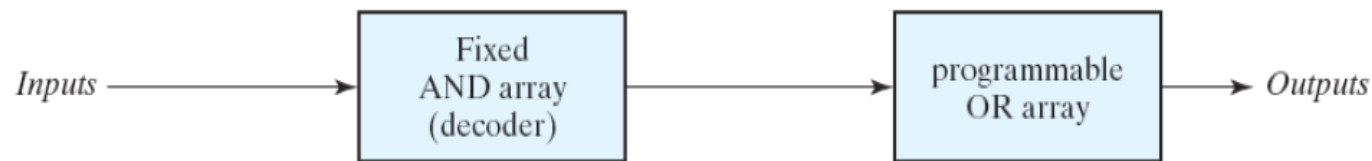
A_2	A_1	A_0	B_5	B_4	B_3	B_2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	0	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	0	0

(b) ROM truth table

4 Types of ROMs

- Mask Programming
 - Done during the fab process
- Programmable ROM (PROM)
 - All fuses are intact (set to 1) and are 'Blown'
- Erasable PROM (EPROM)
 - Ultraviolet light used to reprogram
- Electronically Erasable PROM (EEPROM)
 - Programmed connections can be erased via signal

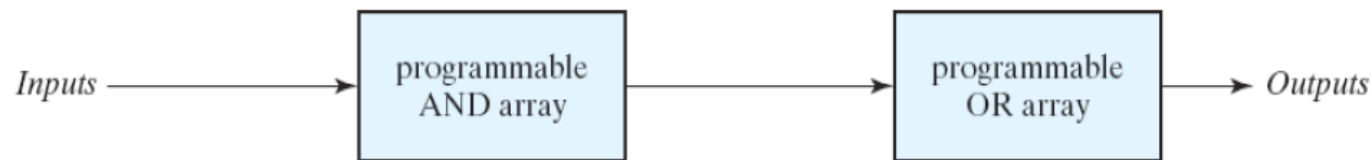
Combinational PLDs



(a) Programmable read-only memory (PROM)

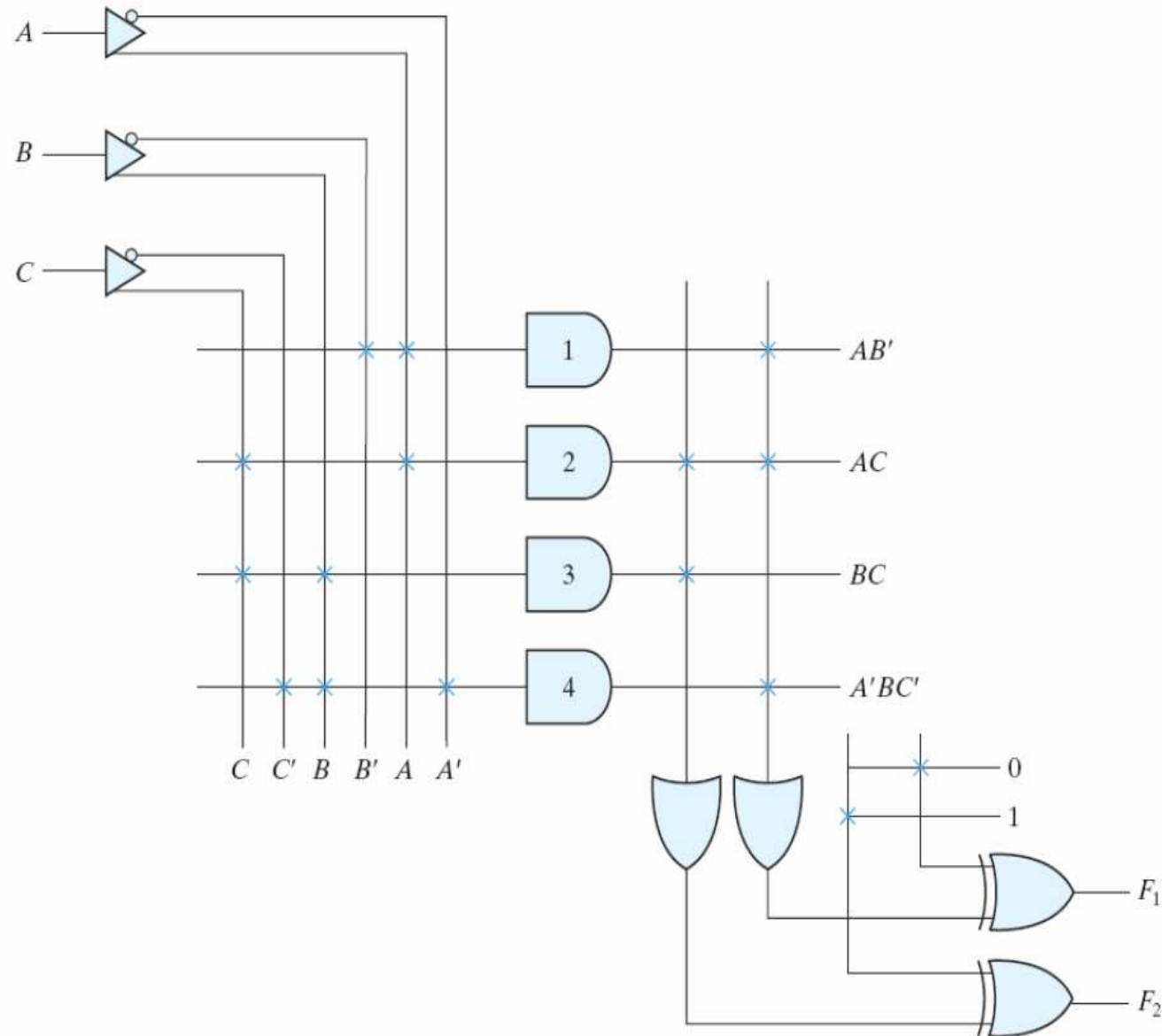


(b) Programmable array logic (PAL)



(c) Programmable logic array (PLA)

Programmable Logic Arrays



Programming PLAs

		Inputs			Outputs	
		<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	(T) <i>F</i> ₁	(C) <i>F</i> ₂
Product Term						
<i>AB'</i>	1	1	0	—	1	—
<i>AC</i>	2	1	—	1	1	1
<i>BC</i>	3	—	1	1	—	1
<i>A'BC'</i>	4	0	1	0	1	—

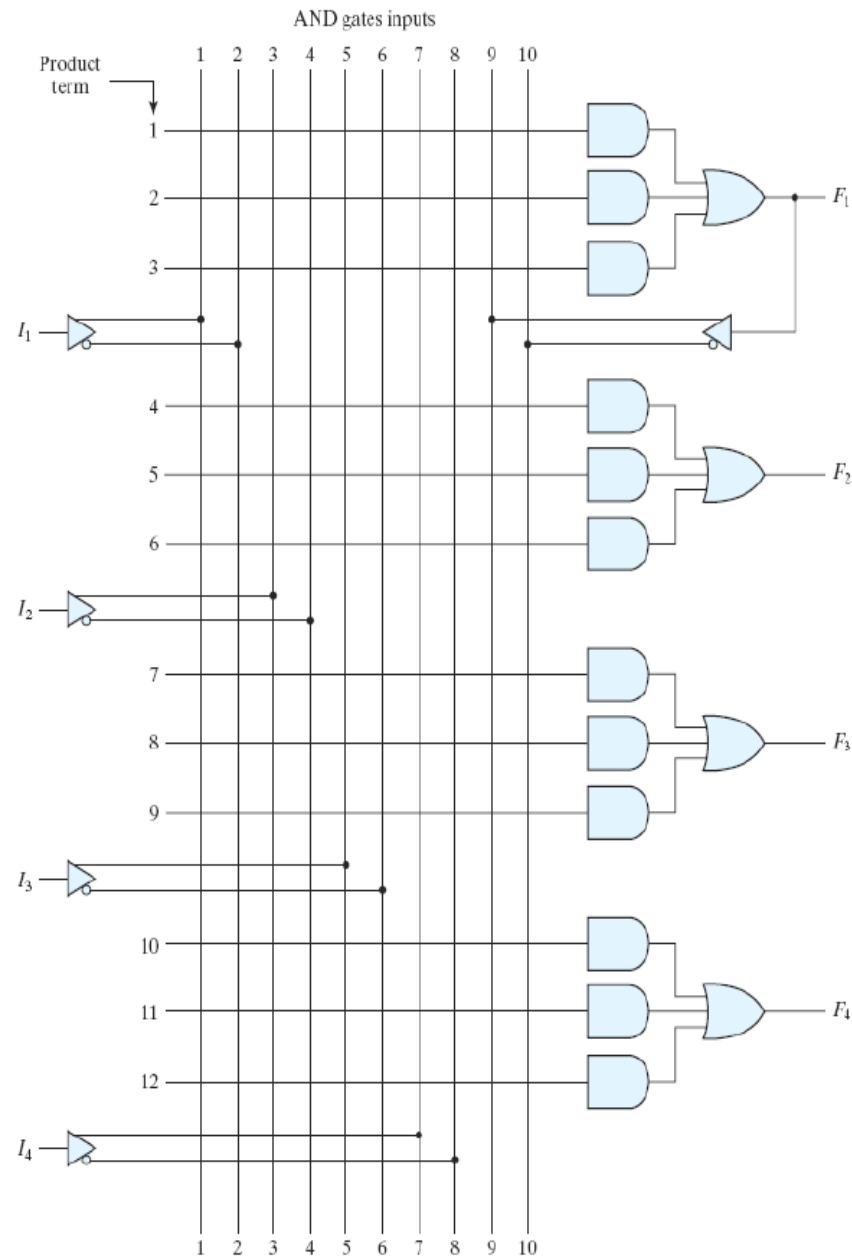
PLA Example

- $F_1(ABC) = \text{Sum}(0,1,2,4)$
- $F_2(ABC) = \text{Sum}(0,5,6,7)$

PLA programming table

		Outputs			
Product term		Inputs			(C) (T)
		A	B	C	F_1 F_2
AB	1				
AC	2				
BC	3				
$A'B'C'$	4				

Programmable Array Logic



Example

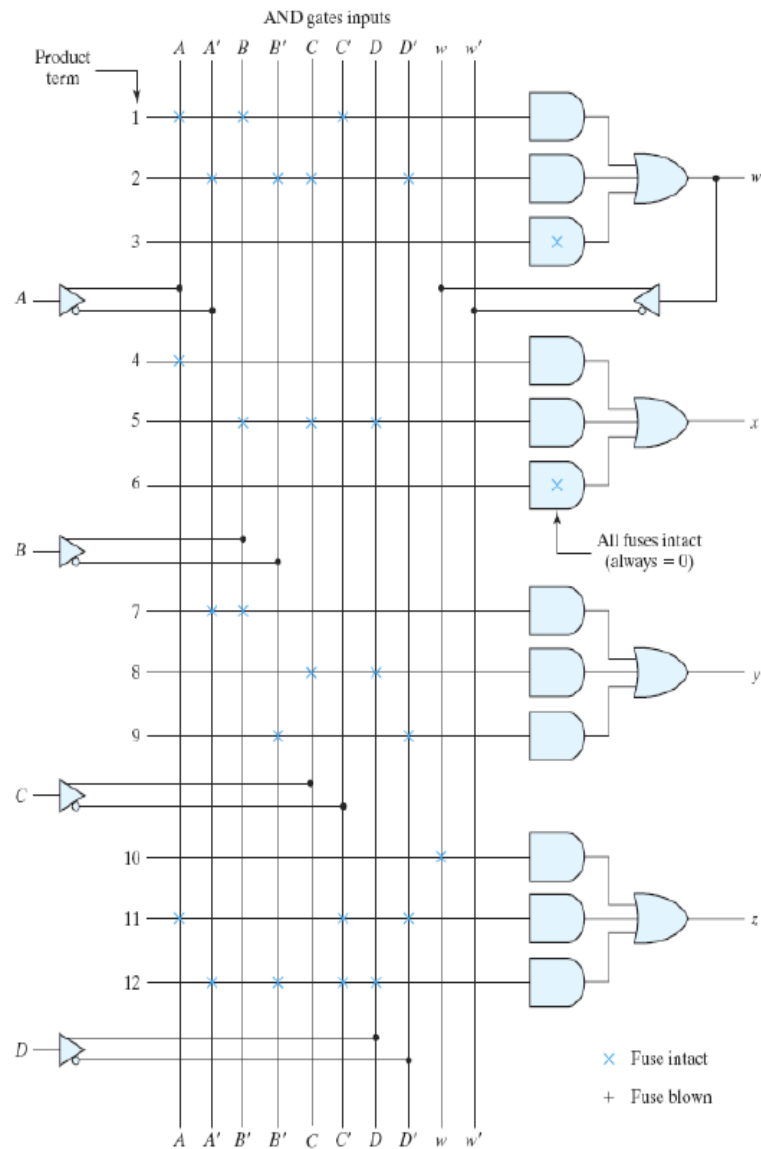
- $X = A + BCD$
- $Y = A'B + CD + B'D'$
- $Z = ABC' + A'B'CD' + AC'D' + A'B'C'D$

- $W = ABC' + A'B'CD'$
- $Z = W + AC'D' + A'B'C'D$

PAL Programming Table

Product Term	AND Inputs					Outputs
	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>w</i>	
1	1	1	0	—	—	$w = ABC' + A'B'CD'$
2	0	0	1	0	—	
3	—	—	—	—	—	
4	1	—	—	—	—	$x = A + BCD$
5	—	1	1	1	—	
6	—	—	—	—	—	
7	0	1	—	—	—	$y = A'B + CD + B'D'$
8	—	—	1	1	—	
9	—	0	—	0	—	
10	—	—	—	—	1	$z = w + AC'D' + A'B'C'D$
11	1	—	0	0	—	
12	0	0	0	1	—	

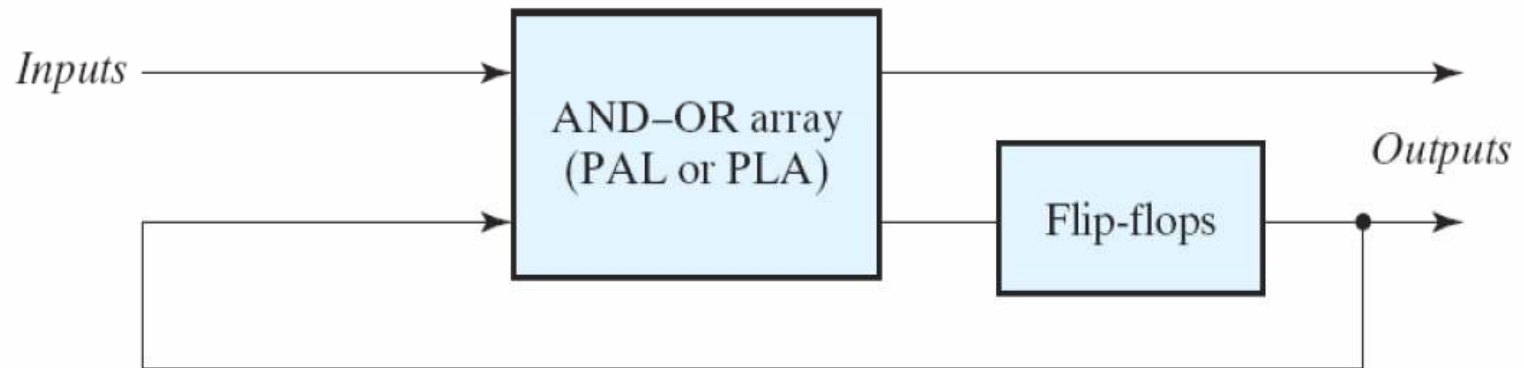
Configured PAL



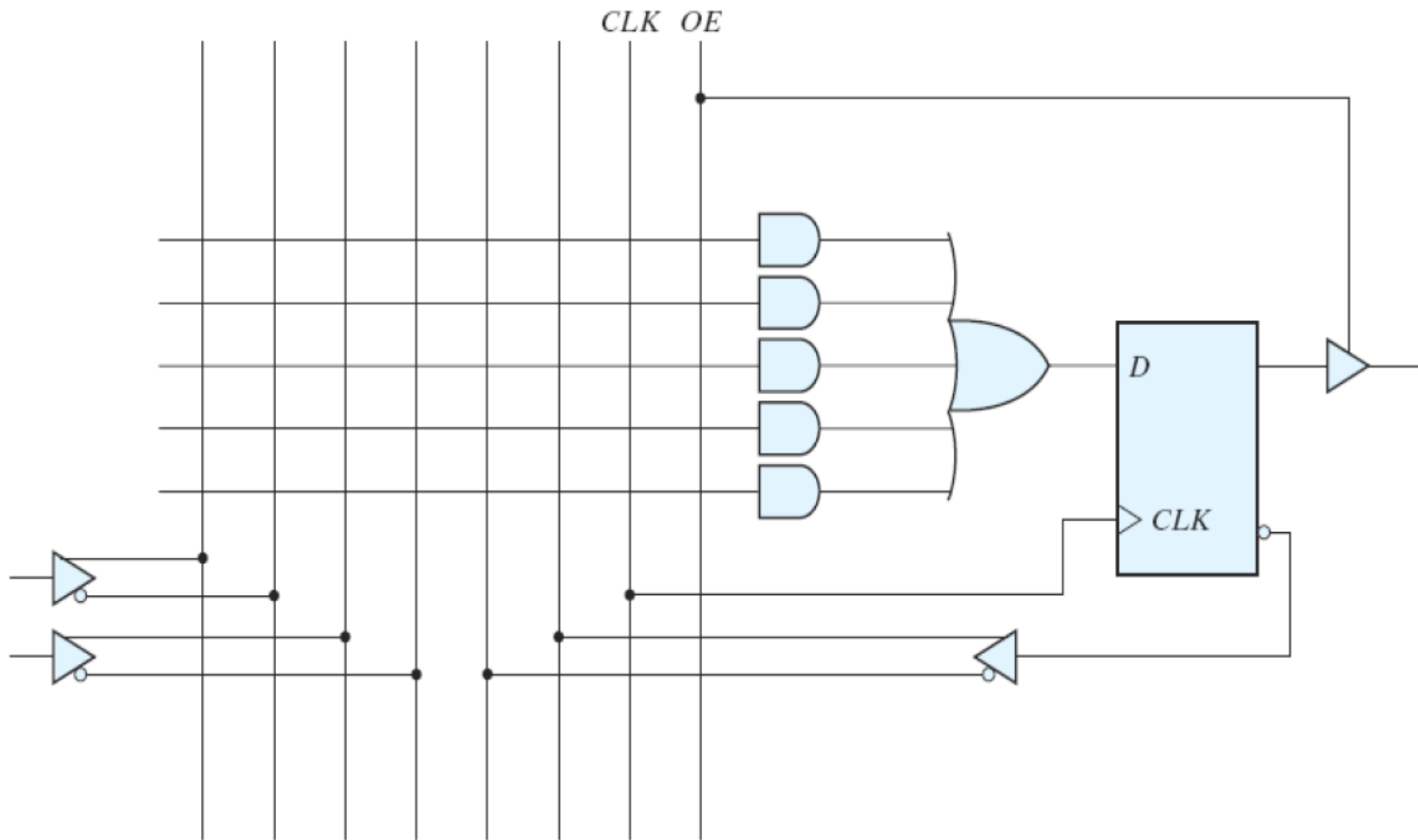
Sequential Programmable Devices

- Sequential Programmable Logic Device (SPLD)
- Complex Programmable Logic Device (CPLD)

SPLDs



SPLD Macrocell



CPLD

