

Package ‘marklpp’

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Type Functions for marked point patterns on linear networks.

Title Functions for marked point patterns on linear networks.

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Description Functions for marked point patterns on linear networks.

Depends R (>= 4.2.0), spatstat.linnet

Imports stats

License GPL (>= 2)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

R topics documented:

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| <code>fmarkcorr.lpp</code> | <i>Functional mark correlation function for point patterns over a linear network</i> |
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Description

Functional mark correlation function for point patterns over a linear network

Usage

```
fmarkcorr.lpp(
  X,
  r = NULL,
  normalise = FALSE,
  f = function(m1, m2) {
    m1 * m2
  },
  ftype = c("corr", "vario", "rcorr", "schlather", "Beisbart"),
  method = c("density", "loess"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| <code>X</code> | an object of class <code>lpp</code> |
| <code>r</code> | Optional. Numeric vector. The values of the argument <code>r</code> at which the mark correlation function should be evaluated. |
| <code>normalise</code> | If <code>normalise=FALSE</code> , compute only the numerator of the expression for the mark correlation. |
| <code>f</code> | Optional. Test function <code>f</code> used in the definition of the mark correlation function. An R function with at least two arguments. There is a sensible default. |
| <code>ftype</code> | type of test function used in argument <code>f</code> . Currently any selection of the options "corr", "vario", "rcorr", "schlather", "equ", "Beisbart" |
| <code>method</code> | type of smoothing, either density or loess. |

Value

a data.frame which shows mark correlation functions evaluated at each time as well as the overall values.

Author(s)

Mehdi Moradi <m2.moradi@yahoo.com> and Matthias Eckardt

References

Eckardt, M., Mateu, J., and Moradi, M. (2023) Point processes on linear networks with function-valued marks.

Examples

```
L <- spiders$domain
X <- runiflpp(150, L=L)
m <- t(replicate(150, runif(513)))
marks(X) <- as.data.frame(m)
Fcor <- fmarkcorr.linnet(X, r, ftype = "corr", method = "density", normalise = TRUE)
plot(Fcor$r, Fcor$gw, type = "l")
```

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| linearinhommarkk.lpp | <i>Mark-Weighted inhomogeneous K Function for point patterns over a linear network</i> |
|----------------------|--|

Description

Mark-Weighted inhomogeneous K Function for point patterns over a linear network

Usage

```
linearinhommarkk.lpp(X, r = r, lambda = lambda, normalize = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| X | an object of class lpp |
| r | Optional. Numeric vector. The values of the argument r at which the mark correlation function should be evaluated. |
| lambda | Intensity values at data points. |
| normalize | Logical. |

Value

a numeric vector.

Author(s)

Mehdi Moradi <m2.moradi@yahoo.com> and Matthias Eckardt

References

Eckardt, M., and Moradi, M. (2023) Marked point processes on linear networks.

Examples

```
X <- rpoislpp(10,simplenet)
r <- seq(0,boundingradius(simplenet),length.out=513)
dx <- densityQuick.lpp(X,at = "points")
linearinhommarkk.lpp(X,r=r,lambda=dx)
```

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| linearmarkk.lpp | <i>Mark-Weighted homogeneous K Function for point patterns over a linear network</i> |
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Description

Mark-Weighted homogeneous K Function for point patterns over a linear network

Usage

```
linearmarkk.lpp(X, r = r)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| X | an object of class lpp |
| r | Optional. Numeric vector. The values of the argument r at which the mark correlation function should be evaluated. |

Value

a numeric vector.

Author(s)

Mehdi Moradi <m2.moradi@yahoo.com> and Matthias Eckardt

References

Eckardt, M., and Moradi, M. (2023) Marked point processes on linear networks.

Examples

```
X <- rpoislpp(10,simplenet)
r <- seq(0,boundingradius(simplenet),length.out=513)
linearmarkk.lpp(X,r=r)
```

| | |
|--------------|---|
| markcorr.lpp | <i>Mark correlation function for point patterns over a linear network</i> |
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Description

Mark correlation function for point patterns over a linear network

Usage

```
markcorr.lpp(
  X,
  r = NULL,
  normalise = TRUE,
  f = function(m1, m2) {
    m1 * m2
  },
  ftype = c("corr", "vario", "rcorr", "schlather", "equ", "Beisbart"),
  method = c("density", "loess"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| X | an object of class lpp |
| r | Optional. Numeric vector. The values of the argument r at which the mark correlation function should be evaluated. |
| normalise | If normalise=FALSE, compute only the numerator of the expression for the mark correlation. |
| f | Optional. Test function f used in the definition of the mark correlation function. An R function with at least two arguments. There is a sensible default. |
| ftype | type of test function used in argument f. Currently any selection of the options "corr","vario","rcorr","schlather","equ","Beisbart" |
| method | type of smoothing, either density or loess. |

Value

a data.frame which gives the empirical mark correlation function and the distance vector r where the mark correlation function is evaluated.

Author(s)

Mehdi Moradi <m2.moradi@yahoo.com> and Matthias Eckardt

References

Eckardt, M., and Moradi, M. (2023) Marked point processes on linear networks.

Examples

```
X <- rpoislpp(10,simplenet)
marks(X) <- runif(npoints(X),10,11)
markcorr.lpp(X,r=r,ftype = "corr",f=function(m1,m2){m1*m2})
```

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